Water Supply Study for Parker and Wise Counties

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Water Supply Study for Parker and Wise Counties Region C Water Planning Group

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	ŀ	Executive Summary1-1
2.	Ι	ntroduction2-1
3.	ł	Population and Demand Projections3-1
3	.1	Meetings to Collect Data3-1
3	.2	Revisions to Population and Demand Projections
3	.3	Recommended Population Projections3-7
3	.4	Recommended Water Demands for Water User Groups3-10
3	.5	Recommended Water Demands for Wholesale Water Providers3-15
4.	ŀ	Evaluation of Current Supplies4-1
4	.1	Surface Water4-1
4	.2	Groundwater4-1
5.	(Comparison of Current Supplies to Projected Demand
6.	ł	Proposed Revisions to Water Management Strategies6-1
6	.1	Parker County6-1
6	.2	Wise County
7.	ŀ	Estimated Costs for Proposed Water Management Strategies
8.	Ι	mplementation Plan for Proposed Water Management Strategies
9.	A	Alternative Water Management Strategies
10.	(Conclusion

APPENDICES

Appendix A	References
Appendix B	Summary Tables by Water User Group
Appendix C	
Appendix D	Assumptions for Cost Estimates
Appendix E	Cost Estimates for Alternative Strategies
Appendix F	
Appendix G	TWDB Comments and Response to Comments

LIST OF TABLES

	Page
Table 3.1: Meetings with WUGs and WWPs	3-2
Table 3.2. Recommended Population Projections in Study Area	3-7
Table 3.3. Population Projections for Entities Split by County	3-10
Table 3.4. Recommended Municipal Per Capita Water Use Projections in Gallons p Person per Day	er 3-11
Table 3.5. Recommended Demand Projections in Acre-Feet per Year	3-12
Table 3.6. Recommended Population and Demand Projections in Study Area Expector to be Supplied by Tarrant Regional Water District	ted 3-16
Table 6.1. Summary Information for Aledo	6-2
Table 6.2. Summary Information for Hudson Oaks	6-3
Table 6.3. Summary Information for Weatherford	6-4
Table 6.4. Summary Information for Willow Park	6-7
Table 6.5. Summary Information for Parker County Mining	6-8
Table 6.6. Summary Information for Alvord	6-10
Table 6.7. Summary Information for Aurora	6-12
Table 6.8. Summary Information for Boyd	6-13
Table 6.9. Summary Information for Decatur (Wise County WSD)	6-14
Table 6.10. Summary Information for Walnut Creek SUD	6-15
Table 6.11. Summary Information for West Wise SUD	6-18
Table 7.1. Capital Costs for Proposed Water Management Strategies	7-1
Table 8.1. Implementation of Proposed Water Management Strategies	8-1

LIST OF FIGURES

	1	Page
Figure 2.1.	Parker-Wise County Study Area	.2-2
Figure 3.1.	Recommended Population Projections for Parker County	.3-9
Figure 3.2.	Recommended Population Projections for Wise County	.3-9
Figure 3.3.	Recommended Total Population Projections for the Study Area	-10
Figure 3.4.	Recommended Demand Projections for Parker County	-14
Figure 3.5.	Recommended Demand Projections for Wise County	-14
Figure 3.6.	Recommended Total Demand Projections for Study Area	-15
Figure 6.1.	Recommended Population Projections for Weatherford and Customers	.6-5
Figure 6.2.	Recommended Demand Projections for Weatherford and Customers	.6-6
Figure 6.3.	Demands and Supplies for Weatherford and Customers	.6-6
Figure 6.4.	Recommended Population Projections for Walnut Creek SUD6	j-16
Figure 6.5.	Recommended Demand Projections for Walnut Creek SUD6	j-16
Figure 6.6.	Demands and Supplies for Walnut Creek SUD6	j-17
Figure 10.1.	Total Demands and Supplies for the Study Area1	0-1

Region C Water Planning Group Water Supply Study for Parker and Wise Counties

1. Executive Summary

The 2007-08 regional water planning effort includes special projects aimed at bringing the recommended water management strategies in the regional water plans closer to implementation. The Parker-Wise County Study is one of these projects. While the regional water plans have a 50 year planning period, this study focuses on the 2010 through 2030 time frame.

The study area includes Parker and Wise Counties, which are projecting steady growth in the next 30 years. Growth in recent years appears to be greater than what was projected in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾. To meet the higher water demands, the recommended water management strategies have been revised as discussed in this report. The currently planned water management strategies for most of the water user groups are in line with the strategies presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾. In most cases, increasing the amount of supply from TRWD sources was the only change necessary to meet higher projected demands.

⁽¹⁾ Superscripted numbers in parenthesis match references in Appendix A.

2. Introduction

The 2007-08 regional water planning effort includes special projects funded by the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB). The goal of these studies is to bring the recommended water management strategies closer to implementation. The Parker-Wise County Study is one of these projects. While the regional water plans have a 50 year planning period, this study focuses on the 2010 through 2030 time frame.

The study area shown in Figure 2.1 includes Parker and Wise Counties, which are projecting steady growth in the next 30 years. Growth in recent years appears to be greater than what was projected in the *2006 Region C Water Plan*⁽¹⁾. This report summarizes the analysis and recommendations for meeting water demand projections for water user groups in the Parker-Wise County Study area. Any increases to TRWD supplies will be considered in the *2011 Region C Water Plan* update.



Figure 2.1 Parker-Wise County Study Area

3. Population and Demand Projections

3.1 Meetings to Collect Data

Freese and Nichols, Inc. (FNI) met with fifteen water user groups (WUGs) and wholesale water providers (WWPs) in Parker and Wise Counties in early 2008. FNI conducted telephone meetings with four additional WUGs. (The five remaining WUGs in the study area did not return telephone calls.) Table 3.1 lists the meetings held and the meeting participants. At each meeting, FNI presented the population and demand projections as shown in the regional water plans. The current population and water use estimates of the entity and their existing and/or potential future customers were discussed. Many entities provided information related to recent water use and numbers of connections.

The current water supply for each entity, the recommended water management strategies as presented in the regional water plans, and any suggested adjustments to those recommendations were discussed. In most cases, the entities plan to implement the recommended strategies, although the amounts of supply may change. In a few cases, the entities are pursuing other options for water supply to meet their future needs.

The information obtained in these meetings was used to develop updated population and demand projections presented in this report. The updated information related to water supply was used to supplement or update proposed management strategies.

A public meeting was also held on August 28, 2008 in Springtown to discuss the recommendations of the study. All WUGs and WWPs in the study area were invited to attend the meeting. The following WUGs and WWPs were represented at the meeting: Decatur, Alvord, Tarrant Regional Water District, Walnut Creek SUD, Willow Park, and Springtown. The meeting notes, list of participants, meeting announcement and presentation are included in Appendix F.

3.2 Revisions to Population and Demand Projections

The following section discusses the revisions to population and demand as recommended in this study. Municipal per capita water use² and population are used to determine water demand. Municipal per capita water use is the sum of residential,

² "Municipal per capita water use" is commonly referred to as "gpcd".

commercial, and institutional water use divided by the population served. Note that the recommended population and demand projections fall in the middle of a range of projections. It is estimated that the actual population and demand values could be 15 percent higher or lower than the recommended values.

Date	Entity	Meeting Type	Attendees
January 23, 2008	Boyd	In person	John Hamilton, Stephanie Griffin
January 23, 2008	Bridgeport	In person	Russell Hanson, Stephanie Griffin
January 23, 2008	Decatur	In person	Earl Smith, Brian McDonald, Stephanie Griffin
January 23, 2008	Rhome	In person	Preston Gilliam, David Wilson, Stephanie Griffin
January 23, 2008	West Wise SUD	In person	James Ward, Stephanie Griffin
January 25, 2008	Alvord	In person	Ricky Tow, Stephanie Griffin
January 25, 2008	Runaway Bay	In person	Mike Jump, Stephanie Griffin
January 25, 2008	Wise County SUD	In person	Brett Shannon, Stephanie Griffin
January 28, 2008	Aurora	In person	Toni Richardson, Stephanie Griffin
January 28, 2008	Aledo	In person	Ken Pfeifer, Gordon Smith, Stephane Griffin
January 29, 2008	Springtown	In person	Melvin Webb, Jeremy Rice, Stephanie Griffin
January 30, 2008	Hudson Oaks	In person	Robert Hanna, Patrick Lawler, Will McDonald, Stephanie Griffin
January 30, 2008	Weatherford	In person	Kraig Kahler, Paul Phillips, James Hotopp, John Minahan, Will McDonald, Stephanie Griffin
January 30, 2008	Willow Park	In person	Candy Scott, Stephanie Griffin
February 8, 2008	Walnut Creek SUD	In person	Jerry Holsomback, Bill Lohrke, John Minahan, Stephanie Griffin
February 21, 2008	Mineral Wells	Telephone	Lance Howerton, Jeremy Rice
February 27, 2008	Azle	Telephone	Rick White, Jeremy Rice
March 5, 2008	Reno	Telephone	Jody (City Secretary), Jeremy Rice
April 23, 2008	Chico	Telephone	Ed Cowley, Jeremy Rice

Table 3.1Meetings with WUGs and WWPs

Parker County

Aledo

The City of Aledo provided the updated population and demand projections it prefers to use. These projections were developed as part of a hydraulic study for the City and are higher than the projections shown in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾.

Hudson Oaks

Revised population projections for the City of Hudson Oaks were developed assuming the City's 2000-2007 growth rate (approximately 2 percent per year) would continue through the year 2030. The historical municipal per capita water use for 2006 was calculated to be 206 gallons per person per day. This per capita water use was multiplied by the revised population projections to develop revised demand projections. The City indicated that it is working on a master plan that will have population projections, but those numbers are not available at this time.

Weatherford

The City of Weatherford provided revised population projections, which are higher than both the 2006 Region C Water Plan ⁽¹⁾ and the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) projections⁽²⁾. Weatherford also provided revised municipal per capita water use information. Multiplying the revised population projections by the revised municipal per capita produces demands that are slightly higher than those presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan ⁽¹⁾.

Willow Park

The City of Willow Park provided revised population projections based on a 3.5 percent annual growth rate. The City's projections are higher than those presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾, higher than NCTCOG projections⁽²⁾ for the year 2010, and lower than NCTCOG projections⁽²⁾ for years 2020 and 2030. Revised demand projections are calculated by multiplying the revised population projections by the municipal per capita water use presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾.

Wise County

Alvord

The City of Alvord has seen approximately 4 percent per year population growth per year in the last four years. Revised recommended population projections assume the 4 percent annual growth rate will continue through the year 2030. Revised demand projections are calculated by multiplying the revised population projections by the municipal per capita water use presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾.

Aurora

The City of Aurora provided revised population projections, which are higher than those presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan ⁽¹⁾. Revised demand projections are calculated by multiplying the revised population projections by the municipal per capita water use presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan ⁽¹⁾.

Boyd

The City of Boyd provided revised population projections, which are higher than both NCTCOG projections⁽²⁾ and the projections presented in the *2006 Region C Water Plan*⁽¹⁾. Revised demand projections are calculated by multiplying the revised population projections by the municipal per capita water use presented in the *2006 Region C Water Plan*⁽¹⁾.

Decatur (Wise County Water Supply District)

The City of Decatur provided revised population and demand projections. The population projections are higher than both NCTCOG projections⁽²⁾ and the projections in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾. The demand projections are also higher than the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾ projections.

Rhome

The City of Rhome provided revised population projections, which are lower than the projections presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾. Rhome has had slower growth than previously projected. Revised demand projections are calculated by multiplying the revised population projections by the municipal per capita water use presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾.

Runaway Bay

Revised population projections for Runaway Bay assume a 2 percent annual growth rate starting with a January 2008 population estimate of 1,330. The 2008 population estimate was provided by Runaway Bay. Revised demand projections are calculated by multiplying the revised population projections by the municipal per capita water use presented in the 2006 *Region C Water Plan* ⁽¹⁾.

Walnut Creek SUD

Walnut Creek SUD provides wholesale treated water to West Wise SUD, Paradise (Wise County–Other), Boyd, Rhome, and Reno. Newark and New Fairview are potential future customers. TCEQ has told Walnut Creek SUD that it must expand its water treatment plant capacity to equal the amount of supply specified in its water contracts. Recent water use records do not indicate that an expansion to the water treatment plant is warranted. Walnut Creek SUD's water supply contracts specify contract maximum purchases with no take or pay requirements.

The recommended population and demand projections for regional planning purposes do not consider the TCEQ's requirements for Walnut Creek SUD's treatment capacity. Meeting the TCEQ requirements is considered a separate water treatment plant capacity issue. The recommended population projections are based on the populations provided by the water user groups served by Walnut Creek SUD. Several water user groups have water supply sources other than Walnut Creek SUD. As a result, only a portion of the population and resulting demand are supplied by Walnut Creek SUD. The projected population for Walnut Creek SUD's service area outside of city limits assumes a 5 percent annual growth rate.

Walnut Creek SUD provided a preferred municipal per capita water use projection. The recommended demand projections are calculated by multiplying the Walnut Creek SUD per capita projection by the recommended population projections.

West Wise SUD

West Wise SUD sells treated water to residential and commercial customers and to the City of Chico. West Wise SUD provided revised population projections, which are similar to those presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾, although slightly higher in 2020 and

2030. The revised municipal per capita water use projections are based on recent historical water use data. The recommended demand projections are calculated by multiplying the West Wise SUD population projections by the recommended per capita projections.

Additional County Aggregated Projections

Freese and Nichols, Inc. (FNI) collected the demand projections developed in the regional water planning process for county-other, manufacturing, mining, irrigation, livestock, and steam electric power. Only the mining demands are adjusted in this study. The mining demands in Parker and Wise Counties are adjusted to account for the increased mining demands that have occurred in recent years as a result of the Barnett Shale development. FNI applied water demands for mining as developed by the Bureau of Economic Geology in the 2007 Texas Water Development Board study *Assessment of Groundwater Use in the Northern Trinity Aquifer Due to Urban Growth and Barnett Shale Development*⁽³⁾. Note that the Parker County Steam Electric demand is shown as an unmet demand in this report. The steam electric demand will be studied further in the 2011 Region C Water Plan update.

Water User Groups Whose Population and Demand Projections are Unchanged

Population and demand projections remain unchanged for several water user groups. The population and demand projections presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan ⁽¹⁾ are recommended to remain as previously projected for the following water user groups:

- Annetta
- Annetta South
- Azle
- Bridgeport
- Mineral Wells
- New Fairview
- Newark
- Reno
- Springtown

3.3 Recommended Population Projections

Freese and Nichols, Inc. (FNI) collected available historical and projected population data for each entity through the in-person or phone meetings. Additional historical population data was gathered from the Texas State Data Center ⁽⁴⁾, the U.S. Census ⁽⁵⁾, and the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG)⁽²⁾. FNI also gathered population projections developed by the NCTCOG and those approved by the Texas Water Development Board for regional water planning.

The population information was used to review growth in the cities. In general, the population in Parker and Wise Counties is growing faster than what was projected in the 2006 *Region C Water Plan* ⁽¹⁾. The revised recommended projections are based on information provided by the entities and are usually higher than the 2006 *Region C Water Plan* ⁽¹⁾ projections. Although the revised recommended projections for some of the cities in the study area are higher than the NCTCOG projections⁽²⁾, the total recommended population projections for both Parker and Wise Counties are lower than the NCTCOG projections⁽²⁾.

Table 3.2 presents recommended population projections for each water user group in the study area, as well as what was previously projected in the *2006 Region C Water Plan* ⁽¹⁾. Table 3.3 provides the total recommended population projections for entities split by county. Figures 3.1 and 3.2 show the population projections for Parker and Wise Counties, respectively. Figure 3.3 shows the population projections for the entire study area.

Water User Group		2006 Plan		Recommended			
Water Oser Group	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	
Parker County							
Aledo	2,612	3,473	4,426	3,690	7,918	13,258	
Annetta	1,579	1,972	2,289	1,579	1,972	2,289	
Annetta South	708	836	939	708	836	939	
Azle ¹	2,191	2,795	3,473	2,191	2,795	3,473	
Hudson Oaks	2,960	4,262	5,673	2,000	2,438	2,972	
Mineral Wells ¹	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	
Parker County Other	38,144	37,824	38,905	38,144	37,824	38,905	
Reno	2,569	2,676	2,763	2,569	2,676	2,763	

Table 3.2Recommended Population Projections in Study Area

Water User Group	2006 Plan			Recommended			
Water Oser Oroup	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	
Springtown	3,000	4,000	5,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	
Walnut Creek SUD -							
Service Area Outside	1 < 500	<u> </u>	25.204	10.000			
other WUGs ²	16,522	21,373	25,294	19,632	29,663	46,777	
Weatherford	25,412	32,161	38,365	26,877	33,000	38,584	
Willow Park	3,832	4,764	5,829	4,164	5,871	8,278	
Parker County	102 520	120 126	126.056	100 554	122 002	167 220	
Total	103,529	120,130	130,950	108,334	152,995	10/,238	
Wise County							
Alvord	1,157	1,280	1,399	1,378	2,040	3,019	
Aurora	1,096	1,295	1,489	1,500	1,600	2,000	
Bolivar WSC ¹	1,558	1,745	1,963	1,558	1,745	1,963	
Boyd	1,500	2,000	2,200	1,500	2,400	3,200	
Bridgeport	6,803	8,352	12,001	6,803	8,352	12,001	
Chico	1,300	1,500	1,800	1,300	1,500	1,800	
Community WSC ¹	140	141	142	140	141	142	
Decatur	6,804	8,508	11,738	8,018	12,656	15,780	
New Fairview	1,587	2,167	2,732	1,587	2,167	2,732	
Newark	1,137	1,772	2,339	1,137	1,772	2,339	
Rhome	2,300	4,519	6,461	1,621	2,640	4,300	
Runaway Bay	1,532	1,881	2,221	1,411	1,720	2,097	
Walnut Creek SUD - Service Area Outside	2 0 2 7	0.000	2.1.02	2 422		5 701	
other WUGs	2,027	2,602	3,162	2,420	3,000	5,/81	
West Wise SUD (less Chico's population	2 501	2 057	1 222	2 501	4 005	4 506	
Wise County Other	20 264	25 000	4,323	22 264	25 000	4,300	
wise County Other	32,304	33,909	33,909	52,304	33,909	33,909	
Wise County Total	64,886	77,628	89,879	66,244	82,313	97,570	
Total Study Area	168,415	197,764	226,835	174,798	215,306	264,807	

Table 3.2, Continued

¹ Only the Parker and/or Wise County portions of Azle, Mineral Wells, Bolivar WSC, and Community WSC population projections are shown in this table. ² Table 3.6 shows the total population for Walnut Creek SUD and its customers.

Figure 3.1 Recommended Population Projections for Parker County



Figure 3.2 Recommended Population Projections for Wise County



Figure 3.3 Recommended Total Population Projections for the Study Area



Table 3.3Population Projections for Entities Split by County 1

Water User Croup	Recommended				
water User Group	2010	2020	2030		
Azle	12,108	16,795	23,473		
Mineral Wells ⁽³⁾	19,074	20,200	21,123		
Bolivar WSC	10,386	12,465	21,806		
Community WSC	3,536	3,588	3,642		

¹ The total shown is for the entire entity, including that portion of the entity located outside of the study area. Note these projections did not change from the 2006 Plan.

3.4 Recommended Water Demands for Water User Groups

Freese and Nichols, Inc. (FNI) reviewed the historical and projected water demands. A number of entities provided recent water use data, and some entities provided water demand projections for consideration as well.

FNI compared the municipal per capita water use from the 2006 regional water plans to the recent municipal per capita water use information provided by the water user groups and made recommendations to adjust the municipal per capita water use projection when necessary. Table 3.4 summarizes the municipal per capita water use projections for this study. Municipal per capita water use is the sum of residential, commercial, and institutional water use divided by the population served.

Water User Group	2010	2020	2030
Parker County			
Aledo	177	182	185
Annetta	110	107	106
Annetta South	110	107	105
Azle	144	140	137
Hudson Oaks	206	206	206
Mineral Wells	171	168	166
Parker County Other	112	109	107
Reno	111	107	104
Springtown	150	147	144
Weatherford	185	185	185
Willow Park	146	142	140
Wise County			
Alvord	133	129	126
Aurora	110	108	106
Bolivar WSC	110	122	138
Boyd	128	124	121
Bridgeport	206	203	201
Chico	143	140	137
Community WSC	112	109	106
Decatur	200	199	199
New Fairview	113	112	111
Newark	121	117	115
Rhome	223	221	220
Runaway Bay	187	185	183
Walnut Creek SUD	114	113	113
West Wise SUD	140	138	136
Wise County Other	106	108	107

Table 3.4Recommended Municipal Per Capita Water Use Projections
in Gallons per Person per Day

The population projection was multiplied by the projected municipal per capita water use to establish the projected demand for each entity. For the entities who did not provide information, FNI assumed the projections developed in the 2006 Plan were still appropriate for use in this study. Table 3.5 lists the recommended demand projections for this study.

