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Thomas C. Gooch, P.E.

WATER SUPPLY STUDY FOR ELLIS COUNTY, JOHNSON COUNTY, SOUTHERN DALLAS COUNTY, AND SOUTHERN TARRANT COUNTY

APRIL 2009

Prepared for: Region C Water Planning Group and the Tarrant Regional Water District in Cooperation with the Brazos G Water Planning Group

Prepared by: Freese and Nichols, Inc. Alan Plummer Associates, Inc. CP&Y, Inc. HDR, Inc.

NTD07286

REGION C WATER PLANNING GROUP

Water Supply Study for Ellis County, Johnson County, Southern Dallas County, and Southern Tarrant County

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REGION C WATER PLANNING GROUP

Water Supply Study for Ellis County, Johnson County, Southern Dallas County, and Southern Tarrant County

ES. Executive Summary

In 2004, after the population and demand projections for the last round of regional water planning were finalized and approved by the Texas Water Development Board ^(1, 2, 3), the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) released its own population projections for North Texas ⁽⁴⁾. The NCTCOG projections for Ellis and Johnson Counties were significantly higher than those used in the regional water plans. Recent population estimates also show that the counties are growing faster than projected in the regional plans but not as fast as projected by NCTCOG. Water supplies for southern Dallas and Tarrant Counties are closely linked with Ellis and Johnson Counties.

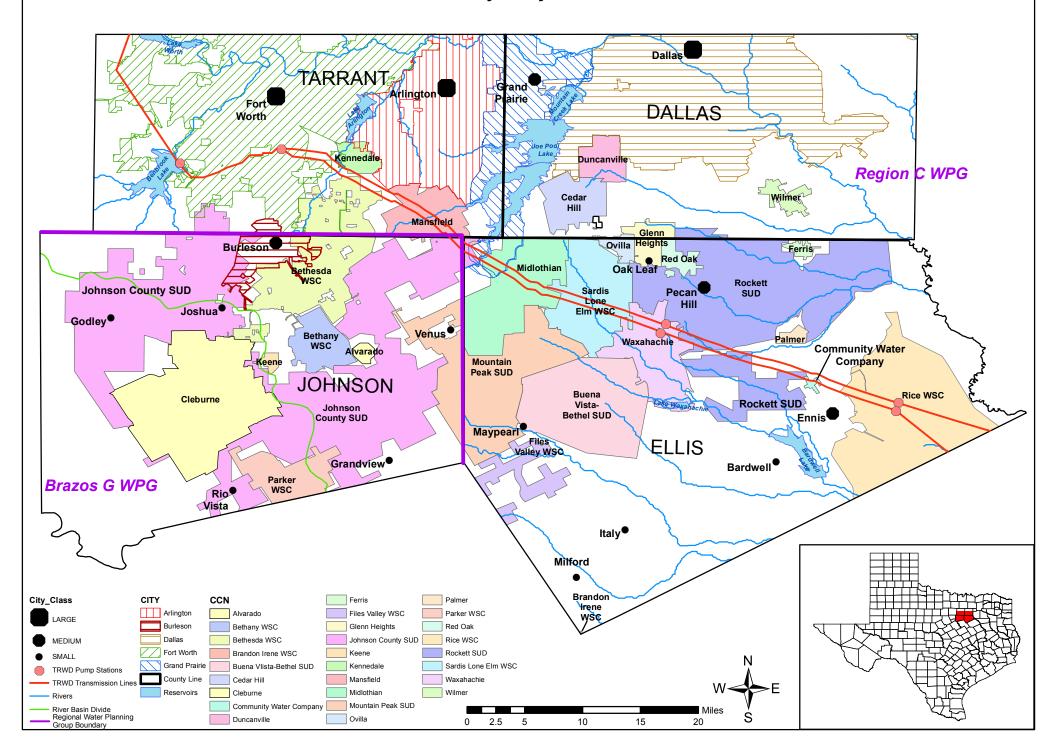
The purpose of this study is to review recent growth in the study area, make adjustments to population and demand projections to account for the growth, and update the current and future water plans of the water user groups and wholesale water providers in the study area. This study included conducting meetings and compiling survey data provided by water suppliers regarding their current and future water plans, determining revisions to population and demand projections, and developing a water supply plan for the study area.

This special study covers Ellis and Johnson Counties and southern Dallas and Tarrant Counties as shown in Figure ES.1. It provides an opportunity to update population and demand figures based on recent experience and to revise water management strategies to reflect new demand projections and current planning by area water suppliers. Table ES.1 summarizes the population and demand projections for Ellis and Johnson Counties and the changes from the previous regional water plan projections.

Water supply in Ellis County is largely decentralized, with supplies for the smaller water user groups coming from larger suppliers and from groundwater wells in the Trinity and Woodbine aquifers. The county's largest cities rely primarily on surface water. The Tarrant

⁽¹⁾ Superscripted numbers in parentheses match references in Appendix A.

Figure ES.1 Four County Study Area



Regional Water District (TRWD) pipelines bring water from East Texas to Tarrant County via Ellis County and the northeast corner of Johnson County. The major sources of supply currently in use in Ellis County include Lake Bardwell, Lake Waxahachie, Joe Pool Lake, Dallas, Tarrant Regional Water District, groundwater, and reuse.

Summary of Fopulation and Dem		1		
	2000 Historical	2010	2020	2030
Ellis County Population Projections				
2006 Region C Water Plan	111,360	149,627	188,280	230,402
NCTCOG	111,360	180,617	329,476	448,588
Recommended	111,360	181,740	259,676	333,472
Recommended Increase from the 2006 Plan		32,113	71,396	103,070
Ellis County Demand Projections				
2006 Region C Water Plan	25,469	46,567	59,550	70,648
Recommended	25,469	55,729	77,998	96,580
Recommended Increase from the 2006 Plan		9,162	18,448	25,932
Johnson County Population Projections				
2006 Brazos G Regional Water Plan	126,811	151,468	180,509	211,020
NCTCOG	126,811	166,759	284,411	444,151
Recommended	126,811	162,236	242,627	327,898
Recommended Increase from the 2006 Plan		10,768	62,118	116,878
Johnson County Demand Projections				
2006 Brazos G Regional Water Plan		32,407	37,478	42,911
Recommended		43,405	56,505	74,248
Recommended Increase from the 2006 Plan		10,998	19,027	31,337
Southern Dallas County Population				
Projections				
2006 Region C Water Plan	178,964	237,894	282,971	326,808
Recommended	178,964	241,905	296,607	341,870
Southern Dallas County Demand				
Projections	1	10 005	17 620	54017
2006 Region C Water Plan		40,885	47,630	54,017
Recommended		47,380	56,940	64,645
Southern Tarrant County Demand Projections				
2006 Region C Water Plan	73,711	112,282	147,231	179,046
Recommended	73,711	113,181	135,022	151,119
Southern Tarrant County Demand		,		
Projections				
2006 Region C Water Plan	1	23,389	31,425	38,289
Recommended		24,046	27,714	30,315

 Table ES.1

 Summary of Population and Demand Projections for Study Area

In 1989, the Trinity River Authority and local water suppliers developed a long range water supply plan for Ellis County ⁽⁵⁾. The plan called for regional water treatment plants in the Midlothian, Waxahachie, and Ennis area using TRWD raw water and operated by a regional entity. Water supply service in Ellis County has not developed as outlined in the 1989 report. Water treatment plants are being developed by local suppliers rather than a regional service provider such as the Trinity River Authority.

Ellis County projected water demands have the potential to significantly impact the cost of operation of the TRWD supply system. Since Ellis County treated surface water supply system has not developed from the regional service provision basis as planned, Ellis County lacks adequate strategies to protect itself from TRWD supply transmission interruption. Approximately 70 percent of the projected demands in Ellis County are expected to be met with TRWD supplies (managed by TRA) in the year 2030.

Johnson County is located in the Trinity and Brazos River Basins, with about equal land coverage (50:50) in each basin. Johnson County is currently experiencing significant population growth and increased water demands, which are anticipated to continue into the future. Current water supplies in Johnson County are inadequate to meet long term projected water needs. According to the Brazos G 2006 Plan, projected municipal water demands for Johnson County are expected to increase by 14,541 acre-feet per year (or 70%) by Year 2030 when compared to Year 2000 demands.

Similar to Ellis County, Johnson County water supply is also decentralized. Major water supplies in Johnson County come from the Brazos River Authority Surface Water and Treatment System (BRA SWATS^a), Fort Worth, and groundwater. Cleburne, the largest incorporated city in Johnson County, treats its own supplies of raw water from Lake Pat Cleburne, BRA (Lake Aquilla) and groundwater from the Trinity aquifer. Cleburne also provides reuse water for a steam electric power plant. Johnson County Special Utility District (SUD) accounts for about 30% of the municipal water demand in Johnson County (including Joshua). In 2006, Johnson

^a BRA operates SWATS subject to contracts with four entities: The City of Granbury, Acton Municipal Utility District, Johnson County Special Utility District, and the City of Keene. All capacity of the facility is contractually obligated to these four entities. Any expansions, alterations, or additions of customers to SWATS would be subject to the review and approval of the four entities.

County SUD developed a long range water supply plan that included an evaluation of additional water supplies from the Trinity and Brazos River Basins. During the study, JCSUD met with local and regional water providers. Based on information from meetings, potential future supplies from TRWD were identified (either directly or indirectly through their primary customers) for projected demands in the Trinity Basin portion of Johnson County. The smaller water user groups in Johnson County typically rely on groundwater.

In the course of this study, the project team met with and surveyed water user groups in the study area to discuss and review current and planned water supplies. The project team also met with wholesale water providers in the area. These discussions revealed a number of changes to water supply plans for the study area from the strategies in the 2006 regional water plans. The most significant changes were as follows:

- Waxahachie and Rockett SUD plan to develop the Sokoll Water Treatment Plant in northern Waxahachie by 2010 and provide supplies to other water user groups. (The plant will use raw water from TRWD.)
- There are new plans for sales between study area water suppliers. The larger examples include:
 - Arlington, Mansfield and Midlothian to Grand Prairie
 - Grand Prairie and Mansfield to Johnson County SUD
 - Arlington to Bethesda WSC
- Cleburne plans to develop a desalination water treatment plant on Lake Whitney and to develop additional reuse facilities.

TRWD is the largest wholesale water supplier in this study area. TRWD provides raw water directly to study area suppliers, with current contracts for an average-day supply of 28.95 MGD (32,456 acre-feet per year). The amount of raw water TRWD supplies to the study area will increase significantly in the coming decades. TRWD plans to meet water needs in Ellis County and the Trinity Basin portion of Johnson County in the future. Cleburne, Ennis, Midlothian, Mansfield, Rockett SUD, and Waxahachie will continue to treat their own water supplies. Other study area suppliers will use groundwater and buy treated water from others.

Table ES-2 is a summary of the sources of current and future supply for water user groups in the study area. The significant changes in water supply expected in the coming decades are as follows:

- As population and water demand grows, many suppliers will find current groundwater sources inadequate and will connect to surface water supplies, generally purchasing from larger suppliers.
- The Sokoll water treatment plant currently under construction in Ellis County will make substantial additional surface water supplies from TRWD available to Rockett SUD, Waxahachie, and their wholesale customers.
- Midlothian's proposed water treatment plant will make additional surface water from TRWD available to Midlothian and its wholesale customers.
- The treated water supplies available in the study area from TRWD's primary customers (Fort Worth, Arlington, and Mansfield) will increase over time.
- Cleburne will develop additional reuse supplies for manufacturing and mining use and will develop a desalination plant to use water from Lake Whitney (BRA contract).
- The supply from Dallas in the study area will increase with the growth of current customers and the completion of the connection with Red Oak.

Table ES.2 Current and Future Supplies for Study Area Water User Groups

	D .		New		0-	TD 4	-	WD		Vater Supply		3337 & 7550	0.1	- DD 4		Cumf	
Water User Group	Primary County	Other Counties	Sources for Future?	Ground- water	Own Surface Water	TRA Reser- voirs	Direct	WD Through Others	Direct	allas Through Others	BRA S	SWATS Through Others	Direct	r BRA Through Others	Reuse	Surface from Other Suppliers	Local Supplies
a 1			ruture:		water			Others		Others		Others		Others		Suppliers	Do
Cedar Hill	Dallas	Ellis															fut
Duncanville	Dallas																Do fut
Grand Prairie	Dallas	Tarrant, Ellis								•							Ma
Wilmer	Dallas									•							Arl Ma
Bardwell	Ellis		-					•		•							Wi
Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	Ellis							· ·									Wi
Community Water Company	Ellis		_	_													Suj
Ennis	Ellis																~ ~ ~
Ferris	Ellis							▼									Wi
Glenn Heights	Ellis	Dallas															
Italy	Ellis							V									Wi
Maypearl	Ellis							▼									Wi
Midlothian	Ellis																Wi
Milford	Ellis																
Mountain Peak SUD	Ellis	Johnson															Pla
Oak Leaf	Ellis							V									Ma
Ovilla	Ellis	Dallas										<u> </u>					
Palmer	Ellis							▼									Wi
Pecan Hill	Ellis																Ro
																	Wi
Red Oak	Ellis		•					▼									loc
																	trea
Rockett SUD	Ellis	Dallas	•				▼										Wi
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	Ellis	Dallas	•					•									Ma
Waxahachie	Ellis		•														Wi
Ellis County-Other	Ellis		•				▼								_		Ma
Ellis County Irrigation	Ellis		•												V		A
Ellis County Livestock	Ellis																A
Ellis County Manufacturing Ellis County Mining	Ellis Ellis																En
Ellis County Steam Electric Power	Ellis														A		En
Brandon-Irene WSC	Hill	Ellis															BR
Files Valley WSC	Hill	Ellis															Lal
Acton MUD	Hood	Johnson															
Alvarado	Johnson							V									Ma
Bethany WSC	Johnson							▼									Ma
Bethesda WSC	Johnson	Tarrant	-														Ha
Burleson	Johnson	Tarrant															TR
Cleburne	Johnson																Wi
Godley	Johnson											▼					Ma
Grandview	Johnson											▼					Ma
Johnson County SUD	Johnson	Tarrant, Ellis	-														Ad
Joshua	Johnson	1			1	1											Suj
Keene	Johnson				1	1		<u> </u>				-					
Parker WSC	Johnson	Hill				1						V					Wi
Rio Vista	Johnson	1										•				1	Ma
Venus	Johnson	1						•									TR
Johnson County-Other	Johnson	1												▼		1	Wi
Johnson County Irrigation	Johnson																
Johnson County Livestock	Johnson																
Johnson County Manufacturing	Johnson														V		Cle
Johnson County Mining	Johnson												▼				▲ Cle
Johnson County Steam Electric	Johnson																
Rice WSC	Navarro	Ellis															
Kennedale	Tarrant																TR
Mansfield	Tarrant	Johnson, Ellis			1	1		-		-		1 T		1		1	

Comments
s not have plans to use TRA contract for Joe Pool Lake in near e.
s not have plans to use TRA contract for Joe Pool Lake in near e.
get water from Dallas through Cedar Hill and TRWD through agton, Mansfield, and Midlothian.
get Dallas water through Hutchins or Lancaster.
get TRWD water through Waxahachie.
get TRWD water through Waxahachie.
get TRWD water through Rockett SUD.
get TRWD water through Waxahachie.
get TRWD water through Waxahachie.
build plant to treat TRWD water.
s to drill Woodbine wells.
get TRWD water through Rockett SUD.
get TRWD water through Rockett SUD.
ett SUD currently provides all water supply to Pecan Hill.
get TRWD water through Rockett SUD for portion of city ed in Rockett SUD's CCN. Red Oak is purchasing wholesale
ed water from Dallas. connect to TRWD with Sokoll plant.
get TRWD water through Rockett SUD.
connect to TRWD with Sokoll plant.
get TRWD water through Rockett SUD and Wax.
s, Midlothian, Waxahachie
s and Midlothian now. Waxahachie and TRA reuse future.
Lake Aquilla from Aquilla WSC.
e Aquilla water through Aquilla WSC.
get TRWD water through Midlothian
get BRA SWATS water through Keene or JCSUD.
TRWD water through Fort Worth, will get from Arlington.
VD water through Fort Worth.
develop desalination to use BRA water from Whitney.
get BRA SWATS water through JCSUD.
get BRA SWATS water through JCSUD. itional TRWD water via Mansfield. Will get Grand Prairie
r.
olied by Johnson County SUD.
get BRA SWATS water through JCSUD.
get BRA SWATS water through JCSUD.
VD water from Midlothian.
get BRA SWATS water through JCSUD.
urne reuse.
urne reuse.
VD water through Fort Worth.

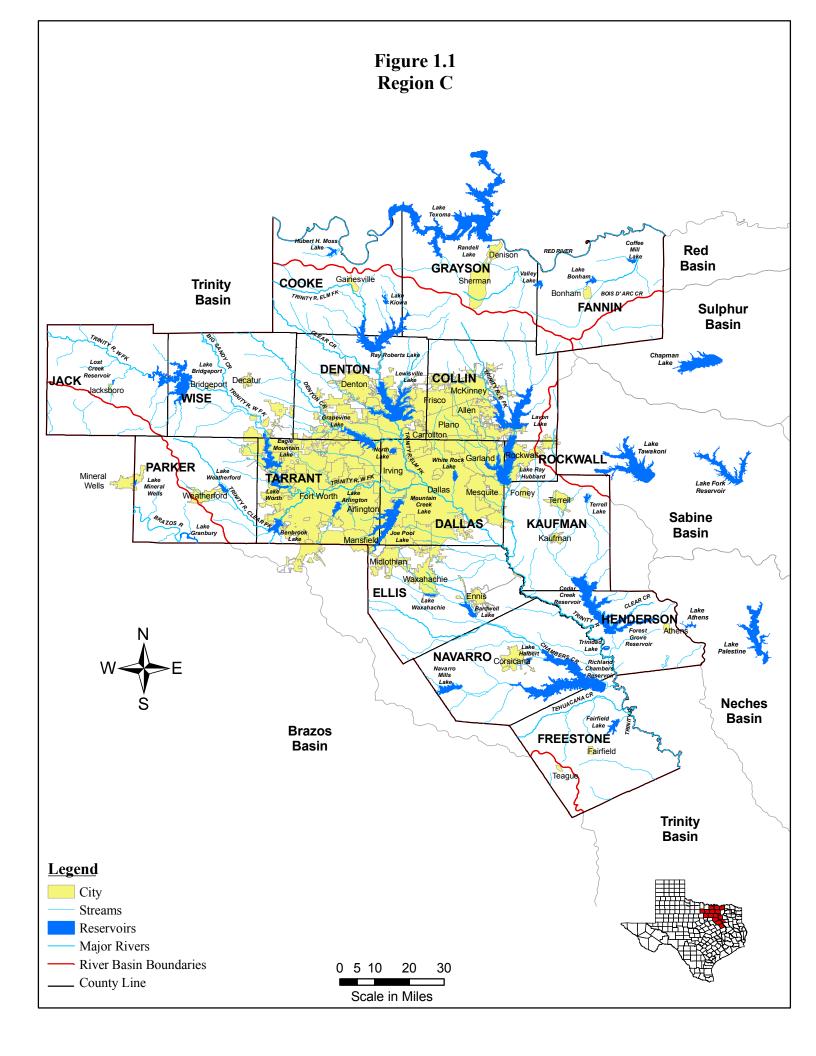
1. Introduction

1.1 Background

In 1997, the Texas Legislature passed Senate Bill One, legislation to address Texas water issues. The passage of Senate Bill One established a grass-roots regional process to plan for the future water needs of all Texans. The Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) was charged with overseeing this process, and they created 16 regional planning groups across the state and established regulations governing regional water planning efforts.

Figure 1.1 is a map of Region C, one of the planning regions established by the TWDB. Region C includes all of Collin, Cooke, Dallas, Denton, Ellis, Fannin, Freestone, Grayson, Jack, Kaufman, Navarro, Parker, Rockwall, Tarrant, and Wise Counties and the portion of Henderson County that is in the Trinity River Basin. The Region C Water Planning Group oversees water planning efforts in Region C and is composed of representatives of 11 interest groups designated by the Legislature in the original Senate Bill One legislation. Table 1.1 lists the current members of the Region C Water Planning Group. The Region C Water Planning Group hired the consulting team of Freese and Nichols, Inc., Alan Plummer Associates, Inc., Chiang, Patel, and Yerby, Inc., and Cooksey Communications, Inc. to provide technical analyses and to prepare the regional water plans. Since 1997, the Region C Water Planning Group has developed two regional water plans, the 2001 Region C Water Plan ⁽⁶⁾ and the 2006 Region C Water Plan ⁽¹⁾. As of the year 2000, Region C was home to slightly over one-fourth of the population of Texas. The region includes some of the fastest growing communities in Texas and in the United States.