Water User Croup		2006 Plan		Recommended			
water User Group	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	
Parker County							
Aledo	439	591	744	732	1,610	2,750	
Annetta	195	236	272	195	236	272	
Annetta South	87	100	110	87	100	110	
Azle ¹	1,953	2,633	3,602	1,953	2,633	3,602	
Hudson Oaks	361	511	674	462	563	686	
Mineral Wells ¹	766	753	744	766	753	744	
Parker County- Irrigation	422	422	422	422	422	422	
Parker County- Livestock	1,856	1,856	1,856	1,856	1,856	1,856	
Parker County- Manufacturing	779	879	974	779	879	974	
Parker County-Mining	98	112	122	7,328	2,132	2,582	
Parker County-Other	4,785	4,618	4,663	4,785	4,618	4,663	
Parker County-Steam							
Electric Power	30	4,617	5,397	30	4,617	5,397	
Reno	319	321	322	319	321	322	
Springtown	504	659	807	504	659	807	
Walnut Creek SUD - Service Area Outside	2 0 1 7	2 5 (2	2.075	0.007	2510	5 506	
other WUGS	2,017	2,562	2,975	2,307	5,510	5,526	
Weatherford	5,209	6,448	/,60/	3,3/4	6,844	8,002	
Willow Park	027	20 07C	914	28 9 40	955	1,299	
Parker County Total	20,447	28,070	32,205	28,840	32,094	40,015	
Wise County							
Alvord	172	185	197	205	295	425	
Aurora	136	157	177	185	194	238	
Bolivar WSC ¹	1,279	1,703	3,371	1,279	1,703	3,371	
Boyd	215	278	298	215	333	434	
Bridgeport	1,570	1,899	2,702	1,570	1,899	2,702	
Chico	208	235	276	208	235	276	
Community WSC ¹	444	438	433	444	438	433	
Decatur	1,639	2,011	2,748	1,794	2,825	3,520	

Table 3.5Recommended Demand Projections in Acre-Feet per Year

Water User Croup	2006 Plan			Recommended		
Water User Group	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
New Fairview	201	272	340	201	272	340
Newark	154	232	301	154	232	301
Rhome	575	1,119	1,592	405	654	1,060
Runaway Bay	321	390	455	296	357	430
Walnut Creek SUD - Service Area Outside other WUGs ²	247	312	372	293	435	683
West Wise SUD (less Chico's demand met by WWSUD)	497	536	571	460	503	529
Wise County-Irrigation	502	502	502	502	502	502
Wise County-Livestock Wise County- Manufacturing	1,714 2,313	1,714 2,660	1,714 2,979	1,714 2,313	1,714 2,660	1,714 2,979
Wise County-Mining Wise County-Other	25,017 3,843	28,644 4,344	31,490 4,304	25,017 3,843	28,644 4,344	31,490 4,304
Wise County-Steam Electric Power Wise County Total	3,949 44,996	5,653 53,284	6,609 61,431	3,949 45,046	5,653 53,891	6,609 62,340
Total Study Area	65,443	81,360	93,636	73,886	86,585	102,353

Table 3.5, Continued

¹Only the Parker and/or Wise County portions of Azle, Mineral Wells, Bolivar WSC, and Community WSC demand projections are shown in this table.

² Table 3.6 shows the total demand for Walnut Creek SUD and its customers.

Figures 3.4 and 3.5 present the demand projections for Parker and Wise Counties, respectively. Figure 3.6 shows the total demand projection for the study area. The recommended demand is typically based on the information provided by entities.

Figure 3.4 Recommended Demand Projections for Parker County



Figure 3.5 Recommended Demand Projections for Wise County



Figure 3.6 Recommended Total Demand Projections for Study Area



3.5 Recommended Water Demands for Wholesale Water Providers

The Tarrant Regional Water District (TRWD) has contracts in place to provide water service to a number of entities in the study area. The study area also has a number of local wholesale water providers. The two largest local wholesale water providers are:

- Walnut Creek Special Utility District (SUD)
- City of Weatherford

Other local wholesale water providers include:

- West Wise SUD (serves rural customers and part of Chico)
- City of Springtown (serves Reno)
- City of Mineral Wells (serves Milsap WSC and Parker County WSC)
- City of Rhome (serves Aurora Vista)
- Wise County WSD (serves Decatur)

Table 3.6 shows the recommended population and demand projections expected to be supplied by TRWD and indicates which entities currently have contracts for TRWD supplies.

TRWD Customers in Study Area	2010	2020	2030	Does Entity Currently Have a Contract?
Population Projections				
Aledo (through Fort Worth)	2,222	7,102	12,458	No
Alvord (direct or through West Wise SUD)	612	1,252	2,210	No
Azle	2,191	2,795	3,473	Yes
Bridgeport	6,803	8,352	12,001	Yes
Community WSC	140	141	142	Yes
Decatur (Wise County SUD)	8,018	12,656	15,780	Yes
Runaway Bay	1,411	1,720	2,097	Yes
Springtown	1,595	2,568	3,538	Yes
Reno (Population served by Springtown)	551	578	599	Yes
Walnut Creek SUD				Yes
Boyd	454	1,320	2,093	Yes
Newark	458	1,069	1,624	No
Reno (Population served by WCSUD)	673	706	732	Yes
Rhome	1,120	2,135	3,793	Yes
Aurora (through Rhome)	705	791	1,175	Yes
New Fairview (through Rhome)	774	1,346	1,904	No
Walnut Creek SUD Service Area Outside City Limits and other WUGs	22,058	33,329	52,558	Yes
West Wise SUD and Chico (Population Served by WCSUD)	647	772	928	Yes
Total TRWD through WCSUD	26,889	41,469	64,807	
Weatherford	15,068	21,664	27,812	Yes
Hudson Oaks	863	1,546	2,080	Yes
Willow Park	0	1,839	4,187	No
Annetta	0	811	1,119	No
Annetta South	0	201	290	No
Parker County – Other	0	8,994	7,995	No
Total TRWD through Weatherford	15,931	35,054	43,483	
West Wise SUD and Chico	3,531	4,156	4,914	Yes
Wise County-Other	1,255	9,308	10,287	
Total Population Served by TRWD	71,150	127,149	175,789	

Table 3.6Recommended Population and Demand Projections in Study AreaExpected to be Supplied by Tarrant Regional Water District

Table 3.6, Continued

TRWD Customers in Study Area	2010	2020	2030	Does Entity Currently Have a Contract?
Demand Projections (Ac-Ft/Yr)				
Aledo (through Fort Worth)	441	1,444	2,584	No
Alvord (direct or through West Wise SUD)	91	181	311	No
Azle	1,953	2,633	3,602	Yes
Bridgeport	1,570	1,899	2,702	Yes
Community WSC	444	438	433	Yes
Decatur (Wise County SUD)	1,794	2,825	3,520	Yes
Parker County-Manufacturing	131	234	345	
Runaway Bay	296	357	430	Yes
Springtown	268	423	571	Yes
Reno (Demand served by Springtown)	68	69	70	Yes
Walnut Creek SUD				Yes
Boyd	65	183	284	Yes
Newark	62	140	209	No
Reno (Demand served by WCSUD)	84	85	85	Yes
Rhome	280	529	935	Yes
Aurora (through Rhome)	87	96	140	Yes
New Fairview (through Rhome)	98	169	237	No
Walnut Creek SUD Service Area Outside City Limits and other WUGs	2.660	3.951	6.209	Yes
West Wise SUD and Chico (Demand served by WCSUD)	85	97	109	Yes
Total TRWD through WCSUD	3,420	5,249	8,207	~~~~~
Weatherford	3,125	4,493	5,768	Yes
Hudson Oaks	199	357	480	Yes
Parker County-Manufacturing	169	168	171	
Willow Park	0	293	657	No
Annetta	0	97	133	No
Annetta South	0	24	34	No
Parker County – Other	0	1,099	959	No
Total TRWD through Weatherford	3,493	6,531	8,202	~~~~~
West Wise SUD and Chico	464	522	577	Yes
Wise County-Irrigation	112	112	112	
Wise County-Manufacturing	2,299	2,646	2,965	

Table 3.6, Continued

TRWD Customers in Study Area	2010	2020	2030	Does Entity Currently Have a Contract?
Wise County-Mining	2,199	3,570	3,810	
Wise County-Other	149	1,126	1,233	
Wise County-Steam Electric Power	3,949	5,653	6,609	
Total TRWD Demand in Study Area	23,140	35,912	46,282	

4. Evaluation of Current Supplies

4.1 Surface Water

The surface water sources for water user groups in the study area include TRWD supplies, Lake Weatherford, Lake Mineral Wells, Lake Palo Pinto, and Possum Kingdom Lake (for Parker County Mining and Parker County Steam-Electric Power). Eight of the water user groups are currently relying completely on groundwater, and all intend to begin purchasing surface water from TRWD sources in the future. The eight entities currently relying on groundwater in the study area are Aledo, Alvord, Annetta, Annetta South, Bolivar WSC, New Fairview, Newark, and Willow Park.

4.2 Groundwater

Most of the water user groups in the study area intend to continue using the same amount of groundwater or decrease their reliance on groundwater in the future. The City of Aurora has indicated that they intend to increase their groundwater use. FNI compared the amount of groundwater shown to be available in the Trinity aquifer Groundwater Availability Model (Trinity GAM) to the information provided by the water user groups. The findings are summarized below.

Parker County

In Parker County, the City of Aledo is converting from groundwater to surface water supplied by TRWD. Aledo plans to reduce its use of the Trinity aquifer, which will remain a back-up supply. The City of Hudson Oaks is planning to rely completely on surface water in the future. The City of Willow Park currently relies entirely on groundwater and has expressed uncertainty about connecting to surface water before 2020. Although Aledo and Hudson Oaks plan to reduce their demands on the Trinity aquifer, there is not enough groundwater available to meet Willow Park's projected 2020 demand based on the results of the Trinity GAM. Therefore, the water management strategy for Willow Park to begin using surface water before 2020 is still recommended in this study.

Wise County

The City of Aurora has expressed interest in solely using groundwater to meet their future demand. None of the other water user groups in Wise County have indicated that they

plan reductions in their demand on the Trinity aquifer. The current and future Trinity aquifer supply is fully appropriated in the *2006 Region C Water Plan* ⁽¹⁾ based on the results of the Trinity GAM. For regional water planning purposes, the groundwater supply will not meet the projected water needs for Aurora. The Region C Water Planning Group may consider allowing a temporary overdraft in 2010, but this overdraft would be temporary in nature and would not be planned to continue long term.

5. Comparison of Current Supplies to Projected Demand

In general, the revised projected demands in the study area are higher than those shown in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾. Ten of the water user groups in the study area have revised demands that exceed the total of their current supplies plus the recommended water management strategies in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾. These entities include Aledo, Alvord, Aurora, Boyd, Decatur, Hudson Oaks, Parker County Mining, Weatherford, Willow Park, and Walnut Creek SUD. To meet the higher water demands, the water management strategies need to be revised. The proposed revisions are discussed in the following section.

6. Proposed Revisions to Water Management Strategies

This report includes recommendations for adjustments to water management strategies for the Region C Water Planning Group to consider in its 2011 Plan. This section describes the proposed adjustments for the entities with changed conditions. Attachment B includes a summary table of demand and supply for each water user group in the study area.

The Parker-Wise County Supply System is made up of the Weatherford subsystem and the Walnut Creek SUD subsystem. The Weatherford subsystem currently includes Weatherford, Hudson Oaks, and some Parker County Mining demand. Based on the recommended water management strategies described in this section, the future Weatherford subsystem may also include Willow Park, Annetta, Annetta South, and some Parker County Other demand. The Walnut Creek SUD subsystem currently includes Boyd, Reno, Rhome, Aurora (through Rhome), West Wise SUD, Chico, and additional service area outside city limits. Walnut Creek SUD also plans to serve Newark and New Fairview (through Rhome) in the future. The improvements required for future system connections are described in the following sections, and cost estimates are included in Appendix C.

6.1 Parker County

Aledo

The City of Aledo currently relies on the Trinity aquifer. Aledo plans to construct a pipeline to Fort Worth and begin purchasing treated surface water by August 2009. Aledo is not currently a wholesale water provider. However, Aledo may be interested in becoming a wholesale water provider after connecting to Fort Worth, depending on what the contract allows. When the surface water from Fort Worth becomes available, the City plans to mix the surface and groundwater supplies. At some point, Aledo plans to decrease its reliance on groundwater and use it to shave peaks and as a backup supply.

Aledo's current water management strategies are in line with the strategies in the 2006 *Region C Water Plan* ⁽¹⁾. However, the amount of water supplied by the Trinity aquifer will be much lower in 2020 and beyond. For this reason, the supply from the Trinity aquifer in 2020 and 2030 is reduced from 291 to 166 acre-feet per year. The amount of supply from

Fort Worth (TRWD sources) is added as shown in Table 6.1 to compensate for the reduction in groundwater and the increased projected demands.

Aledo	2010	2020	2030
Projected Population	3,690	7,918	13,258
Projected Water Demand			
Municipal Demand	732	1,610	2,750
Total Projected Water Demand	732	1,610	2,750
Currently Available Water Supplies			
Trinity Aquifer	291	166	166
Total Supply	291	166	166
Water Management Strategies			
Water Conservation – Basic Package	15	37	53
Water Conservation – Expanded Package	0	4	6
Purchase water from Fort Worth (TRWD)	313	1,484	2,662
Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer using existing wells	149	0	0
Supplemental wells in Trinity (Paluxy) aquifer	0	0	0
Total Water Management Strategies	477	1,525	2,721
Total Supply Less Projected Demand	37	81	137

Table 6.1Summary Information for Aledo

Hudson Oaks

Hudson Oaks currently relies on its own groundwater wells and treated water purchased from Parker County Utility District (Weatherford supplies). The surface water and groundwater are blended. The City's contract with Weatherford prevents them from becoming a wholesale water provider.

The City's currently planned water management strategies are in line with the strategies in the 2006 Region C Water Plan ⁽¹⁾. The amount of supply from Weatherford (TRWD sources) is increased to meet increased projected demands. Table 6.2 summarizes the updates to the water management strategies for Hudson Oaks.

Hudson Oaks	2010	2020	2030
Projected Population	2,000	2,438	2,972
Projected Water Demand			
Municipal Demand	462	563	686
Total Projected Water Demand	462	563	686
Currently Available Water Supplies			
Trinity Aquifer	206	206	206
TRWD Sources (through Weatherford)	102	102	102
Total Supply	308	308	308
Water Management Strategies			
Water Conservation – Basic Package	6	26	36
Purchase water from Weatherford (from TRWD)	114	257	483
Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer (existing wells)	57	0	0
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0
Total Water Management Strategies	177	283	519
Total Supply Less Projected Demand	23	28	141

Table 6.2Summary Information for Hudson Oaks

Weatherford

The current water supply for the City of Weatherford includes Lake Weatherford, TRWD supplies, and a small amount of groundwater. Weatherford's water treatment plant has been expanded since the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾ and is now rated at 14 MGD. Otherwise, the current water supply is the same as was presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾.

Weatherford plans to be a regional wholesale water provider in Parker County. The City will begin providing wholesale water directly to Hudson Oaks in June 2008. The reuse water originally planned for Weatherford municipal use has been redirected to the gas industry (mining demand). The City recommends planning for 90 percent of their future reuse being sold to the gas industry with 10 percent being sent to Lake Weatherford. Weatherford's estimated total available reuse was obtained from the report *Weatherford*

Reuse Water for Gas Exploration and the Beneficial Uses Study⁽⁷⁾.

Weatherford's currently planned water management strategies are in line with the strategies in the 2006 Region C Water Plan ⁽¹⁾. The amount of supply from TRWD is increased to meet increased projected demands. Table 6.3 is a summary table for the City of Weatherford. It does not include information for Weatherford's existing and potential customers. Refer to Table 3.6 for the list of Weatherford's existing and potential customers.

Figures 6.1 and 6.2 show recommended population and demand projections for Weatherford and their existing and potential customers. Figure 6.3 compares projected demands and proposed water management strategies for Weatherford and their customers.

Weatherford	2010	2020	2030
Projected Population (City of			
Weatherford)	26,877	33,000	38,584
Projected Water Demand			
Municipal Demand (City of			
Weatherford)	5,574	6,844	8,002
Existing Customers	368	525	651
Potential Customers	0	1,513	1,783
Total Projected Water Demand	5,942	8,882	10,436
Currently Available Water Supplies			
Lake Weatherford	2,399	2,301	2,184
Trinity Aquifer	50	50	50
TRWD Sources	1,556	1,706	1,857
Total Supply	4,005	4,057	4,091
Water Management Strategies			
Water Conservation – Basic Package	156	355	484
Water Conservation – Expanded	2	40	147
Package	3	40	147
Purchase water from TRWD	1,937	4,825	6,345
New Water Treatment Plant			
New WTP of 8 MGD (2030)	0	0	0

Table 6.3Summary Information for Weatherford

Table 6.3, Continued

Weatherford	2010	2020	2030
Water Treatment Expansions			
WTP Expansion of 4 MGD (18 MGD total) (2020)	0	0	0
Total Water Management Strategies	2,096	5,220	6,976
Total Supply Less Projected Demand	159	395	631





→ 2006 Plan - Existing Customers	-X-Recommended - Existing Customers
→ 2006 Plan - Existing and Potential New Customers	

Figure 6.2 Recommended Demand Projections for Weatherford and Customers



Figure 6.3 Demands and Supplies for Weatherford and Customers



Willow Park

The City of Willow Park currently relies entirely on groundwater. In addition, Dyegard and Deer Creek are private utilities that provide water to certain areas of Willow Park. In an emergency, the City's system could be connected to Dyegard relatively quickly.

Willow Park is uncertain about the strategy to add surface water to the system by 2020. The Trinity GAM indicates that, based on water management strategies presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾, there is not enough groundwater available to provide a reliable source to meet all of Willow Park's projected demands in 2020. Even if neighboring cities decrease groundwater use in 2020, there will not be enough groundwater available to meet Willow Park's projected 2020 demands. Therefore, the water management strategy for Willow Park to purchase TRWD water through Weatherford is recommended for 2020 and later. The amount of supply from Weatherford (TRWD sources) is increased in 2020 and 2030 to meet increased projected demands. Willow Park has expressed an interest in purchasing treated water from the City of Fort Worth instead of Weatherford. Fort Worth indicated that they are not interested in selling water to Willow Park. This strategy is not currently recommended but should be reviewed for the 2011 Region C Water Plan update. Purchasing water from Fort Worth is listed as an alternative strategy for Willow Park in Section 9.

Willow Park	2010	2020	2030
Projected Population	4,164	5,871	8,278
Projected Water Demand			
Municipal Demand	682	935	1,299
Total Projected Water Demand	682	935	1,299
Currently Available Water Supplies			
Trinity Aquifer	642	642	642
Total Supply	642	642	642
Water Management Strategies			
Water Conservation - Basic Package	20	49	40
Purchase water from TRWD (Weatherford)	0	291	682

Table 6.4Summary Information for Willow Park

Table 6.4, Continued

Willow Park	2010	2020	2030
Overdrafting Trinity aquifer (existing wells)	54	0	0
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0
Total Water Management Strategies	74	340	722
Total Supply Less Projected Demand	34	47	65

Parker County Mining

The water management strategies for Parker County Mining have been adjusted as shown in Table 6.5 to meet the increased projected demands. The City of Weatherford indicated that 90 percent of its future reuse water will be sold to the gas industry. The City has also sold treated water to the gas industry recently, approximately 5 to 10 percent of Weatherford's total water use. Aledo, Azle, and Reno have also sold water to the gas industry. In 2010, it is assumed that these three cities will sell approximately 5 percent of their municipal demand to the gas industry. It is assumed that the gas industry will temporarily overdraft the Trinity aquifer in 2010 to meet the remaining water demands.

Parker County Mining	2010	2020	2030
Projected Water Demand			
Mining Demand	7,328	2,132	2,582
Total Projected Water Demand	7,328	2,132	2,582
Currently Available Water Supplies			
Other Local Supply	16	16	15
Other Local Supply	4	4	5
Possum Kingdom (BRA)	2,000	2,000	2,000
City of Weatherford	418	0	0
City of Aledo	37	0	0
City of Azle	98	0	0
City of Reno	37	0	0
Trinity Aquifer	59	59	59
Total Supply	2,668	2,079	2,079

 Table 6.5

 Summary Information for Parker County Mining
Table 6.	.5, Con	tinued
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Parker County Mining	2010	2020	2030
Water Management Strategies			
Reuse water from Weatherford	3,128	3,935	4,641
Overdraft Trinity aquifer	1,532	0	0
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0
Total Water Management Strategies	4,660	3,935	4,641
Total Supply Less Projected Demand	0	3,882	4,138

Parker County-Other

The Parker County Special Utility District (PCSUD) is included as part of Parker County-Other. The PCSUD has requested a consistency waiver to allow them to use TWDB funding to construct a pipeline and water treatment plant for transmitting and treating raw water purchased from the Brazos River Authority. This water management strategy was not included in the *2006 Region C Water Plan*⁽¹⁾. The Region C Water Planning Group approved the request for a consistency waiver at their meeting on September 22, 2008. As an alternative to this strategy, PCSUD could purchase treated water supplies from the City of Weatherford. Obtaining treated water supplies from Weatherford was a recommended strategy for Parker County Other, including PCSUD, in the *2006 Region C Water Plan*⁽¹⁾.

Water User Groups with No Revisions to Water Management Strategies

The water user groups in Parker County that have no revisions to water management strategies as presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾ include the following:

- Annetta
- Annetta South
- Azle
- Mineral Wells

- Reno
- Springtown

6.2 Wise County

Alvord

The City of Alvord currently relies on the Trinity aquifer for water supply and is currently expanding its groundwater system. Alvord will add surface water to its water system by purchasing supplies from TRWD, possibly through West Wise SUD. When Alvord adds surface water into its water system, the City will likely continue to use its existing groundwater supplies as long as they are cost effective. Alvord has considered developing a reuse supply and is interested in the treatment of brackish groundwater. The City will not sell water to the gas industry for frac-ing purposes. However, they will sell water for the operation of the facilities (water for restrooms and potable uses). Alvord is not interested in becoming a wholesale water provider.

Alvord's currently planned water management strategies are in line with the strategies in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾. The amount of supply from TRWD needs to increase to meet increased projected demands.

Alvord	2010	2020	2030
Projected Population	1,378	2,040	3,019
Projected Water Demand			
Municipal Demand	205	295	425
Total Projected Water Demand	205	295	425
Currently Available Water Supplies			
Trinity Aquifer	114	114	114
Total Supply	114	114	114
Water Management Strategies			
Water Conservation – Basic Package	2	8	9
Purchase water from TRWD	72	188	324
New well in Trinity Aquifer - Overdraft 2010	137	0	0

Table 6.6Summary Information for Alvord

Alvord	2010	2020	2030
Supplemental wells in Trinity (Paleozoic Erathem) aquifer	0	0	0
Total Water Management Strategies	211	196	333
Potential Water Management			
Strategies			
Reuse			
Treat brackish groundwater			
Total Supply Less Projected Demand	120	15	21

Table 6.6, Continued

Aurora

The City of Aurora currently uses both surface water and groundwater for water supply. Aurora purchases treated surface water from a private water utility called Aurora Vista (Walnut Creek SUD through Rhome). This water is used in one area of the city. The other portion of the city is served by groundwater provided by Palo Duro, a private water utility. Aurora is in the process of developing its own water system with plans to drill deep groundwater wells. The City plans to take over the Palo Duro system and replace all of the pipelines. Aurora plans to work with Aurora Vista and sell them wholesale water.

As mentioned in Section 4, Aurora would like to rely entirely on groundwater in the future. However, for regional water planning purposes, the groundwater supply will not meet the projected water needs for Aurora. The Region C Water Planning Group may consider allowing a temporary overdraft in 2010, but this overdraft would be temporary in nature and would not be planned to continue for the long term. For regional planning purposes, it is assumed that the amount of supply from Walnut Creek SUD through Rhome (TRWD sources) will increase to meet Aurora's increased projected demands.

Aurora	2010	2020	2030
Projected Population	1,500	1,600	2,000
Projected Water Demand			
Municipal Demand	185	194	238
Total Projected Water Demand	185	194	238
Currently Available Water Supplies			
Trinity Aquifer	98	98	98
TRWD Sources (through Rhome)	33	37	40
Total Supply	131	135	138
Water Management Strategies			
Water Conservation – Basic Package	2	8	10
Purchase water from Rhome (from Walnut Creek SUD)	61	60	102
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0
Total Water Management Strategies	63	68	112
Total Supply Less Projected Demand	9	10	12

Table 6.7Summary Information for Aurora

Boyd

The City of Boyd currently relies on the Trinity aquifer for water supply. Boyd supplements its groundwater supply with treated surface water purchased from Walnut Creek SUD (TRWD sources). This will likely be the case in the future. At some point, the supply may come directly from TRWD with less reliance on groundwater. Boyd primarily provides water to residential and commercial customers. The City does not sell any water for industrial or mining purposes but would be interested in doing so. Boyd does not have any wholesale customers and does not expect to have any wholesale customers in the near future.

Boyd's currently planned water management strategies are in line with the strategies in the *2006 Region C Water Plan* ⁽¹⁾. The amount of supply from Walnut Creek SUD (TRWD sources) is increased to meet increased projected demands.

Boyd	2010	2020	2030
Projected Population	1,500	2,400	3,200
Projected Water Demand			
Municipal Demand	215	333	434
Total Projected Water Demand	215	333	434
Currently Available Water Supplies			
Trinity Aquifer	150	150	150
TRWD Sources (through Walnut Creek SUD)	56	80	75
Total Supply	206	230	225
Water Management Strategies			
Water Conservation - Basic Package	3	12	14
Purchase water from Walnut Creek SUD (from TRWD)	25	108	216
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0
Total Water Management Strategies	28	120	230
Total Supply Less Projected Demand	19	17	22

Table 6.8Summary Information for Boyd

Decatur (Wise County WSD)

The City of Decatur purchases all of its water from TRWD through the Wise County WSD. The City does not have any groundwater supplies. Some residents have groundwater wells for irrigation purposes.

The gas industry has approached Decatur for water. At this time, Decatur is not in a position to sell water to the gas industry as it would impact the amount of treated water available to residents. The current supply allocated to Decatur is limited by the water treatment plant capacity of 3 MGD. As the treatment plant is expanded, additional water from Lake Bridgeport will be made available to the City. Decatur does not plan to become a wholesale water provider.

Decatur's currently planned water management strategies are in line with the strategies in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾. The amount of supply from TRWD is increased to meet increased projected demands.

Decatur (Wise County WSD)	2010	2020	2030
Projected Population	8,018	12,656	15,780
Projected Water Demand			
Municipal Demand	1,794	2,825	3,520
Total Projected Water Demand	1,794	2,825	3,520
Currently Available Water Supplies			
TRWD Sources	1,754	1,753	1,754
Total Supply	1,754	1,753	1,754
Water Management Strategies			
Water Conservation - Basic Package	47	102	163
Water Conservation – Expanded Package	1	10	35
Purchase water from TRWD	270	1,101	1,744
New Water Treatment Plant			
New WTP of 2 MGD (2020)	0	0	0
Water Treatment Expansions			
WTP Expansion of 1 MGD (4 MGD total) (2010)	0	0	0
New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD (2030)	0	0	0
Total Water Management Strategies	318	1,213	1,942
Total Supply Less Projected Demand	279	141	176

 Table 6.9

 Summary Information for Decatur (Wise County WSD)

Walnut Creek SUD

As mentioned in Section 3, Walnut Creek SUD provides wholesale treated water to West Wise SUD, Paradise (Wise County–Other), Boyd, Rhome, and Reno. Newark and New Fairview are potential future customers. TCEQ told Walnut Creek SUD that it must expand its water treatment plant capacity to equal the amount of supply specified in its water contracts. Walnut Creek just completed a 6 MGD water treatment plant expansion. Walnut Creek's water supply contracts specify contract maximum purchases with no take or pay requirements.

Walnut Creek SUD purchases all of its raw water from TRWD (Lake Bridgeport). Walnut Creek has spoken with TRWD about locating a future 12 MGD water treatment plant on Eagle Mountain Lake. Walnut Creek has begun a study for this plant and will likely develop it in 2 MGD increments. This is considered an alternative water management strategy and is discussed in more detail in Section 9.

Walnut Creek SUD's currently planned water management strategies are in line with the strategies in the 2006 Region C Water Plan $^{(1)}$. The amount of supply from TRWD is increased to meet increased projected demands. Figures 6.4 through 6.5 show the recommended population projections, demand projections, and how the projected demands compare to proposed water management strategies for Walnut Creek SUD.

Walnut Creek SUD	2010	2020	2030
Projected Population (Existing and Potential New Customers)	26,784	41,324	64,595
Projected Water Demand			
Municipal Demand (Existing and Potential New Customers)	3,420	5,249	8,207
Total Projected Water Demand	3,420	5,249	8,207
Currently Available Water Supplies			
TRWD Sources	1,956	1,789	1,706
Total Supply	1,956	1,789	1,706
Water Management Strategies			
Water Conservation - Basic Package	37	140	177
Purchase water from TRWD	1,598	3,582	6,734
New Water Treatment Plant			
New WTP of 2 MGD (2015)	0	0	0
New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	0	0	0
New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	0	0	0
New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	0	0	0
New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	0	0	0
New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	0	0	0
Total Water Management Strategies	1,635	3,722	6,911
Total Supply Less Projected Demand	171	262	410

Table 6.10Summary Information for Walnut Creek SUD

Figure 6.4 Recommended Population Projections for Walnut Creek SUD



Figure 6.5 Recommended Demand Projections for Walnut Creek SUD



Figure 6.6 Demands and Supplies for Walnut Creek SUD



West Wise SUD

West Wise SUD has a contract with Walnut Creek SUD for 8.5 million gallons per year. The SUD typically uses this supply in the summer to shave peak usage. West Wise SUD also has a direct contract with TRWD for up to 986 acre-feet per year with no minimum purchase required. The TRWD direct supply costs less than the treated water purchased from Walnut Creek SUD. This impacts how West Wise SUD uses its water supplies. The current water treatment plant capacity is 1 MGD.

West Wise SUD's currently planned water management strategies are in line with the strategies in the 2006 Region C Water Plan $^{(1)}$. The amount of supply currently available from TRWD has been increased. The amount of supply shown is equal to the contract amount.

West Wise SUD	2010	2020	2030
Projected Population	3,501	4,005	4,506
Projected Water Demand			
Municipal Demand	549	619	686
Total Projected Water Demand	549	619	686
Currently Available Water Supplies			
TRWD Sources (Walnut Creek SUD)	521	435	383
TRWD Sources (Direct from TRWD)	986	986	986
Total Supply	1,507	1,421	1,369
Water Management Strategies			
Water Conservation - Basic Package	6	23	27
Purchase water from Walnut Creek SUD (from TRWD)	0	0	0
Purchase water from TRWD	0	0	0
Total Water Management Strategies	6	23	27
Total Supply Less Projected Demand	964	825	710

Table 6.11Summary Information for West Wise SUD

Water User Groups with No Revisions to Water Management Strategies

The water user groups in Wise County that have no revisions to water management strategies as presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾ include the following:

- Bolivar WSC
- Bridgeport
- Chico
- Community WSC
- New Fairview
- Newark
- Rhome
- Runaway Bay

7. Estimated Costs for Proposed Water Management Strategies

The estimated costs for proposed water management strategies were updated and are included in Appendix C. Total capital cost for the Parker-Wise County Study Area through the year 2030 is estimated to be \$251,200,000. The capital costs are broken down by category in Table 7.1. Refer to Appendix C for additional details.

Water Management Strategy Category	Capital Cost During Study Period
Transmission Facilities	\$75,300,000
Supplemental Wells	\$35,400,000
New Water Treatment Plants	\$64,500,000
Water Treatment Plant Expansions	\$76,000,000
Total Capital Costs for Study Area	\$251,200,000

 Table 7.1

 Capital Costs for Proposed Water Management Strategies

The water management strategies for Wise County Steam Electric Power include constructing new pipelines after 2030. Cost estimates for those pipelines are not included in this report, as the projects are beyond the study period.

8. Implementation Plan for Proposed Water Management Strategies

Implementation of the Parker/Wise County Water Supply System includes developing water management strategies for both surface water and groundwater sources. For surface water sources, the implementation plan for water management strategies includes the following components:

- Obtain water rights and/or develop water supply contracts
- Obtain required permits
- Design and construct required facilities

For groundwater sources, the implementation plan for water management strategies includes the following components:

- Obtain required permits
- Design and construct required facilities

Table 8.1 is a list of recommended water management strategies with approximate in-service dates.

Owner	Owner Project	
Parker County		
Annetta, Annetta South, Willow Park	East Parker County System - Pipeline from Weatherford to Annetta, Annetta South and Willow Park	2020
Azle	Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 3 MGD	2030
Weatherford	Weatherford Increase Pump Station Capacity by 7 MGD	2020
Weatherford	Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 4 MGD	2020
Weatherford	New 8 MGD Water Treatment Plant	2030
Wise County		
Alvord	Alvord - New Well in Trinity Aquifer in 2010	2010
Alvord	Alvord - Pipeline to Chico (TRWD)	2010
Aurora	Aurora – Pipeline to Rhome	2020

 Table 8.1

 Implementation of Proposed Water Management Strategies

 Table 8.1, Continued

Owner	Project	Approximate In-service Year
Bridgeport	Bridgeport Pump Station Capacity Increase in 2010	2010
Bridgeport	Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 0.9 MGD	2010
Bridgeport	Bridgeport Parallel Pipeline Connection to TRWD in 2020	2020
Bridgeport	New 2 MGD Water Treatment Plant	2020
Chico	Chico - Pipeline to Bridgeport	2020
Community WSC	Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 0.5 MGD	2020
Decatur	Wise County Decatur - Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 1 MGD	2010
Decatur	Wise County Decatur - Parallel Pipeline to Bridgeport	2020
Decatur	Wise County Decatur - New 2 MGD Water Treatment Plant	2020
Decatur	Wise County Decatur - New Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 2 MGD	2030
New Fairview	New Fairview - Pipeline to Rhome	2010
Newark	Newark - Pipeline to Rhome	2010
Runaway Bay	Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 0.5 MGD	2030
Walnut Creek SUD	Walnut Creek SUD Pipeline to Boyd and Rhome	2015
Walnut Creek SUD	New 2 MGD Water Treatment Plant	2015
Walnut Creek SUD	New Water Treatment Plant 2 MGD Expansion	2020
Walnut Creek SUD	New Water Treatment Plant 2 MGD Expansion	2020
Walnut Creek SUD	New Water Treatment Plant 2 MGD Expansion	2020
Walnut Creek SUD	New Water Treatment Plant 2 MGD Expansion	2030
Walnut Creek SUD	New Water Treatment Plant 2 MGD Expansion	2030
West Wise SUD	New 0.5 MGD Water Treatment Plant	2030

9. Alternative Water Management Strategies

In general, most of the water user groups and wholesale water providers in the study area indicated that their future water supply plans are in line with the 2006 Region C Water Plan ⁽¹⁾. However, five possible alternative water management strategies were identified in this study:

- Aledo Become a wholesale water provider if the contract with the City of Fort Worth allows them to do so
- Willow Park Purchase treated water from Fort Worth instead of Weatherford
- Parker County Other (Parker County SUD) Purchase treated water supplies from the City of Weatherford
- Aurora Rely entirely on groundwater for future water supply
- Walnut Creek SUD Construct new water treatment plant at Eagle Mountain Lake with associated raw water and treated water infrastructure

As mentioned in Section 6, the alternative strategies for Willow Park and Aurora are not recommended. Cost estimates have not been prepared for these two alternatives.

The alternative for Aledo to become a wholesale water provider was not analyzed in detail because the particulars of the possible strategy are not known. It is also unknown if Aledo's agreement with Fort Worth would allow them to become a wholesale water provider.

As mentioned in Section 6, Parker County SUD, which is considered part of Parker County Other, plans to treat brackish water from the Brazos River Authority. The alternative strategy for PCSUD is to purchase treated water from the City of Weatherford. This alternative was included in the *2006 Region C Water Plan*⁽¹⁾ as a recommended strategy.

A new Walnut Creek SUD water treatment plant on Eagle Mountain Lake would require new raw water and treated water facilities. The raw water facilities would include a new lake intake structure, pump station, and pipeline to the water treatment plant. The treated water facilities would include the water treatment plant with high service pump station and pipeline from the plant to the Walnut Creek SUD system. If this strategy is implemented, it will replace the recommended water management strategy that includes a new 2 MGD water treatment plant and subsequent 2 MGD plant expansions at Lake Bridgeport. The total capital cost for the alternative strategy of locating a new water treatment plant at Eagle Mountain Lake is \$56,954,000. Detailed cost estimates are included in Appendix E.

10. Conclusion

The water user groups in the Parker-Wise County Study area are projecting steady growth in the next 30 years. In general, recent growth appears to be greater than what was projected in the 2006 Region C Water Plan ⁽¹⁾. To meet the higher water demands, the recommended water management strategies have been revised as discussed in this report. For most of the water user groups, their currently planned water management strategies are in line with the strategies presented in the 2006 Region C Water Plan ⁽¹⁾. In most cases, increasing the amount of supply from TRWD sources was the only change necessary to meet higher projected demands. Any increases to TRWD supplies will be considered in the 2011 Region C Water Plan update. Figure 10.1 shows the total projected demands, current water supplies, and recommended water management strategies for the Parker-Wise County Study area.



Figure 10.1 Total Demands and Supplies for the Study Area

APPENDIX A

REFERENCES

APPENDIX A

REFERENCES

- (1) Freese and Nichols, Inc., Alan Plummer Associates, Inc., Chiang, Patel & Yerby, Inc., and Cooksey Communications, Inc.: 2006 Region C Water Plan, prepared for the Region C Water Planning Group, Fort Worth, January 2006.
- (2) North Central Texas Council of Governments: 2007 Population Estimates by City and County, [Online], Available URL: http://www.nctcog.org/ris/demographics/population.asp, September 2007.
- (3) R.W. Harden & Associates, Inc., Freese and Nichols, Inc., and Bureau of Economic Geology: *Northern Trinity/Woodbine Aquifer Groundwater Availability Model Assessment of Groundwater Use in the Northern Trinity Aquifer Due To Urban Growth and Barnett Shale Development*, prepared for the Texas Water Development Board, January 2007.
- (4) Texas State Data Center and Office of the State Demographer: 2007 Population Estimates for Texas Places, [Online], Available URL: <u>http://txsdc.utsa.edu/tpepp/2006_txpopest_place.php</u>, September 2007.
- (5) United States Census Bureau: Census Data for the State of Texas: Population by County, Population by Place, [Online], Available URL: <u>http://www.census.gov/census2000/states/tx.html</u>, September 2007.
- (6) HDR Engineering, Inc., Freese and Nichols, Inc., R.W. Harden and Associates, Inc., Hicks and Company, Inc., and Fletcher Communications: *Regional Water Plan*, prepared for the Brazos G Regional Water Planning Group, January 2006.
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APPENDIX B

SUMMARY TABLES BY WATER USER GROUP

Table B - 1						
Summaries by Water User Group						

WUG	Description	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Aledo	Projected Population	3,690	7,918	13,258	Increased
medo	Projected Water Demand	· · ·		· · · ·	
	Municipal Demand	732	1,610	2,750	Increased
	Total Projected Water Demand	732	1,610	2,750	
	Currently Available Water Supplies		· · · · ·		
	· · · · · ·				City plans to reduce in future: amount of
	Trinity Aquifer	291	166	166	2020 & 2030 reduction assumed.
	Total Supply	291	166	166	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	15	37	53	
	Water Conservation - Expanded Package	0	4	6	
	Purchase water from Fort Worth (TRWD)	313	1,484	2,662	Increased supply to meet needs.
	Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer using existing wells	149	0	0	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity (Paluxy) aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	477	1,525	2,721	
	Total Supply Loss Projected Domand	27	01	107	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	5/	81	13/	[
Alvord	Projected Population	1,378	2,040	3,019	Increased
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	205	295	425	Increased
	Total Projected Water Demand	205	295	425	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	114	114	114	
	Total Supply	114	114	114	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	2	8	9	
					Increased supply to meet needs (2020 & 2030). City may purchase water from
	Purchase water from TRWD	72	188	324	West Wise SUD.
	New well in Trinity Aquifer - Overdraft 2010	137	0	0	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity (Paleozoic Erathem) aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	211	196	333	
	Potential Water Management Strategies				
	Reuse				
	Treat brackish groundwater				
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	120	15	21	
Annetta	Projected Population	1,579	1,972	2,289	No change
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	195	236	272	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	195	236	272	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	139	139	139	
	Total Supply	139	139	139	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	3	13	16	
	Purchase water from TRWD	0	113	166	
	Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer (existing wells)	57	0	0	
	Supplemental wells in aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	60	126	182	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	4	29	49	

WUG	Description	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Annetta South	Projected Population	708	836	939	No change
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	87	100	110	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	87	100	110	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	76	76	76	
	Total Supply	76	76	76	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	1	5	6	
	Purchase water from TRWD	0	28	43	
	Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer (existing wells)	12	0	0	
	Supplemental wells in aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	13	33	49	
	v				
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	2	9	15	
Aurora	Projected Population	1,500	1,600	2,000	Increased
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	185	194	238	Increased
	Total Projected Water Demand	185	194	238	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	98	98	98	
	TRWD Sources (through Rhome)	33	37	40	City wants to rely entirely on groundwater
	Total Supply	131	135	138	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	2	8	10	
	Purchase water from Rhome (from Walnut Creek				Increased supply to meet demands. Not
	SUD)	61	60	102	enough groundwater available.
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	63	68	112	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	9	10	12	
Azle	Projected Population	12,108	16,795	23,473	No change
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	1,953	2,633	3,602	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	1,953	2,633	3,602	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	TRWD Sources	1,376	1,401	1,431	
	TRWD Sources	304	279	249	
	Total Supply	1,680	1,680	1,680	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	97	96	146	
	Water Conservation - Expanded Package	2	1	0	
	Purchase water from TRWD	739	1,395	2,823	
	New Water Treatment Plant				
	New WTP of 3 MGD	0	0	0	
	Water Treatment Expansions				
	WTP expansion of 3 MGD	0	0	0	
	New WTP Expansion of 3 MGD	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	838	1,492	2,969	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	565	539	1,047	

WUG	Description	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Bolivar WSC	Projected Population	10,386	12,465	21,806	No change
bonvar wise	Projected Water Demand				-
	Municipal Demand	1,279	1,703	3,371	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	1,279	1,703	3,371	U
	Currently Available Water Supplies		ŕ		
	Trinity Aquifer	1,074	1,074	1,074	
	Total Supply	1,074	1,074	1,074	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	21	85	163	
	Cooke County Water Supply Project	0	68	128	
	Purchase water from UTRWD	250	850	2,700	
	Additional Trinity Aquifer (Existing Wells)	50	100	400	
	Overdraft Trinity Aquifer (Existing Wells)	180	0	0	
	Additional Trinity Aquifer (New Wells)	460	460	800	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	961	1,563	4,191	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	756	934	1,894	
Boyd	Projected Population	1,500	2,400	3,200	Increased
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	215	333	434	Increased
	Total Projected Water Demand	215	333	434	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	150	150	150	
	TRWD Sources (through Walnut Creek SUD)	56	80	75	
	Total Supply	206	230	225	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	3	12	14	
	Purchase water from Walnut Creek SUD (from	25	100	216	Increased supply to meet demands (2020
	IRWD)	25	108	216	& 2030).
	Total Water Management Strategies	20	120	220	
	Totat water Management Strategies	28	120	230	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	19	17	22	
Dridgenent	Designated Deputation	(002	0.050	12 001	NT 1
ыпадероп	Projected Population	6,803	8,352	12,001	No change
	Projected water Demand				·
	Municipal Demand	1,570	1,899	2,702	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	1,570	1,899	2,702	
	Currently Available Water Supplies	1.000	1 1 1 1	1 500	
	TRWD Sources	1,686	1,656	1,700	
	Total Supply	1,080	1,050	1,700	
	Water Management Strategies	47	00	164	
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	4/	99	164	
	water Conservation - Expanded Package	250	562	1 679	
	New Water Treetment Plant	239	362	1,078	
	New WTP of 2 MGD	0	0	0	
	Water Treatment Expansions	0	0	0	
	WTP Expansion (0.9 MGD)	0	0	0	
	New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	0	0	0	
	New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	307	668	1.865	
		507	000	1,005	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	423	425	863	