The third round of regional water planning is now underway. As part of the third round, the planning group is conducting a Water Supply Study for Ellis County, Johnson County, southern Dallas County, and southern Tarrant County. Since Johnson County is in the Brazos G Planning Region, the study was conducted in cooperation with the Brazos G Regional Water Planning Group. This study was undertaken due to Ellis and Johnson Counties growing faster than projected in the *2006 Region C Water Plan*⁽¹⁾ and the 2006 Brazos G Water Plan⁽²⁾. Members of the Brazos G Water Planning Group are listed in Table 1.2. HDR Engineering, Inc. is the lead consultant for the Brazos G Region.



Member	Interest
James (Jim) Parks, Chair	Water Districts
Jody Puckett, Vice-Chair	Municipalities
Russell Laughlin, Secretary	Industries
Steve Berry	Environmental Interests
Jerry W. Chapman	Water Districts
S. Frank Crumb	Municipalities
Gary Spicer	Electric Generating Utilities
Bill Lewis	Small Businesses
G. K. Maenius	Counties
Howard Martin	Municipalities
Jim McCarter	Water Utilities
Paul Phillips	Municipalities
Bill Ceverha	Public
Robert O. Scott	Environmental Interests
Connie Standridge	Water Utilities
Jack Stevens	Water Districts
Danny Vance	River Authorities
Mary E. Vogelson	Public
Tom Woodward	Agricultural Interests

Table 1.1Members of the Region C Water Planning Group

Figure 1.2 is a map of the area covered by this study. Ellis and Johnson Counties are included because of their rapid growth in recent years, and southern Dallas and Tarrant Counties are included because water supplies for these areas are closely linked with Ellis and Johnson Counties.

1.2 Need for Study and Project Objectives

In 2004, after the population and demand projections for the last round of regional water planning were finalized and approved by the Texas Water Development Board, the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) released its population projections for North Texas ⁽⁴⁾. For the region as a whole, the NCTCOG projections were very close to the population projections used in the *2006 Region C Water Plan* ⁽¹⁾. However, NCTCOG projections for Ellis County were higher than those used in the Region C plan. The NCTCOG

Member	Interest
Scott Mack, Chair	Public
Dale Spurgin, Vice Chair	Agriculture
Phil Ford, Secretary/Treasurer	River Authorities
Jon Burrows	Counties
Tom Clark	Municipalities
Alva Cox	Municipalities
Scott Diermann	Electric Utilities
Tim Fambrough	Counties
Terry Kelley	Water Districts
Mike McGuire	Groundwater Conservation Districts*
Tommy O. O'Brien	Municipalities
Gail Peek	Small Business
Sheril Smith	Environmental
Mike Sutherland	Counties
Wiley Stem III	Municipalities
Randy Waclawczyk	Industry
Kent Watson	Water Utilities
Kathleen J. Webster	Water Districts
Wayne Wilson	Agriculture

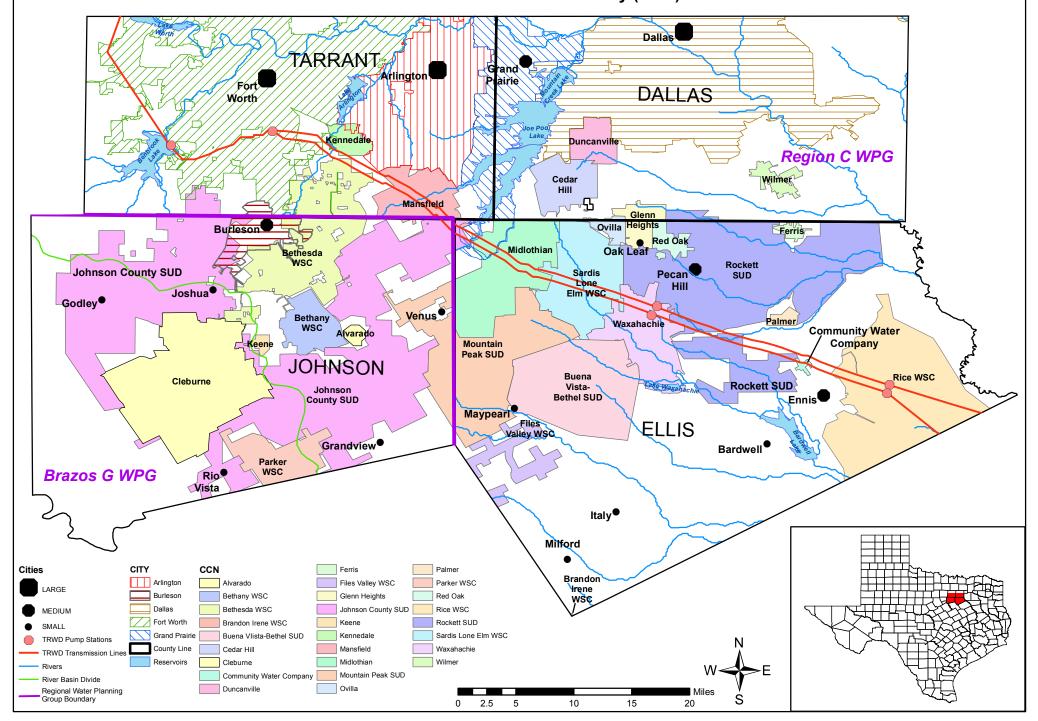
Table 1.2Members of the Brazos G Water Planning Group

* Indicates that the position was added by the Brazos G Water Planning Group.

projections for Johnson County were also significantly higher than the Johnson County projections in the *Brazos G Regional Water Plan* ⁽²⁾. As shown on Figures 1.3 and 1.4, by 2030, the NCTCOG projects the population for these counties to be approximately twice the population projected by the regional water plans. The increases in the population projections for the study area will also result in increases to water demand projections. This significantly greater historical and projected growth for Ellis and Johnson Counties warranted a more in-depth review and study of the area.

The study area includes two fast growing counties and the southern portions of Tarrant and Dallas Counties. The water supply distribution to users in this area is complex due to the number and proximity of providers, and the variety of water sources. The 2006 regional water plans considered these factors during the development of water management strategies. However, as the area continues to grow rapidly, several water suppliers in Ellis and Johnson Counties have revised their water supply plans to address these changes. This study reviews the

Figure 1.2 Four County Study Area Certificates of Convenience and Necessity (CCN)



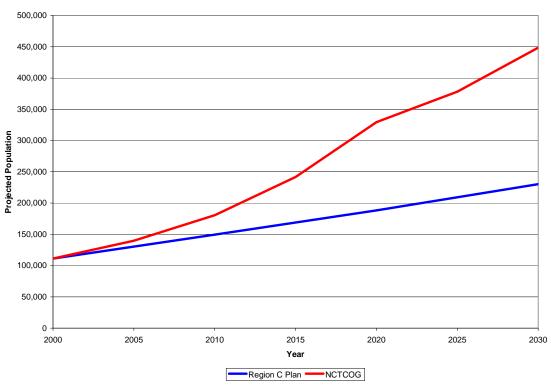
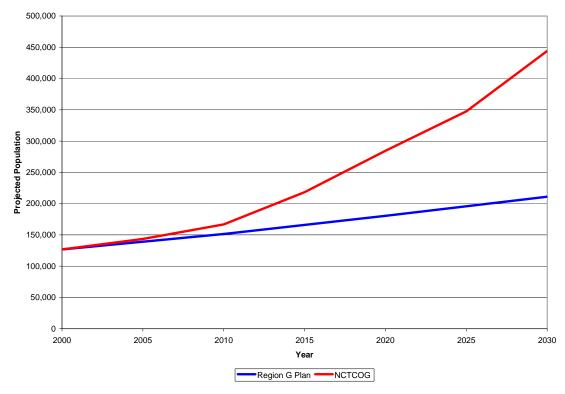


Figure 1.3 Population Projections for Ellis County

Figure 1.4 Population Projections for Johnson County



water management strategies for the study area considering increased water needs and other changes. It also provides an opportunity to collect data necessary to update population and demand figures for the 2011 regional water plans and to update water management strategies to reflect the new demands and current plans of area water suppliers.

The purpose of the study is to update and refine water management strategies for Ellis and Johnson Counties and the nearby southern portion of Dallas and Tarrant Counties. The scope of work for this study included the following elements:

- Initial meetings with study area water suppliers and data gathering
- Review of recent water supply studies
- Survey of other study area water suppliers
- Development of revised population and demand projections
- TRWD contracting and operational issues
- Supply plan development for the Four County Study Area

This report discusses the results of the study. Section 2 describes the study area and previous water supply plans. Section 3 summarizes input provided by area water suppliers. Section 4 includes revised demand projections and the comparison of contracted supplies and projected demands. Section 5 presents recommended water management strategies, and Section 6 includes additional recommendations from this study.

2. Description of the Study Area and Previous Water Supply Plans

2.1 Description of the Study Area

Figure 1.2 shows a map of the study area, which includes all of Ellis and Johnson Counties and the southern portion of Tarrant and Dallas Counties. Ellis County had a population of 111,360 ⁽⁷⁾ in 2000, and the estimated population in 2007 is 142,270 ⁽⁸⁾. This represents a 27.8 percent increase in 7 years (3.56 percent average annual growth rate). Johnson County had a population of 126,811 ⁽⁷⁾ in 2000, and the estimated population in 2007 is 153,299 ⁽⁸⁾. This represents a 20.9 percent increase in 7 years (2.75 percent average annual growth rate). Both counties have experienced rapid population growth in the early years of this decade, and populations are expected to continue to grow in the coming decades.

Table 2.1 lists cities in Ellis County and their estimated 2000 and 2007 populations, and Table 2.2 lists Johnson County cities. A large portion of the population in both counties lives outside of the cities and receives water from special utility districts and water supply corporations. Table 2.3 lists the population projections for the southern Dallas County and southern Tarrant County cities included in the study area.

Ellis County

Ellis County is located in the Trinity River Basin. Water supply in Ellis County is largely decentralized. Much of the water supply for the smaller water user groups in the county comes from larger suppliers (in and out of the county) and from groundwater wells in the Trinity and Woodbine aquifers. The county's largest cities (Ennis, Midlothian, and Waxahachie) rely primarily on surface water. The Tarrant Regional Water District (TRWD) pipelines bring water from the East Texas reservoirs (Cedar Creek and Richland-Chambers) to Tarrant County, via Ellis County and the northeast corner of Johnson County. TRWD continues to plan to provide water to water user groups in Ellis County. Since 1990, the Trinity River Authority (TRA) has served as the contracting agency for the TRWD water contracts in Ellis County. Table 2.4 lists the current sources of water supply for water providers in Ellis County. Figure 2.1 is a schematic diagram showing the sources of supply for municipal water user groups. The major sources of supply currently in use in Ellis County are as follows:

City	2000 Census Population ⁽⁷⁾	State Data Center Estimated 2007 Population ⁽⁸⁾	% Average Annual Growth Rate
Bardwell	583	707	2.79%
Cedar Hill*	49	64	3.89%
Ennis	16,045	20,683	3.69%
Ferris	2,175	2,529	2.18%
Glenn Heights*	1,606	2,204	4.63%
Grand Prairie*	46	309	31.27%
Italy	1,993	2,275	1.91%
Mansfield*	129	217	7.71%
Maypearl	746	940	3.36%
Midlothian	7,480	14,890	10.34%
Milford	685	737	1.05%
Oak Leaf	1,209	1,467	2.80%
Ovilla*	3,154	3,766	2.57%
Palmer	1,774	2,123	2.60%
Pecan Hill	672	661	-0.24%
Red Oak	4,301	7,276	7.80%
Waxahachie	21,246	26,918	3.44%
Rural County-Other	47,467	54,504	1.99%
County Total	111,360	142,270	3.56%

 Table 2.1

 Estimated 2007 Populations for Ellis County Cities

* Notes: Some of the population of these communities is located in neighboring counties. Only the population for the portion of the entity located in Ellis County is shown here. Most of the areas outside city limits are supplied by special utility districts and water supply corporations. County-Total includes city population and rural unincorporated areas within the county.

Lake Bardwell – Water rights are held by the Trinity River Authority. It has a yield of about 9,600 acre-feet per year (declining over time due to sedimentation). TRA has contractually committed 55 percent to Ennis and 45 percent to Waxahachie and supplies other Ellis County water user groups through these cities.

Joe Pool Lake – The Trinity River Authority holds water rights for Joe Pool Lake, which has a yield of 15,333 acre-feet per year (declining over time due to sedimentation). ⁽¹⁾ TRA has contracted with Midlothian, Grand Prairie, Cedar Hill, and Duncanville for the use of water from Joe Pool Lake. At the current time, Midlothian treats its share of the supply (up to 6,670 acre-feet

	—	-	
City	2000 Census Population ⁽⁷⁾	State Data Center Estimated 2007 Population ⁽⁸⁾	% Average Annual Growth Rate
Alvarado	3,288	4,087	3.16%
Burleson*	17,514	27,329	6.56%
Cleburne	26,005	29,567	1.85%
Godley	879	1,061	2.72%
Grandview	1,358	1,543	1.84%
Joshua	4,528	5,299	2.27%
Keene	5,003	5,971	2.56%
Mansfield*	622	867	4.86%
Rio Vista	656	768	2.28%
Venus	1,892	2,435	3.67%
Rural County-Other	65,066	74,372	1.93%
County Total	126,811	153,299	2.75%

Table 2.2Estimated 2007 Populations for Johnson County Cities

Notes: *Some of the population in these communities is located in neighboring counties. Only the population for the portion of the entity located in Johnson County is shown here. Most of the areas outside city limits are supplied by special utility districts and water supply corporations. Rural County-Other is served by water supply corporations, special utility districts, and cities with population less than 500 people. County-Total includes city population and rural unincorporated areas within the county.

Table 2.3

Estimated 2007 Populations for Southern Dallas and Southern Tarrant County Cities

City	2000 Census Population ⁽⁷⁾	State Data Center Estimated 2007 Population ⁽⁸⁾	% Average Annual Growth Rate
Southern Dallas Cour	nty		
Grand Prairie*	99,760	120,661	2.75%
Duncanville	36,081	34,856	-0.49%
Cedar Hill*	32,044	42,288	4.04%
Glenn Heights*	5,618	7,813	4.82%
Wilmer	3,393	3,666	1.11%
Ovilla*	251	283	1.73%
Southern Tarrant County			
Grand Prairie*	27,621	33,723	2.89%
Mansfield*	27,280	42,263	6.45%
Kennedale	5,850	6,916	2.42%
Burleson*	3,462	5,598	7.11%

Notes: *Some of the population in these communities is located in neighboring counties. Only the population for the portion of the entity located in the specified county is shown here. Most of the areas outside city limits are supplied by special utility districts and water supply corporations.

Water User Group Current Supplies		Contracted Supplies Not Yet in Use
Bardwell	Woodbine aquifer	
Brandon-Irene WSC	Aquilla WSD (Lake Aquilla), Trinity aquifer (Hill County)	
Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	Trinity aquifer	TRWD water through TRA
Cedar Hill (mostly Dallas Co)	Dallas, Trinity aquifer	TRA Joe Pool Lake
Community Water Company	Ennis (TRA Lake Bardwell)	
Ennis	TRWD, TRA (Bardwell Lake), Direct	
	reuse (sold to Steam Electric Power)	
Ferris	Woodbine aquifer, Rockett SUD	TRWD water through TRA
Files Valley WSC	Aquilla WSD (Lake Aquilla)	
Glenn Heights	Trinity aquifer, Dallas	
Grand Prairie (mostly in Dallas and Tarrant Counties)	Trinity aquifer, Dallas, Fort Worth (TRWD), TRA Joe Pool Lake	Midlothian (Joe Pool Lake and TRWD)
Italy	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer	TRWD water through TRA
Italy		TRWD water through TRA
Johnson County SUD	Trinity aquifer, Brazos River Authority SWATS (Lake Granbury); Mansfield	
Johnson County SUD	(TRWD Sources)	
Mansfield	Tarrant Regional Water District	
Maypearl	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer	TRWD water through TRA
······································	TRA (Joe Pool Lake), Sardis-Lone Elm	¥
Midlothian	WSC (retail service in city limits)	TRWD water through TRA
Milford	Woodbine aquifer, Files Valley WSD (Lake Aquilla)	
Mountain Peak SUD	Trinity aquifer, Midlothian	I
	Glenn Heights (Dallas), TRWD water	
Oak Leaf	through TRA (retail service in city limits)	
Ovilla	Woodbine aquifer, Dallas, Sardis-Lone	
Ovina	Elm WSC (retail service in CCN)	
Palmer	Woodbine aquifer, Rockett SUD	TRWD water through TRA
Pecan Hill	Rockett SUD	
Red Oak	Woodbine aquifer, Rockett SUD (retail service in CCN), Dallas	TRWD water through TRA
Rice WSC	Corsicana (Navarro Mills Lake), Ennis (TRA Bardwell Lake)	
Rockett SUD	Trinity aquifer, Midlothian, Waxahachie	TRWD water through TRA; Dallas
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer	
	Lake Waxahachie, Trinity River	TRWD water through TRA;
Waxahachie	Authority (Lake Bardwell), Reuse	Dallas
Ellis County-Other	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer, Ennis (TRA Bardwell Lake), Waxahachie, Rockett SUD	TRWD water through TRA
Ellis County Irrigation	Trinity aquifer, Local Supply	
Ellis County Livestock	Local Supply, Woodbine aquifer	

 Table 2.4

 Current Water Supply Sources for Ellis County

Water User Group	Current Supplies	Contracted Supplies Not Yet in Use
Ellis County Manufacturing	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer, Midlothian, Waxahachie, Ennis (TRA Bardwell Lake)	
Ellis County Mining	Woodbine aquifer	
Ellis County Steam Electric	Ennis direct reuse, Midlothian (TRA Joe	
Power	Pool Lake)	

Table 2.4, Continued

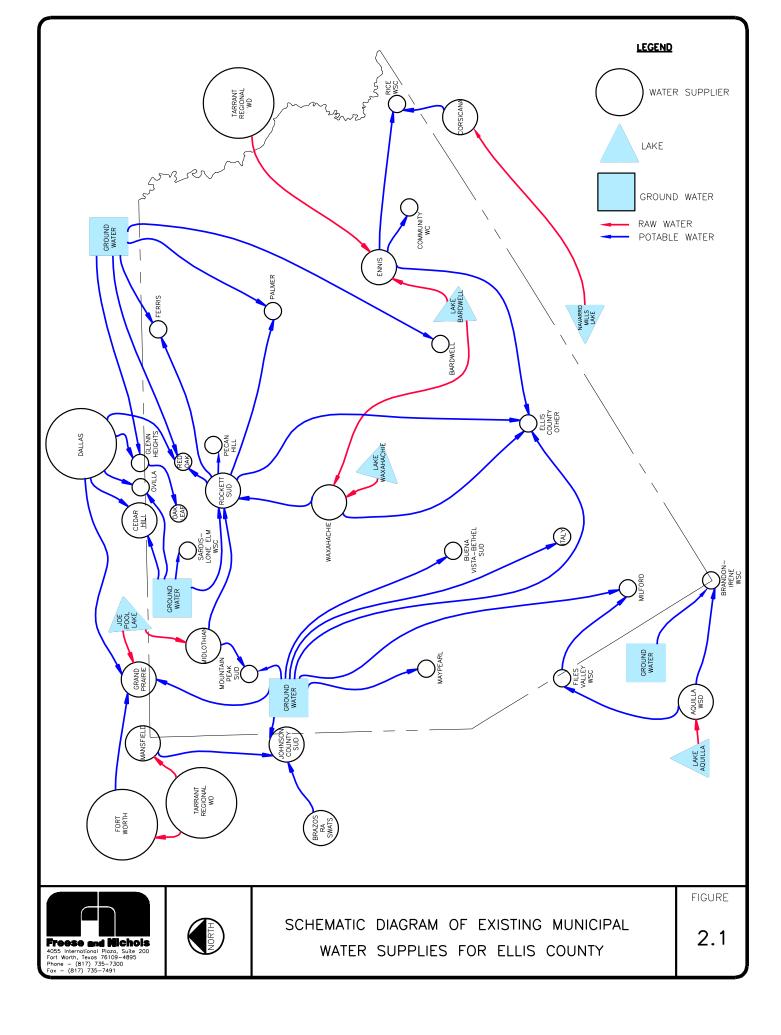
per year) for municipal use and Grand Prairie uses about 1,794 acre-feet per year for golf course irrigation.

The City of Grand Prairie plans to utilize the remainder of its water supply in Joe Pool Lake to support irrigation of the planned resort on the Joe Pool Lake peninsula. An existing wholesale treated water contract between Midlothian and Grand Prairie provides that Midlothian will provide wholesale water service to Grand Prairie in a CCN area held by Midlothian but located in the corporate limits and ETJ of the City of Grand Prairie. The contract will allow Grand Prairie to provide any unused portion of its raw water to Midlothian in return for a raw water credit on the potable water sale.

Cedar Hill and Duncanville are not currently using their supplies from Joe Pool Lake. At this time, Cedar Hill and Duncanville do not have any plans to use this supply. At this time, no other entities have expressed interest in using this supply.

Reuse – Waxahachie has 3,969 acre-feet per year of reuse supply available (water rights held by the Trinity River Authority). The yield from this source will increase over time as return flow increase. Ennis can sell up to 2,915 acre-feet per year of reuse directly to a power plant for cooling and also has authorization for indirect reuse through Lake Bardwell (rights held by TRA). TRA also has a reuse permit in Joe Pool Lake for 4,368 acre-feet per year for municipal, industrial, and irrigation purposes.

Lake Waxahachie – Waxahachie holds Lake Waxahachie water rights. The yield of 3,570 acre-feet per year (declining over time due to sedimentation) is used to supply Waxahachie residents and other Ellis County users buying water from Waxahachie.



Dallas – Dallas sells treated water on a wholesale basis to communities in northern Ellis County, including Cedar Hill, Glenn Heights, Grand Prairie, Oak Leaf (through Glenn Heights), Ovilla, and Red Oak.

Tarrant Regional Water District – The Tarrant Regional Water District pipelines from Cedar Creek and Richland-Chambers Reservoirs to Tarrant County pass through Ellis County and the northeast corner of Johnson County, as shown on Figure 1.2. Mansfield currently gets water from TRWD. Ennis, Grand Prairie, and Johnson County SUD currently get TRWD water indirectly through TRA, Fort Worth, and Mansfield, respectively. Other Ellis County water suppliers plan to use TRWD supplies in the future. Buena Vista-Bethel SUD, Ferris, Italy, Maypearl, Midlothian, Palmer, Pecan Hill, Red Oak, Rockett SUD, Waxahachie, and a few entities that fall in the County-Other category currently have contracts for TRWD water (through TRA) but are not yet using this source.

Groundwater – According to the Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾, the reliable supply from the Trinity and Woodbine aquifers in Ellis County is 8,400 acre-feet per year. Current use in Ellis County exceeds that amount.

Johnson County

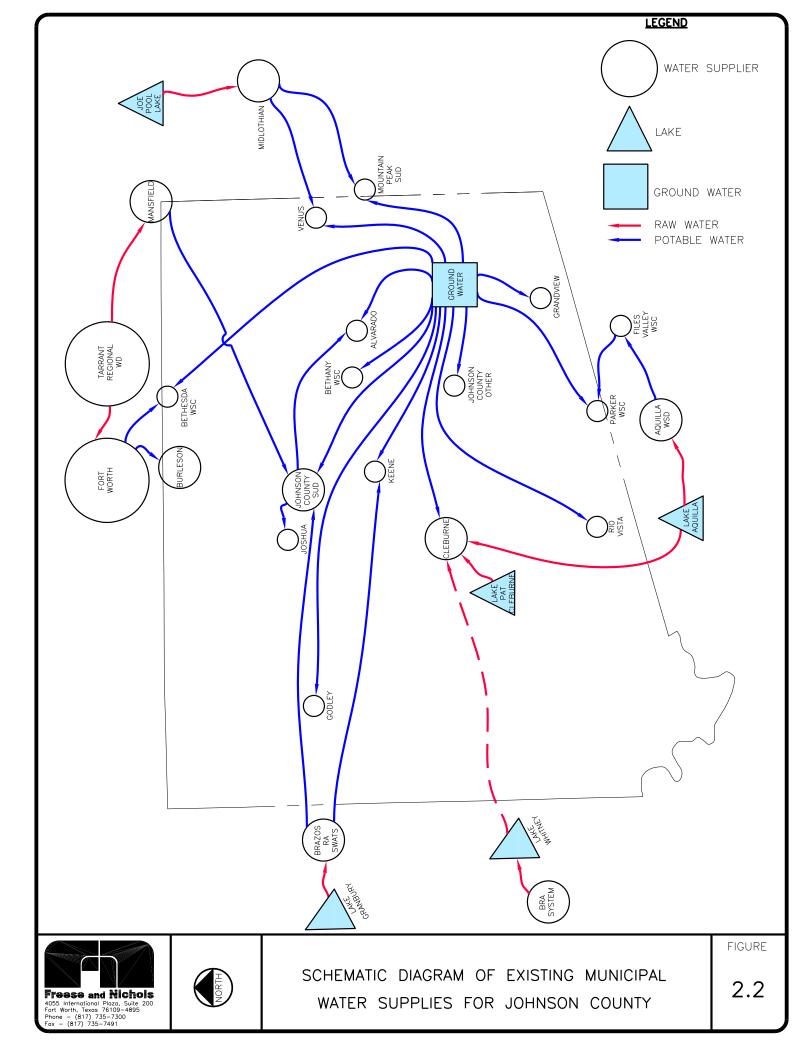
Johnson County is located in the Trinity and Brazos River Basins. The Brazos River Authority (BRA) provides surface water supply to several water user groups in the county from the BRA Surface Water Area and Treatment System (BRA SWATS). Fort Worth provides treated water to Bethesda WSC and Burleson. Cleburne treats its own supplies, getting raw water from Lake Pat Cleburne, BRA (Lake Aquilla) and groundwater. The smaller water user groups typically rely on groundwater supplies. When the BRA developed its SWATS project, they reached an informal agreement with the TRWD that BRA would provide surface water to entities in Johnson County. The demand for surface water in Johnson County now exceeds what BRA can provide. The TRWD considers the Trinity Basin portion of Johnson County to be in its service area. Much of the Trinity Basin in Johnson County will likely be served by Mansfield, Grand Prairie, or Fort Worth through retail sales. Table 2.5 lists the current sources of water supply for water providers in Johnson County, and Figure 2.2 is a schematic diagram showing the sources of supply for municipal water user groups. The major sources of supply currently in use in Johnson County are as follows:

Water User Group Current Supplies		
Acton MUD	Trinity aquifer, BRA SWATS	
Alvarado	Trinity aquifer, Johnson County SUD	
Bethany WSC	Trinity aquifer	
Bethesda WSC	Fort Worth (TRWD), Trinity aquifer	
Burleson	Fort Worth (TRWD)	
Cleburne	Lake Pat Cleburne, Lake Aquilla, Lake Whitney (contracted but not yet used), Trinity aquifer, Reuse (for Steam Electric)	
Godley	Trinity aquifer	
Grandview	Woodbine aquifer	
Johnson County SUD	Brazos River Authority SWATS, Trinity aquifer, Mansfield (TRWD)	
Joshua	Johnson County SUD	
Keene	Brazos River Authority SWATS, Trinity aquifer	
Mansfield	Tarrant Regional Water District	
Mountain Peak SUD	Trinity aquifer, Midlothian	
Parker WSC	Trinity aquifer, Files Valley WSC (Aquilla WSD)	
Rio Vista	Trinity aquifer	
Venus	Midlothian (TRWD), Woodbine aquifer, Trinity aquifer	
Johnson County-Other	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer	
Johnson County Manufacturing	Cleburne, Trinity aquifer	
Johnson County Steam Electric	Cleburne	
Johnson County Mining	Local Suppliers, Trinity aquifer, Cleburne	
Johnson County Irrigation	Local Suppliers, Trinity aquifer	
Johnson County Livestock	Local Suppliers, Trinity aquifer	

Table 2.5Current Water Supply Sources for Johnson County

Brazos River Authority Surface Water and Treatment System (SWATS¹) – The Brazos River Authority (BRA) owns and operates this system, which desalinates water from Lake Granbury for water suppliers in Hood and Johnson Counties. The plant has a current operational capacity of between 10.5 MGD and 13 MGD, depending on the water quality in Lake Granbury. For water supply planning purposes during drought conditions, this study used a current SWATS treated water capacity of 10.5 MGD. BRA plans to expand the plant to 15.54 MGD in the near future. Most of the SWATS supply is used in Johnson County. Johnson County

¹ BRA operates SWATS subject to contracts with four entities: The City of Granbury, Acton Municipal Utility District, Johnson County Special Utility District, and the City of Keene. All capacity of the facility is contractually obligated to these four entities. Any expansions, alterations, or additions of customers to SWATS would be subject to the review and approval of the four entities.



customers include the Johnson County Special Utility District (which supplies Joshua), Acton MUD, and Keene.

Lake Aquilla – The BRA holds the water rights for Lake Aquilla, and the City of Cleburne has a contract for about 5,300 acre-feet per year from the lake. The amount available will decline slowly over time due to sedimentation.

Lake Pat Cleburne – The City of Cleburne owns Lake Pat Cleburne. The City of Cleburne has a water right for 5,760 acre-feet per year for municipal use and 240 acre-feet per year for irrigation from Lake Pat Cleburne. According to the *Brazos G Regional Water Plan* ⁽²⁾, the yield from this lake is about 5,183 acre-feet per year in 2010. The City of Cleburne uses this supply. The supply available from this lake will decline over time due to sedimentation.

Lake Whitney – The BRA holds the water right for Lake Whitney. The BRA's water right authorizes a priority diversion of 18,336 acre-feet per year for industrial and municipal purposes. The City of Cleburne and the City of Whitney contract for water from BRA. Cleburne's contract with BRA with anticipated Lake Whitney diversions totals 9,700 acre-feet per year. The City of Whitney's BRA contract is for 750 acre-feet per year. The BRA also uses Lake Whitney as part of its reservoir system to meet downstream customer demands. The supply will decline over time due to sedimentation.

Fort Worth – Fort Worth sells treated water (from Tarrant Regional Water District raw water supplies) to Burleson and Bethesda WSC in Johnson County.

Mansfield – Mansfield sells treated water (from Tarrant Regional Water District raw water supplies) to Johnson County SUD in Johnson County.

Groundwater – According to the *Brazos G Regional Water Plan* ⁽²⁾, the reliable supply available from the Trinity and Woodbine aquifers in Johnson County is about 2,600 acre-feet per year. Current groundwater use in the county exceeds this reliable supply.

Reuse – Cleburne currently has about 2,000 acre-feet per year of reuse supply available, which it provides to a steam electric power plant in the city.

Southern Dallas County and Southern Tarrant County Entities in the Study Area

Table 2.6 lists the current sources of supply for Dallas and Tarrant County water suppliers in the study area. Dallas provides treated water for many Dallas County suppliers, and Fort Worth does the same for some Tarrant County suppliers. Other Tarrant County suppliers get raw water from Tarrant Regional Water District and provide their own water treatment. The Trinity aquifer is the source of supply for many smaller entities and a supplemental supply for larger entities.

2.2 Previous Regional Water Supply Plans

The 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾ describes long range water supply plans for entities in Dallas, Ellis, and Tarrant Counties. The *Brazos G Regional Water Plan*⁽²⁾ gives similar information for Johnson County. The elements of both plans are reflected in *Water for Texas* – 2007, ⁽³⁾ the 2007 state water plan. The plans for the study are summarized below, and detailed plans for each water user group can be found in the regional water plans. In 1989, the Trinity River Authority and local water suppliers developed a long range water supply plan for Ellis County⁽⁵⁾.

Water Supplier	County(ies)	Current Supply Sources
Bethesda WSC	Tarrant, Johnson	Fort Worth (TRWD), Trinity aquifer
Burleson	Tarrant, Johnson	Fort Worth (TRWD)
Cedar Hill	Dallas, Ellis	Dallas, Trinity aquifer
Duncanville	Dallas	Dallas
Glenn Heights	Ellis, Dallas	Dallas, Trinity aquifer
Grand Prairie	Dallas, Tarrant, Ellis	Dallas, Fort Worth (TRWD), Trinity aquifer, Trinity River Authority (Joe Pool Lake)
Kennedale	Tarrant	Fort Worth (TRWD), Trinity aquifer
Mansfield	Tarrant, Johnson, Ellis	Tarrant Regional Water District
Ovilla	Dallas, Ellis	Dallas, Woodbine aquifer, Sardis-Lone Elm WSC (retail service in CCN)
Rockett SUD	Ellis, Dallas	Midlothian, Trinity aquifer, Waxahachie, contract for TRA (TRWD) not in use, contract for Dallas water not in use
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	Ellis, Dallas	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer
Wilmer	Dallas	Trinity aquifer

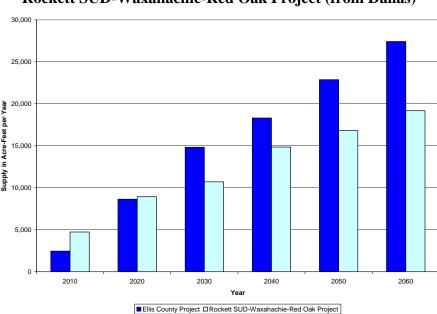
Table 2.6Current Water Supply Sources for Study Area Water Suppliers
in Tarrant and Dallas Counties

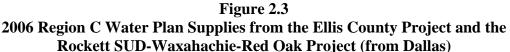
Region C Plan (Ellis, Southern Dallas, and Southern Tarrant Counties)

The 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾ calls for development of a new regional water system in Ellis County (called the Ellis County Water Supply Project) in response to limited groundwater availability and increasing demands. The raw water for the regional system would come from Tarrant Regional Water District, and the water would be treated at regional facilities. The Ellis County project would start by 2010, expand over time, and provide supplies for Ennis, Waxahachie, Midlothian, Rockett Special Utility District, and other water utility groups. The other major new supply proposed for Ellis County in the 2006 Region C plan is treated water from Dallas for Rockett Special Utility District, Waxahachie, and Red Oak. Development of this system would also begin before 2010, with supplies increasing over time. Figure 2.3 shows the projected supplies for these two projects from the 2006 plan. The total supplies from the two projects are over 46,600 acre-feet per year by 2060. The water management strategies proposed for Ellis County in the 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾ included the following:

- Water conservation (for all municipal water user groups)
- Participation in the TRA Ellis County Water Supply Project using TRWD sources (Buena Vista-Bethel SUD, Ennis, Ferris, Italy, Maypearl, Midlothian, Palmer, Red Oak, Rockett SUD, and Waxahachie)
- Water from Dallas (Red Oak, Rockett SUD, and Waxahachie in a joint project and Johnson County SUD as an individual wholesale water provider)
- Additional water from Dallas (Cedar Hill, Glenn Heights, Grand Prairie, and Ovilla)
- Purchase of water from other suppliers (Buena Vista-Bethel SUD, Community Water Company, Ferris, Grand Prairie, Mansfield, Mountain Peak SUD, Oak Leaf, Palmer, Pecan Hill, Rice WSC, and Sardis-Lone Elm WSC)
- Expansion of water treatment plants (Ennis, Mansfield, Midlothian, and Waxahachie)
- Additional groundwater (Bardwell, Buena Vista-Bethel SUD, Italy, Maypearl, Mountain Peak SUD, Palmer, and Sardis-Lone Elm WSC)
- Reuse (Ennis and Waxahachie)

The 2006 Region C Water Plan⁽¹⁾ calls for Wilmer to purchase Dallas water from Hutchins or Lancaster (Dallas County) and for other Dallas County water suppliers in the study area to increase their supplies from Dallas. Wilmer has recently expressed interest in purchasing water directly from Dallas. Grand Prairie will also purchase water from other suppliers. In southern Tarrant County, Arlington, Fort Worth, and Mansfield will get additional water from Tarrant Regional Water District. Other southern Tarrant County suppliers purchase water from Fort Worth.





Brazos G Plan – Johnson County

The *Brazos G Regional Water Plan* ⁽²⁾ shows that the reliable groundwater supply in Johnson County is insufficient to provide for all of the water suppliers currently using groundwater. As a result, the plan has many of the smaller suppliers in the county purchasing treated surface water from other suppliers. The Brazos G Regional Water Plan included development of additional supplies through reuse as a recommended water management strategy for Cleburne and Johnson County Special Utility District. Conservation was considered for all water suppliers, and advanced conservation was recommended for those with a projected municipal use in excess of 140 gallons per person per day in 2060.

The water management strategies proposed for Johnson County in the *Brazos G Regional Water Plan*⁽²⁾ included the following:

• Conservation for suppliers with projected municipal water use over 140 gallons per person per day (Cleburne, Grandview, Johnson County SUD, Mountain Peak SUD, and Johnson County-Other)

- Purchase water from Johnson County SUD (Bethany WSC, Parker WSC, Rio Vista, and Johnson County-Other)
- Purchase more water from Fort Worth (Bethesda WSC and Burleson)
- Purchase water from Brazos River Authority SWATS (Godley and Johnson County Freshwater Supply District No. 1/Joshua). Since the 2006 Plan, Johnson County Freshwater Supply District No. 1 has merged and become part of Johnson County SUD. Johnson County SUD now provides water supplies to the City of Joshua.
- Purchase from Midlothian (Mountain Peak SUD) or Midlothian via Venus (Alvarado)
- Participate in reuse projects (Cleburne and Johnson County SUD)

2.3 Local Studies

As part of the Four County Study, the regional water planning groups requested and obtained some local plans relevant to this study area. The findings and recommendations of these plans are summarized below.

BRA and TRWD: Regional Water Supply and Wastewater Services Study for Johnson and Parker Counties, Phase I $^{\rm (9)}$

This study was a combined effort of the Brazos River Authority (BRA) and the Tarrant Regional Water District (TRWD) to study the feasibility of developing regional facilities to meet the projected water needs for Parker and Johnson Counties. At the time of the study, BRA had available raw water supplies that could be made available from Possum Kingdom Lake for use in Parker and Johnson Counties. This water is high in total dissolved solids (TDS) and would required advanced water treatment to produce potable water supply. At the time of the study, TRWD needed additional water supplies to meet the projected water needs in the study area. This study considered developing regional water supply and wastewater treatment facilities to serve the projected need in the area.

This study used the population and demand projections that were approved for the 2006 regional water plans. However, a number of entities expressed concern that these projections were lower than others, such as the North Central Texas Council of Governments' projections. The recommended water management strategies in the Region C Water Plan (including Parker County) were temporary overdraft of the aquifer followed by the purchase of surface water supplies from TRWD. In the Brazos G Water Plan, the recommended strategies included

temporary overdraft of the aquifer (including Johnson County) and connection to the regional Surface Water Advanced Treatment System (SWATS) operated by BRA.

The 2004 report assumed that existing contracts would be fully utilized before water from an additional source was utilized. This report studied a number of potential water supply strategies, including those that might supply just one county and those that might supply both counties. The report also considered several regional strategies to meet wastewater treatment needs.

The report concluded that a regional water treatment plant could be beneficial to the study area if developed in northwest Johnson County and/or northeast Johnson County. The report recommended that a Phase II study be prepared looking at these two scenarios.

City of Midlothian: Long Range Water Supply and Water and Wastewater Master Plan⁽¹⁰⁾

In 2006, Freese and Nichols, Inc. prepared a long range water supply master plan for the City of Midlothian. This report looked at recent population estimates and projected population through 2025. Mountain Peak WSC and Sardis-Lone Elm WSC have certificates of convenience and necessity (CCN) for water service and provide retail service in some areas that are within the city limits of Midlothian. Thus, the population projections in the Midlothian Master Plan are representative of Midlothian's retail water service customers, not of the entire City.

The 2006 Midlothian Master Plan included retail water demand projections through buildout, which is beyond 2025. The demand projections were developed for the area within the city limits and for the service area. Midlothian provides retails water supplies to over 85 percent of its citizens, while Mountain Peak SUD and Sardis-Lone Elm WSC provide retail service to the remaining Midlothian citizens. Midlothian also provides treated water to wholesale customers:

- Rockett SUD
- Mountain Peak WSC (now Mountain Peak SUD)
- American National Power
- Sardis-Lone Elm WSC

The Master Plan also included water demand projections of Midlothian's wholesale customers.

The Master Plan recommended a water treatment plant expansion to be operational in the spring of 2009. (Currently, the water treatment plant improvements are being developed in phases, with the first phase expected to be complete in Summer/Fall 2010.) The plan also recommended a number of other distribution system improvements, as well as wastewater system improvements.

Johnson County SUD: *Evaluation of Additional Water Supplies from the Trinity and Brazos River Basins*⁽¹¹⁾

In 2006, HDR, Inc. completed a water supply study for Johnson County Special Utility District (SUD). Johnson County Special Utility District (SUD) provides rural water supplies across a four county area in the Trinity and Brazos River Basins. While the majority of Johnson County SUD lies in the Brazos Basin, most of the future growth is expected to occur in the Trinity River Basin. The current supplies for Johnson County SUD include self-supplied groundwater wells, a small amount of treated surface water from the City of Mansfield, and treated surface water purchased from the Brazos River Authority's (BRA) Surface Water and Treatment System (SWATS) using water from Lake Granbury. The groundwater supplies are limited, and the BRA SWATS plant is near operational capacity. Jonson County SUD's water demand is projected to increase. Additional water supplies will be needed to meet the future demands. This study investigated potential water supply strategies to meet the future needs of Johnson County SUD.