WUG	Description	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Chico	Projected Population	1,300	1,500	1,800	No change
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	208	235	276	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	208	235	276	×
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	119	119	119	
	TRWD Sources (through West Wise WSC)	96	101	111	
	Total Supply	215	220	230	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	7	10	12	
	Purchase water from West Wise Rural WSC (from				
	TRWD)	99	124	185	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	106	134	197	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	113	119	151	
Community WSC	Projected Population	3,536	3,588	3,642	No change
, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	Projected Water Demand				-
	Municipal Demand	444	438	433	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	444	438	433	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	TRWD Sources	477	382	320	
	Total Supply	477	382	320	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	6	22	24	
	Purchase water from TRWD	73	130	221	
	Water Treatment Expansions				
	Water treatment plant expansion (0.5 MGD)	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	79	152	245	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	112	96	132	
Decatur	Projected Population	8,018	12,656	15,780	Increased
	Projected Water Demand	,	,	,	
	Municipal Demand	1.794	2.825	3.520	Increased
	Total Projected Water Demand	1.794	2.825	3.520	
	Currently Available Water Supplies		,		
	TRWD Sources	1.754	1.753	1.754	
	Total Supply	1.754	1.753	1.754	
	Water Management Strategies		,		
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	47	102	163	
	Water Conservation - Expanded Package	1	10	35	
					Increased supply to meet demands (2020
	Purchase water from TRWD	270	1,101	1,744	& 2030).
	New Water Treatment Plant		,	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	New WTP of 2 MGD (2020)	0	0	0	
	Water Treatment Expansions			~	
	WTP Expansion of 1 MGD (4 MGD total) (2010)	0	0	0	Revised
	New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD (2030)	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	318	1,213	1,942	
				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	279	141	176	

WUG	Description	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Hudson Oaks	Projected Population	2,000	2,438	2,972	Decreased per Hudson Oaks
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	462	563	686	Increased
	Total Projected Water Demand	462	563	686	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	206	206	206	
	Total Sumply	102	102	102	
	Total Supply Water Management Strategies	508	508	508	
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	6	26	36	
	Willer Conservation Duste Fuenage		20		Increased supply to meet demands (2010
	Purchase water from Weatherford (from TRWD)	114	257	483	& 2020).
	Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer (existing wells)	57	0	0	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	177	283	519	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	23	28	141	
Mineral Wells	Projected Population				
	Projected Population (Region C)	4,000	4,000	4,000	No change
	Projected Population (Region G)	15,074	16,200	17,123	No change
	Total Projected Population	19,074	20,200	21,123	
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand (Region C)	766	753	744	No change
	Municipal Demand (Region G)	2,887	3,049	3,184	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	3,653	3,802	3,928	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Lake Mineral Wells (Region C)	0	0	0	
	Lake Mineral Wells (Region G)	2,505	2,490	2,475	
	Lake Palo Pinto (Region C)	766	753	2 174	
	Lake Palo Pinto (Region G)	3,055	5,472	5,1/4	
	101al Supply Water Management Strategies	0,924	0,715	0,393	
	Water Conservation - (Region G)	23	38	52	
	Total Water Management Strategies	23	38	52	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	3,294	2,951	2,517	
New Fairview	Projected Population	1,587	2,167	2,732	No change
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	201	272	340	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	201	272	340	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	103	103	103	
	Total Supply Water Management Strategies	103	103	103	
	Water Conservation Basic Package	1	15	20	
	Purchase water from Rhome (Walnut Creek SUD)	121	197	20	
	Supplemental wells in aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	125	212	316	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	27	43	79	
Newark	Projected Population	1,137	1,772	2,339	No change
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	154	232	301	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	154	232	301	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	92	92	92	
	Total Supply	92	92	92	
	Water Management Strategies		10	1.7	
	water Conservation - Basic Package	2	10	15	
	TRWD)	77	164	261	
	Supplemental wells in Tripity aquifer		104	201	
	Total Water Management Strategies	79	174	276	
		.,,	2.7	270	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	17	34	67	

WUG	Description	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Parker County-					
Irrigation	Projected Water Demand				
0	Irrigation Demand	422	422	422	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	422	422	422	g-
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Direct reuse	202	202	202	
	Irrigation Local Supply	122	122	122	
	Irrigation Local Supply	117	117	117	
	Trinity Aquifer	88	88	88	
	Total Supply	529	529	529	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	0	0	0	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	107	107	107	
Parker County-					
Livestock	Projected Water Demand				
	Livestock Demand	1.856	1.856	1.856	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	1.856	1.856	1.856	
	Currently Available Water Supplies	,	,	,	
	Livestock Local Supply	903	903	903	
	Livestock Local Supply	1,019	1,019	1,019	
	Trinity Aquifer	213	213	213	
	Total Supply	2,135	2,135	2,135	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	0	0	0	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	279	279	279	
Parker County-					
Manufacturing	Projected Water Demand				
Ũ	Manufacturing Demand	779	879	974	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	779	879	974	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Lake Palo Pinto (Mineral Wells)	25	25	25	
	Lake Weatherford (Weatherford)	268	233	207	
	Trinity Aquifer	18	18	18	
	TRWD Sources (Weatherford)	169	168	171	
	Total Supply	480	444	421	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation	0	0	6	
	Purchase water from TRWD	194	291	414	
	Purchase water from Mineral Wells	250	250	250	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	444	541	670	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	145	106	117	

WUG	Description	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Parker County-Mining	Projected Water Demand				
					Includes 2006 recommendation plus
					Barnett Shale use. (p. 2-65 of Northern
					Trinity / Woodbine Aquifer GAM Report,
	Mining Demand	7,328	2,132	2,582	2007)
	Total Projected Water Demand	7,328	2,132	2,582	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Other Local Supply	16	16	15	
	Possum Kingdom (BRA)	2 000	2 000	2 000	
		2,000	2,000	2,000	Added per meeting with Weatherford (5-
	City of Weatherford	418	0	0	10% of City's water use)
	City of Aledo	37	0	0	Assumed 5% of municipal demand
	City of Azle	98	0	0	Assumed 5% of municipal demand
	City of Reno	37	0	0	Based on 12 MG sold in 2007.
	Trinity Aquifer	59	59	59	
	Total Supply	2,668	2,079	2,079	
	Water Management Strategies				
					Assumed 90% of treated effluent (p. 2-5
					of Weatherford Reuse Water for Gas
	Deuse motor from Weatharford	2 1 2 9	2 025	4 6 4 1	Exploration and the Beneficial Uses Study
	Overdraft Trinity aquifer	1 532	3,933	4,041	report, 2007)
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	1,552	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	4.660	3.935	4.641	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	0	3,882	4,138	
Parker County-Other	Projected Population	38,144	37.824	38,905	No change
	Projected Water Demand	,	,	,	
	County-Other Demand	4,785	4,618	4,663	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	4,785	4,618	4,663	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Lake Palo Pinto (Mineral Wells)	479	479	479	
	Lake Weatherford (Weatherford)	15	12	11	
	Other Aquifer	33	33	33	
	Trinity Aquifer	4,815	4,815	4,815	
	Tetal Supply	5 5 15	5 464	5 440	
	Vater Management Strategies	5,515	5,404	5,440	
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	55	222	243	
	Purchase water from TRWD (Weatherford)	0	0	0	
	Purchase water from Parker County SUD	0	1,284	1,199	
	Purchase water from Mineral Wells	280	280	280	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity & Other aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	335	1,786	1,722	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	1,065	2,632	2,499	
Parker County-Steam					
Electric Power	Projected Water Demand				
	Steam Electric Power Demand	30	4,617	5,397	
	Total Projected Water Demand	30	4,617	5,397	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Lake Weatherford	30	24	28	
	Total Supply	30	24	28	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Durch and suctor from DDA (Decours Kingdom Lake)	0	4 000	4 000	
	i urenase water from DKA (Possuiii Kinguoifi Lake)	0	4,000	4,000	
					Decreased because 90% of Weatherford's
	Purchase reuse from Weatherford		437	516	reuse is going to gas industry
	Total Water Management Strategies	0	4,437	4,516	
			,		
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	0	-156	-853	Unmet need to be studied further

WUG	Description	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Reno	Projected Population	2,569	2,676	2,763	No change
Keno	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand (Region C)	319	321	322	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	319	321	322	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	167	167	167	
	TRWD Sources (Springtown & Walnut Creek SUD))	164	129	109	
	Total Supply	331	296	276	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	4	16	18	
	Purchase water from Springtown (TRWD)	15	27	47	
	Purchase water from Walnut Creek SUD (from				
	TRWD)	25	8	39	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	44	51	104	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	56	26	58	
Rhome	Projected Population	1,621	2,640	4,300	Decreased per Rhome
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	405	654	1,060	Decreased per Rhome
	Total Projected Water Demand	405	654	1,060	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	125	125	125	
	TRWD Sources (Walnut Creek SUD)	389	619	748	
	Total Supply	514	744	873	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	19	60	99	
	Purchase water from Walnut Creek SUD (from				
	TRWD)	168	542	1,086	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	187	602	1,185	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	296	692	998	
Runaway Bay	Projected Population	1,411	1,720	2,097	Decreased per Runaway Bay
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	296	357	430	Decreased per Runaway Bay
	Total Projected Water Demand	296	357	430	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	TRWD Sources	345	340	336	
	Total Supply	345	340	336	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	10	21	29	
	Purchase water from TRWD	53	115	233	
	Water Treatment Expansions				
	WTP Expansion of 0.5 MGD	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	63	136	262	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	112	119	169	

WUG	Description	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Springtown	Projected Population	3,000	4,000	5,000	No change
1 0	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	504	659	807	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	504	659	807	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	236	236	236	
	TRWD Sources	288	369	422	
	Total Supply	524	605	658	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	17	42	58	
	Water Conservation - Expanded Package	4	10	16	
	Purchase water from TRWD	44	125	292	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	65	177	366	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	85	123	217	
	Projected Population (Existing and Potential New				
Walnut Creek SUD	Customers)	26,784	41,324	64,595	Increased
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand (Existing and Potential New				
	Customers)	3,420	5,249	8,207	Increased
	Total Projected Water Demand	3,420	5,249	8,207	
	Currently Available Water Supplies	, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	ŕ		
	TRWD Sources	1,956	1,789	1,706	
	Total Supply	1,956	1,789	1,706	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	37	140	177	
	Purchase water from TRWD	1,598	3,582	6,734	Increased supply to meet demands.
	New Water Treatment Plant				
	New WTP of 2 MGD (2015)	0	0	0	Per Walnut Creek SUD.
	New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	0	0	0	
	New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	0	0	0	
	New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	0	0	0	
	New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	0	0	0	
	New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	1,635	3,722	6,911	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	171	262	410	
Weatherford	Projected Population (City of Weatherford)	26,877	33,000	38,584	Revised per Weatherford
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand (City of Weatherford)	5,574	6,844	8,002	Revised per Weatherford
	Existing Customers	368	525	651	-
	Potential Customers	0	1,513	1,783	
	Total Projected Water Demand	5,942	8,882	10,436	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Lake Weatherford	2,399	2,301	2,184	
	Trinity Aquifer	50	50	50	
	TRWD Sources	1,556	1,706	1,857	
	Total Supply	4,005	4,057	4,091	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	156	355	484	
	Water Conservation - Expanded Package	3	40	147	
	Purchase water from TRWD	1,937	4,825	6,345	Increased supply to meet demands.
	New Water Treatment Plant				
	New WTP of 8 MGD (2030)	0	0	0	
	Water Treatment Expansions				
	WTP Expansion of 4 MGD (18 MGD total) (2020)	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	2,096	5,220	6,976	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	159	395	631	

WUG	Description	2010	2020	2030	Notes
West Wise SUD	Projected Population	3,501	4,005	4,506	Increased 2020 & 2030
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	549	619	686	Increased
	Total Projected Water Demand	549	619	686	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	TRWD Sources (Walnut Creek SUD)	521	435	383	
	TRWD Sources (Direct from TRWD)	986	986	986	Contract amount
	Total Supply	1,507	1,421	1,369	
	Water Management Strategies		,		
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	6	23	27	
	Purchase water from Walnut Creek SUD (from				Reduced based on preference for direct
	TRWD)	0	0	0	supply from TRWD.
	,				Reduced because entire contract amount is
					listed under "Currently Available Water
	Purchase water from TRWD	0	0	0	Supplies"
	Total Water Management Strategies	6	23	27	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	964	825	710	
Willow Park	Projected Population	4,164	5,871	8,278	Decreased in 2020 & 2030 per City
	Projected Water Demand				
	Municipal Demand	682	935	1,299	Increased
	Total Projected Water Demand	682	935	1,299	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	642	642	642	
	Total Supply	642	642	642	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	20	49	40	
					Increased supply to meet demands (2020
	Purchase water from TRWD (Weatherford)	0	291	682	& 2030).
	Overdrafting Trinity aquifer (existing wells)	54	0	0	Added for 2010.
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	74	340	722	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	34	47	65	
Wise County-Irrigation	Projected Water Demand				
	Irrigation Demand	502	502	502	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	502	502	502	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Irrigation Local Supply	139	139	139	
	Trinity Aquifer	251	251	251	
	TRWD Sources	124	108	92	
	Total Supply	514	49 8	482	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation	0	5	10	
	Purchase water from TRWD	21	37	63	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	21	42	73	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	33	38	53	

WUG	Description	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Wise County-	*				
Livesteek	Projected Water Demand				
LIVESTOCK	Livesteels Domond	1.714	1 714	1.714	No shores
	Total Projected Water Demand	1,/14	1,714	1,714	No change
	Currently Available Water Sunnlies	1,714	1,/14	1,/14	
	Livestock Local Supply	1 117	1 117	1 117	
	Trinity Aquifer	807	807	807	
	Total Sunnly	1 924	1 924	1 924	
	Water Management Strategies	1,724	1,724	1,724	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Reduce Trinity Aquifer use			*	
	(reallocated to others)	-100	-100	-100	
	Total Water Management Strategies	-100	-100	-100	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	110	110	110	
Wise County-					
Manufacturing	Projected Water Demand				
manaractaring	Manufacturing Demand	2 313	2 660	2 979	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	2,313	2,000	2,979	110 change
	Currently Available Water Supplies	2,515	2,000	2,777	
	Other Aquifer	14	14	14	
	Other Local Supply	0	0	0	
	TRWD Sources	2.469	2.307	2.191	
	Total Supply	2.483	2.321	2.205	
	Water Management Strategies		_,	_,_ ***	
	Water Conservation	0	1	12	
	Purchase water from TRWD	379	783	1,516	
	Supplemental wells in Other aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	379	784	1,528	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	549	445	754	
Wise County-Mining	Projected Water Demand				
					Includes 2006 recommendation plus
					Barnett Shale use (p. 2-66 of Northern
					Trinity / Woodbine Aquifer GAM Report
	Mining Demand	25.017	28.644	31,490	2007)
	Total Projected Water Demand	25,017	28,644	31,490	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Reuse Supply	15,930	14,074	12,152	
	Run-of-river - Trinity	51	51	51	
	Trinity Aquifer	239	239	239	
	TRWD Sources	2,896	2,525	2,140	
	Total Supply	19,116	16,889	14,582	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Purchase water from TRWD	4,779	4,711	5,607	
	Reuse - Recycled water	14,337	14,133	22,428	
	Reduce Trinity Aquifer use				
	(reallocated to others)	0	0	0	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	19,116	18,844	28,035	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	13,215	7,089	11,127	1

WUG	Description	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Wise County-Other	Projected Population	32,364	35,909	35,909	
	Projected Water Demand				
	County-Other Demand	3,843	4,344	4,304	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	3,843	4,344	4,304	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	Trinity Aquifer	2,161	2,161	2,161	
	TRWD Sources (Walnut Creek SUD)	1,024	926	772	
	Total Supply	3,185	3,087	2,933	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Water Conservation - Basic Package	57	209	223	
	Purchase water from Walnut Creek SUD (from				
	TRWD)	17	40	57	
	Purchase water from TRWD	149	1,126	1,233	
	Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer (existing wells)	676	0	0	
	Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	899	1,375	1,513	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	241	118	142	
Wise County-Steam					
Electric Power	Projected Water Demand				
	Steam Electric Power Demand	3,949	5,653	6,609	No change
	Total Projected Water Demand	3,949	5,653	6,609	
	Currently Available Water Supplies				
	TRWD sources	4,600	4,010	3,400	
	Total Supply	4,600	4,010	3,400	
	Water Management Strategies				
	Purchase water from TRWD	1,098	2,592	3,863	
	Purchase reuse water from Bridgeport	0	0	0	
	Purchase reuse water from Decatur	0	0	0	
	Total Water Management Strategies	1,098	2,592	3,863	
	Total Supply Less Projected Demand	1,749	949	654	

APPENDIX C

COST ESTIMATES

APPENDIX C

COST ESTIMATES

Appendix C includes detailed cost estimates for recommended water management strategies. The cost estimating assumptions are summarized in the memorandum in Appendix D.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- Table C-1 Costs Estimates for Supplemental Wells to Maintain Current Groundwater Production Capacity
- Table C-2
 Cost Estimates for New Water Treatment Plants
- Table C-3
 Water Treatment Plant Expansions
- Table C-4Walnut Creek SUD Pipeline to Boyd and Rhome
- Table C-5 Weatherford Increase Pump Station Capacity by 7 MGD
- Table C-6East Parker County System Pipeline from Weatherford to Annetta, Annetta South and Willow
Park
- Table C-7
 Aledo Cost of Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer Using Existing Wells
- Table C-8
 Annetta Cost of Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer Using Existing Pumps
- Table C-9
 Annetta South Cost of Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer Using Existing Pumps
- Table C-10
 Hudson Oaks
 Cost of Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer Using Existing Pumps
- Table C-11Alvord New Well in Trinity Aquifer in 2010
- Table C-12Wise County Alvord Pipeline to Chico (TRWD)
- Table C-13
 Aurora Cost of Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer Using Existing Pumps
- Table C-14Wise County Aurora Pipeline to Rhome
- Table C-15
 Bolivar WSC Cost of Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer Using Existing Pumps
- Table C-16
 Boyd Cost of Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer Using Existing Pumps
- Table C-17
 Bridgeport Pump Station Capacity Increase in 2010
- Table C-18 Bridgeport Parallel Pipeline Connection to TRWD in 2020
- Table C-19
 Wise County Chico Pipeline to Bridgeport
- Table C-20 Wise County Decatur Parallel Pipeline to Bridgeport
- Table C-21 Wise County New Fairview Pipeline to Rhome
- Table C-22 Wise County Newark Pipeline to Rhome
- Table C-23
 County Other Cost of Overdrafting Trinity Aquifer Using Existing Pumps

Water User Group	County	Aquifer	# Wells in 2005	Well Capacity (gpm)	Well Depth (ft)	Installation Schedule		edule	Construction Costs (including engineering, contingencies, and permitting)		
				(81)		2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Aledo	Parker	Trinity (Paluxy)	6	76	389	1	1	1	\$546,788	\$546,788	\$546,788
Annetta	Parker		10	50	350	2	2	2	\$1,054,920	\$1,054,920	\$1,054,920
Annetta South	Parker		10	50	350	2	2	2	\$1,054,920	\$1,054,920	\$1,054,920
Hudson Oaks	Parker	Trinity (Paluxy)	21	40	343	4	3	4	\$2,095,963	\$1,571,972	\$2,095,963
Reno	Parker	Trinity (Paluxy)	6	39	486	1	1	1	\$594,862	\$594,862	\$594,862
Springtown	Parker	Trinity (Paluxy)	2	398	391	1			\$695,421		
Springtown	Parker	Trinity (Travis Peak)	1	33	364			1			\$534,398
Willow Park	Parker	Trinity (Paluxy)	17	50	200	3	3	3	\$1,359,360	\$1,359,360	\$1,359,360
Weatherford	Parker	Trinity (Paluxy)	1	50	200		1			\$453,120	
Parker County-Other	Parker	Trinity & Other	1	50	200	1			\$453,120		
Parker County Irrigation	Parker	Trinity	1	50	200	1			\$453,120		
Parker County Livestock	Parker	Trinity	1	50	200	1			\$453,120		
Parker County Manufacturing	Parker	Trinity	1	50	200	1			\$453,120		
Parker County Mining	Parker	Trinity	1	50	200	1			\$453,120		
Alvord	Wise	Trinity (Paleozoic Erathem)	4	100	394	1		1	\$614,355		\$614,355
Aurora	Wise		4	100	400	1	1		\$618,320	\$618,320	
Bolivar WSC	Wise	Trinity	2	100	250	1			\$519,200		
Boyd	Wise	Trinity (Paleozoic Erathem)	2	123	397	1			\$616,338		
Chico	Wise	Trinity (Antlers)	7	71	125	2	1	1	\$831,900	\$415,950	\$415,950
New Fairview	Wise		4	75	200	1	1		\$453,120	\$453,120	
Newark	Wise	Trinity (Paluxy)	6	36	543	1	1	1	\$623,111	\$623,111	\$623,111
Rhome	Wise	Trinity (Paluxy)	3	79	497	1		1	\$600,313		\$600,313
Wise County-Other	Wise	Trinity	1	100	250	1			\$519,200		
Wise County Irrigation	Wise	Trinity	1	100	250	1			\$519,200		
Wise County Livestock	Wise	Trinity	1	100	250	1			\$519,200		
Wise County Manufacturing	Wise	Other	1	100	250	1			\$519,200		
Wise County Mining	Wise	Trinity	1	100	250	1			\$519,200		

 Table C-1

 Costs Estimates for Supplemental Wells to Maintain Current Groundwater Production Capacity

 Table C-2

 Cost Estimates for New Water Treatment Plants

Water User Group	Water Management Strategy	County	Construction Time (Months)	Capital Costs (including engineering, contingencies & interest)			
				2010	2020	2030	
Walnut Creek SUD	New WTP of 2 MGD	Parker	18	\$10,964,000			
Weatherford	New WTP of 8 MGD	Parker	18			\$25,512,000	
Bridgeport	New WTP of 2 MGD	Wise	18		\$10,964,000		
West Wise SUD	New WTP of 0.5 MGD	Wise	12			\$6,047,000	
Wise County WSD (Decatur)	New WTP of 2 MGD	Wise	18		\$10,964,000		

Table C-3						
Water Treatment Plant Expansions						

Water User Group	Water Management Strategy	County	Construction Time	Capital Costs (including engineering, contingencies & interest)		
			(Months)	2010	2020	2030
Azle	WTP expansion of 3 MGD	Tarrant	18			\$10,319,000
Community WSC	WTP expansion of 0.5 MGD	Tarrant	12		\$2,936,000	
Weatherford	WTP Expansion of 4 MGD (18 MGD total capacity)	Parker	18		\$11,717,000	
Bridgeport	WTP Expansion of 0.9 MGD	Wise	12	\$3,516,000		
Runaway Bay	WTP Expansion of 0.5 MGD	Wise	12			\$2,320,000
Walnut Creek SUD	New WTP expansion of 2 MGD (4 MGD total)	Parker	18		\$6,880,000	
Walnut Creek SUD	New WTP expansion of 2 MGD (6 MGD total)	Parker	18		\$6,880,000	
Walnut Creek SUD	New WTP expansion of 2 MGD (8 MGD total)	Parker	18		\$6,880,000	
Walnut Creek SUD	New WTP expansion of 2 MGD (10 MGD total)	Parker	18			\$6,880,000
Walnut Creek SUD	New WTP expansion of 2 MGD (12 MGD total)	Parker	18			\$6,880,000
Wise County WSD (Decatur)	WTP Expansion of 1 MGD (4 MGD total capacity)	Wise	18	\$3,870,000		
Wise County WSD (Decatur)	New WTP Expansion of 2 MGD	Wise	18			\$6,880,000
Table C-4 Walnut Creek SUD Parallel Pipeline to Boyd and Rhome

Owner:	Walnut Creek SUD	
Amount:	3,900 Ac-Ft/Yr	

CAPITAL COSTS	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Pipeline					
Pipeline	24 in.	156,000	LF	\$108	\$16,848,000
Right of Way Easements (ROW)	20 ft.	72	Acre	\$25,000	\$1,791,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)					\$5,592,000
Subtotal of Pipeline					\$24,231,000
Pump Station(s)					
Booster Pump Station	350 HP	1	LS	\$1,505,000	\$1,505,000
Ground Storage at Boyd	0.01 MG	1	LS	\$70,000	\$70,000
Ground Storage at Rhome	.75 MG	1	LS	\$499,000	\$499,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)					\$726,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$2,800,000
Permitting and Mitigation					\$227,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$27,258,000
Interest During Construction		(1	2 month	s)	\$1,136,000
TOTAL COST					\$28,394,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)					\$2,063,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)					\$70,000
Operation & Maintenance					\$264,000
Total Annual Costs					\$2,397,000
UNIT COSTS (Pre-Amort)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$615
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$1.89
UNIT COSTS (Post-Amort.)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$86
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$0.26

Table C-5Weatherford Increase Pump Station Capacity by 7 MGD

Probable Owner:	Weatherford
Quantity:	6,278 AF/Y

Existing Infrastructure

Pipeline	36 in.
Distance	100,000 LF
Pump Capacity	15 MGD
Pump Station Can Accommodate	22 MGD

CONSTRUCTION COSTS

TRANSMISSION FACILITIES					
Pump Station(s)	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Add Pump to Existing Pump Station		1	LS	\$400,000	\$400,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)					\$140,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$540,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$540,000
Permitting and Mitigation					\$0
Interest During Construction		(6 months)	\$12,000
TOTAL COST					\$552,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)					\$40,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)					\$67,000
Raw water purchase (\$0.68/ kgal)					\$1,391,000
Operation & Maintenance					\$12,000
Total Annual Costs					\$1,510,000
UNIT COSTS - (With Debt Service)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$241
Per 1,000 gallons					\$0.74
UNIT COSTS - (After Debt Service)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$234
Per 1,000 gallons					\$0.72

Table C-6East Parker County System - Pipeline from Weatherford
to Annetta, Annetta South and Willow Park

Owner:	Unknown					
Amount:	800 Ac-Ft/Yr	Willow Par	rk		34%	
	250 Ac-Ft/Yr	Annetta			11%	
	100 Ac-Ft/Yr	Annetta Sc	outh		4%	
	1,200 Ac-Ft/Yr	County Oth	her		51%	
	2,350 Ac-Ft/Yr	Total				
CAPITAL	COSTS	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Pipeline						
Pipeline (ev	veryone)	18 in.	38,000	LF	\$108	\$4,104,000
Right of Wa	ay Easements (ROW)	20 ft.	17	Acre	\$25,000	\$436,000
Engineering	g and Contingencies (30%)					\$1,362,000
Permitting a	and Mitigation					\$49,000
Subtotal of	Pipeline (everyone)					\$5,951,000
Pipeline (Co	ounty-other)	12 in.	15,840	LF	\$72	\$1,140,000
Right of Wa	ay Easements (ROW)	20 ft.	7	Acre	\$25,000	\$182,000
Engineering	g and Contingencies (30%)					\$397,000
Permitting a	and Mitigation					\$14,000
Subtotal of	Pipeline (County-other)					\$1,733,000
Pipeline (W	(illow park)	10 in.	8,000	LF	\$60	\$480,000
Right of Wa	ay Easements (ROW)	15 ft.	3	Acre	\$25,000	\$69,000
Engineering	g and Contingencies (30%)					\$165,000
Permitting a	and Mitigation					\$6,000
Subtotal of	Pipeline (Willow Park)					\$720,000
Pipeline (A	nnetta & Annetta S.)	8 in.	13,300	LF	\$48	\$638,000
Right of Wa	ay Easements (ROW)	15 ft.	5	Acre	\$25,000	\$114,000
Engineering	g and Contingencies (30%)					\$226,000
Permitting a	and Mitigation					\$8,000
Subtotal of	Pipeline (Annetta & Ann	netta S.)				\$986,000
Pipeline (Ar	nnetta S.)	6 in.	27,000	LF	\$36	\$972,000
Right of Wa	ay Easements (ROW)	15 ft.	9	Acre	\$25,000	\$232,000
Engineering	g and Contingencies (30%)					\$361,000
Permitting a	and Mitigation					\$12,000
Subtotal of	Pipeline (Annetta S.)					\$1,577,000

Table C-6, Continued

Total of Pipeline Cost					\$10,967,000
County-Other portion of pipelines	51% of 18 in line, 100% of 12 in line				\$4,771,809
Willow Park portion of pipelines	34% of 18 ii	n line, 1009	% of 10 in li	ne	\$2,745,872
Annetta portion of pipelines	11% of 18 n	line, 71%	of 8 in line		\$1,337,371
Annetta S. portion of pipelines	4% of 18 in	line, 29% (of 8 in line,	100% 6 in	\$2,111,948
					\$10,967,000
Pump Stations					
Booster Pump Station 1	140	1	LS	\$830,000	\$830,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)					\$291,000
Permitting and Mitigation					\$10,000
Subtotal of Pump Station 1					\$1,131,000
Booster Pump Station 2	120	1	LS	\$760,000	\$760,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)					\$266,000
Permitting and Mitigation					\$9,000
Subtotal of Pump Station 2					\$1,035,000
Total of Pump Stations					\$2,166,000
County-Other portion of P.S	51% of P.S	1, 61% of I	P.S 2		\$1,210,000
Willow Park portion of P.S	34% of P.S	1, 17% of I	P.S 2		\$561,000
Annetta portion of P.S	11% of P.S	1, 13% of I	P.S 2		\$255,000
Annetta S. portion of P.S	4% of P.S 1	, 9% of P.S	52		\$140,000
					\$2,166,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$13,133,000
Interest During Construction (12 m	onths)				\$547,000
TOTAL COST					\$13,680,000
County-Other					\$6,230,000
Willow Park					\$3,445,000
Annetta portion					\$1,659,000
Annetta S. portion					\$2,346,000
					\$13,680,000

Table C-6, Continued

ANNUAL COSTS

County-Other	
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)	\$453,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)	\$26,000
Treated Water* (\$2.98 per 1,000 gallons)	\$1,165,000
Operation & Maintenance	\$50,000
Total Annual Costs	\$1,694,000
Willow Park	
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)	\$250,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)	\$11,000
Treated Water* (\$2.98 per 1,000 gallons)	\$777,000
Operation & Maintenance	\$28,000
Total Annual Costs	\$1,066,000
Annetta	
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)	\$121,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)	\$6,000
Treated Water* (\$2.98 per 1,000 gallons)	\$243,000
Operation & Maintenance	\$13,000
Total Annual Costs	\$383,000
Annetta S.	
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)	\$170,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)	\$4,000
Treated Water* (\$2.98 per 1,000 gallons)	\$97,000
Operation & Maintenance	\$17,000
Total Annual Costs	\$288,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS	

Total Annual Costs	\$3,432,000
Operation & Maintenance	\$108,000
Treated Water* (\$2.98 per 1,000 gallons)	\$2,282,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)	\$48,000
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)	\$994,000

Table C-6, Continued

UNIT COSTS

County-Other	
Per Acre-Foot	\$1,412
Per 1,000 Gallons	\$4.33
Willow Park	
Per Acre-Foot	\$1,333
Per 1,000 Gallons	\$4.09
Annetta	
Per Acre-Foot	\$1,532
Per 1,000 Gallons	\$4.70
Annetta S.	
Per Acre-Foot	\$2,880
Per 1,000 Gallons	\$8.84

*Treated water rate was provided by City of Weatherford, August 2008.

Table C-7Aledo - Cost of Overdrafting with Existing Wells until 2010Parker County, Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Aledo			
Amount:	148	Acre-Feet per	Year	
Water Depth	131	ft		
Well Depth	389	ft		
Well Yield	185	gpm		
Well Size	8	in		
Yield per well	298	Acre-Feet per	Year (peak)	
Yield per well	149	Acre-Feet per	Year (average)	
Wells Needed	1			
ANNUAL COSTS				
Chlorination	48,226	1000 gal	\$0.12	\$5,800
Pumping Costs	39,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$3,510
Total Annual Cost				\$9,310
UNIT COSTS				
Cost per acre-foot				\$62.91
Cost per 1000 gallons				\$0.19

Table C-8Annetta - Cost of Overdrafting with Existing Wells until 2010Parker County, Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Annetta			
Amount:	56	Acre-Feet per	Year	
Water Depth	131	ft		
Well Depth	389	ft		
Well Yield	70	gpm		
Well Size	6	in		
Yield per well	113	Acre-Feet per	Year (peak)	
Yield per well	57	Acre-Feet per	Year (average)	
Wells Needed	1			
ANNUAL COSTS				
Chlorination	18,248	1000 gal	\$0.12	\$2,200
Pumping Costs	20,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$1,800
Total Annual Cost				\$4,000
UNIT COSTS				
Cost per acre-foot				\$71.43
Cost per 1000 gallons				\$0.22

Table C-9Annetta South - Cost of Overdrafting with Existing Wells until 2010Parker County, Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Annetta Sou	ıth		
Amount:	11	Acre-Feet per	Year	
Water Depth	131	ft		
Well Depth	389	ft		
Well Yield	15	gpm		
Well Size	6	in		
Yield per well	24	Acre-Feet per	Year (peak)	
Yield per well	12	Acre-Feet per	Year (average)	
Wells Needed	1			
ANNUAL COSTS				
Chlorination	3,584	1000 gal	\$0.12	\$400
Pumping Costs	7,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$630
Total Annual Cost				\$1,030
UNIT COSTS				
Cost per acre-foot				\$93.64
Cost per 1000 gallons				\$0.29

Table C-10Hudson Oaks - Cost of Overdrafting with Existing Wells until 2010Parker County, Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Annetta Sou	ıth		
Amount:	53	Acre-Feet per	Year	
Water Depth	131	ft		
Well Depth	216	ft		
Well Yield	70	gpm		
Well Size	6	in		
Yield per well	113	Acre-Feet per	Year (peak)	
Yield per well	57	Acre-Feet per	Year (average)	
Wells Needed	1			
ANNUAL COSTS				
Chlorination	17,270	1,000 gal	\$0.12	\$2,100
Pumping Costs	20,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$1,800
Total Annual Cost				\$3,900
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Cost per acre-foot				\$73.58
Cost per 1000 gallons				\$0.23