The study considered population and water demand projections based on information from the SUD and from NCTCOG. The study looked at a potential merger of Johnson County SUD with Johnson County Fresh Water Supply District #1 (JCFWSD #1) and how this might affect demands and supplies. (Since then, Johnson County SUD has merged with JCFWSD #1 and has taken over the associated responsibilities.) Cost estimates were developed for the potential water supply strategies. The study considered purchasing treated water from the following potential suppliers: City of Mansfield, City of Grand Prairie, City of Midlothian, and Brazos River Authority SWATS upon the completion of additional infrastructure. Raw water supplies were considered from the Tarrant Regional Water District and the Trinity River Authority (Cedar Hill's interest in Joe Pool Lake). The study recommended that Johnson County SUD pursue additional water supplies from the City of Mansfield, Tarrant Regional Water District, and/or City of Grand Prairie. The report also indicated that the Trinity River Authority might play a role in providing these potential supplies from the Trinity River Basin.

Sardis-Lone Elm WSC: System Hydraulics (12)

Sardis-Lone Elm Water Supply Corporation (WSC) retained Childress Engineers to review the entity's existing system, evaluate the system for projected growth, and recommend necessary improvements to the system. Sardis-Lone Elm WSC provides retail water service to the rural area of Ellis County between Midlothian, Ovilla, and Waxahachie. The extent of the service area is not expected to change significantly over the next ten years (by 2014), which was the time frame for the study. The population is expected to nearly double from 3,393 in 2004 to 6,070 in 2014.

The WSC obtains water from its own groundwater wells with a backup connection to Midlothian for use in times of emergency. Sardis has six wells in the Trinity aquifer. (Since the report was completed in 2004, Sardis has also drilled wells in the Woodbine aquifer.) While the Trinity wells have provided reliable water supply, their production rates have been declining. The reported concluded that surface water would eventually be needed, potentially from Dallas through Rockett SUD.

The report analyzed the water distribution system with the WaterCad software. The modeling effort included an analysis of average day and peak hour demands. The distribution system is in good condition and meets state requirements. The report recommended upgrades to the system to address customer concerns of water pressure, water loss, and other distribution issues. The storage capacity was determined to be adequate for the next ten years.

City of Arlington: Feasibility Study of Becoming a Wholesale Water Provider

The City of Arlington provided findings from their recent study regarding the feasibility of becoming a wholesale water provider. The City identified the top potential wholesale customers in their study. The potential wholesale customers include: Grand Prairie, Bethesda WSC, Fort Worth, and the Trinity River Authority in the near-term; Grand Prairie and Bethesda WSC in the intermediate-term; and a general understanding that a continuing need for supplies exists in southern Tarrant, southern Dallas, Ellis, and Johnson Counties for the long-term.

3. Input from Study Area Water Suppliers

3.1 Input Provided by Water User Groups and Wholesale Water Providers

Initial Meetings and Survey of Water User Groups and Wholesale Water Providers

The Region C and Brazos G consultants met with 19 water user groups and wholesale water providers in the study area and sent surveys to the remaining water user groups. Table 3.1 lists those entities that were met with and the entities that were sent a survey. Table 3.2 lists the participants at each meeting held with specific entities. The information obtained through the meetings and surveys was used to update recommended water management strategies presented in this report. Each meeting with local suppliers included the following elements:

- A discussion of population and demand projections
 - Review of projections in the 2006 regional water plans
 - Information on recent population estimates prepared by the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG), the State demographer, the U.S. Census, and other available sources
 - Input from suppliers on population and demand projections
- A review of the current water supplies for each entity
 - Discussion of recommended water management strategies from the 2006 regional water plans
 - o Discussion of possible adjustments to those recommendations
 - Discussion of new water supply plans
 - Discussion of interactions with other suppliers.

In most cases, the study area water suppliers plan to implement the recommended water management strategies presented in the 2006 plans, although the amount of water supplied by each strategy may change. In a few cases, the entities were pursuing other options to meet their future water needs.

A survey was sent to 26 entities in the study area, and 15 of the entities responded. A copy of the survey is provided in Appendix B. The survey covered topics similar to those discussed in the in-person meetings, including recent population estimates and demand information, population and demand projections, current sources of supply, and preferred water management strategies. The survey also covered water quality concerns, existing and potential wholesale customers, and regional water concerns.

	Entities Surveyed –	Entities Surveyed – No
Entities Met with	Responded	Response
Alvarado	Avalon Water and Sewer Service Company	Bardwell
Arlington	Bethany WSC	Brandon-Irene WSC
Bethesda WSC	Cleburne	Glenn Heights
Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	Community Water Company	Ellis County WCID #1
Burleson	Ferris	Godley
Cedar Hill	Files Valley WSC	Keene
Duncanville	Grandview	Nash-Forreston WSC
Ennis	Italy	Ovilla
Grand Prairie	Joshua	Palmer
Johnson County SUD	Maypearl	Rice WSC
Kennedale	Milford	Wilmer
Mansfield	Oak Leaf	
Midlothian	Parker WSC	
Mountain Peak SUD	Pecan Hill	
Red Oak	Rio Vista	
Rockett SUD		
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC		
Venus		
Waxahachie		

Table 3.1Water Suppliers Contacted through Meetings or Surveys

Table 3.2Meetings with Water User Groups and Wholesale Water Providers

Date	Entity	Attendees
September 24, 2007	Alvarado	Mary Daly, Kristi Shaw, Stephanie Griffin
September 7, 2007	Arlington	Julie Hunt, Travis Andrews, Brian McDonald, Tom Gooch, Thomas Haster, Stephanie Griffin
September 24, 2007	Bethesda WSC	Dana Wells, Steve Seavers, Kristi Shaw, Stephanie Griffin
September 18, 2007	Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	Joe Buchanan, Stephanie Griffin
September 18, 2007	Burleson	David Smyth, David Dunn, Stephanie Griffin, Tom Gooch
September 17, 2007	Cedar Hill	Ruth Antebi-Guten, Trey Dibrell, Stephanie Griffin, Robert McGee
September 7, 2007	Duncanville	Joel Daugherty, Stephanie Griffin, David Sloan, Brian McDonald
September 19, 2007	Ennis	Steve Howerton, Stephanie Griffin, Rachel Ickert

Date	Entity	Attendees
October 31, 2007	Fort Worth	Frank Crumb, Thomas Haster, Stephanie Griffin, Jessica Brown
September 7, 2007	Grand Prairie	Ron McCuller, Doug Cuny, Jim Siddall, Stephanie Griffin, Tom Gooch, Jessica Brown
September 18, 2007	Johnson County SUD	Terry Kelley, Jim Higgins, Stephanie Griffin, Tom Gooch, David Dunn
October 11, 2007	Kennedale	Mark White, Stephanie Griffin
September 21, 2007	Mansfield	Bud Ervin, Joe Smolinski, Kristi Shaw, Stephanie Griffin
September 24, 2007	Midlothian	Mike Adams, Thomas Haster, Stephanie Griffin
September 24, 2007	Mountain Peak SUD	Randel Kirk, Kristi Shaw, Stephanie Griffin
September 26, 2007	Red Oak	Gina Garcia, Stephanie Griffin
September 25, 2007	Rockett SUD	Kay Phillips, Bart Harrison, Ben Shanklin, Brian McDonald, Tom Gooch, Stephanie Griffin
September 19, 2007	Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	Paul Tischler, Stephanie Griffin, Rachel Ickert
August 28, 2007	Tarrant Regional Water District and Trinity River Authority	Wayne Owen, Bill Smith, Brian McDonald, Tom Gooch, Stephanie Griffin
September 21, 2007	Venus	Mayor Carolyn Welcher, Mearl Taylor, Jerry Reed, Stephanie Griffin, Kristi Shaw
September 18, 2007	Waxahachie	David Bailey, Gary Hendricks, Brian McDonald, Stephanie Griffin

Table 3.2, Continued

Meetings with Major Wholesale Water Providers in the Study Area

On December 19, 2007, the consultants held a meeting with the major wholesale water providers to provide an overview of the study, update them on progress, and seek input. This meeting included representatives from the Brazos River Authority, the City of Dallas, the City of Fort Worth, the Trinity River Authority, the Tarrant Regional Water District, and consultants from the Brazos G and Region C Water Planning Groups. The consultants discussed potential adjustments to population and demand projections considering the information gathered through the meetings and surveys. The consultants highlighted some of the more significant changes in water supply strategies, including

• Grand Prairie and Johnson County SUD plan to sell water to each other.

- The Rockett SUD-Waxahachie-Red Oak project to purchase water from Dallas is no longer being actively pursued. Red Oak is independently developing a water supply from Dallas.
- Rockett SUD and Waxahachie are developing a shared water treatment plant which is currently planned to be supplied only from the Tarrant Regional Water District pipelines.
- Johnson County SUD would like to purchase additional treated water from Mansfield supplied by TRWD.

The participants discussed current supplies as compared to the proposed updated projected water demands. There was discussion of the potential impact that the increased demands might have on the regional water provider systems.

On October 20, 2008, the regional water providers in the study met to discuss this report. The regional water suppliers provided feedback regarding their water supply plans, clarification of water supply contracts, and potential future customers. Appendix I includes meeting notes, including names of participants, for each meeting held on December 19, 2007, and October 20, 2008.

Additional Contact with Water User Groups and Wholesale Water Providers

The consultant team tried to keep the study area participants informed of the water management strategies being considered for inclusion in this report. Prior to finalizing the population and demand projections for this study, draft projections were sent to each participating entity in the study area; their input was requested. The consultants made additional contacts with water user groups and wholesale water providers to verify information regarding current water supplies, contract amounts, and potential water management strategies.

On November 25, 2008, the consultants held a group workshop for the water user groups and wholesale water providers in the study area to present the draft recommendations for water management strategies for this study. Approximately 30 people attended the workshop. The meeting notes and the sign-in sheet for the November 25, 2008, workshop are included in Appendix I. The consultants presented the recommendations in the draft report. The attendees provided comments during the meeting and were invited to submit any additional comments to the consultants by December 8, 2008. These comments have been addressed in this report.

3.2 Contracting and Operational Issues for Tarrant Regional Water District

Tarrant Regional Water District (TRWD) is the largest wholesale water supplier in this study area. This section of the report discusses TRWD's contracting and operational issues with regard to the increasing water demand projections in the study area.

The Tarrant Regional Water District currently has contracts to supply roughly 29 million gallons per day (MGD) in average day demands to entities in the study area, as shown in Table 3.3. The Trinity River Authority (TRA) manages these contracts on behalf of the TRWD. These contracting entities also have approximately 25 MGD (average day) of additional local supplies available for use. Ideally, TRWD prefers that contracting entities make use of their local supplies to the extent practical before calling on the TRWD water. TRWD has waived the "take or pay" requirement in existing contracts to encourage the use of local supplies first. TRWD will specifically address the need to use local supplies in future contracts or requests for increases to the contract volume of water supplied by TRWD. The practical use of local supplies will be determined on a case-by-case basis. For example, an entity may commit to utilizing a certain amount of its local supply each year or commit to utilizing local supplies to a certain percentage of availability or storage in priority to TRWD supplies. Other provisions may be considered in determining the specifics of the entity's efficient water supply management.

TRWD plans to meet water needs in Ellis County and the Trinity Basin portion of Johnson County in the future. The current contracts that TRWD has in place were originally based on projected municipal water needs through the year 2030. The provisions of TRWD's contracts with its four primary customers (Fort Worth, Arlington, Mansfield, and the TRA Tarrant County Water Supply Project) prohibit the District from entering into contracts to supply demands beyond the time that a reliable supply is available for primary customers. TRWD available supply currently extends to 2030. TRWD will contract to meet projected 2030 demands in excess of local supplies for study area suppliers. Thus, if a current contract does not meet a reasonable projection of 2030 municipal demands in excess of local supplies, TRWD is willing to contract to supply this additional water. TRWD will also require that projected industrial demands be based on current contracts with industrial users and not be speculative in nature. As new supplies are added to the TRWD system and the projected reliable supply for the

system as a whole extends beyond 2030, TRWD will consider entering into contracts with study area entities for projected demands beyond 2030.

Tarrant Regional Water District Supply in the Study Area				
Entity	Average Day Contract Amount (MGD)	Average Contract Amount (Ac-Ft/Yr)		
Avalon WSC (Ellis Co. Other)	0.600	673		
Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	0.850	953		
Ennis	3.560	3,991		
Ferris	0.720	807		
Italy	0.500	561		
Maypearl	0.370	415		
Midlothian*	9.330	10,459		
Nash-Forreston WSC	0.250	280		
Palmer	0.271	304		
Red Oak	1.800	2,018		
Rockett SUD	6.050	6,782		
Waxahachie (through Ellis Co. WCID #1)	4.650	5,213		
Total	28.951	32,456		

Table 3.3
Trinity River Authority Managed Contracts for
Tarrant Regional Water District Supply in the Study Area

Note: Midlothian's contract with TRA specifies that 2 MGD is for Grand Prairie and 1 MGD is for Venus.

In 1989, TRWD informally agreed to limit its water supply planning in Johnson County so as not to compete with the Brazos River Authority (BRA) SWATS program. BRA has indicated that they support jointly providing water in Johnson County. TRWD continues to consider the Trinity River Basin portion of Johnson County to be within its service area. However, TRWD will continue to coordinate water supply service it provides in Johnson County with the BRA.

Johnson County Special Utility District (SUD) accounts for about 30% of the municipal water demand in Johnson County. In 2006, Johnson County SUD developed a long range water supply plan that included an evaluation of additional water supplies from the Trinity and Brazos River Basins. During the study, JCSUD met with local and regional water providers. Based on information from meetings, potential future supplies from TRWD were identified (either directly

or indirectly through their primary customers) for projected demands in the Trinity Basin portion of Johnson County.

TRWD requires a system capacity buy-in for new or increased contract amounts. The cost of the buy-in is based on the value of the existing system components. TRWD's primary customers (Fort Worth, Arlington, Mansfield, and TRA Tarrant County Water Supply Project) have "all needs" contracts and do not pay system buy-in costs for increased use. This is due to their obligation to meet all system revenue requirements. Other customers pay a buy-in cost for new contract water volumes or increases in contract water volumes. The 2008 system buy-in cost is used in this report. TRWD reviews and updates its system buy-in costs annually. As of July 2008, TRWD's system buy-in cost is \$613,567 per MGD of average day supply.

There is a potentially significant financial advantage to parties who contract for treated water from one of TRWD's primary wholesale customers as opposed to contracting with TRWD for raw water. TRWD additional party raw water customers are required to pay a system buy-in for initial or additional supply. Treated water customers of TRWD's primary wholesale customers are not required to pay a TRWD buy-in.

In 1989, the Trinity River Authority and local water suppliers developed a long range water supply plan for Ellis County ⁽⁵⁾. The plan called for regional water treatment plants in the Midlothian, Waxahachie, and Ennis area using TRWD raw water and operated by a regional entity. Water supply service in Ellis County has not developed as outlined in the 1989 report. Water treatment plants are being developed by municipalities rather than a regional service provider, such as the Trinity River Authority.

Ellis County projected water demands have the potential to significantly impact the cost of operation of the TRWD supply system. Since Ellis County treated surface water provision has not developed from a regional service provision basis as planned, Ellis County lacks adequate strategies to protect itself from TRWD supply transmission interruptions. Approximately 70 percent of the water needed in Ellis County in 2030 is projected to be supplied by TRWD (managed by TRA).

Recent TRWD contracts for supplies to Ellis County include a 60 day shutdown clause that requires the contracting entity to operate for up to 60 days without deliveries from the

TRWD pipelines. This allows TRWD to perform routine maintenance on its facilities and also assures that customers can function during transmission service interruptions. Ellis County entities can operate without TRWD supplies by using local supplies, developing storage, connecting to an alternative supply, or interconnecting with neighboring treated water systems. TRWD intends to include this provision in future contracts, although the shutdown period may be reduced to 30 days after the proposed 3rd East Texas pipeline (planned for 2018) is completed.

A few water user groups and wholesale water providers that have requested additional TRWD water supplies currently have contracts to purchase treated water from Dallas. TRWD's policy is to not contract beyond an entity's projected water need in 2030. If an entity has a contract for treated water from Dallas, TRWD will consider the Dallas supply in determining the 2030 need for additional water.

This report recommends that the TRWD require Ellis County water user groups and wholesale water providers establish a regional approach to water supply, which should include interconnection to local supply sources to provide adequate backup capacity to allow TRWD to sustain extended transmission system interruptions for repair, maintenance or economic reasons. Development of this regional approach must be secured prior to TRWD contracting for additional water supply in this study area. Section 5 will discuss possible strategies to address this recommendation.

3.3 Assumptions for Planning

Based on TRWD policies, the following assumptions were adopted for this plan:

- TRWD cannot enter into contracts to supply projected demands beyond the time that TRWD primary wholesale water customers' demands are projected to be met by existing TRWD supplies. At the current time, TRWD will not enter into contracts for demands in excess of projected 2030 demands. As additional supplies are developed by TRWD, commitments of supply to cover projected demands farther in the future will be considered.
- TRWD will consider industrial demands based on existing contracts in its evaluation of projected 2030 demands. Municipal demands will be based on reasonable projections.

- 3. Water utility groups currently served by TRWD that request additional supplies and other water utility groups wishing to contract with TRWD for water from its pipelines must acknowledge the potential of TRWD transmission service interruption (60 days) and demonstrate the ability to manage raw water transmission service interruptions.
- 4. All current contracting entities requesting additional supplies and all future contracting entities that have local supplies will be required to effectively prioritize use of their local supplies to the extent practical before calling on TRWD water. In exchange for local supply priority use, TRWD will to waive the standard "take or pay" requirement in existing contracts.
- 5. All contracting parties will coordinate water system operations with TRWD.
- 6. Water utility groups contracting with TRWD must require water conservation practices consistent with those practices required of the primary wholesale water customers of TRWD.

4. Revised Population and Demand Projections

As discussed in Section 2, the population in Ellis and Johnson County has been growing more rapidly than was projected in the 2006 regional water plans. Population and demand projections were revised for this study based on other available projections and input from water user groups. Projection data for non-city utilities are limited. The State Demographer and the North Central Texas Council of Governments do not prepare projections for non-city utilities. Appendix C is a detailed discussion of population and demand projections.

4.1 **Population Projections**

Population projections from the previous regional water plans ^(1, 2) were compared to projections from the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) ⁽⁴⁾ and projections provided by water user groups in the study area. For this study, a range of populations for each supplier was developed and a recommended population projection through 2030 was adopted, based on input from water user groups. Figure 4.1 shows the high, low and recommended population projections for Ellis County compared to the projections in the 2006 *Region C Water Plan* ⁽¹⁾. Figure 4.2 gives the same information for Johnson County (with the comparison being to the *Brazos G Regional Water Plan* ⁽²⁾).

This study considered available population projections for water user groups within the study area. For each municipal water user group participating in the study, the historical population estimates and population projections were considered. The low population projection is typically the projection presented in the regional water plan. The high population projection tends to be the NCTCOG projection. The recommended projection is typically based on information provided by the entities. Water user groups that did not respond to the study survey were assumed to be in agreement with the population projections as presented in the 2006 regional water plans. Thus, no adjustments were made to the projections for these entities.