Table C-11 Alvord - Overdraft of Trinity Aquifer Using New Wells

Amount: 135 Acre-Feet per Year Water Depth 94 ft Well Depth 394 ft Well Yield 170 gpm Well Size 8 in Yield per well 274 Acre-Feet per Year (peak) Yield per well 137 Acre-Feet per Year (average) Well Size 8 in Yield per well 137 Acre-Feet per Year (average) Well Needed 1 Item No. & Description Quantity Unit Unit Cost Total Cost WELLS 6 1 Si150,000 \$150,000 \$150,000 Connection to distribution 1 \$150,000 \$150,000 \$78,000 Subtotal of Well(s) \$338,320 Permitting and mitigation 1% \$3338,320 Permitting and mitigation 1% \$334,444 Interest During Construction 6 months \$7,399 TOTAL CAPITAL COST \$348,843 \$45 \$1,444 \$1,444 Interest During Construction \$1,800 \$2,500 \$2,600 \$2,600 \$2,600 \$2,600 \$2,600 \$2	Owner:	Alvord			
Water Depth94ftWell Depth394ftWell Size8inYield per well274Acre-Feet per Year (peak)Yield per well137Acre-Feet per Year (average)Well Size8inYield per well137Acre-Feet per Year (average)Wells Needed11Item No. & DescriptionQuantityUnitUnit CostWELLS394LF\$280Groundwater wells394LF\$280Subtotal of Well(s)1\$150,000\$78,000Subtotal of Well(s)\$338,320\$78,000Permitting and mitigation1%\$3,124CONSTRUCTION TOTAL\$341,444Interest During Construction6 months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANUAL COSTS\$33,000\$0,12Subiosion1.0%\$1,800Well(s)2.5%\$3,310Chlorination43,9901000 galYunging Costs33,000\$W-hSubjord Annual Cost\$38,380UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)\$0,09\$2,270Cost per 1000 gallons\$0,80\$0,87Cost per 1000 gallons\$0,80\$0,89	Amount:	135	Acre-Feet p	ber Year	
Water Depth 94 ft Well Depth 394 ft Well Yield 170 gpm Well Size 8 in Yield per well 274 Acre-Feet per Year (peak) Yield per well 137 Acre-Feet per Year (average) Well Size 0 1 Hem No. & Description Quantity Unit Unit Cost Total Cost WELLS 394 LF \$280 \$110,320 Groundwater wells 394 LF \$280 \$110,320 Connection to distribution 1 \$150,000 \$150,000 Engineering and Contingencies 30% \$338,320 Permitting and mitigation 1% \$3341,444 Interest During Construction 6 months \$7,399 TOTAL CAPITAL COST \$348,843 \$341,444 Interest During Construction 6 months \$1,800 Well(s) 2.5% \$33,310 Ohlorination 1.0% \$1,800 Well(s) 2.5% \$3,310 Ohlorination \$3,900 1000 gal <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td></td></t<>			-		
Well Depth 394 ft Well Yield 170 gpm Well Size 8 in Yield per well 274 Acre-Feet per Year (peak) Yield per well 137 Acre-Feet per Year (average) Well Needed 1 Item No. & Description Quantity Unit Unit Cost Total Cost WELLS 394 LF \$280 \$110,320 Connection to distribution 1 \$150,000 \$150,000 Engineering and Contingencies 30% \$338,320 \$78,000 \$150,000 \$150,000 Subtotal of Well(s) \$338,320 \$78,000 \$338,320 \$78,900 \$33,124 CONSTRUCTION TOTAL \$341,444 \$341,444 \$341,444 \$341,444 \$341,444 \$348,843 ANNUAL COSTS \$348,843 \$348,843 \$348,843 \$348,843 \$348,843 Operation and Maintenance \$10% \$33,900 \$100 gal \$0,12 \$5,300 Operation and Maintenance \$3,990 1000 gal \$0,12 \$5,300 \$33,830 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) \$3,900 \$80,09	Water Depth	94	ft		
Well Yield 170 gpm Well Size 8 in Yield per well 274 Acre-Feet per Year (peak) Yield per well 137 Acre-Feet per Year (average) Wells Needed 1 Int Cost Total Cost WELLS 0 1 State (average) Groundwater wells 394 LF \$280 \$110,320 Connection to distribution 1 \$150,000 \$150,000 Engineering and Contingencies 30% \$338,320 Permitting and mitigation 1% \$338,320 Permitting and mitigation 1% \$338,320 CONSTRUCTION TOTAL \$341,444 Interest During Construction 6 months \$7,399 TOTAL CAPITAL COST \$348,843 ANNUAL COSTS \$1,800 \$25,000 Operation and Maintenance \$1,800 \$3,310 Transmission 1.0% \$1,800 Well(s) 2.5% \$3,310 Chlorination 43,990 1000 gal \$0.12 \$5,300 Pumping Costs 33,000 kW-h \$0.0	Well Depth	394	ft		
Well Size8inYield per well274Acre-Feet per Year (peak)Yield per well137Acre-Feet per Year (average)Wells Needed1Item No. & DescriptionQuantityUnitUnit CostTotal CostWELLS394LF\$280\$110,320Connection to distribution1\$150,000\$150,000Engineering and Contingencies30%\$78,000Subtotal of Well(s)\$338,320Permitting and mitigation1%\$338,320Permitting construction6months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$344,444Interest During Construction6months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$3,310\$1,800Wel(s)2.5%\$3,310Chlorination43,9901000 gal\$0.12Yield Stript Soft Soft Soft Soft Soft Soft Soft Sof	Well Yield	170	gpm		
Yield per well274Acre-Feet per Year (peak)Yield per well137Acre-Feet per Year (average)Wells Needed11Item No. & DescriptionQuantityUnitUnit CostTotal CostWELLS394LF\$280\$110,320Groundwater wells394LF\$280\$110,320Connection to distribution1\$150,000\$150,000Engineering and Contingencies30%\$78,000Subtotal of Well(s)\$338,320\$338,320Permitting and mitigation1%\$31,124CONSTRUCTION TOTAL\$341,444Interest During Construction6 months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$348,843Operation and Maintenance\$1,800Transmission1.0%\$1,800Well(s)2.5%\$3,310Chlorination43,9901000 galWell(s)2.5%\$3,8380UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)\$284.29Cost per 1000 gallons\$0,80Cost per 1000 gallons\$0,80	Well Size	8	in		
Yield per well137Acre-Feet per Year (average)Wells Needed1Item No. & DescriptionQuantityUnitUnit CostTotal CostWELLS394LF\$280\$110,320Groundwater wells394LF\$280\$110,320Connection to distribution1\$150,000\$150,000Engineering and Contingencies30%\$338,320Permitting and mitigation1%\$3124CONSTRUCTION TOTAL\$341,444Interest During Construction6 months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$348,843Operation and Maintenance\$25,000Transmission1.0%\$1,800Well(s)2.5%\$3,310Chlorination43,9901000 gal\$0.12Year (Strist 30 Years)\$284,29\$0.50Cost per acre-foot\$284,29Cost per acre-foot\$284,29Cost per acre-foot\$29,11Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.30	Yield per well	274	Acre-Feet p	ber Year (peak)	
Wells Needed1Item No. & Description WELLS Groundwater wellsQuantityUnitUnit CostTotal CostGroundwater wells394LF\$280\$110,320Connection to distribution1\$150,000\$150,000Engineering and Contingencies30%\$78,000Subtotal of Well(s)\$338,320\$338,320Permitting and mitigation1%\$31,24CONSTRUCTION TOTAL\$341,444Interest During Construction6 months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$25,000Operation and Maintenance Transmission1.0%\$1,800Well(s)2.5%\$3,310Chrination43,9901000 gal\$0.12Well(s)2.5%\$3,300\$3,000UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) Cost per actre-foot Cost per actre-foot\$284,29Cost per actre-foot Cost per actre-foot Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.30	Yield per well	137	Acre-Feet	ber Year (average)
Item No. & Description WELLSQuantityUnitUnit CostTotal CostGroundwater wells394LF\$280\$110,320Connection to distribution1\$150,000\$150,000Engineering and Contingencies30%\$78,000Subtotal of Well(s)\$338,320\$338,320Permitting and mitigation1%\$331,444Interest During Construction6 months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$3,100Operation and Maintenance Transmission1.0%Yell(s)2.5%\$3,310Chorination43,9901000 galYell(s)2.5%\$3,300UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) Cost per acre-foot\$284,29Cost per acre-foot Cost per acre-foot\$284,29Cost per acre-foot Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per acre-foot Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per acre-foot Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per acre-foot Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per acre-foot Cost per 1000 gallons\$0,21Cost per 1000 gallons\$0,21	Wells Needed	1	_	_	
WELLSGroundwater wells394LF\$280\$110,320Connection to distribution1\$150,000\$150,000Engineering and Contingencies30%\$78,000Subtotal of Well(s)\$338,320Permitting and mitigation1%\$31,24CONSTRUCTION TOTAL\$341,444Interest During Construction6 months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$348,843Debt Service - Total Capital\$25,000Operation and Maintenance\$1,0%\$1,800Well(s)2.5%\$3,310Chlorination43,9901000 gal\$0.12Pumping Costs33,000kW-h\$0.09System\$33,300kW-h\$28,429Cost per acre-foot\$284,29\$0.12\$3,08UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)\$0.83\$0.87Cost per acre-foot\$29,11\$0,91\$0,91Cost per acre-foot\$99,11\$0,91\$0,91Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.12\$5,91\$0.91	Item No. & Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
Groundwater wells 394 LF \$280 \$110,320 Connection to distribution 1 \$150,000 \$150,000 Engineering and Contingencies 30% \$78,000 Subtotal of Well(s) \$3338,320 Permitting and mitigation 1% \$3318,320 Permitting and mitigation 1% \$3141,444 Interest During Construction 6 months \$7,399 TOTAL CAPITAL COST \$348,843 \$348,843 ANNUAL COSTS \$348,843 \$25,000 Operation and Maintenance \$25,000 \$25,000 Transmission 1.0% \$1,800 \$25,000 Operation and Maintenance \$33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,970 Total Capital 2.5% \$3,310 \$1,800 \$2,970 \$3,8380 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) \$33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,842.99 \$0.030 \$0.87 Cost per acre-foot \$284,29 \$0.87 \$0.87 \$0.87 \$0.87 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) \$0.87 \$0.80<	WELLS				
Connection to distribution1\$150,000\$150,000Engineering and Contingencies30%\$78,000Subtotal of Well(s)\$338,320Permitting and mitigation1%\$3,124CONSTRUCTION TOTAL\$341,444Interest During Construction6 months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$348,843Debt Service - Total Capital\$25,000Operation and Maintenance\$1,0%\$1,800Well(s)2.5%\$3,310Chlorination43,9901000 gal\$0.12Portal Annual Cost\$33,000\$W-h\$0.09UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)\$0.87\$0.87Cost per acre-foot\$284.29\$0.87Cost per acre-foot\$99,11\$0.30Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.30\$0.30	Groundwater wells	394	LF	\$280	\$110,320
Engineering and Contingencies30%\$78,000Subtotal of Well(s)\$338,320Permitting and mitigation1%\$3,124CONSTRUCTION TOTAL\$341,444Interest During Construction6 months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$25,000Operation and Maintenance\$1,0%\$1,800Well(s)2.5%\$3,310Chlorination43,9901000 gal\$0.12Pots\$3,000\$W-h\$0.09\$2,970Total Annual Cost\$33,000\$W-h\$0.09\$2,970Cost per acre-foot\$284.29\$0.87\$0.87UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)\$0.87\$0.87Cost per acre-foot\$29,11\$0.30Cost per acre-foot\$99,11\$0.30Cost per acre-foot\$99,11\$0.30Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per acre-foot\$93,00Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per acre-foot\$93,01Cost per acre-foot\$93,01Cost per acre-	Connection to distribution	1		\$150,000	\$150,000
Subtotal of Well(s) \$338,320 Permitting and mitigation 1% \$3,124 CONSTRUCTION TOTAL \$341,444 Interest During Construction 6 months \$7,399 TOTAL CAPITAL COST \$348,843 ANNUAL COSTS Debt Service - Total Capital \$25,000 Operation and Maintenance Transmission 1.0% \$1,800 Well(s) 2.5% \$3,310 Chlorination 43,990 1000 gal \$0.12 \$5,300 Pumping Costs 33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,970 Total Annual Cost \$33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,970 Cost per acre-foot \$2,284,29 Cost per acre-fo	Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$78,000
Permitting and mitigation1%\$3,124CONSTRUCTION TOTAL\$341,444Interest During Construction6 months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$25,000Operation and Maintenance\$25,000Transmission1.0%\$1,800Well(s)2.5%\$3,310Chlorination43,9901000 gal\$0.12Pumping Costs33,000kW-h\$0.09Pumping Costs33,000kW-h\$0.09Cost per acre-foot\$284.29\$0.87Cost per acre-foot\$0.87\$0.87UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)\$0.87\$0.30Cost per acre-foot\$99,11\$0.30Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.30	Subtotal of Well(s)				\$338,320
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL17030,124CONSTRUCTION TOTAL\$341,444Interest During Construction6 months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$348,843Debt Service - Total Capital\$25,000Operation and Maintenance\$1,800Well(s)2.5%Sign 1.0%\$1,800Well(s)2.5%Sign 2.5%\$3,310Chlorination43,990Pumping Costs33,000RW-h\$0.09\$2,970\$2,970Total Annual Cost\$38,380UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)\$0.87Cost per acre-foot\$284.29Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.30	Permitting and mitigation	1%			\$3 124
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL\$341,444Interest During Construction6 months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS\$348,843Debt Service - Total Capital\$25,000Operation and Maintenance\$25,000Transmission1.0%\$1,800Well(s)2.5%\$3,310Chlorination43,9901000 gal\$0.12Pumping Costs33,000kW-h\$0.09\$2,970Total Annual Cost\$38,380\$33,838\$38,380UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)\$0.87\$0.87Cost per acre-foot\$284,29\$0.87UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)\$0.87\$0.87Cost per acre-foot\$99,11\$0.30Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.30\$0.30	Termitting and intigation	1 /0			φ3,124
Interest During Construction6 months\$7,399TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTS25,000Debt Service - Total Capital\$25,000Operation and Maintenance\$25,000Transmission1.0%Yell(s)2.5%Chlorination43,990Pumping Costs33,000KW-h\$0.09\$2,970\$38,380UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)\$38,380Cost per acre-foot\$284,29Cost per acre-foot\$284,29Cost per acre-foot\$0.87UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)\$0.87Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per acre-foot\$99,11Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.30	CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$341,444
TOTAL CAPITAL COST\$348,843ANNUAL COSTSS25,000Operation and Maintenance\$25,000Transmission1.0%\$1,800Well(s)2.5%\$3,310Chlorination43,9901000 gal\$0.12Pumping Costs33,000kW-h\$0.09\$2,970Total Annual Cost\$38,380\$33,000\$0.9\$2,8970Cost per acre-foot\$284.29\$3,000\$0.72\$284.29Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.87\$0.87\$0.87UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)\$0.87\$0.90\$0.911Cost per acre-foot\$99.11\$0.30\$0.30	Interest During Construction		6 months		\$7,399
ANNUAL COSTS Debt Service - Total Capital \$25,000 Operation and Maintenance Transmission 1.0% \$1,800 Well(s) 2.5% \$3,310 Chlorination 43,990 1000 gal \$0.12 \$5,300 Pumping Costs 33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,970 Total Annual Cost \$38,380 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) Cost per acre-foot \$284.29 Cost per 1000 gallons \$0.87 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) Cost per acre-foot \$99.11 Cost per acre-foot \$99.11 Cost per 1000 gallons \$0.30	TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$348,843
Debt Service - Total Capital \$25,000 Operation and Maintenance 1.0% \$1,800 Transmission 1.0% \$3,310 Well(s) 2.5% \$3,310 Chlorination 43,990 1000 gal \$0.12 \$5,300 Pumping Costs 33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,970 Total Annual Cost \$38,380 \$38,380 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) \$284.29 \$300 Cost per acre-foot \$284.29 \$0.87 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) \$0.87 \$0.87 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) \$0.99.11 \$0.30 Cost per acre-foot \$99.11 \$0.30	ANNUAL COSTS				
Operation and Maintenance 1.0% \$1,800 Transmission 1.0% \$3,310 Well(s) 2.5% \$3,310 Chlorination 43,990 1000 gal \$0.12 \$5,300 Pumping Costs 33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,970 Total Annual Cost \$38,380 \$38,380 \$38,380 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) \$2 \$38,380 Cost per acre-foot \$284.29 \$0.87 Cost per 1000 gallons \$0.87 \$0.87 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) \$0.87 \$99.11 Cost per acre-foot \$99.11 \$90.30	Debt Service - Total Capital				\$25,000
Transmission 1.0% \$1,800 Well(s) 2.5% \$3,310 Chlorination 43,990 1000 gal \$0.12 \$5,300 Pumping Costs 33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,970 Total Annual Cost \$3800 \$38,380 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) \$284.29 \$0.87 Cost per acre-foot \$284.29 \$0.87 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) \$0.87 \$0.87 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) \$0.87 \$0.87 Cost per acre-foot \$99.11 \$99.11 Cost per 1000 gallons \$0.30 \$0.30	Operation and Maintenance				
Well(s) 2.5% \$3,310 Chlorination 43,990 1000 gal \$0.12 \$5,300 Pumping Costs 33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,970 Total Annual Cost \$33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,970 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) \$33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,970 Cost per acre-foot \$284,29 \$0.87 \$0.87 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) \$0.87 \$0.87 Cost per acre-foot \$99,11 \$99,11 Cost per 1000 gallons \$0.30 \$0.30	Transmission	1.0%			\$1,800
Chlorination 43,990 1000 gal \$0.12 \$5,300 Pumping Costs 33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,970 Total Annual Cost \$38,380 \$38,380 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) \$284.29 \$284.29 Cost per acre-foot \$284.29 Cost per 1000 gallons \$0.87 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) \$99.11 Cost per 1000 gallons \$0.30	Well(s)	2.5%			\$3,310
Pumping Costs 33,000 kW-h \$0.09 \$2,970 Total Annual Cost \$38,380 \$38,380 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) \$284.29 \$284.29 Cost per acre-foot \$284.29 \$0.87 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) \$0.87 \$0.87 Cost per acre-foot \$99.11 \$99.11 Cost per 1000 gallons \$0.30 \$0.30	Chlorination	43,990	1000 gal	\$0.12	\$5,300
Total Annual Cost\$38,380UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)Cost per acre-footCost per 1000 gallonsUNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)Cost per acre-footCost per acre-footCost per acre-footCost per 1000 gallons\$99.11Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.30	Pumping Costs	33,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$2,970
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) Cost per acre-foot \$284.29 Cost per 1000 gallons \$0.87 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) Cost per acre-foot \$99.11 Cost per 1000 gallons \$0.30	Total Annual Cost				\$38,380
Cost per acre-foot\$284.29Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.87UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)\$0.87Cost per acre-foot\$99.11Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.30	UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.87UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)\$0.87Cost per acre-foot\$99.11Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.30	Cost per acre-foot				\$284.29
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) Cost per acre-foot \$99.11 Cost per 1000 gallons \$0.30	Cost per 1000 gallons				\$0.87
Cost per acre-foot\$99.11Cost per 1000 gallons\$0.30	UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Cost per 1000 gallons \$0.30	Cost per acre-foot				\$99.11
· ·	Cost per 1000 gallons				\$0.30

Table C-12Wise County Alvord - Pipeline to Chico (TRWD)

Owner: Alvord Amount: 324 Ac-Ft/Yr

CAPITAL COSTS	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Pipeline					
Pipeline	6 in.	39,400	LF	\$24	\$946,000
Right of Way Easements (ROW)	15 ft.	14	Acre	\$10,000	\$136,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)					\$325,000
Subtotal of Pipeline					\$1,407,000
Pump Station(s)					
Booster Pump Station	90 HP	1	LS	\$672,000	\$672,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)					\$235,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$907,000
Permitting and Mitigation					\$19,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$2,333,000
Interest During Construction (12 Mo	nths)				\$97,000
TOTAL COST					\$2,430,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)					\$177,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)					\$10,000
Treated Water (\$3 per 1,000 gallons)					\$317,000
Operation & Maintenance					\$31,000
Total Annual Costs					\$535,000
UNIT COSTS					
Per Acre-Foot					\$1,651
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$5.07

Table C-13Aurora - Cost of Overdrafting with Existing Wells until 2010Wise County, Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Aurora			
Amount:	38	Acre-Feet per	Year	
Water Depth	94	ft		
Well Depth	395	ft		
Well Yield	50	gpm		
Well Size	6	in		
Yield per well	81	Acre-Feet per	Year (peak)	
Yield per well	41	Acre-Feet per	Year (average)	
Wells Needed	1			
ANNUAL COSTS				
Chlorination	12,382	1000 gal	\$0.12	\$1,500
Pumping Costs	13,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$1,170
Total Annual Cost				\$2,670
UNIT COSTS				
Cost per acre-foot				\$70.26
Cost per 1000 gallons				\$0.22

Table C-14Wise County Aurora - Pipeline to Rhome

Owner: Aurora Amount: 120 Ac-Ft/Yr

CAPITAL COSTS	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Pipeline					
Pipeline	6 in.	9,979	LF	\$24	\$239,000
Right of Way Easements (ROW)	15 ft.	3	Acre	\$10,000	\$34,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)					\$82,000
Subtotal of Pipeline					\$355,000
Pump Station(s)					
Booster Pump Station	2 HP	1	LS	\$400,000	\$400,000
Ground storage Tank	0.04 MG	1	LS	\$116,000	\$116,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)					\$181,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$697,000
Permitting and Mitigation					\$9,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$1,061,000
Interest During Construction					\$44,000
TOTAL COST					\$1,105,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)					\$80,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)					\$414
Operation & Maintenance					\$18,000
Total Annual Costs					\$98,414
UNIT COSTS					
Per Acre-Foot					\$820
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$2.52

Table C-15Bolivar WSC - Cost of Overdrafting with Existing Wells until 2010Wise County, Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Bolivar WS	С		
Amount:	90	Acre-Feet per	Year	
Water Depth	94	ft		
Well Depth	397	ft		
Well Yield	56	gpm		
Well Size	6	in		
Yield per well	90	Acre-Feet per	Year (peak)	
Yield per well	45	Acre-Feet per	Year (average)	
Wells Needed	2			
ANNUAL COSTS				
Chlorination	29,327	1000 gal	\$0.12	\$3,500
Pumping Costs	20,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$1,800
Total Annual Cost				\$5,300
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Cost per acre-foot				\$58.89
Cost per 1000 gallons				\$0.18

Table C-16Boyd - Cost of Overdrafting with Existing Wells until 2010Wise County, Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Boyd			
Amount:	19	Acre-Feet per	Year	
Water Depth	94	ft		
Well Depth	397	ft		
Well Yield	24	gpm		
Well Size	6	in		
Yield per well	39	Acre-Feet per	Year (peak)	
Yield per well	20	Acre-Feet per	Year (average)	
Wells Needed	1			
ANNUAL COSTS				
Chlorination	6 191	1000 gal	\$0.12	\$700
Pumping Costs	7.000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$630
Total Annual Cost	.,			\$1,330
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Cost per acre-foot				\$70.00
Cost per 1000 gallons				\$0.21

Table C-17Bridgeport Pump Station Capacity Increase in 2010

Owner:	Bridgeport	
Amount:		Ac-Ft/Yr

CAPITAL COSTS	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Pump Station(s)					
Pump Station Upgrade		1	LS	\$608,000	\$608,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)					\$213,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$821,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$821,000
Interest During Construction		(6 month	s)	\$18,000
TOTAL COST					\$839,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)					\$61,000
Operation & Maintenance					\$18,000
Total Annual Costs					\$79,000

Table C-18Bridgeport Parallel Pipeline Connection to TRWD in 2020

Owner:BridgeportAmount:3,363 Ac-Ft/Yr

CAPITAL COSTS	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Pipeline					
Parallel pipeline to Bridgeport	24 in.	26,000	LF	\$108	\$2,808,000
Right of Way Easements (ROW)	20 ft.	12	Acre	\$10,000	\$119,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)					\$878,000
Subtotal of Pipeline					\$3,805,000
Pump Station(s)					
Pump Station with Intake Structure	150 HP	1	LS	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)					\$420,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$1,620,000
Permitting and Mitigation					\$48,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$5,473,000
Interest During Construction		(12	2 month	ıs)	\$228,000
TOTAL COST					\$5,701,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)					\$414,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)					\$30,100
Operation & Maintenance					\$70,000
Total Annual Costs					\$514,100
UNIT COSTS (2010-2030)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$153
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$0.47
UNIT COSTS (2040-2060)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$30
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$0.09

Table C-19Wise County Chico - Pipeline to Bridgeport

Owner: Chico Amount: 365 Ac-Ft/Yr

CAPITAL COSTS	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Pipeline					
Pipeline	10 in.	34,200	LF	\$40	\$1,368,000
Right of Way Easements (ROW)	20 ft.	16	Acre	\$10,000	\$157,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)					\$458,000
Subtotal of Pipeline					\$1,983,000
Pump Station(s)					
Booster Pump Station	20 HP	1	LS	\$525,000	\$525,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)					\$184,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$709,000
Permitting and Mitigation					\$23,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$2,715,000
Interest During Construction					\$113,000
TOTAL COST					\$2,828,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)					\$205,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)					\$4,000
Treated Water (\$3 per 1,000 gallons)					\$357,000
Operation & Maintenance					\$32,000
Total Annual Costs					\$598,000
UNIT COSTS					
Per Acre-Foot					\$1,638
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$5.03

Table C-20Wise County Decatur - Parallel Pipeline to Bridgeport

Owner:	Decatur/Wise County WSD
Amount:	3,631 Ac-Ft/Yr

CAPITAL COSTS	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Pipeline					
Pipeline	24 in.	68,640	LF	\$135	\$9,266,000
Right of Way Easements (ROW)	20 ft.	32	Acre	\$10,000	\$315,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)					\$2,874,000
Subtotal of Pipeline					\$12,455,000
Pump Station(s)					
Booster Pump Station	300 HP	1	LS	\$1,340,000	\$1,340,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)					\$469,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$1,809,000
Permitting and Mitigation					\$127,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$14,391,000
Interest During Construction					\$600,000
TOTAL COST					\$14,991,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)					\$1,089,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)					\$65,000
Operation & Maintenance					\$151,000
Total Annual Costs					\$1,305,000
UNIT COSTS					
Per Acre-Foot					\$359
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$1.10

Table C-21 Wise County New Fairview - Pipeline to Rhome

Owner:	New Fairview	
Amount:	476 Ac-Ft/Yr	

CAPITAL COSTS	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Pipeline					
Pipeline	10 in.	23,540	LF	\$40	\$942,000
Right of Way Easements (ROW)	20 ft.	11	Acre	\$10,000	\$108,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)					\$315,000
Subtotal of Pipeline					\$1,365,000
Pump Station(s)					
Booster Pump Station	15 HP	1	LS	\$513,000	\$513,000
Ground Storage Tank	0.1 MG	1	LS	\$170,000	\$170,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)					\$239,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$922,000
Permitting and Mitigation					\$20,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$2,307,000
Interest During Construction					\$96,000
TOTAL COST					\$2,403,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)					\$175,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)					\$2,000
Operation & Maintenance					\$31,000
Total Annual Costs					\$208,000
UNIT COSTS					
Per Acre-Foot					\$437
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$1.34

Table C-22Wise County Newark - Pipeline to Rhome

Owner:	Newark
Amount:	695 Ac-Ft/Yr

CAPITAL COSTS	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Pipeline					
Pipeline	10 in.	20,000	LF	\$40	\$800,000
Right of Way Easements (ROW)	20 ft.	9	Acre	\$10,000	\$92,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)					\$268,000
Subtotal of Pipeline					\$1,160,000
Pump Station(s)					
Booster Pump Station	35 HP	1	LS	\$570,000	\$570,000
Ground storage Tank	0.20 MG	1	LS	\$230,000	\$230,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)					\$280,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$1,080,000
Permitting and Mitigation					\$19,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$2,259,000
Interest During Construction					\$94,000
TOTAL COST					\$2,353,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)					\$171,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)					\$4,000
Operation & Maintenance					\$34,000
Total Annual Costs					\$209,000
UNIT COSTS					
Per Acre-Foot					\$301
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$0.92

Table C-23 Wise County Other - Cost of Overdrafting with Existing Wells until 2010 Wise County, Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Wise County Other			
Amount:	674	Acre-Feet per	Year	
Water Depth	131	ft		
Well Depth	300	ft		
Well Yield	840	gpm		
Well Size	16	in		
Yield per well	1,352	Acre-Feet per	Year (peak)	
Yield per well	676	Acre-Feet per	Year (average)	
Wells Needed	1			
ANNIIAL COSTS				
Chlorination	219.624	1000 gal	\$0.12	\$26.400
Pumping Costs	170,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$15,300
Total Annual Cost	,			\$41,700
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Cost per acre-foot				\$61.87
Cost per 1000 gallons				\$0.19

APPENDIX D

ASSUMPTIONS FOR COST ESTIMATES



MEMORANDUM

TO: File, NTD07286

FROM: Simone Kiel, Rachel Ickert

SUBJECT: Cost Estimating for SB1 Projects

DATE: September 4, 2008

Introduction

- 1. The evaluation of water management strategies requires developing cost estimates. Guidance for cost estimates may be found in the TWDB's "General Guidelines for Regional Water Plan Development (2007-2012)", Section 4.1.2. Costs are to be reported in second quarter 2007 dollars.
- 2. All cost estimates should be checked by construction services and discipline leaders in the appropriate areas, including Environmental Science.
- 3. We have developed standard unit costs for installed pipe, pump stations and standard treatment facilities developed from experience with similar projects throughout the State of Texas. These estimates are to be used for all SB1 projects, unless more detailed costing is available. All unit costs include the contractors' mobilization, overhead and profit. The unit costs **do not** include engineering, contingency, financial and legal services, costs for land and rights-of-way, permits, environmental and archeological studies, or mitigation.
- 4. The information presented in this memorandum is intended to be 'rule-of-thumb' guidance. Specific situations may call for alteration of the procedures and costs. Note that the costs in this memorandum provide a planning level estimate for comparison purposes.
- 5. It is important that when comparing alternatives that the cost estimates be similar and include similar items. If an existing reliable cost estimate is available for a project it should be used where appropriate. All cost estimates must meet the requirements set forth in the TWDB's "General Guidelines for Regional Water Plan Development (2007-2012)".
- 6. The cost estimates have two components:
 - Initial capital costs, including engineering and construction costs, and
 - Average annual costs, including annual operation and maintenance costs and debt service.