Figures 4.3 and 4.4 show the various population projections for Southern Dallas County and Southern Tarrant County, respectively. The NCTCOG does not distribute population by county for cities whose boundaries cross multiple county lines. Thus, the NCTCOG projections are not shown in Figures 4.3 and 4.4 because the available NCTCOG information is insufficient

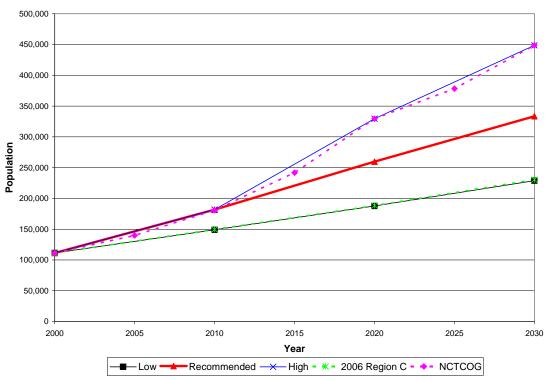
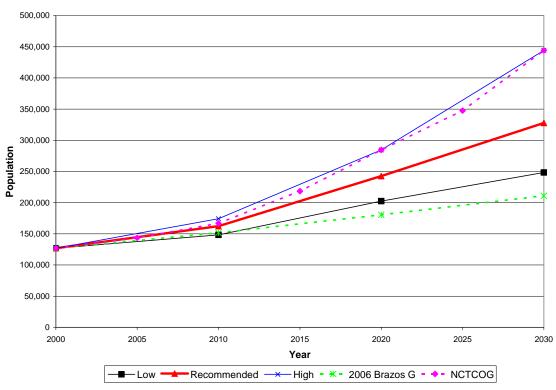


Figure 4.1 Population Projections for Ellis County

Figure 4.2 Population Projections for Johnson County



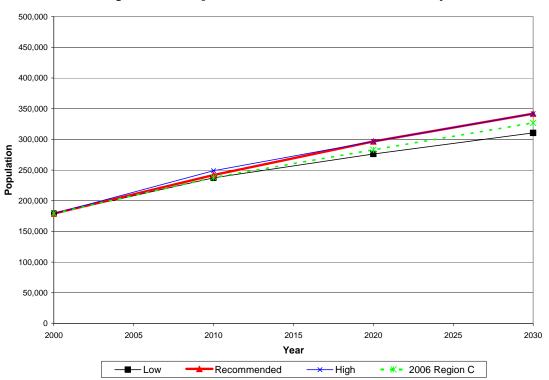
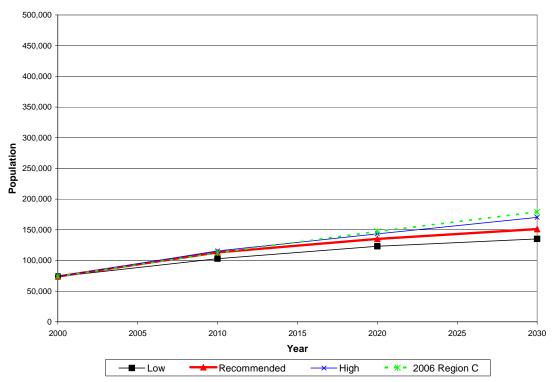


Figure 4.3 Population Projections for Southern Dallas County

Figure 4.4 Population Projections for Southern Tarrant County



for analyzing a portion of these counties. Appendix C includes tables with population projections for each water user group that has recommended adjustments to population projections in the study area. Appendix D includes graphs showing various population projections for each water user group with adjusted demand projections in the study area. Population projections for this study are significantly higher than projections in the 2006 regional water plans.

4.2 Demand Projections

Projections of municipal demand were developed based on the population projections described above, historical per capita use, projections from the 2006 plans, and input from study area water suppliers. Some water user groups provided recent water use data, as well as water demand projections. The historical municipal per capita water use was calculated based on this information. Municipal per capita water use projections were recommended and then multiplied by the recommended population projection to determine the recommended demand for a water user group. Figures 4.5 and 4.6 show water demand projections for Ellis and Johnson Counties, respectively, compared to projections from the 2006 regional water plans. Figures 4.7 and 4.8 show the projected average day water demand scenarios for the Southern Dallas and Southern Tarrant County portions of the study area, respectively.

Projections of mining water use were taken from *Assessment of Groundwater Use in the Northern Trinity Aquifer due to Urban Growth and Barnett Shale Development* ⁽¹³⁾ and are higher in Ellis and Johnson Counties than in the 2006 plans. Increases are recommended for steam electric and manufacturing use in Johnson County based on input from Cleburne. Other non-municipal demands are unchanged from the 2006 plans. Although current and projected populations for Ellis and Johnson County are similar, the total water use is higher in Ellis County because of higher water use for steam electric power generation in the county.

Table 4.1 summarizes the recommended population and demand projections by county for the study area. In Ellis and Johnson Counties, the recommended population projections are greater than those in the 2006 regional water plans and less than the NCTCOG projections. In both counties, demand projections are higher than those in the 2006 regional water plans. In Southern Dallas County, the recommended population and demand projections are somewhat

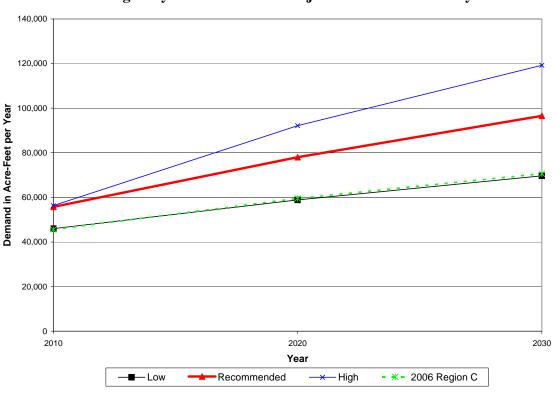
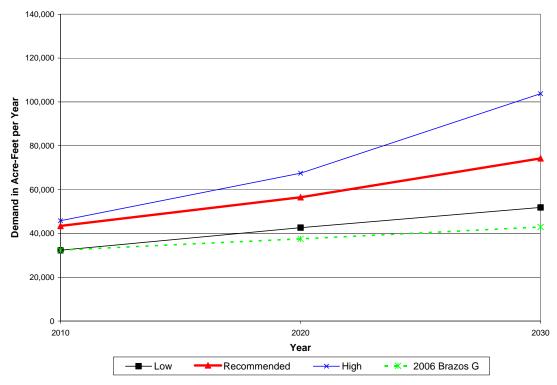


Figure 4.5 Average Day Water Demand Projections for Ellis County

Figure 4.6 Average Day Water Demand Projections for Johnson County



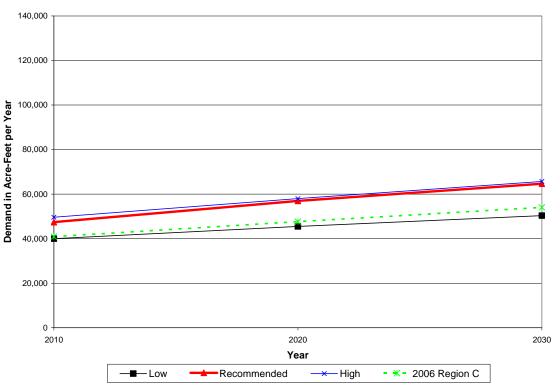
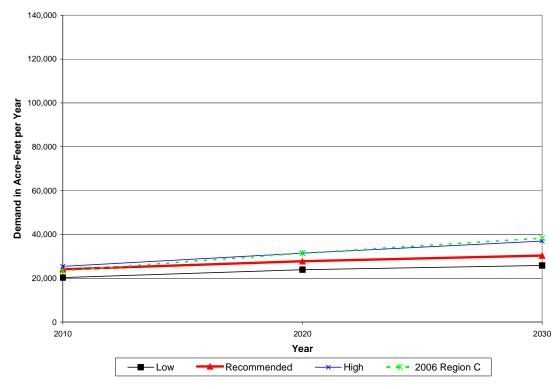


Figure 4.7 Average Day Water Demand Projections for Southern Dallas County

Figure 4.8 Average Day Water Demand Projections for Southern Tarrant County



higher than those in the 2006 Region C Water Plan. The recommended projections for Southern Tarrant County are lower in this study than the 2006 regional water plan. This reduction is primarily due to the shifting of population within Mansfield from Tarrant County to Johnson County.

	2000	2010	2020	2030	
Ellis County Population Projections	Historical				
2006 Region C Water Plan	111,360	149,627	188,280	230,402	
NCTCOG	111,360	180,617	329,476	448,588	
Recommended	111,360	181,740	259,676	333,472	
Ellis County Demand Projections					
2006 Region C Water Plan	25,469	46,567	59,550	70,648	
Recommended	25,469	55,729	77,998	96,580	
Johnson County Population Projections					
2006 Brazos G Regional Water Plan	126,811	151,468	180,509	211,020	
NCTCOG	126,811	166,759	284,411	444,151	
Recommended	126,811	162,236	242,627	327,898	
Johnson County Demand Projections					
2006 Brazos G Regional Water Plan		32,407	37,478	42,911	
Recommended		43,405	56,505	74,248	
Southern Dallas County Population Projections					
2006 Region C Water Plan	178,964	237,894	282,971	326,808	
Recommended	178,964	241,905	296,607	341,870	
Southern Dallas County Demand Projection	ons				
2006 Region C Water Plan		40,885	47,630	54,017	
Recommended		47,380	56,940	64,645	
Southern Tarrant County Demand Project	tions				
2006 Region C Water Plan	73,711	112,282	147,231	179,046	
Recommended	73,711	113,181	135,022	151,119	
Southern Tarrant County Demand Project	tions				
2006 Region C Water Plan		23,389	31,425	38,289	
Recommended		24,046	27,714	30,315	

Table 4.1Summary of Population and Demand Projections

Figures 4.9 and 4.10 show the recommended demand projections for Ellis and Johnson Counties by demand category. Because this study only considers a portion of Dallas and Tarrant Counties, similar figures cannot be established for these areas. The county-wide categories for non-municipal water use are not subdivided into smaller areas.

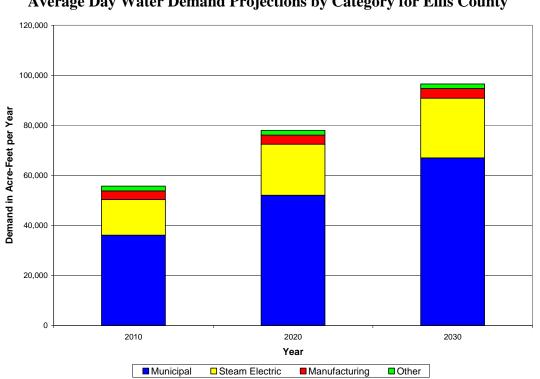
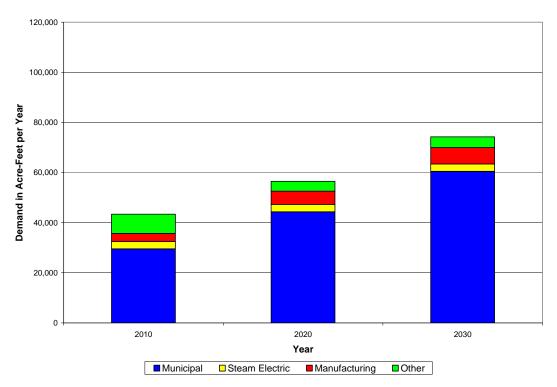


Figure 4.9 Average Day Water Demand Projections by Category for Ellis County



Average Day Water Demand Projections by Category for Johnson County



4.3 Demand for Wholesale Water Providers

The large regional wholesale water providers in the study area are the BRA, Dallas, Fort Worth, the TRWD, and the TRA. Arlington, Cleburne, Ennis, Fort Worth, Grand Prairie, Johnson County SUD, Mansfield, Midlothian, Rockett SUD, and Waxahachie either currently serve as local wholesale water providers or are planning to do so in the future. Table 4.2 includes the study area demand for each of these wholesale providers. Appendix C provides detailed tables showing the calculation of the demand for each wholesale water provider.

	2010	2020	2030	Comments
Regional Wholesale Providers	2010	2020	2050	Comments
Brazos River Authority	26,351	22,794	26,448	SWATS and system
Dallas	46,275	58,606	68,202	••
Fort Worth	10,598	14,348	17,915	Raw water from TRWD
Tarrant Regional Water District	85,304	112,075	128,681	Raw water to Fort Worth and others
Trinity River Authority	67,713	68,330	69,058	Bardwell, Joe Pool, and Navarro Mills
Local Wholesale Providers				
Cleburne	12,970	16,317	19,533	
Ennis	7,280	9,483	11,767	
Grand Prairie	34,302	48,206	54,628	
Johnson County SUD	11,555	14,850	22,250	
Mansfield	19,029	29,078	35,998	
Midlothian	13,188	21,398	26,113	
Rockett SUD	11,524	13,080	14,907	
Waxahachie	13,951	19,019	23,874	

 Table 4.2

 Study Area Demand Projections for Current and Proposed Customers of Wholesale Water Providers (Acre-Feet per Year)

Note: These are demands for the study area, not total demands for the wholesaler. Details are given in Appendix C and Appendix F.

Appendix E includes graphs showing water demands for each water user group in the study area with adjusted water demand projections. The role of each regional and wholesale provider is discussed below.

Brazos River Authority (BRA). The Brazos River Authority owns and operates the BRA SWATS (Surface Water and Treatment System), which supplies treated water to water user

groups in Hood and Johnson Counties. The raw water from BRA SWATS comes from Lake Granbury and is treated at a 15.54 MGD design capacity desalination plant, of which 10.5 MGD is currently operational as discussed earlier. Current BRA SWATS customers in Johnson County include Acton MUD, Johnson County SUD (which supplies Joshua and a small amount to Alvarado) and Keene. Future potential customers of SWATS include Bethany WSC (through Keene), Godley, Grandview, Parker WSC, Rio Vista, and Johnson County-Other. BRA also provides raw water to Cleburne from Lake Aquilla and is contracted to provide additional raw water supplies from Lake Whitney to Cleburne. BRA provides raw water to Aquilla WSD which provides treated water to Brandon-Irene WSC and Files Valley WSC and (through Files Valley WSC) to Parker WSC and Milford. Through Cleburne, BRA water is used for Johnson County Steam Electric and Johnson County Manufacturing.

Dallas. Dallas treated water customers in the study area include Cedar Hill, Duncanville, Glenn Heights, Grand Prairie, Oak Leaf, and Ovilla. Red Oak and Wilmer are future customers in the study area. Dallas also has treated water contracts with Rockett SUD and Waxahachie, but those cities have no immediate plans to develop this supply.

Tarrant Regional Water District (TRWD). TRWD currently provides raw water directly or indirectly to Arlington, Bethesda WSC, Burleson, Community Water Company, Ennis, Fort Worth, Grand Prairie, Johnson County SUD, Mansfield, and Rice WSC and has contracts through TRA to provide water to many study area suppliers. Table 4.2 lists TRWD's current contractual commitments in Ellis and Johnson Counties. In addition to current customers, TRWD is expected to provide raw water that will be treated by others and used to supply Alvarado, Bardwell, Buena Vista-Bethel SUD, Ferris, Midlothian, Palmer, Pecan Hill, Red Oak, Rockett SUD, Sardis-Lone Elm WSC, Waxahachie, Ellis County Other, Ellis County Manufacturing, Bethesda WSC, and Kennedale.

Trinity River Authority (TRA). The Trinity River Authority holds the water rights in Lake Bardwell, Joe Pool Lake, and Navarro Mills Lake and provides water by contract to the following area water suppliers:

- Lake Bardwell
 - o Waxahachie
 - o Ennis

- Joe Pool Lake
 - Cedar Hill (not in use)
 - Duncanville (not in use)
 - o Grand Prairie (used for irrigation)
 - o Midlothian
- Navarro Mills Lake
 - o Corsicana
 - o Dawson
 - o Post Oak WSC
 - Texas industries

Direct and indirect customers in the study area currently using water from the TRA reservoirs include Community WC, Ennis, Ferris, Grand Prairie, Lancaster (Dallas County), Midlothian, Mountain Peak SUD, Oak Leaf, Palmer, Pecan Hill, Red Oak, Rice WSC, Rockett SUD, Venus, and Waxahachie. The TRA also serves as a contracting agency for TRWD sales of raw water in Ellis and Johnson Counties, as discussed above. Buena Vista-Bethel SUD has a contract with TRA for raw water (assumed to be treated by Waxahachie) and plans to use this in the future. Additional future customers for water from TRA reservoirs and TRWD water are expected to include Alvarado, Bardwell, Buena Vista-Bethel SUD, and Sardis-Lone Elm WSC.

Table 4.3 lists the current and potential customers of the local wholesale water providers.

Arlington. Arlington does not currently have any wholesale customers but is planning to supply treated water to Bethesda WSC and Grand Prairie.

Cleburne. Cleburne supplies water for its municipal customers as well as Johnson County Steam Electric and a portion of Johnson County Manufacturing and Johnson County Mining. The steam electric use is for a Brazos Electric Power cooperative power plant and is primarily supplied from reuse. Cleburne currently supplies mining and manufacturing from treated water but is planning a project to expand reuse to those customers as well.

Ennis. Ennis currently provides water to Community WC, East Garrett WSC (part of Ellis County Other), Rice WSC, Ellis County Manufacturing, and Ellis County Steam Electric. Bardwell is a potential future wholesale customer of Ennis.

		Su	oplier		
Ennis	Fort Worth	Mansfield	Midlothian	Rockett SUD	Waxahachie
Current Customers					
Community WC	Bethesda WSC	Johnson County SUD	Grand Prairie	Ennis	Rockett SUD
East Garrett WSC	Burleson		Mountain Peak SUD	Ferris	Ellis County-Other
Rice WSC	Kennedale		Rockett SUD	Palmer	Ellis County Manufacturing
Ellis County Manufacturing			Venus	Pecan Hill	
Ellis County Steam Electric			Ellis County Mining	Red Oak	
				Lancaster (Dallas County)	
				Oak Leaf	
				Waxahachie	
				Ellis County-Other	
Potential Future Cu	stomers				
Bardwell	None	Additional Johnson County SUD	Alvarado	Ellis County-Other (East Garrett WSC)	Buena Vista-Bethel SUD
		Grand Prairie	Additional Grand Prairie	Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	Italy
		Johnson County Mining			Maypearl
					Ellis County Steam Electric

 Table 4.3

 Current and Proposed Customers of the Local Wholesale Water Providers

Fort Worth. Fort Worth currently provides treated water to Bethesda WSC, Grand Prairie, and Burleson in the study area and has a contract to supply water to Kennedale. Fort Worth gets its raw water from the Tarrant Regional Water District.

Grand Prairie. Grand Prairie is negotiating a contract to supply treated water purchased from Mansfield to Johnson County SUD.

Johnson County SUD. Johnson County SUD supplies treated water to Joshua and provides a small amount of treated water to Alvarado. Johnson County SUD also serves a portion of Johnson County Mining. In the future, the district may also supply treated water to Bethany WSC and Grand Prairie (in 2010). Mansfield. Mansfield currently supplies a small amount of treated water to Johnson County SUD and is negotiating contracts to supply Grand Prairie and additional treated water to Johnson County SUD. In the future, Mansfield may serve a portion of Johnson County Mining.

Midlothian. Midlothian currently provides treated water to Grand Prairie, Mountain Peak SUD, Rockett SUD, Venus, and Ellis County Mining. Through Rockett SUD, Midlothian supplies the SUD's customers (part or all of Ennis, Ferris, Lancaster (Dallas County), Oak Leaf, Palmer, Pecan Hill, Red Oak, and Waxahachie). In the future, Alvarado is planning to purchase treated water from Midlothian (assuming Alvarado gets a raw water contract with Tarrant Regional Water District).

Rockett SUD. Rockett SUD currently supplies treated water to all or part of the following cities: Ennis, Ferris, Lancaster (Dallas County), Oak Leaf, Palmer, Pecan Hill, Red Oak, Waxahachie, and Ellis County-Other. As a participant with Waxahachie in the Sokoll Water Treatment Plant, Rockett SUD plans to provide treated water for Sardis-Lone Elm WSC as well.

Waxahachie. Waxahachie currently supplies treated water to Rockett SUD, as well as treated water for Ellis County Manufacturing and small municipal users included in Ellis County-Other. In the future, the city is expected to supply treated water to Buena Vista-Bethel WSC, Italy, Maypearl, and Ellis County Steam Electric.

4.4 Comparison of Contracted Supply to Projected Demands

Appendix F contains a comparison of projected demands with currently connected and contracted supplies for each water user group in the study area. The management strategies needed to connect regional supplies and meet the projected demands are discussed in Section 5.

5. Recommended Water Management Strategies

The recommended water management strategies within the study area are discussed in this section. Management strategies needed to make sufficient supplies available to regional wholesale suppliers that bring water into the study area (TRWD, TRA, BRA, Dallas, Fort Worth, and Arlington) are discussed in the 2006 regional water plans and will be updated in the 2011 regional water plans. They are not updated in this report. For this study, the assumption is that the regional water providers will continue to have water supply available when needed by study area water user groups.

Appendix F provides detailed summary tables of the population projections, currently contracted supplies, and recommended water management strategies for each of the water user groups and wholesale water providers within the study area, as well as graphs of supply versus demand. Appendix G includes detailed cost estimates for the recommended water management strategies.

5.1 Ellis County

Table 5.1 lists the recommended water management strategies for the water user groups in Ellis County. Figure 5.1 is a schematic diagram of the proposed municipal water supplies.

Waxahachie-Rockett SUD Project

One of the more significant water management strategies recommended for Ellis County is continued implementation of the TRA Ellis County Water Supply Project from the *2006 Region C Water Plan*⁽¹⁾. This project involves a partnership among Waxahachie, Rockett SUD, and the Trinity River Authority to purchase and treat water from Tarrant Regional Water District (TRWD) sources. Waxahachie and Rockett SUD are jointly constructing the new Robert W. Sokoll Water Treatment Plant. The plant will have an initial maximum day capacity of 20 million gallons per day (MGD) and an eventual maximum day capacity of 80 MGD. Waxahachie and Rockett SUD are working with other Ellis County water user groups to develop this project to meet the needs of the Central and Eastern portions of Ellis County. The cost of the initial water treatment plant is estimated to be \$49,006,000. In addition, transmission lines from the new plant to Buena Vista-Bethel SUD and to Sardis-Lone Elm WSC are also needed at an additional cost of \$8,138,000 and \$18,929,000, respectively.