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Cost Estimating for SB1 Projects September 4, 2008 Page 2 of 11

TWDB does not require the consultant to determine life cycle or present value analysis. In general, unless you are putting together a complex scenario with phased implementation or are planning on using State funding, annual costs are sufficient for comparison purposes and a life-cycle analysis is not required.

ASSUMPTIONS FOR CAPITAL COSTS:

Conveyance Systems

Standard pipeline costs used for these cost estimates are shown in Table 1. Pump station costs are based on required Horsepower capacity and are listed in Table 2. The power capacity is to be determined from the hydraulic analyses conducted from a planning level hydraulic grade line evaluation (or detailed analysis if available). Pipelines and pump stations are to be sized for peak pumping capacity.

- Pump efficiency is assumed to be 75 percent.
- Peaking factor of 2 times the average demand for strategies when the water is pumped directly to a water treatment plant. (or historical peaking factor, if available)
- Peaking factor of 1.2 to 1.5 is to be used if there are additional water sources and/or the water is transported to a terminal storage facility.
- Ground storage is to be provided at each booster pump station along the transmission line.
- Ground storage tanks should provide sufficient storage for 2.5 to 4 hours of pumping at peak capacity. Costs for ground storage are shown in Table 3. Covered storage tanks are used for all strategies transporting treated water.
- Costs for elevated storage tanks are shown in Table 3A.

Water Treatment Plants

Water treatment plants are to be sized for peak day capacity (assume peaking factor of 2 if no specific data is available). Costs estimated for new conventional surface water treatment facilities and expansions of existing facilities are listed in Table 4. Conventional treatment does not include advanced technologies, such as ozone or UV treatment. All treatment plants are to be sized for finished water capacity.

- For reverse osmosis plants for surface water, increase construction costs shown on Table 4 by the amount shown on Table 5 for the appropriate size plant that will be used for RO. If groundwater is the raw water source, use only the costs in Table 5. These costs were based on actual cost estimates of similar facilities.
- The amount of reject water generated by reverse osmosis treatment is dependent upon the incoming quality of the raw water. Final treatment goals should be between 600 and 800 mg/l of TDS. (This provides a safety margin in meeting

Cost Estimating for SB1 Projects September 4, 2008 Page 3 of 11

secondary treatment standards.) For reverse osmosis treatment of brackish water (1,000 - 3,000 mg/l of TDS), assume that 20 percent of the raw water treated with membranes is discharged as reject water, unless project-specific data is available. For brackish water with TDS concentrations between 3,000 and 10,000 mg/l, assume 30% reject water. Desalination of seawater or very high TDS water will have a higher percent of reject water (50 to 60%). Minimal losses are assumed for conventional treatment facilities.

• Costs for ion exchange facilities are shown on Table 6. For these facilities it is assumed that 2 to 3 percent of the raw water would be discharged as reject water.

New Groundwater Wells

The per-linear-foot costs for new water wells shown in Table 7 are based on a price per square foot of casing material. The costs for public water supply and industrial wells were developed using \$130 to \$150 per square foot of casing material. It is assumed that the cost of irrigation wells is approximately 60% of the cost for municipal and industrial wells. Well depth will be estimated by county and aquifer.

For expansion of existing well fields for municipal water providers, an additional \$150,000 per well for connection to the existing distribution system is assumed. Connection costs and conveyance systems for new well fields will be determined on a case-by-case basis.

New Reservoirs

Site-specific cost estimates will be made for reservoir sites. The elements required for reservoir sites are included in Table 8. Lake intake structures for new reservoirs will be determined on a case-by-case basis. Generally, costs for construction of such facilities prior to filling of the reservoir will be less than shown on Table 2.

Other Costs

- Engineering, contingency, construction management, financial and legal costs are to be estimated at 30 percent of construction cost for pipelines and 35 percent of construction costs for pump stations, treatment facilities and reservoir projects. (Exhibit B)
- Permitting and mitigation for transmission and treatment projects are to be estimated at 1 percent of the total construction costs. For reservoirs, mitigation and permitting costs are assumed equal to twice the land purchase cost, unless site specific data is available.
- Right-of-way costs for transmission lines are estimated per acre of ROW using the unit costs in Table 9. If a small pipeline follows existing right-of-ways (such

Cost Estimating for SB1 Projects September 4, 2008 Page 4 of 11

as highways), no additional right-of-way cost is assumed. Large pipelines will require ROW costs regardless of routing.

• The costs for property acquisition for reservoirs are to be based on previous cost estimates, if available. A minimum of \$3,500 per acre is assumed if no site specific data is available.

Interest during construction is the total of interest accrued at the end of the construction period using a 6 percent annual interest rate on total borrowed funds, less a 4 percent rate of return on investment of unspent funds. This is calculated assuming that the total estimated project cost (excluding interest during construction) would be drawn down at a constant rate per month during the construction period. Factors were determined for different lengths of time for project construction. These factors were used in cost estimating and are presented in Table 10.

ASSUMPTIONS FOR ANNUAL COSTS:

Annual costs are to be estimated using the following assumptions:

- Debt service for all transmission and treatment facilities is to be annualized over 30 years, but not longer than the life of the project. Debt service for reservoirs is to be annualized over 30 years. [Note: uniform amortization periods should be used when evaluating similar projects for an entity.]
- Annual interest rate for debt service is 6 percent.
- Water purchase costs are to be based on wholesale rates reported by the selling entity when possible. In lieu of known rates, a typical regional cost for treated water and raw water will be developed.
- Operation and Maintenance costs are to be calculated based on the construction cost of the capital improvement. Engineering, permitting, etc. should not be included as a basis for this calculation. However, a 20% allowance for construction contingencies should be included for all O&M calculations. Per the "General Guidelines for Regional Water Plan Development (2007-2012)", O&M should be calculated at:
 - o 1 percent of the construction costs for pipelines
 - o 1.5 percent for dams
 - 2.5 percent of the construction costs for pump stations, storage tanks, meters and SCADA systems
 - Assume O&M costs for treatment facilities are included in the treatment cost

Cost Estimating for SB1 Projects September 4, 2008 Page 5 of 11

- Surface water treatment costs are estimated at \$0.65 per 1,000 gallons for conventional plants and \$1.15 per 1,000 gallons of finished water for surface water plants with reverse osmosis. Assume cost for treatment of groundwater by reverse osmosis is \$0.60 per 1,000 gallons. If only a portion of the water will be treated with RO, apply costs proportionately. Treatment for nitrates is estimated at \$0.35 per 1,000 gallons. Treatment for groundwater (assuming chlorination only) is estimated at \$0.25 per 1,000 gallons. These costs include chemicals, labor and electricity and should be applied to amount of finished water receiving the treatment.
- Reject water disposal for treatment of brackish water is to be estimated on a caseby-case basis depending on disposal method. If no method is defined, assume a cost of \$0.30 per 1,000 gallons of reject water. [This value represents a moderate cost estimate. If the water were returned to a brackish surface water source, the costs would be negligible. If evaporation beds or deep well injection were used, the costs could be much higher.]
- Pumping costs are to be estimated using an electricity rate of \$0.09 per Kilowatt Hour. If local data is available, this can be used.

Cost Estimating for SB1 Projects September 4, 2008 Page 6 of 11

Table 1

Pipeline Costs (does not include ROW)

Diameter	Base Installed Cost	Rural Cost with Appurtenances	Urban Cost with Appurtenances	Assumed ROW Width	Assumed Temporary Easement Width
(Inches)	(\$/Foot)	(\$/Foot)	(\$/Foot)	(Feet)	(Feet)
6	22	24	36	15	50
8	29	32	48	15	50
10	36	40	60	20	60
12	44	48	72	20	60
14	51	56	84	20	60
16	58	64	96	20	60
18	65	72	108	20	60
20	76	84	126	20	60
24	98	108	162	20	60
30	123	135	200	20	60
36	155	171	257	20	60
42	182	200	300	30	70
48	227	250	348	30	70
54	268	295	405	30	70
60	309	340	460	30	70
66	373	410	550	30	70
72	436	480	648	30	70
78	500	550	743	40	80
84	573	630	850	40	80
90	655	720	972	40	80
96	727	800	1,080	40	80
102	809	890	1,200	40	80
108	909	1,000	1,350	40	80
114	1,000	1,100	1,485	50	100
120	1,127	1,240	1,675	50	100
132	1,364	1,500	2,025	50	100
144	1,609	1,770	2,390	50	100

Notes: a Costs are based on PVC class 150 pipe for the smaller long, rural pipelines.

b Appurtenances assumed to be 10% of installed pipe costs.

- c For urban pipelines, costs were increased by 35% for cost with appurtenances. For pipes 42"and smaller, additional costs were added.
- d Adjust costs for obstacles (rock, forested areas) and easy conditions (soft soil in flat country).

	Booster PS	Lake PS with Intake
Horsepower	Costs	Costs
5	\$480,000	
10	\$500,000	
20	\$525,000	
25	\$550,000	
50	\$600,000	
100	\$690,000	
200	\$1,040,000	\$1,380,000
300	\$1,340,000	\$1,780,000
400	\$1,670,000	\$2,220,000
500	\$1,890,000	\$2,510,000
600	\$2,000,000	\$2,660,000
700	\$2,110,000	\$2,810,000
800	\$2,340,000	\$3,110,000
900	\$2,450,000	\$3,260,000
1,000	\$2,670,000	\$3,551,000
2,000	\$3,890,000	\$5,174,000
3,000	\$4,670,000	\$6,211,000
4,000	\$5,670,000	\$7,541,000
5,000	\$6,500,000	\$8,645,000
6,000	\$7,500,000	\$9,975,000
7,000	\$8,300,000	\$11,039,000
8,000	\$9,200,000	\$12,236,000
9,000	\$10,200,000	\$13,566,000
10,000	\$11,400,000	\$15,162,000
20,000	\$19,000,000	\$25,270,000
30,000	\$25,000,000	\$33,250,000
40,000	\$31,000,000	\$41,230,000
50,000	\$36,000,000	\$47,880,000
60,000	\$41,000,000	\$54,530,000
70,000	\$46,000,000	\$61,180,000

Table 2Pump Station Costs for Transmission Systems

Note:

1. Lake PS with intake costs include intake and pump station.

2. Adjust pump station costs upward if the pump station is designed to move large quantities of water at a low head

(i.e. low horsepower). See Rusty Gibson for appropriate factor.

3. Assumed multiple pump setup for all pump stations.

Cost Estimating for SB1 Projects September 4, 2008 Page 8 of 11

Size (MG)	With Roof	Without Roof
0.05	\$116,000	\$99,000
0.1	\$170,000	\$145,000
0.5	\$407,000	\$310,000
1.0	\$590,000	\$436,000
1.5	\$740,000	\$550,000
2.0	\$890,000	\$664,000
2.5	\$1,010,000	\$764,000
3.0	\$1,130,000	\$863,000
3.5	\$1,260,000	\$952,000
4.0	\$1,400,000	\$1,040,000
5.0	\$1,600,000	\$1,212,000
6.0	\$1,930,000	\$1,400,000
7.0	\$2,275,000	\$1,619,000
8.0	\$2,625,000	\$1,925,000
10.0	\$3,485,000	\$2,560,000
14.0	\$5,205,000	\$3,800,000

Table 3Ground Storage Tanks

Note: Costs assume steel tanks smaller than 1 MG, concrete tanks 1 MG and larger.

Table 3A Elevated Storage Tanks			
Size (MG)	Cost		
0.5	\$1,240,000		
0.75	\$1,430,000		
1.0	\$1,620,000		
1.5	\$2,140,000		
2.0	\$2,670,000		
2.5	\$3,140,000		

Plant Capacity	New Conventional	Conventional
(MGD)	Plants	Plant Expansions
1	\$5,400,000	\$2,700,000
3	\$9,900,000	\$6,900,000
7	\$16,300,000	\$12,000,000
10	\$20,800,000	\$14,900,000
15	\$27,100,000	\$19,400,000
20	\$32,900,000	\$24,300,000
30	\$44,300,000	\$33,200,000
40	\$55,800,000	\$42,300,000
50	\$67,500,000	\$50,600,000
60	\$79,000,000	\$59,100,000
70	\$89,900,000	\$67,200,000
80	\$100,400,000	\$75,700,000
90	\$110,200,000	\$84,200,000
100	\$121,100,000	\$93,200,000

Table 4 Conventional Water Treatment Plant Costs

Note: Plant is sized for finished peak day capacity.

Table 5 Additional Cost for Reverse Osmosis Treatment

Plant Canacity	Reverse Osmosis
(MGD)	racinties Cost
0.5	\$1,200,000
1	\$1,500,000
3	\$3,000,000
7	\$6,700,000
10	\$9,100,000
15	\$13,200,000
20	\$17,000,000
30	\$23,700,000
40	\$29,200,000
50	\$34,000,000
60	\$37,900,000

Note: Plant is sized for finished water capacity.

Cost Estimating for SB1 Projects September 4, 2008 Page 10 of 11

Table 6Groundwater Nitrate Treatment

Treatment Capacity	Ion Exchange
(MGD)	Plant Cost
0.25	\$700,000
1.0	\$1,600,000
3.0	\$3,600,000

Note: Plant is sized for finished water capacity.

Table 7Cost Elements for Water Wells

Well Diameter (inches)	Typical Production Range (gpm)	Estimated Cost per LF a=1 for PWS/Industrial or 0.6 for Irrigation
6	50-100	\$210a
8	100-250	\$280a
10	250-400	\$370a
12	400-500	\$470a
15	500-600	\$560a

Table 8Cost Elements for Reservoir Sites

Capital Costs	Studies and Permitting
Embankment	Environmental and archeological studies
Spillway	Permitting
Outlet works	Terrestrial mitigation tracts
Site work	Engineering and contingencies
Land	Construction management
Administrative facilities	
Supplemental pumping facilities	
Flood protection	

Cost Estimating for SB1 Projects September 4, 2008 Page 11 of 11

Table 9Pipeline Easement Costs

Description of Land	Cost per Acre
Rural County	\$ 10,000
Suburban County	\$ 25,000
Urban County	\$ 60,000
Highly Urbanized Area	Evaluate on a case-
	by-case basis

Note: Suburban County is defined as a county immediately bordering the Dallas/Fort Worth Metroplex.

Table 10Factors for Interest During Construction

Construction Period	Factor
6 months	0.02167
12 months	0.04167
18 months	0.06167
24 months	0.08167
36 month construction	0.12167



Figure 1

APPENDIX E

COST ESTIMATES FOR ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES
APPENDIX E

COST ESTIMATES FOR ALTERNATIVE STRATEGIES

Appendix E includes detailed cost estimates for alternative water management strategies. The cost estimating assumptions are summarized in the memorandum in Appendix D.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- Table E-1
 Cost Estimates for New Water Treatment Plant
- Table E-2Water Treatment Plant Expansions
- Table E-3
 Walnut Creek SUD Intake and Pipeline from Eagle Mountian Lake to New WTP
- Table E-4
 Walnut Creek SUD Pipeline from Eagle Mountain Lake to Boyd and Rhome

 Table E-1

 Cost Estimates for New Water Treatment Plants

Water User Group	Water Management Strategy	County	Construction Time (Months)	Capital Costs (including engineering, contingencies & interest)			
				2010	2020	2030	
Walnut Creek SUD	New WTP of 2 MGD	Parker	18	\$10,964,000			

Table E-2Water Treatment Plant Expansions

Water User Group	Water Management Strategy	County	Construction Time	Capital Costs (including engineering, contingencies & interest)		
			(ivionitiis)	2010	2020	2030
Walnut Creek SUD	New WTP expansion of 2 MGD (4 MGD total)	Parker	18		\$6,880,000	
Walnut Creek SUD	New WTP expansion of 2 MGD (6 MGD total)	Parker	18		\$6,880,000	
Walnut Creek SUD	New WTP expansion of 2 MGD (8 MGD total)	Parker	18		\$6,880,000	
Walnut Creek SUD	New WTP expansion of 2 MGD (10 MGD total)	Parker	18			\$6,880,000
Walnut Creek SUD	k SUD New WTP expansion of 2 MGD (12 MGD total)		18			\$6,880,000

Table E-3 Walnut Creek SUD Intake and Pipeline from Eagle Mountian Lake to New WTP

Owner:Walnut Creek SUDAmount:6,700 Ac-Ft/Yr(When new WTP is built-out at 12 MGD)

CAPITAL COSTS	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
Pipeline					
Pipeline	24 in.	5,000	LF	\$108	\$540,000
Right of Way Easements (ROW)	20 ft.	2	Acre	\$25,000	\$57,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)					\$179,000
Subtotal of Pipeline					\$776,000
Pump Station(s)					
Intake Pump Station	230 HP	1	LS	\$1.500.000	\$1.500.000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)		-	222	<i><i><i>q</i> 1,2 0 0,0 0 0</i></i>	\$525.000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$2,025,000
					.))
Permitting and Mitigation					\$24,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$2,825,000
Interest During Construction		(1	\$118,000		
TOTAL COST					\$2,943,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)					\$214,000
Electricity (\$0.09 kWh)					\$57,000
Operation & Maintenance					\$51,000
Total Annual Costs					\$322,000
UNIT COSTS (Pre-Amort.)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$48
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$0.15
UNIT COSTS (Post-Amort.)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$16
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$0.05

Table E-4 Walnut Creek SUD Pipeline from Eagle Mountain Lake to Boyd and Rhome

Amount:	6,700 Ac-Ft/Yr	(r (When new WTP is built-out at 12 MGD)							
CAPITAL CO	OSTS	Size	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost			
Pipeline									
Pipeline		24 in.	53,000	LF	\$108	\$5,724,000			
Right of Way H	Easements (ROW)	20 ft.	24	Acre	\$25,000	\$608,000			
Engineering an	d Contingencies (30%)					\$1,900,000			
Subtotal of Pij	peline					\$8,232,000			
Permitting and	d Mitigation					\$69,000			
CONSTRUCT	FION TOTAL					\$8,301,000			
Interest Durin	ng Construction		(1	2 month	s)	\$346,000			
TOTAL COS	Г					\$8,647,000			
ANNUAL CO	STS								
Debt Service (6	5% for 30 years)					\$628,000			
Electricity (\$0.	09 kWh)					\$115,000			
Operation & M	Iaintenance					\$69,000			
Total Annual	Costs					\$812,000			
UNIT COSTS	(Pre-Amort.)								
Per Acre-Foot						\$121			
Per 1,000 Gallo	ons					\$0.37			
UNIT COSTS	(Post-Amort.)								
Per Acre-Foot						\$27			
Per 1,000 Gallo	ons					\$0.08			

Owner:

Walnut Creek SUD

APPENDIX F

PUBLIC MEETING



MEMORANDUM

TO:	Region C Water Planning Group
FROM:	Stephanie W. Griffin, P.E. Rachel A. Ickert, P.E.
SUBJECT:	Summary of Meeting to Discuss Parker-Wise County Study Draft Report
DATE:	September 4, 2008

Overview

The consultant team for the Region C Water Planning Group hosted a meeting to discuss the proposed recommendations in the Parker-Wise County Study draft report. The meeting was held on Thursday, August 28, 2008 at 2:00 PM in the conference room of the Springtown Fire Hall located at 215 Goshen Rd., Springtown, TX 76082. A letter invitation was sent to all water user groups and wholesale water providers in the study area two weeks prior to the meeting. A copy of the letter is included in Attachment A.

Meeting Attendees

Name	Affiliation
Earl Smith	City of Decatur
Paul Phillips	Region C Board of Directors
Frank Knittel	Mayor of City of Alvord
Earnest DeByns	City of Alvord
Laura Blaylock	Tarrant Regional Water District
Jerry Holsomback	Walnut Creek SUD
Lance Petty	City of Willow Park
Marvin Glasgow	Mayor of City of Willow Park
Candy Scott	City of Willow Park
Melvin Webb	City of Springtown
Tina Ptak	Tarrant Regional Water District
Wayne Owen	Tarrant Regional Water District
John Minahan	Alan Plummer Associates, Inc.
Stephanie Griffin	Freese and Nichols, Inc.
Rachel Ickert	Freese and Nichols, Inc.

[NTD07286]T:\Study 4B - Parker-Wise County Study\Meetings\Public Meeting 8-28-08\Meeting Memo_Parker-Wise Wrap Up.doc

MEMORANDUM TO REGION C WATER PLANNING GROUP Summary of Meeting to Discuss Parker-Wise County Study Draft Report August 28, 2008 Page 2 of 3

Discussion Prior to the Meeting

Prior to the meeting, Mayor Frank Knittel asked how the Region C Water Planning Group is related to the Upper Trinity Groundwater Conservation District (UTGCD). Stephanie Griffin stated that the UTGCD is not affiliated with the Region C Water Planning Group. She stated that the district was established based on the TCEQ's report on Priority Groundwater Management Areas. However, the Planning Group will consider any rules and regulations established by the UTGCD when preparing the Region C Water Plan. Ms. Griffin provided Mayor Knittel with the TCEQ groundwater website information after the meeting.

Presentation and Meeting Discussion

Stephanie Griffin presented the summary of the Parker-Wise County Study draft report. The presentation is included in Attachment B.

Ms. Griffin elaborated on the reasons for the study. The population projections for the 2006 Region *C Water Plan* were prepared in 2002. The North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) then updated their population projections, which were higher in Parker and Wise Counties than the Region C projections.

It was noted that Willow Park should be listed under "Water User Groups with Increased Population Projections" rather than under "Water User Groups with Decreased Population Projections", as shown in the presentation. Willow Park's increased demand projections were shown correctly in the draft report.

Ms. Griffin stated that the values for water supply in the Trinity Aquifer were based on the Trinity Groundwater Availability Model (Trinity GAM). A provision for temporarily overdrafting the aquifer was included only for entities planning to begin using surface water that may not be able to do so before 2010.

Jerry Holsomback (Walnut Creek SUD) said that the 6 MGD water treatment plant expansion shown for 2010 was just completed. He noted that they have started a study for the new 12 MGD water treatment plant, which will most likely be completed in 2 MGD increments.

Mayor Marvin Glasgow of Willow Park stated that their future water management strategies have changed. He did not want to discuss with the entire group but did discuss with Stephanie Griffin after the meeting. He said that instead of purchasing treated water from the City of Weatherford, they intend to purchase treated water from the City of Fort Worth. Mayor Glasgow indicated that Willow Park has had informal discussions with the City of Fort Worth. Ms. Griffin said that she needed to discuss the concept with Frank Crumb to verify that Fort Worth is agreeable to the strategy before it can be recommended in this report or included in the next *Region C Water Plan*.

Wayne Owen (TRWD) stated that the current Weatherford/Parker County Special Utility District (PCSUD) exercise is at a crossroads. PCSUD has a new agreement to purchase water from the Brazos River Authority. PCSUD has a contact with TRWD to purchase 1 MGD raw water. PCSUD is looking to market this TRWD water. TRWD wants this water to stay in Parker County. Treatment and distribution was not ever agreed upon with the City of Weatherford. TRWD wants to

MEMORANDUM TO REGION C WATER PLANNING GROUP Summary of Meeting to Discuss Parker-Wise County Study Draft Report August 28, 2008 Page 3 of 3

contract the water based on real need, not speculation.

Mr. Owen asked if the intake structure at Lake Bridgeport was included in this report, and if not, should it be? The intake structure would be a joint project between Bridgeport, West Wise SUD, Decatur, and Suez Power. This was discussed in more detail after the meeting, and all agreed that it should not be included in this report, but it may be included in the 2011 Plan.

Jerry Holsomback (Walnut Creek SUD) asked what the group knew about Weatherford's agreement to sell treated wastewater effluent to Fountain Quail. He mentioned that he has been getting phone calls from concerned residents who say Fountain Quail has contacted them about obtaining pipeline right-of-way, claiming they have eminent domain. There was some general discussion, but no one was able to provide Mr. Holsomback much more information. Wayne Owen said that TRWD will help with communication in this area if necessary. Melvin Webb (Springtown) said the gas industry has also asked Springtown if they can purchase their wastewater effluent. At this time, Springtown does not plan to sell their effluent to the gas industry.

The meeting concluded at 3:30 PM.

ATTACHMENT A SAMPLE LETTER INVITING WATER USER GROUPS AND WHOLESALE WATER PROVIDERS TO COUTY-WIDE MEETINGS

REGION C WATER PLANNING GROUP

Senate Bill One Third Round of Regional Water Planning - Texas Water Development Board

Board Members

James M. Parks, Chair Jody Puckett, Vice-Chair Russell Laughlin, Secretary Steve Berry Jerry W. Chapman Frank Crumb Jerry Johnson Bill Lewis G. K. Maenius Howard Martin Jim McCarter Dr. Paul Phillips Irvin M. Rice Robert O. Scott Connie Standridge Jack Stevens Danny Vance Mary E. Vogelson Tom Woodward

<Title><First Name><Last Name> <Job Title> <Address 1> <Address 2> <City><State><Zip>

<Title><First Name><Last Name>

August 12, 2008

Dear <First Name><Last Name>:

The Region C Water Planning Group has completed its draft report summarizing the Parker-Wise County Study. The consultant team for the Region C Water Planning Group is hosting a meeting to discuss the proposed recommendations in the draft report. This meeting is scheduled for Thursday, August 28, 2008 at 2:00 PM in the conference room of the Springtown Fire Hall located at 215 Goshen Rd., Springtown, TX 76082.

The Region C Water Planning Group appreciates your participation in this meeting. We invite you (or a representative from your staff) to participate in this meeting. The information you provide at this meeting will help the Planning Group finalize this report.

If you have any questions about this meeting or the Region C Water Planning effort, please contact Stephanie Griffin of Freese and Nichols, Inc. at (817)735-7353 or by email at <u>swg@freese.com</u>. If you cannot attend the meeting but would like to provide input, please contact Stephanie before August 28, 2008. The Region C Water Planning Group appreciates your participation in the planning effort.

Sincerely,

James (Jim) M. Parks Chair, Region C Water Planning Group

Cc: Russell Laughlin, Secretary Angela Masloff, Texas Water Development Board

c/o NTMWD 505 E. Brown Street P. O. Box 2408 Wylie, Texas 75098-2408 972/442-5405 972/442-5405/Fax jparks@ntmwd.com www.regioncwater.org

Contact List for Parker-Wise County Study

WUG/Name of Political	Title	First Name	Last Name	Job Title	County	Address1	Address2	City	State	Postal
Subdivision					· ·			· ·		Code
City of Aledo	Mr.	Ken	Pfeifer	City Administrator	Parker	P.O. Box 1	200 Old Anneta	Aledo	TX	76008
				•			Rd.			
City of Hudson Oaks	Mr.	Robert	Hanna	Public Works Manager	Parker	150 North Oakridge		Hudson Oaks	TX	76087
						Drive				
City of Mineral Wells	Mr.	Lance	Howerton	City Manager	Palo Pinto, Parker	115 S.W. 1st Street	P.O. Box 460	Mineral Wells	TX	76068
City of Reno		Craig	Bennet		Parker	195 West Reno Road		Azle	TX	76020
City of Springtown	Mr.	Melvin	Webb		Parker	P.O. Box 444	102 E. Second ST.	Springtown	ТΧ	76082
City of Willow Park	Mr.	Claude	Arnold	City Manager	Parker	101 Stagecoach Trail		Willow Park	TX	76087
Town of Annetta	Mayor	Olan	Usher	Mayor	Parker	P.O. Box 1150		Aledo	TX	76008
Town of Annetta South	Mayor	Gerhard	Kleinschmidt		Parker	511 McFarland Ranch Road	PO Box 61	Aledo	TX	76008
Palo Pinto County MWD #1	Mr.	John P.	Ritchie			P.O. Box 98		Mineral Wells	TX	76068
Walnut Creek SUD	Mr.	Jerry	Holsomback		Parker/ Wise	P.O. Box 657	1155 West 199	Springtown	TX	76082
City of Weatherford	Mr.	J. Kraig	Kahler	Director of Utilities	Parker	P.O. Box 255	303 Palo Pinto	Weatherford	TX	76086
		0					Street			
Parker County UD #1	Mr.	Ron	Moore	Board Member		P.O. Box 1724		Springtown	TX	76082
Azle	Mr.	Rick	White	Utilities	Parker	613 Southwest Parkway		Azle	TX	76020
City of Alvord	Mr.	Ricky	Tow	City Administrator	Wise	113 Wickham	P.O.Box 63	Alvord	TX	76225
City of Aurora	Ms.	Toni	Richardson	City Secretary	Wise	P.O. Box 558	303 Derting Rd.	Aurora	TX	76078
City of Boyd	Mr.	Jim	Hamilton	City Manager	Wise	P.O. Box 216	100 E Rock Island Ave.	Boyd	TX	76023
City of Bridgeport	Mr.	David	Turnbow	Director of Public	Wise	901 Cates		Bridgeport	TX	76426
				Works						
City of Chico	Mr.	Edward L.	Cowley	Director of Public Works	Wise	113 West Decatur Street	P.O. Box 37	Chico	ТХ	76431
City of Decatur	Mr.	Earl	Smith	Director of Public Works	Wise	P.O. Box 1299	1601 S. State St.	Decatur	TX	76234
City of New Fairview	Mayor	Jim	Miller		Wise	999 Illinois Lane		New Fairview	TX	76078
City of Newark	Mr.	Chris	Cromer	Director of Public Works	Wise	P.O. Box 156		Newark	TX	76071
City of Rhome	Mr.	Preston	Gilliam	Director of Public Works	Wise	105 West First Street	P.O. Box 228	Rhome	TX	76078
City of Runaway Bay		Mike	Jump		Wise	101 Runaway Bay Drive		Runaway Bay	TX	76426
West Wise SUD	Mr.	James	Ward		Wise	P.O. Box 566		Bridgeport	TX	76426-0566
Wise County SUD	Mr.	Brett	Shannon	Board Vice President	Wise	201 E Walnut St.		Decatur	TX	76234
Bolivar WSC	Ms.	Polly	Kruger		Cooke/ Denton/ Wise		P. O. Box 1789	Sanger	TX	76266
Community WSC	Ms.	Doris	Hollyfield		Tarrant/ Wise	12190 Liberty School Rd		Azle	TX	76020

ATTACHMENT B MEETING PRESENTATION



Parker-Wise County Study Agenda

- Background Information
- Population and Demand Projections
- Summary by Water User Group
- Summary by Wholesale Water Provider

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- Input from Water Providers
- Public Comments

Parker-Wise County Study Overview

- Study Period 2010 to 2030
- Study Area Parker County and Wise County
- Reasons for the Study
 - NCTCOG population projections for Parker and Wise Counties were much higher than projections in the 2006 Region C Water Plan
 - Changes in preferred water management strategies



1



Parker-Wise County Study Basic Steps Taken for the Study

- Met with or Surveyed Water User Groups (WUGs) in the Study Area
- Reviewed Recent Population and Water Use Data
- Developed Population Projections, Per Capita Water Use, and Demand Values
- Revised Water Management Strategies to Meet Projected Demands
- Updated Cost Estimates for Water Management Strategies

Parker-Wise County Study Draft Report • Water User Groups with Increased Population Projections • Aledo

- Alvord
- Aurora
- Boyd
- Decatur
- Walnut Creek SUD
- Weatherford
- West Wise SUD (2020 & 2030 Projections)
- Willow Park

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Parker-Wise County Study Draft Report

- Water User Groups with Decreased Population Projections
 - Hudson OaksRhome
 - Rhome
 - Runaway Bay





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Parker-Wise County Study Projected Costs

Total Capital Costs for Study Area
 \$254,500,000

Parker-Wise County Study

Discussion

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- Are the current supplies correct?
- Do you agree with the proposed Water Management Strategies?

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Public Comments

- Please complete a speaker card before speaking.
- Time allowed is 3 minutes per person.



APPENDIX G

TWDB COMMENTS AND RESPONSE TO COMMENTS



TEXAS WATER DEVELOPMENT BOARD



James E. Herring, *Chairman* Lewis H. McMahan, *Member* Edward G. Vaughan, *Member* December 10, 2008

J. Kevin Ward Executive Administrator Jack Hunt, Vice Chairman Thomas Weir Labatt III, Member Joe M. Crutcher, Member

Mr. James M. Parks, P.E. Executive Director North Texas Municipal Water District P.O. Box 2406 Wylie, Texas 75089

Re: Region-Specific Studies Contract for Regional Water Planning between the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) and North Texas Municipal Water District, TWDB Contract No. 0704830688, Draft Final Study Report Comments for Region-Specific Studies – Study 4: Regional System Implementation Plans for Parker-Wise Counties and Other Counties.

Dear Mr. Parks:

Staff members of TWDB have completed a review of the Draft Final Study Report under TWDB Contract No. 0704830688. As stated in the above-referenced contract, North Texas Municipal Water District will consider incorporating Draft Final Study Report comments, shown in Attachment 1, as well as other comments received, into the Final Study Report. In accordance with paragraph F, Article III, Section II of the contract, a copy of these TWDB Executive Administrator comments as well as a written summary of how the Draft Final Study Report was revised in response must be included in all the Final Study Report documents, for example, as an appendix.

TWDB looks forward to receiving one (1) electronic copy of all files, one electronic copy of each Final Study Report in Portable Document Format (PDF), and nine (9) bound double-sided copies of each Final Study Report sent to the TWDB Executive Administrator no later than the contract Final Study Report Deadline (April 30, 2009 for most reports). Please also transfer copies of all data and reports generated by the planning process and used in developing the Final Study Report to the TWDB Executive Administrator no later than the contract Final Study Report Deadline.

As a reminder, if any portion of the Final Study Report is to be included in a 2011 regional water plan it will be reviewed as part of the Initially Prepared Plan for meeting all statutory and agency rule requirements regarding the preparation of regional water plans.

If you have any questions concerning this contract, please contact Angela Masloff, TWDB's designated Contract Manager for this study at (512) 936-0872.

Sincerely,

m Bard

Carolyn L. Brittin Deputy Executive Administrator Water Resources Planning and Information

Enclosures Attachment 1

c: Angela Masloff, TWDB

Our Mission

To provide leadership, planning, financial assistance, information, and education for the conservation and responsible development of water for Texas.

P.O. Box 13231 * 1700 N. Congress Avenue * Austin, Texas 78711-3231 Telephone (512) 463-7847 * Fax (512) 475-2053 * 1-800-RELAYTX (for the hearing impaired) www.twdb.state.tx.us * info@twdb.state.tx.us TNRIS - Texas Natural Resources Information System * www.tnris.state.tx.us A Member of the Texas Geographic Information Council (TGIC)



ATTACHMENT 1

3 n o 2

TWDB Contract No. 0704830688

Regional System Implementation Plans for Parker and Wise Counties Region C, Region-Specific Study Number 4

TWDB Comments on Draft Final Study Report

- Scope of Work Study 4, Task 2, Section B states that the study will "Analyze
 alternative approaches to developing a Parker-Wise County Water Supply System,
 including estimates of capital and operating costs. Develop a recommended system,
 including phasing". Although strategies were updated in the study and nearly all
 updates for municipal water users were to increase purchases from Tarrant Regional
 Water District, a specific "Parker-Wise County Water Supply System" was not
 included in the draft report. Additionally, no analysis of alternative approaches was
 made for a Parker-Wise County Water Supply System. Please include the results of
 developing a Parker-Wise County Water Supply System and the results of the analysis
 of the alternative approaches to developing the recommended system. Please also
 include the phasing of the system.
- 2. Scope of Work Study 4, Task 2, Section B states that the study will "include an analysis of the alternative of developing a raw pump station and treatment plant for Walnut Creek SUD on Eagle Mountain Lake." Although the draft report states that Walnut Creek has begun a study on the water treatment plant, the report does not include any analysis of this alternative (developing a raw pump station and water treatment plant on Eagle Mountain Lake).
- 3. Scope of Work Study 4, Task 2, Section C of the scope of work (Exhibit C, Page 10) states that the study will "Develop a specific implementation plan for the Parker-Wise County Water Supply System." The draft report does not include a specific implementation plan -- please specify the implementation plan for such a system.
- Section 3.2, page 3, paragraph 1 When discussing "municipal per capita water use," please consider adding a footnote specifying that this is commonly referred to "GPCD".
- 5. Section 3.2, page 3, paragraph 1 "It is estimated that the actual population and demand values could be 15% higher or lower than the recommended values." Please consider describing the basis for this statement.
- 6. Section 3.2 The discussion for most cities with higher population projections often included a very brief discussion of the basis for these higher projections. Specific justification for population revisions to the regional water plan is not required until an actual revision request, however if the region water planning group would like informal feedback from TWDB staff on such projections, the more justification, the better. Please consider adding any additional justification provided by the cities or utilities.

7. Please include a list of the names of the utilities and cities who attended each of the meetings in the appendix of the report or as an alternative, if there was a meeting memo report written for each meeting, please include that in the appendix.

TWDB Contract No. 0704830688

Regional System Implementation Plans for Other Counties Region C, Region-Specific Study Number 4

TWDB Comments on Draft Final Study Report

No comments at this time.

REGION C WATER PLANNING GROUP

Senate Bill One Third Round of Regional Water Planning - Texas Water Development Board

Board Members

James M. Parks, Chair Jody Puckett, Vice-Chair Russell Laughlin, Secretary Steve Berry Bill Ceverha Jerry W. Chapman S. Frank Crumb Bill Lewis G. K. Maenius Howard Martin Jim McCarter Dr. Paul Phillips Gary Spicer Robert O. Scott Connie Standridge Jack Stevens Danny Vance Mary E. Vogelson Dr. Tom Woodward

c/o NTMWD 505 E. Brown Street P. O. Box 2408 Wylie, Texas 75098-2408 972/442-5405 972/442-5405/Fax jparks@ntmwd.com

www.regioncwater.org

April 8, 2009

Carolyn L. Brittin Deputy Executive Administrator Texas Water Development Board P.O. Box 13231 Austin, TX 78711-3231

Dear Ms. Brittin:

The Region C Water Planning Group (RCWPG) has received the Texas Water Development Board comments on the Draft Water Supply Study for Parker and Wise Counties dated December 10, 2008. The RCWPG's responses to the seven points made in your letter are given in *italics* below:

1. Scope of Work Study 4, Task 2, Section B states that the study will "Analyze alternative approaches to developing a Parker-Wise Water Supply System, including estimates of capital and operating costs. Develop a recommended system, including phasing." Although strategies were updated in the study and nearly all updates for municipal water users were to increase purchases from Tarrant Regional Water District, a specific "Parker-Wise County Water Supply System" was not included in the draft report. Additionally, no analysis of alternative approaches was made for a Parker-Wise County Water Supply System. Please include the results of developing a Parker –Wise County Water Supply System and the results of the analysis of the alternate approaches to developing the recommended system. Please also include the phasing of the system.

It is noted that a "Parker-Wise County Water Supply System" is not specifically discussed in the draft report. The "Parker-Wise County Water Supply System" consists of two significant subsystems: Walnut Creek Special Utility District and Weatherford. The Walnut Creek SUD system is described in Section 6.2 of the draft report. The Weatherford system is discussed in Section 6.1 of the draft report. Several other smaller, local providers also sell water to other entities within these counties and are described in Section 6 of the draft report. To address TWDB's comment, a paragraph was added to Section 6 of the report to clarify the nature of the water supply system.

Most of the water user groups and wholesale water providers in the study area indicated that their future water supply plans are in line with the 2006 Plan. Although few entities requested alternative strategies be included in the report, five potential alternatives were identified. A discussion of the alternative strategies has been added to Section 9 of the report. The Eagle Mountain Water Treatment Plant for Walnut Creek SUD has been added to Section 9 as an alternative to expansion of their current system. The other four alternative strategies are discussed in Section 9 but were not analyzed in great detail because they are either not recommended by the planning group or because there is not currently enough information to allow a detailed analysis.

2. Scope of Work Study 4, Task 2, Section B states that the study will "include an analysis of the alternative of developing a raw water pump station and treatment plant for Walnut Creek SUD on Eagle Mountain Lake." Although the draft report states that Walnut Creek has begun a study on the water treatment plant, the report does not include any analysis of this alternative (developing a raw water pump station and water treatment plant on Eagle Mountain Lake).

A discussion of the potential Eagle Mountain Lake alternative for Walnut Creek SUD has been added to Section 9 of the report. A cost estimate for the required infrastructure has been added to Appendix E.

3. Scope of Work Study 4, Task 2, Section C of the scope of work (Exhibit C, page 10) states that the study will "Develop a specific implementation plan for the Parker-Wise County Water Supply System." The draft report does not include a specific implementation plan – please specify the implementation plan for such a system.

The timing associated with the recommended strategies is discussed in the draft report. We have added an implementation section (Section 8), which includes a more specific implementation plan and a table with recommended strategies and their approximate in-service dates.

4. Section 3.2, page 3, paragraph 1 – When discussing "municipal per capita water use," please consider adding a footnote specifying that this is commonly referred to "GPCD".

A footnote has been added indicating that "municipal per capita water use" is commonly referred to as "gpcd".

5. Section 3.2, page 3, paragraph 1 – "It is estimated that the actual population and demand values could be 15% higher or lower than the recommended values." Please consider describing the basis for this statement.

The statement acknowledging that the projections may be higher or lower by as much 15 percent is based on our experience, which has shown that population projections are seldom exact. No changes were made to the report.

6. Section 3.2 – The discussion for most cities with higher population projections often included a very brief discussion of the basis for these higher projections. Specific justification for population revisions to the regional water plan is not required until an actual revision request, however if the region water planning group would like informal feedback from TWDB staff on such projections, the more justification, the

better. Please consider adding any additional justification provided by the cities of utilities.

Most of the population and demand projections that increased in this study are relatively small. In these cases, changes to population and demand projections will not be needed for the 2011 Region C Water Plan to allow the preferred water management strategies to be included in the plan. For those entities that are growing more significantly, additional information may be provided to the TWDB if changes to the projections are needed to include preferred water management strategies. No changes were made to this report based on this comment.

7. Please include a list of the names of the utilities and cities who attended each of the meetings in the appendix of the report or as an alternative, if there was a meeting memo report written for each meeting, please include that in the appendix.

Section 3.1 of the draft report mentions a public meeting that was held in a groupsetting in Springtown on August 28, 2008. Appendix F has been added to the report with a copy of the meeting notes (including a list of participants), the meeting announcement, the mailing list, and the presentation.

Section 3.2 discusses meetings and telephone interviews with the larger water user groups and wholesale water providers in the study area. Table 3.1 has been added indicating the entities and persons with whom the consultants spoke.

Sincerely,

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James M. Parks Chair, Region C Water Planning Group

Cc: Russell Laughlin, Region C Water Planning Group Secretary Angela Masloff, TWDB