Water User Group	Currently Contracted Supplies	Recommended Strategies	
Bardwell	Woodbine aquifer	Additional Woodbine aquifer (new wells), Purchase from Ennis (TRWD water through TRA)	
Brandon-Irene WSC	Aquilla WSD (Lake Aquilla), Trinity aquifer (Hill County)	None	
Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	Trinity aquifer, Waxahachie (TRWD water through TRA)	Additional Waxahachie (TRWD through TRA), additional Trinity aquifer (existing wells)	
Cedar Hill (mostly in Dallas County)	Dallas, Trinity aquifer, TRA Joe Pool (not in use)	Additional Dallas water	
Community WC	Ennis (TRA Lake Bardwell)	Additional Ennis (TRWD water through TRA)	
Ennis	TRWD water through TRA, TRA (Bardwell Lake), direct reuse (sold to Steam Electric Power)	Treatment plant expansions, indirect reuse	
Ferris	Woodbine aquifer, Rockett SUD (TRWD water through TRA)	None	
Files Valley WSC	Aquilla WSD (Lake Aquilla)	TRWD water through TRA (from Buena Vista-Bethel SUD through Waxahachie)	
Glenn Heights	Trinity aquifer, Dallas	None	
Grand Prairie (mostly in Dallas and Tarrant Counties)	Trinity aquifer, Dallas, Fort Worth (TRWD), TRA Joe Pool Lake, Midlothian	Johnson Co SUD (2010 only), Mansfield (TRWD), Arlington (TRWD), Dallas water passed through Cedar Hill, additional Midlothian	
Italy	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer, Waxahachie (TRWD water through TRA)	Additional Woodbine aquifer	
Johnson County SUD (mostly in Johnson County)	Trinity aquifer, Brazos River Authority SWATS (Lake Granbury), Mansfield (TRWD)	Temporary overdraft of Trinity aquifer in 2010, additional Mansfield (TRWD), Grand Prairie (Mansfield)	
Mansfield (mostly in Tarrant County)	Tarrant Regional Water District	Treatment plant expansions	
Maypearl	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer, Waxahachie (TRWD water through TRA)	Additional Woodbine aquifer (existing and new wells)	

 Table 5.1

 Summary of Recommended Water Management Strategies for Ellis County

Water User Group	Currently Contracted Supplies	Recommended Strategies
Midlothian	TRA (Joe Pool Lake), TRWD water through TRA, Sardis- Lone Elm WSC (retail customers)	Additional TRWD water through TRA, treatment plant expansions
Milford	Woodbine aquifer, Files Valley WSC (Lake Aquilla)	None
Mountain Peak SUD	Trinity aquifer, Midlothian	Additional Trinity aquifer (new wells), Woodbine aquifer (new wells)
Oak Leaf	Glenn Heights (Dallas), Rockett SUD (retail customers)	None
Ovilla	Woodbine aquifer, Dallas, Sardis-Lone Elm WSC (retail customers)	Additional Dallas water
Palmer	Woodbine aquifer, Rockett SUD (TRWD water through TRA)	None
Pecan Hill	Rockett SUD	None
Red Oak	Woodbine aquifer, Dallas Sources, Rockett SUD (retail customers), TRWD water through TRA (not in use)	None
Rice WSC	Lake Bardwell (Ennis), Navarro Mills Reservoir (Corsicana)	TRWD through Ennis, additional Corsicana water
Rockett SUD (mostly in Ellis County)	Midlothian, TRWD water through TRA, Dallas (not in use)	Additional TRWD water through TRA, treatment plant expansions
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC (mostly in Ellis County)	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer	Temporary overdraft of Trinity aquifer (new wells), Rockett SUD (TRWD water through TRA)
Waxahachie	Lake Bardwell (TRA), Lake Waxahachie, TRWD water through TRA, Reuse, Dallas (not in use)	Additional TRWD through TRA, treatment plant expansions
Ellis County-Other	Lake Bardwell (Ennis), Waxahachie Sources, Rockett SUD sources, Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer	Additional Trinity aquifer (new wells), Woodbine aquifer (new wells), TRWD Sources (from Rockett SUD and Waxahachie)

Table 5.1, Continued

Water User Group	Currently Contracted Supplies	Recommended Strategies
Ellis County Irrigation	Trinity aquifer, Local Supply	Woodbine aquifer, Trinity Ellis County Direct Reuse
Ellis County Livestock	Local Supply, Woodbine aquifer	
Manufacturing	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer, Midlothian, Waxahachie, Ennis (TRA Bardwell Lake)	TRWD Sources (from Rockett SUD and Waxahachie), Midlothian, Reuse
Ellis County Mining	Woodbine aquifer	None
Ellis County Steam Electric	Ennis direct reuse, Midlothian (TRA Joe Pool Lake)	Midlothian, TRA Direct Reuse, Waxahachie

Table 5.1, Continued

Notes: a. All municipal water user groups have conservation as a strategy.

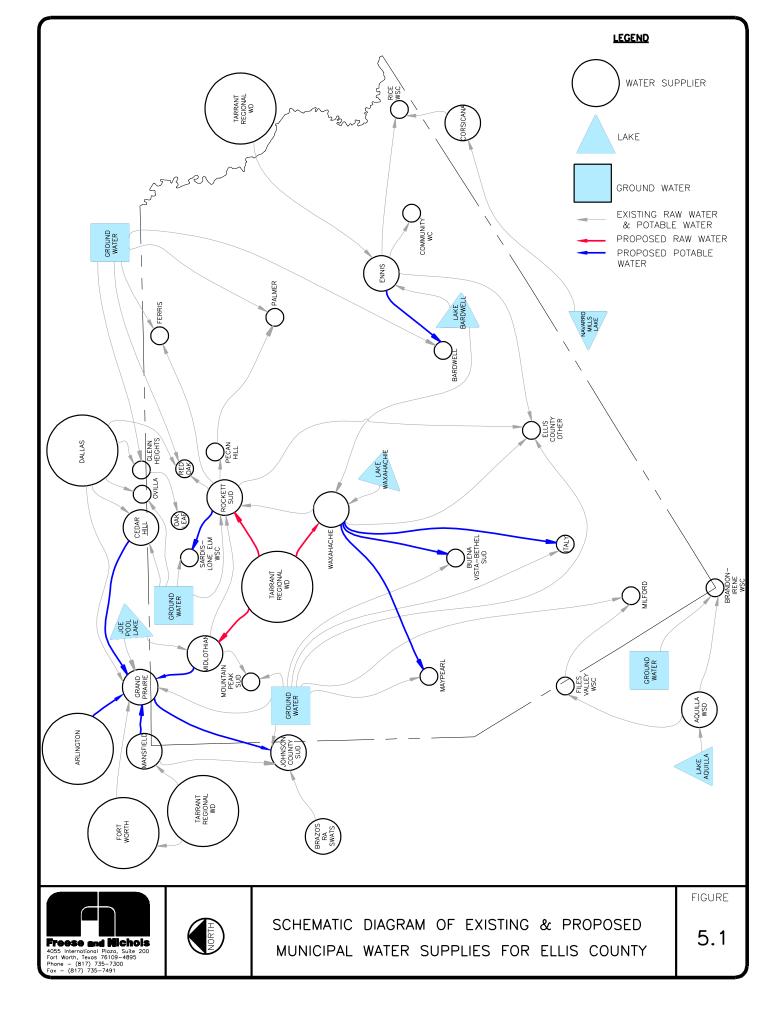
b. All water user groups with groundwater supplies have supplemental wells as a strategy.

c. Additional supplies from a source already providing water are not listed as a recommended strategy unless a water management strategy (larger contract, facility construction) is needed.

Rockett SUD currently provides treated water to residents in Ennis, Ferris, Lancaster (Dallas County), Oak Leaf, Palmer, Pecan Hill, Red Oak, Waxahachie, and Ellis County-Other, either as retail customers or by wholesale contracts with other suppliers. Rockett SUD plans to provide wholesale treated water to East Garrett WSC (Ellis County-Other) and Sardis-Lone Elm WSC in the future. Waxahachie also currently provides wholesale water to Ellis County-Other and Ellis County Manufacturing. Waxahachie plans to provide wholesale treated water to Buena Vista-Bethel SUD, Italy, and Maypearl in the future. Waxahachie may also provide water for Ellis County Steam Electric Power.

Wholesale Water Providers

The wholesale water providers in Ellis County include Ennis, Midlothian, Rockett SUD and Waxahachie. (Other suppliers, including Arlington, Dallas, and TRWD bring or will bring wholesale supplies into the county.) Table 5.2 is a summary of Ennis' projected demands and supplies. Based on current contracts, Ennis has a sufficient water supply through 2030. For demands beyond 2030, Ennis may pursue additional supplies from TRWD, Dallas, or some other source. Table 5.3 is a summary of the recommended water management strategies for Ennis.



	2010	2020	2030
Existing Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
In-City Municipal Demand	4,573	6,217	7,774
Community WC (Ellis County)	133	133	133
East Garrett WSC (Ellis County Other)	56	56	56
Rice WSC	50	50	50
Ellis County Manufacturing	347	367	384
Ellis County Steam Electric	2,098	2,615	3,302
Potential Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
Bardwell	23	45	68
TOTAL DEMAND	7,280	9,483	11,767
Currently Contracted Supplies (Acre-Feet)			
Lake Bardwell (TRA)	4,712	4,485	4,257
Direct Reuse (Steam Electric Only)	2,098	2,615	2,915
Indirect Reuse from Lake Bardwell	189	494	972
TRWD (through TRA)	3,991	3,991	3,991
TRWD (TRA through Rockett SUD)	17	17	17
Water Conservation – Basic Package	110	266	384
Water Conservation – Expanded Package	28	91	183
TOTAL SUPPLY	11,145	11,959	12,719
SURPLUS	3,865	2,476	952

Table 5.2Projected Demand and Supply for Ennis

Note: Ennis will require plant expansions to meet the projected demands.

Water Management Strategies for Ennis					
Management Strategy	Decade Assumed in Place	Capital Cost	Supply Provided (ac-ft/yr)		
3 MGD treatment plant expansion	2020	\$10,091,000	0		
3 MGD treatment plant expansion	2030	\$10,091,000	0		
Lake Bardwell Indirect Reuse	2030	\$30,883,000	972		
Water Conservation – Basic Package	ongoing		384		
Water Conservation – Expanded Package	ongoing	-	183		

Table 5.3Water Management Strategies for Ennis

Table 5.4 summarizes the demands and supplies for Midlothian, including the recommended strategies of connecting raw water supplies from TRWD, building a new water treatment plant and purchasing additional water from TRA's Joe Pool Lake. With currently contracted supplies, Midlothian has a projected shortage of 8,565 acre-feet per year as of 2030. Midlothian is seeking additional Joe Pool Lake supplies to meet part of that shortage, but it is not clear that those supplies would be available. Midlothian has indicated that it will need additional commitments of raw water from TRWD before it will sell water to Alvarado or sell additional water to Grand Prairie. It is assumed that TRWD will make additional water equal to the projected 2030 shortage available for Midlothian and its customers. For demands beyond 2030, Midlothian may pursue additional supplies from TRWD, Joe Pool Lake, or some other source. Table 5.5 is a summary of the recommended water management strategies for Midlothian.

	2010	2020	2030
Existing Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
In-City Municipal Demand	5,297	9,558	13,356
Grand Prairie	2,242	2,242	2,242
Mountain Peak SUD	816	1,304	1,865
Rockett SUD	1,544	1,682	1,682
Venus	263	493	858
Ellis County Steam Electric	224	224	224
Ellis County Mining	280	280	280
Potential Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
Alvarado	0	561	561
Additional Grand Prairie	2,522	5,045	5,045
TOTAL DEMAND	13,188	21,389	26,113
Currently Contracted Supplies (Acre-Feet)			
Joe Pool Lake (TRA)	6,670	6,496	6,156
TRWD (through TRA)	10,459	10,459	10,459
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	242	243	244
Water Conservation – Basic Package	89	248	421
Water Conservation – Expanded Package	21	94	268
TOTAL CURRENT SUPPLIES	17,481	17,540	17,548
SURPLUS OR SHORTAGE (-)	4,293	-3,849	-8,565

Table 5.4Projected Demand and Supply for Midlothian

Table 5.4, Continued

Recommended Supply Strategies (Ac-Ft)	2010	2020	2030
TRWD (through TRA) for Alvarado	0	561	561
TRWD (through TRA) for Grand Prairie	2,522	5,045	5,045
Additional TRWD (through TRA)	7,007	3,923	3,923
TOTAL RECOMMENDED SUPPLY STRATEGIES	9,529	9,529	9,529
TOTAL SUPPLY	27,010	27,069	27,077
SURPLUS WITH RECOMMENDED STRATEGIES	13,822	5,680	964

Notes: a. Midlothian plans to build a new water treatment plant to use TRWD water and will require plant expansions to meet the projected demands.

b. Additional TRWD is amount needed to address projected 2030 shortage with current supplies.

c. Midlothian is seeking 4.5 MGD of Joe Pool water, if available.

Management Strategy	Decade Assumed in Place	Capital Cost	Supply Provided (ac-ft/yr)
Connection to TRWD and 9 MGD new water treatment plant	2011	\$25,626,000	6,725
Contract for additional water from TRWD ^a (3.5 MGD to Midlothian, 4.5 MGD to Grand Prairie and 1 MGD to Alvarado)	2010	-	0
3 MGD treatment plant expansion	2014	\$10,166,000	0
6 MGD treatment plant expansion	2020	\$15,801,000	0
Additional Joe Pool water	after 2030	\$812,000	362
Water Conservation – Basic Package	ongoing	-	421
Water Conservation – Expanded Package	ongoing	-	268

Table 5.5Water Management Strategies for Midlothian

Note: a. Amount shown includes TRA contract for Alvarado and Grand Prairie.

Rockett SUD is actively participating in the development of the Robert W. Sokoll Water Treatment Plant with Waxahachie. Rockett SUD plans to use TRWD water (contracting through TRA) to meet projected water needs. Some of the TRWD water is contracted for specific customers of Rockett SUD and is available only to meet these customers' demands. Table 5.6 summarizes the demands and supplies for Rockett SUD. A significant potential new customer for Rockett SUD is Sardis-Lone Elm WSC (5.8 MGD). It is assumed that TRWD will provide

	2010	2020	2030
Existing Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
Service Area Outside Cities (Dallas County)	380	505	659
Service Area Outside Cities (Ellis County)	2,396	3,299	4,609
Ennis	17	17	17
Ferris	401	474	561
Palmer	239	250	259
Pecan Hill	160	183	205
Red Oak	601	1,010	1,250
Lancaster (Dallas County)	90	90	91
Oak Leaf	55	55	56
Waxahachie	613	616	619
Ellis County Other	70	70	70
Potential Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
Ellis County Other (East Garrett WSC)	0	9	9
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	6,502	6,502	6,502
TOTAL DEMAND	11,524	13,080	14,907
Currently Contracted Supplies (Acre-Feet)			
Midlothian sources	1,544	1,682	1,682
TRWD (through TRA)	6,782	6,782	6,782
TRWD (through TRA) for Ferris	807	807	807
TRWD (through TRA) for Palmer	304	304	304
Lake Waxahachie (Waxahachie)	0	0	0
Trinity Aquifer (Ellis County)	0	0	0
Dallas Sources (not in use)	1,592	841	34
Water Conservation - Basic Package	63	239	280
TOTAL CURRENT SUPPLIES	11,092	10,655	9,889
SURPLUS OR SHORTAGE (-)	-432	-2,425	-5,018
Recommended Supply Strategies (Ac-Ft)			
Additional TRWD (through TRA)	224	224	224
Additional TRWD (through TRA) for Sardis-Lone Elm WSC ^b	6,502	6,502	6,502
TOTAL RECOMMENDED SUPPLY	2		·
STRATEGIES	6,726	6,726	6,726
TOTAL SUPPLY	17,818	17,381	16,615

Table 5.6Projected Demand and Supply for Rockett SUD

Table 5.6, Continued

	2010	2020	2030
REMAINING EXISTING CONTRACT BALANCES COMMITTED TO SPECIFIC ENTITIES	471	387	291
SURPLUS WITH RECOMMENDED STRATEGIES	5,823	3,914	1,417

Notes: a. Rockett SUD is cooperating on the Sokoll Plant with Waxahachie and will need plant expansions to meet future needs.

b. Additional TRWD is the amount planned for 2030 supply to Sardis-Lone Elm WSC.

c. Rockett SUD currently has a contract for water from Dallas but has no plans to use it.

the additional water to meet the projected 2030 needs for Sardis-Lone Elm WSC. The total Rockett SUD shortage in 2030 is projected to be 5,018 acre-feet. A summary of capital costs and overall supply from recommended water management strategies for Rockett SUD and Waxahachie is included in Table 5.8.

Rockett SUD currently has a contract with Dallas to purchase treated water. They do not have a plan to use this supply at this time. TRWD has a policy to not contract for projected demands beyond the year 2030. With the contracted supply from Dallas, Rockett SUD may be limited in the amount of additional water supplies it might obtain from TRWD through TRA.

Table 5.7 summarizes the demands and supplies for Waxahachie. In addition to the new treatment plant being developed jointly with Rockett SUD, Waxahachie plans to expand its existing water treatment plant to provide a maximum day supply of 27 MGD by 2020. Other treatment plant expansions will be needed in the future, including an upgrading study to complete the 3 MGD expansion in 2010. The cost of these plant expansions is \$14,821,200. Waxahachie may also connect its existing water treatment plant to the new Sokoll plant by using an existing 30-inch pipeline that currently transports treated water but could transport raw water instead.

Waxahachie plans to meet its future water needs by purchasing water from TRWD through TRA. Waxahachie currently has a contract with Dallas to purchase treated water but does not have current plans to use this contracted water. TRWD has a policy to not contract for more water than what is needed beyond the year 2030. With the contracted supply from Dallas, Waxahachie will be limited in the amount of additional water supplies that it might obtain from

	2010	2020	2030
Existing Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
In-City Municipal Demand	8,255	12,155	16,009
Ellis County Other	242	240	237
Ellis County Manufacturing	970	1,028	1,075
Potential Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)	- 7		
Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	0	934	1,567
City of Italy	0	140	362
City of Maypearl	0	38	140
Ellis County Steam Electric Power	4,484	4,484	4,484
TOTAL DEMAND	13,951	19,019	23,874
Currently Contracted Supplies (Acre-Feet)			
Lake Bardwell (TRA)	3,855	3,668	3,483
Lake Waxahachie	2,667	2,573	2,480
TRWD (through TRA)	5,213	5,213	5,213
TRWD (through TRA) for Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	953	953	953
TRWD (through TRA) for Maypearl	415	415	415
TRWD (through TRA) for Avalon WSC (County-Other)	673	673	673
TRWD (through TRA) for Italy	561	561	561
TRWD (through TRA) for Nash-Forreston WSC (County-			
Other)	280	280	280
Reuse	4,128	5,128	5,128
Dallas Supplies	0	13,452	13,452
Water Conservation – Basic Package	229	580	823
Water Conservation – Expanded Package	3	25	135
TOTAL CURRENT SUPPLIES	18,977	33,521	33,596
Recommended Supply Strategies (Ac-Ft)			
Additional TRWD (through TRA)	4,484	4,484	4,484
Additional TRWD (through TRA) for Buena Vista-Bethel			
SUD	0	146	785
TOTAL RECOMMENDED SUPPLY STRATEGIES	4,484	4,630	5,269
TOTAL SUPPLY	23,461	38,151	38,865
REMAINING EXISTING CONTRACT BALANCES COMMITTED TO SPECIFIC ENTITIES	2,640	1,530	1,190
SURPLUS WITH RECOMMENDED STRATEGIES	6,870	17,602	13,801
Notes: a Wayabachie is building the Sokoll Plant in cooperation with	. /		10,001

Table 5.7Projected Demand and Supply for Waxahachie

Notes: a. Waxahachie is building the Sokoll Plant in cooperation with Rockett SUD and will need additional plant expansions to meet future needs.

b. Waxahachie has a contract for water from Dallas but has not plans to use it.

TRWD through TRA. Waxahachie is projected to have a surplus of 9,722 acre-feet in 2030. Table 5.8 is a summary of the recommended water management strategies for Rockett SUD and Waxahachie.

Management Strategy	Decade Assumed in Place	Capital Cost	Supply Provided (ac-ft/yr)
Waxahachie Additional TRA/Waxahachie Indirect Reuse	2010	\$27,374,000	3,112
20 MGD Sokoll Plant and connection to TRWD pipelines	2010	\$49,006,000	0
20 MGD expansion to Sokoll Plant	2020	\$48,677,000	0
20 MGD expansion to Sokoll Plant	2030	\$49,335,000	0
3 MGD upgrading study to Waxahachie South WTP	2010	\$7,200	0
9 MGD expansion to Waxahachie South WTP	2020	\$14,814,000	0
Waxahachie contract for 5,269 acre-feet per year from TRWD ^a	2010	\$0	5,213
Pump station to pump water from Tarrant County to Sokoll Plant (backup supply)	2012	\$5,135,000 - \$10,810,000	22,420
Pipeline to connect Waxahachie South WTP to new Sokoll WTP		minimal	0
Rockett SUD Water Conservation – Basic Package	ongoing	-	280
Waxahachie Water Conservation – Basic Package	ongoing	-	823
Waxahachie Water Conservation – Expanded Package	ongoing	-	135

 Table 5.8

 Water Management Strategies for Rockett SUD and Waxahachie

Note: a. Amount includes contractual commitment to Buena Vista-Bethel SUD.

Backup Supplies for the Sokoll Plant

As discussed in Section 3, the Tarrant Regional Water District requires Ellis County customers to make backup supply provisions for a 60-day shutdown of supplies from its pipelines. TRWD intends to include a similar clause in future contracts and expansions of contracts (although the required shut-down may be reduced in the future to 30 days). In Ellis County, this requirement would be significant to the entities with water treatment plants – Ennis, Midlothian, Waxahachie, and the partnership of Waxahachie and Rockett SUD (for the proposed

Sokoll Plant). The existing Ennis, Midlothian, and Waxahachie plants meet the requirement by having local supplies available to use during shutdowns. The proposed Midlothian plant will be located so that it can receive supplies from Lake Benbrook in Tarrant County during a shutdown. The Sokoll plant will need to develop a management strategy to operate during a shutdown of the TRWD pipelines. Alternatives that would allow continued operation of the plant include the following:

- A pipeline from Joe Pool Lake
- A pump station to bring water from Tarrant County to the Sokoll Plant during a TRWD pipeline shutdown
- Delivery of sufficient treated water from the Waxahachie south plant
- Delivery of sufficient raw water from Lake Waxahachie
- Development of adequate terminal storage at or near the Sokoll Plant.

Based on the size of the Sokoll Plant and the expected cost of the alternatives, the first two seemed most promising, and costs were developed for this study. The pump station to bring water from Tarrant County to the Sokoll Plant during a TRWD pipeline shutdown was the most cost-effective, and it is included as a recommended strategy for Rockett SUD and Waxahachie. Detailed cost estimates for each of these alternatives is included in Appendix G.

We recommend that TRWD require a regional plan to develop a backup supply capability before contracting to provide additional supply in the Ellis and Johnson County area.

Other Ellis County Water Management Strategies

Table 5.9 summarizes the cost and supply for recommended water management strategies for Ellis County. The total cost of the recommended strategies is approximately \$583 million, and they make approximately 72,700 acre-feet per year available for suppliers in Ellis County.

5.2 Johnson County

The recommended water management strategies for Johnson County water user groups are shown in Table 5.10. Figure 5.2 is a schematic of future water supplies in Johnson County. In general, the strategies call for small water user groups to develop additional groundwater and connect to major suppliers. Most of the large water user groups purchase treated water from others, with Cleburne continuing to treat raw water from Lake Pat Cleburne and raw water supplies purchased from BRA (Lake Aquilla, Lake Whitney through BRA system operations).

Water Supplier	Water Management strategy	Approximate Date	Cost	Supply Available (Ac-Ft/Yr)
All Groundwater Users	Supplemental Wells	Varies	\$81,197,000	0
Bardwell	Woodbine Wells	2010	\$3,525,000	170
Buena Vista- Bethel SUD	Connection to Waxahachie	2010	\$8,138,000	1,682
Ennis	All strategies (Table 5.3)	Varies	\$51,065,000	1,539
Files Valley WSC Italy Maypearl Ellis County- Other	South Ellis County Supply Line from Rockett SUD and Waxahachie new Sokoll WTP	2010	\$10,327,000	1,682
Grand Prairie	-	las and Tarrant C	County - Table 5.	20
Italy	Woodbine Wells	2010	\$1,083,000	249
Johnson County SUD		e Johnson County		
Mansfield			County - Table 5.	
Maypearl	Woodbine Wells	2010	\$331,000	11
Midlothian	All strategies (Table 5.5)	Varies	\$52,405,000	7,776
Mountain Peak	Trinity Wells	2010	\$4,946,000	300
SUD	Woodbine Wells	2010	\$2,282,000	50
Rockett SUD Waxahachie	All strategies (Table 5.8)	Varies	\$189,213,200 (excludes backup options)	6,451
Sardis-Lone	Connection to Rockett SUD	2010	\$18,929,000	5,045
Elm WSC	Temporary overdraft of Trinity aquifer (new wells)	2010	\$3,124,000	531
Ellis County-	Trinity Wells	2010	\$3,506,000	201
Other	Woodbine Wells	2010	\$9,096,000	919
Ellis County	Woodbine Wells	2010	\$3,747,000	563
Irrigation	Connection to TRA	2010	\$950,000	250

Table 5.9
Cost and Supply for Recommended Water Management Strategies for Ellis County

Table 5.9, Continued

Water Supplier	Water Management strategy	Approximate Date	Cost	Supply Available (Ac-Ft/Yr)
Ellis County Manufacturing	Woodbine Wells	2010	\$1,516,000	101
Ellis County	Connection to Midlothian	2010	\$0	160
Ellis County Steam Electric	Connection to Waxahachie	2010	\$4,925,000	4,484
	Connection to TRA	2010	\$127,016,000	40,000

Table 5.10 Summary of Recommended Water Management Strategies for Johnson County

Water User Group	Currently Contracted Supplies	Recommended Strategies
Acton MUD	Trinity aquifer, BRA SWATS	None
Alvarado	Trinity aquifer, Johnson County SUD	Temporarily Overdraft Trinity aquifer, Midlothian (TRWD water through TRA), additional Johnson County SUD (Mansfield, TRWD)
Bethany WSC	Trinity aquifer	Keene (BRA SWATS), Johnson County SUD
Bethesda WSC	Fort Worth (TRWD), Trinity aquifer	Arlington (TRWD), additional Fort Worth (TRWD), supplemental wells
Burleson	Fort Worth (TRWD)	None
Cleburne	Lake Pat Cleburne, BRA Lake Aquilla, BRA Lake Whitney (not yet connected), Trinity aquifer, Reuse (for Steam Electric Power)	Additional reuse, development of Lake Whitney supply from BRA System Operations
Godley	Trinity aquifer	BRA SWATS (possibly through JCSUD)
Grandview	Woodbine aquifer	BRA SWATS (possibly through JCSUD)
Johnson County SUD	BRA SWATS, Trinity aquifer, Mansfield (TRWD)	Temporary overdraft of the Trinity aquifer in 2010, Grand Prairie (Mansfield), additional Mansfield (TRWD)
Joshua	Johnson County SUD	None
Keene	BRA SWATS, Trinity aquifer	Temporary overdraft of the Trinity aquifer in 2010

Water User Group	Currently Contracted Supplies	Recommended Strategies
Mansfield (mostly in Tarrant County)	Tarrant Regional Water District	Treatment plant expansions
Mountain Peak SUD	Trinity aquifer, Midlothian	Additional Trinity aquifer (new wells), Woodbine aquifer (new wells)
Parker WSC	Trinity aquifer, Files Valley WSC (Aquilla WSD)	BRA SWATS (possibly through Johnson County SUD), supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer
Rio Vista	Trinity aquifer	Temporary overdraft of the Trinity aquifer in 2010, BRA SWATS (possibly through Johnson County SUD)
Venus	Midlothian (TRWD), Wood- bine aquifer, Trinity aquifer	None
Johnson County- Other	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer	Brazos River Authority Main Stem Lake/Reservoir (possibly through JCSUD)
Johnson County Manufacturing	Cleburne, Trinity aquifer	Direct Reuse
Johnson County Steam Electric	Cleburne	Direct Reuse
Johnson County Mining	Local Supplies, Trinity aquifer, Cleburne	Brazos River Authority Main Stem Lake/Reservoir, Mansfield
Johnson County Irrigation	Local Supplies, Trinity aquifer	None
Johnson County Livestock	Local Supplies, Trinity aquifer	None

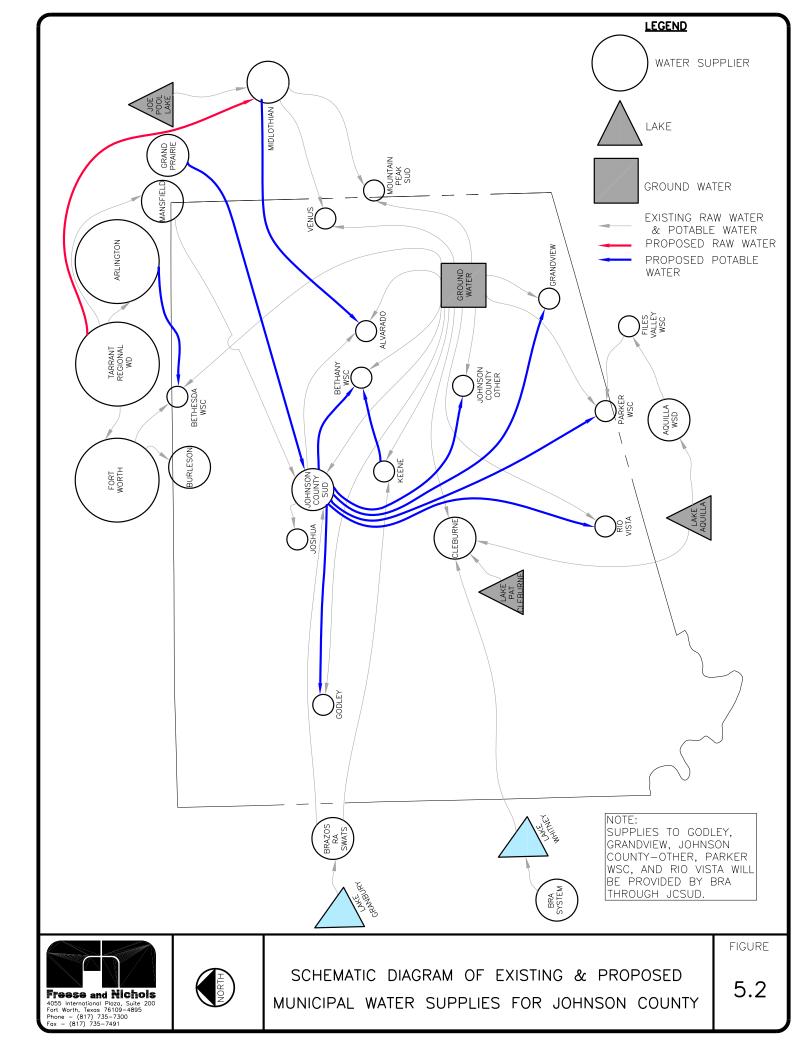
Table 5.10, Continued

Notes: a. All municipal water user groups have conservation as a strategy.

b. Additional supplies from a source already providing water are not listed as a recommended strategy unless a water management strategy (larger contract, facility construction) is needed.

Wholesale Water Providers

The Brazos River Authority is the major wholesale water provider in Johnson County. Cleburne does not wholesale water to other municipal suppliers, but it provides significant manufacturing, industrial, steam electric and mining supplies for Johnson County. Table 5.11 summarizes the projected demands and contractual supplies for Cleburne. These contractual supplies will become available upon completion of necessary transmission and treatment facilities. Cleburne plans to develop additional reuse and a desalination treatment plant and transmission system to treat and deliver Lake Whitney and BRA system water. Table 5.12 summarizes Cleburne's planned water management strategies.



	2010	2020	2030
Existing Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
In-City Municipal Demand	6,244	7,802	9,753
Johnson County Industrial	2,758	4,883	6,148
Johnson County Steam Electric	2,959	2,959	2,959
Johnson County Mining	1,009	673	673
TOTAL DEMAND	12,970	16,317	19,533
Currently Contracted Supplies (Acre-Feet)			
Lake Pat Cleburne	5,183	5,104	5,025
BRA Lake Aquilla	4,790	4,280	3,770
BRA Lake Whitney	9,700	9,700	9,700
Reuse for Steam Electric	1,344	1,344	1,344
Trinity Aquifer	1,120	1,120	1,120
Conservation (recommended in 2006 Plan)	229	515	454
TOTAL CURRENT SUPPLIES	22,366	22,063	21,413
SURPLUS OR SHORTAGE (-)	9,396	5,746	1,880
Recommended Supply Strategies (Ac-Ft)			
Reuse	2,375	3,058	4,682
BRA System	0	1,020	1,530
TOTAL RECOMMENDED SUPPLY STRATEGIES	2,375	4,078	6,212
TOTAL SUPPLY	24,741	26,141	27,625
SURPLUS WITH RECOMMENDED STRATEGIES	11,771	9,824	8,092

Table 5.11Projected Demand and Contractual Supply for Cleburne

Notes: a. Cleburne is going to build a desalination plant and delivery system to use water from Lake Whitney and the BRA system. The supply available from Lake Whitney will increase over time as the treatment plant is expanded to meet the City's needs. The treated water supply from the desalination plant will be less than the raw water supply. It is estimated that approximately 30% of the raw water supply will be discharged as reject water.

- b. The projected industrial, steam electric, and mining demands shown are all higher than assumed in the 2006 Brazos G Regional Water Plan. We recommend that the Johnson County Industrial, Steam Electric, and Mining demands be increased.
- c. The supply from the Trinity aquifer is for Johnson County Manufacturing. This supply was not included in the 2006 Brazos G Plan because the supplies in the plan were allocated according to use and aquifer availability. The supply indicated in the above table may result in short-term overdrafting of the Trinity aquifer in excess of the aquifer's availability depending on local pumping conditions. The available Trinity aquifer supply to Cleburne may be different in the 2011 Plan.

Water Management Strategy	Assumed Date	Capital Cost	Average Day Supply Made Available (Acre-Feet per Year)
West Loop Reuse Pipeline	2010	\$8,589,000	3,027
5 MGD Treatment Plant Expansion	2013	\$12,025,000	0
1.9 MGD Lake Whitney Desalination Plant	2015	\$36,910,000	2,129
1.9 MGD Lake Whitney Desalination Plant Expansion (3.8 MGD total)and Pipeline to Cleburne	2020	\$23,618,000	2,129

Table 5.12Water Management Strategies for Cleburne

Table 5.13 summarizes the demands and supplies for the Johnson County SUD. Since the completion of the 2006 Brazos G Regional Water Plan ⁽³⁾, Johnson County SUD has taken over retail service to Joshua, replacing the Johnson County Freshwater Supply District. Potential new Johnson County SUD customers may include Bethany WSC and Grand Prairie (Year 2010). Johnson County SUD currently gets its water from the BRA SWATS plant, Mansfield, and local groundwater supplies. The SUD plans to purchase additional water from Mansfield (TRWD sources) and Grand Prairie (Mansfield from TRWD sources) to meet demands through 2030 and is currently negotiating contracts with those suppliers. The SUD plans to seek other supplies to meet demands beyond 2030. An alternative strategy for Johnson County SUD is to purchase water from Dallas. However, this strategy is not actively being pursued. At the present time, the SUD does not plan to develop a reuse project through Joe Pool Lake, which was the recommended strategy in the 2006 regional water plans. Table 5.14 summarizes the recommended water management strategies for Johnson County SUD from this study

Other Johnson County Water Management Strategies

Acton MUD, Burleson, Joshua, Keene, Mansfield, Venus, Johnson County Irrigation, and Johnson County Livestock are not projected to have any water shortages or require additional water management strategies based on the assumption that existing contracted supplies will be available for these entities when needed. Grand Prairie currently has extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ) in Johnson County. However, the current city limits are not in Johnson County. Grand

	2010	2020	2030
Existing Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
Ellis County	27	52	82
Hill County	20	39	61
Johnson County	5,963	11,571	18,100
Tarrant County	263	511	800
Alvarado	11	11	11
Johnson County FWSD (Joshua)	804	1,114	1,566
Johnson County Mining	561	561	561
TOTAL EXISTING CUSTOMERS	7,649	13,859	21,181
Potential Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
Additional Alvarado	458	1,019	1,019
Bethany WSC	112	224	336
Grand Prairie	3,363	0	0
Potential Loss of Ellis County Connections	-27	-52	-82
Potential Loss of Connections to Fort Worth	0	-100	-102
Potential Loss of Connections to Burleson	0	-100	-102
TOTAL DEMAND	11,555	14,850	22,250
Currently Contracted Supplies (Acre-Feet)			
BRA SWATS (Region C)	231	231	231
BRA SWATS (Region G)	6,381	9,555	9,555
Trinity Aquifer (Region C)	1	0	0
Trinity Aquifer (Region G)	428	427	427
Water Conservation (Region C)	5	20	27
Water Conservation (Region G)	423	1,307	1,883
Mansfield (TRWD)	307	0	0
TOTAL CURRENT SUPPLIES	7,776	11,540	12,123
SURPLUS OR SHORTAGE (-)	-3,779	-3,299	-10,116
Recommended Supply Strategies (Ac-Ft)			
Temporary overdraft of Trinity aquifer	723	0	0
Mansfield (TRWD)	3,056	2,802	6,165
Potential Supply for Alvarado from Mansfield (TRWD)	0	561	561
Grand Prairie (Mansfield, TRWD)	0	6,726	6,726
TOTAL RECOMMENDED SUPPLY			
STRATEGIES	3,779	10,089	13,452

Table 5.13Projected Demand and Supply for Johnson County SUD

Table 5.13, Continued

	2010	2020	2030
TOTAL SUPPLY	11,555	21,629	25,575
SURPLUS WITH RECOMMENDED STRATEGIES	0	6,779	3,325

Notes: Johnson County SUD is currently negotiating contracts for water with Mansfield and Grand Prairie. Parker WSC, Godley, Grandview, and Rio Vista may purchase water directly from BRA SWATS in the future. Johnson County SUD may provide water treatment for these entities. Based on recent discussions among Alvarado, Mansfield, and Johnson County SUD, the potential contract amount of 6 MGD from Mansfield to Johnson County SUD might include an additional 1 MGD for Alvarado.

Management Strategy	Date Assumed in Place	Cost	Supply Made Available
Connection to Mansfield (6 MGD) ^a	2010	\$24,999,000	6,726
Connection to Grand Prairie ^b	2020	\$32,716,000	3,363
Conservation	on going	-	1,910

 Table 5.14

 Water Management Strategies for Johnson County SUD

Notes: a. The connection from Mansfield to Johnson County SUD is a 24-inch pipeline. It may need to be upsized to accommodate additional water for Alvarado, depending on the final contract agreement.

b. Grand Prairie and Johnson County SUD will share the cost of developing this connection. The total cost is shown here.

Prairie's city limits could extend into Johnson County after 2030, which is the end of the time frame considered in this study. A portion of Mansfield's southern ETJ boundary extends into Johnson County southwest of the City limits with a portion overlapping JCSUD service area. According to Mansfield, the TWDB population and water demand projections used in the 2006 Plans are underestimating Mansfield's current and future growth anticipated in Johnson County. In the 2011 Region C and Brazos G Plans, the projected population and water demand for Grand Prairie and Mansfield should reflect the likely movement and growth in the Johnson County portion of the city after 2030.

As mentioned in Section 2, the Brazos River Authority supplies much of the surface water to Johnson County entities through the BRA SWATS (Surface Water and Treatment System). The BRA SWATS project includes a 15.54 (design capacity) MGD water treatment plant that desalinates raw water from Lake Granbury, of which 10.5 MGD is currently operational. Proposed new participants in the BRA SWATS include Bethany WSC (through

Keene or JCSUD), and Godley, Grandview, Parker WSC, and Rio Vista (with contracts assumed to be directly with BRA and supplies provided through Johnson County SUD). Table 5.15 summarizes the current contracts and projected demands in the study are that are attributed to BRA. BRA raw water supplies are recommended for Cleburne, Johnson County-Other, and Johnson County Mining.

Brazos River Authority	2010	2020	2030
Demands (Based on meeting needs when they			
occur)			
Existing Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
Acton MUD	1,126	1,618	2,073
Aquilla WSD & Customers			
Brandon-Irene WSC	188	191	195
Files Valley WSC and Customers	609	618	639
Cleburne	14,490	13,980	13,470
Johnson County SUD	6,612	3,007	6,461
Keene	524	609	702
TOTAL EXISTING CUSTOMERS	23,549	20,023	23,540
Potential Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
Bethany WSC (through Keene)	271	169	77
Parker WSC*	0	0	0
Godley	141	180	224
Grandview	100	151	212
Rio Vista	54	61	69
Johnson County-Other	2,236	2,210	2,326
TOTAL POTENTIAL CUSTOMERS	2,802	2,771	2,908
TOTAL NON-SWATS DEMAND	15,287	14,789	14,304
SWATS Demands (for Existing Customers)	8,262	5,234	9,236
SWATS Demands (for Existing and Proposed			
Customers)	11,064	8,005	12,144
TOTAL DEMAND	26,351	22,794	26,448
Demands (Generally based on maximum need			
from 2010-2030 for potential customers and	2010	2020	2030
contracts for existing customers)			
Existing Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
Acton MUD	3,098	4,585	4,585
Aquilla WSD & Customers			
Brandon-Irene WSC	293	270	248
Files Valley WSC and Customers	1,063	985	907

Table 5.15Summary of Current Contracts and Projected DemandsAttributed to BRA in Johnson County

Table 5.15, Continued

Brazos River Authority	2010	2020	2030
Cleburne	19,673	19,084	18,495
Johnson County SUD	6,612	9,786	9,786
Keene	757	1,121	1,121
TOTAL EXISTING CUSTOMERS			
DEMAND	31,496	35,831	35,142
Potential Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
Bethany WSC (through Keene)	271	271	271
Parker WSC*	181	181	181
Godley	224	224	224
Grandview	212	212	212
Rio Vista	69	69	69
Johnson County-Other	2,326	2,326	2,326
TOTAL POTENTIAL CUSTOMER		3	
DEMAND	3,283	3,283	3,283
TOTAL NON-SWATS DEMAND	21,029	20,339	19,650
SWATS Demands (for Existing Customers)	10,467	15,492	15,492
SWATS Demands (for Existing and Proposed			· · · · ·
Customers)	13,750	18,775	18,775
TOTAL DEMAND	34,779	39,114	38,425
Currently Contracted Raw Water Supplies	2010	2020	2030
(Acre-Feet)	2010	2020	2030
Lake Aquilla (Cleburne)	5,300	5,300	5,300
Lake Aquilla (Aquilla WSD)	5,953	5,953	5,953
Lake Whitney (Cleburne)	9,700	9,700	9,700
Lake Granbury (Johnson County SUD)	13,210	13,210	13,210
Lake Granbury (Acton MUD)	7,000	7,000	7,000
Lake Granbury (Keene)	2,040	2,040	2,040
TOTAL NON-SWATS SUPPLIES	20,953	20,953	20,953
TOTAL SWATS SUPPLIES	22,250	22,250	22,250
TOTAL SUPPLIES	43,203	43,203	43,203
DDA CWATC To a tal Water Constru	Current l	Production	D
BRA SWATS Treated Water Contracts	(Acre-Feet per Year)		Design
(Johnson County only)	Average	Maximum	Capacity
Acton MUD	3,098	3,835	4,585
JCSUD	6,612	8,187	9,786
Keene	757	938	1,121
Total	10,467	12,960	15,492

Surplus or Shortage (Based on meeting needs when they occur)	2010	2020	2030
BRA Non-SWATS Customers	5,666	6,164	6,649
BRA SWATS Current and Potential Customers			
With Average Current Production	-597	2,462	-1,677
With Maximum Current Production	1,896	4,955	816
With Design Capacity Production	4,428	7,487	3,348
Surplus or Shortage (Based on maximum	2010	2020	2030
needs from 2010 to 2030 and Contracts)	2010	2020	2030
BRA Non-SWATS Customers	-76	614	1,303
BRA SWATS Current and Potential Customers			
With Average Current Production	-3,283	-8,308	-8,308
With Maximum Current Production	-790	-5,815	-5,815
With Design Capacity Production	1,742	-3,283	-3,283

Table 5.15, Continued

* Parker WSC has sufficient supplies from other sources to meet demands.

Alvarado is planning to purchase water from Tarrant Regional Water District through Johnson County SUD (Mansfield) and/or Midlothian. Bethesda WSC is planning to purchase additional water from Fort Worth and new supplies from Arlington. Mansfield, Midlothian, and Arlington will get raw water for these strategies from TRWD. Mansfield will sell treated water to Johnson County SUD, which would then be sold to Alvarado. Midlothian has indicated that they want Alvarado to purchase raw water from TRWD, so Midlothian does not have to commit its limited raw water resources to supply Alvarado. (Since Arlington is one of the TRWD's four primary customers, it has an "all needs met" contract with TRWD, which includes water for its wholesale customers. As a result, Bethesda WSC will probably purchase water directly from Arlington without a raw water contract with TRWD.) Grandview might consider purchasing water from TRWD sources in the future, as it is located in the Trinity Basin portion of Johnson County. The Trinity River Authority (TRA) acts as the contracting agent for TRWD water supplies in Ellis County, and TRWD supports TRA acting in the same capacity for wholesale contracts with Johnson County entities. TRA is agreeable to this arrangement.

Table 5.16 summarizes the cost and supplies for recommended water management strategies for Johnson County. The total cost of the strategies is approximately \$253 million, and they make almost 49,000 acre-feet per year of supply available for Johnson County.

Water	Water Management	Date	0	
Supplier	Strategy	Assumed	Cost	Supply
	Temporary overdraft of Trinity aquifer (new wells)	2010	\$1,890,000	444
Alvarado	Connection to Midlothian	2020	\$7,794,000	561
	Connection to JCSUD (Mansfield, TRWD)	2020	\$525,000	561
	Connection to Keene	2010	\$3,952,000	275
Bethany WSC	Connection to Johnson County SUD	2010	\$4,360,000	336
Bethesda WSC		and Tarrant Cou	nty – Table 5.20)
Burleson	Additional Connection to Ft Worth	Before 2020	\$24,530,000	-
Cleburne	All Strategies (Table 5.12)	Various	\$81,142,000	7,285
Godley	Connection to SWATS (through JCSUD)	2010	\$3,638,000	224
Grandview	Connection to SWATS (through JCSUD)	2010	\$3,600,000	212
Johnson County SUD	All strategies (Table 5.14)	Various	\$57,715,000	11,999
Mountain Peak SUD	See .	Johnson County -	- Table 5.9	
Parker WSC	Connection to SWATS (through JCSUD)	2010	\$3,467,000	181
	Connection to Johnson County SUD	2010	\$3,087,000	69
Rio Vista	Temporary overdraft of Trinity aquifer (new well)	2010	\$905,000	54
Johnson County-Other	Connection to SWATS (through JCSUD)	2010	\$13,827,000	2,326

Table 5.16
Cost and Supply for Recommended Water Management Strategies for Johnson County

5.3 Portions of Southern Dallas and Southern Tarrant Counties in Study Area

The portions of Dallas and Tarrant Counties within the study area are primarily served by the City of Dallas and the Tarrant Regional Water District. Dallas plans to continue providing service to its current customers, and to extend service to Wilmer. Duncanville will need to increase its contracted amount of supply purchased from Dallas. Table 5.17 summarizes the projected demands and contractual supplies for Grand Prairie. Grand Prairie has a number of water management strategies to meet its future water needs, as shown in Table 5.18.

	2010	2020	2030
Existing Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
In City, Ellis County Portion	88	410	1,008
In City, Dallas County Portion	27,070	32,281	37,209
In City, Tarrant County Portion	7,144	8,789	9,685
Potential Customer Demand (Acre-Feet)			
Johnson County SUD (Mansfield, TRWD)	0	6,726	6,726
TOTAL DEMAND	34,302	48,206	54,628
Currently Contracted Supplies (Acre-Feet)			
Dallas Sources	25,772	31,119	36,522
Trinity Aquifer	1,637	1,637	1,637
Fort Worth	1,121	1,121	1,121
Joe Pool Lake (TRA)	1,794	1,794	1,794
Midlothian Sources	2,242	2,242	2,242
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0
Water Conservation - Basic Package	899	1,994	2,661
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	21	207	434
TOTAL CURRENT SUPPLIES	33,486	40,114	46,411
SURPLUS OR SHORTAGE (-)	-816	-8,092	-8,217
Recommended Supply Strategies (Ac-Ft)			
Additional Midlothian	2,522	5,045	5,045
Johnson County SUD Supplies	3,363	0	0
Mansfield (TRWD Sources)	0	6,726	6,726
Arlington (TRWD Sources)	2,242	2,242	2,242
Cedar Hill (Dallas Sources)	3,363	3,363	3,363
TOTAL RECOMMENDED SUPPLY STRATEGIES	11,490	17,376	17,376
TOTAL SUPPLY	44,976	57,490	63,787
SURPLUS WITH RECOMMENDED STRATEGIES	10,674	9,284	9,159

Table 5.17Projected Demand and Supply for Grand Prairie

Management Strategy	Date Assumed in Place	Cost	Supply Made Available
Additional Midlothian	2010	\$7,296,000	5,044
Johnson County SUD Supplies*	2010	See Table 5.14	
Mansfield (TRWD Sources)	2010	\$18,029,000	6,726
Additional Mansfield (TRWD Sources)	2030	\$8,014,000	3,363
Arlington (TRWD Sources)	2010	\$2,673,000	2,242
Cedar Hill (Dallas Sources)	2010	\$4,285,000	3,363

Table 5.18Water Management Strategies for Grand Prairie

Note: The cost for the connection between Grand Prairie and Johnson County SUD will be shared. The total cost is included in Table 5.14.

Tarrant Regional Water District will continue providing water to its current customers in the Tarrant County area. Bethesda WSC currently purchases water from Fort Worth (TRWD). A new strategy for Bethesda WSC is to purchase water from Arlington (also originating from TRWD) to supplement the supply to the east side of their service area.

The small portions of Sardis-Lone Elm WSC and Rockett SUD that extend into Dallas County will obtain water from projects in Ellis County, as described in detail in Section 6.1 of this report. Table 5.19 summarizes the recommended strategies for the water user groups in the southern portion of Dallas and Tarrant Counties that are included in this study. Table 5.20 summarizes the costs associated with the recommended strategies in Dallas and Tarrant Counties.

 Table 5.19

 Recommended Water Management Strategies in Southern Dallas and Southern Tarrant Counties

Water User Group	Currently Contracted Supplies	Recommended Strategies
Bethesda WSC	Fort Worth (TRWD), Trinity aquifer	Arlington (TRWD), additional Fort Worth (TRWD)
Burleson	Fort Worth (TRWD)	None
Cedar Hill	Dallas, Trinity aquifer, TRA Joe Pool Lake (not in use)	Additional Dallas water
Duncanville	Dallas TRA Joe Pool Lake (not in use)	Additional Dallas water
Glenn Heights	Trinity aquifer, Dallas	None

Water User Group	Currently Contracted Supplies	Recommended Strategies
Grand Prairie (mostly in Dallas and Tarrant Counties)	Trinity aquifer, Dallas, Fort Worth (TRWD), TRA Joe Pool Lake, Midlothian	Johnson Co SUD (2010 only), Mansfield (TRWD), Arlington (TRWD), additional Dallas water passed thru Cedar Hill, additional Midlothian
Kennedale	Trinity aquifer, Fort Worth (TRWD)	None
Mansfield	TRWD	None
Ovilla	Woodbine aquifer, Dallas, Sardis-Lone Elms WSC (retail customers)	Additional Dallas water
Rockett SUD (mostly in Ellis County)	Midlothian, TRWD water through TRA, Dallas (not in use)	Additional TRWD water through TRA, treatment plant expansions
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC (mostly in Ellis County)	Trinity aquifer, Woodbine aquifer	Temporary overdraft of Trinity aquifer (new wells), Rockett SUD (TRWD water through TRA)
Wilmer	Trinity aquifer	Purchase water from Dallas, temporary overdraft of the Trinity aquifer in 2010

Table 5.19, Continued

Notes: a. All municipal water user groups have conservation as a strategy.

b. All water user groups with groundwater supplies have supplemental wells as a strategy.

c. Additional supplies from a source already providing water are not listed as a recommended strategy unless a water management strategy (larger contract, facility construction) is needed.

Table 5.20 Cost and Supply for Recommended Water Management Strategies for Southern Dallas and Southern Tarrant counties

Water Supplier	Water Management Strategy	Date Assumed	Cost	Supply
All Groundwater Users	Supplemental Wells	Varies	\$23,405,000	0
Bethesda WSC	Connection to Arlington	2010	\$15,494,000	2,803
Grand Prairie	All Strategies Table 5.18	Varies	\$40,297,000	20,738
Mansfield	15 MGD WTP Expansion	2010	\$28,053,000	0
Rockett SUD	See Ellis County Table 5.9			
Sardis Lone Elm WSC	See Ellis County Table 5.9			

Table 5.20, Continued

Water Supplier	Water Management Strategy	Date Assumed	Cost	Supply
Wilmer	Temporary Connection to Hutchins for Dallas water	2010	\$2,492,000	1,095
	Connection to Dallas	2020	\$3,478,000	0

Table 5.21 summarizes the recommended demand projections, the currently contracted water supplies, and the recommended water management strategies for the study area.

Table 5.21 Summary of Projected Demand, Currently Contracted Supplies, and Water Management Strategies within the Study Area

Description	2010	2020	2030
Recommended Demand	170,560	219,157	265,788
Current Supply Based on Existing Contracts	167,473	220,963	246,794
Surplus/Shortage	-3,087	1,806	-18,994
Water Management Strategies	36,632	39,890	45,884
Final Surplus/Shortage	33,544	41,696	26,891

6. Implementation Plan for Recommended Strategies

The implementation plan for the strategies recommended in this plan includes both surface water and groundwater sources. The implementation of surface water supplies includes the following components:

- Obtain water rights and/or develop new or expand existing water supply contracts
- Obtain required permits
- Design and construct required facilities

The implementation plan for groundwater strategies includes the following components:

- Obtain required permits
- Design and construct required facilities

Table 6.1 summarizes the recommended water management strategies and the approximate inservice date for each.

Owner	Project	Approximate In-service Year
Ellis County		
Bardwell	New Well in Woodbine Aquifer	2010
Bardwell	Purchase Water from Ennis (TRWD Sources)	2010
Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	TRA Ellis County Water Supply Project (TRWD Sources) Conveyance – Phase 1	2020
Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	TRA Ellis County Water Supply Project (TRWD Sources) Conveyance – Phase 2	2030
Ennis	Indirect Reuse through Lake Bardwell	2010
Ennis	Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 3 MGD	2020
Ennis	Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 3 MGD	2030
Files Valley WSC, Italy, Maypearl, Ellis County-Other	South Ellis County Water Supply Line – Phase 1 (TRWD Sources)	2020
Files Valley WSC, Italy, Maypearl, Ellis County-Other	South Ellis County Water Supply Line – Phase 2 (TRWD Sources)	2030
Italy	New Wells in Trinity Aquifer	2010
Maypearl	New Wells in Woodbine Aquifer	2010

 Table 6.1

 Implementation Plan for Recommended Water Management Strategies

Table 6.1, Continued

Owner	Project	Approximate In-service Year
Midlothian	Ellis County Water Supply Project – Phase 1 (TRWD Sources)	2020
Midlothian	Ellis County Water Supply Project – Phase 2 (TRWD Sources)	2030
Midlothian	Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 3 MGD	2020
Midlothian	Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 6 MGD	2030
Midlothian	Additional Joe Pool Lake	After 2030
Mountain Peak SUD	New Wells in Trinity Aquifer	2010
Mountain Peak SUD	New Wells in Woodbine Aquifer	2010
Ovilla	Additional Water from Dallas – 16" pipeline	2010
Rockett SUD and Waxahachie	Sokoll WTP of 20 MGD	2010
Rockett SUD and Waxahachie	Sokoll WTP Expansion of 20 MGD	2020
Rockett SUD and Waxahachie	Sokoll WTP Expansion of 20 MGD	2030
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	Connection to Rockett SUD (TRWD Sources) – Phase 1	2010
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	Connection to Rockett SUD (TRWD Sources) – Phase 2	2020
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	Connection to Rockett SUD (TRWD Sources) – Phase 3	2030
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	New Wells in Trinity Aquifer	2010
Waxahachie	Additional TRA/Waxahachie Indirect Reuse	2020
Waxahachie	Southern WTP Expansion of 3 MGD	2010
Waxahachie	Southern WTP Expansion of 6 MGD	2030
Ellis County-Other	New Wells in Trinity Aquifer	2010
Ellis County-Other	New Wells in Woodbine Aquifer	2010
Ellis County Irrigation	New Wells in Woodbine Aquifer	2010
Ellis County Irrigation	TRA Reuse for Dallas and Ellis County Irrigation from 10-Mile Creek Project	
Ellis County Manufacturing	New Wells in Woodbine Aquifer	2010
Ellis County Steam Electric Power	TRA Ellis County SEP Reuse	2010
Ellis County Steam Electric Power	Connection to Waxahachie	2010

Table 6.1, Continued

Owner	Project	Approximate In-service Year
Johnson County		
Alvarado	Connection to JCSUD (Mansfield, TRWD Sources)	2020
Alvarado	New Wells in Trinity Aquifer	2010
Alvarado	Connection to Midlothian (TRWD Sources)	2020
Bethany WSC	Connection to Keene (BRA SWATS)	2010
Bethany WSC	Connection to JCSUD	2010
Bethesda WSC	Connection to Arlington	2010
Cleburne	Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 5 MGD	2013
Cleburne	West Loop Reuse Pipeline	2010
Cleburne	WTP Expansion of 1.9 MGD and Pipeline	2020
Cleburne	Lake Whitney Diversion of 1.9 MGD	2015
Godley	Purchase WTP Capacity from JCSUD	2010
Grandview	Connection to BRA SWATS (Purchase BRA Supply through JCSUD)	2010
Grandview, Rio Vista and Parker WSC	Pipeline from BRA SWATS to Johnson County SUD for Grandview, Rio Vista and Parker WSC	2010
Johnson County SUD	Connection to Mansfield	2010
Johnson County SUD	Connection to Grand Prairie	2020
Parker WSC	Connection to BRA SWATS	2010
Rio Vista	Connection to BRA SWATS	2010
Johnson County-Other	Connection to BRA SWATS	2010
Johnson County-Other	BRA Mainstem	2010
BRA	SWATS Plant Expansion (Total Capacity of 15.5 MGD)	2010
BRA	SWATS Plant Expansion (Total Capacity of 20 MGD)	2020
Southern Dallas County		
Grand Prairie and Johnson County SUD	and Prairie and Connection to Send Water from JCSUD to Grand Prairie in 2010 and then from Grand Prairie to	
Grand Prairie	Connection to Midlothian	2010
Grand Prairie	Connection to Mansfield (TRWD Sources)	2010
Grand Prairie	Additional Connection to Mansfield (TRWD Sources)	2030
Grand Prairie	Connection to Arlington (TRWD Sources)	2010
Grand Prairie	Connection to Cedar Hill (Dallas Sources)	2010

Table 6.1, Continued

Owner	Project	Approximate In-service Year
Wilmer	Connection to DWU	2020
Wilmer	Connection to DWU through Hutchins	2010
Dallas and Johnson County Steam Electric Power	TRA Reuse	2010
Southern Tarrant County		
Arlington	WTP Expansion of 32 MGD	2010
Burleson	Connection to Fort Worth	2010
Mansfield	WTP Expansion of 15 MGD	2010

7. Alternative Water Management Strategies

Most of the water user groups that participated in this study provided their preferred water management strategies for consideration and inclusion in this report. Four strategies that were included in the 2006 Region C Water Plan have been added as alternative water management strategies in this report:

- Joint Project of Rockett SUD, Red Oak, and Waxahachie to Purchase Water from Dallas
- Johnson County SUD Purchase Water from Dallas
- Mountain Peak SUD Purchase Additional Water from Midlothian
- Mountain Peak SUD Purchase Water from Rockett SUD

A cost estimate for each of these alternatives is included in Appendix H.

As discussed in Section 3.1, the joint venture by Rockett SUD, Red Oak, and Waxahachie to purchase water from Dallas is not longer being pursued. Red Oak has constructed its own pipeline to Dallas to purchase water. Rockett SUD and Waxahachie are jointly constructing the Sokoll Water Treatment Plant as discussed in Section 5.1. Rockett SUD and Waxahachie are planning to purchase raw water from Tarrant Regional Water District for treatment at the Sokoll plant. An alternative strategy for these entities would be to jointly develop a pipeline to purchase water from Dallas.

Johnson County SUD's preferred water management strategy is to purchase treated water from Tarrant Regional Water District customers. An alternative strategy for Johnson County SUD could be the purchase of treated water from Dallas. The pipeline from Dallas would be lengthy and maintaining water quality could be problematic considering the distance that the water would travel. Additional study of this strategy is suggested before pursuing this alternative strategy.

Mountain Peak SUD prefers to stay on groundwater. They currently obtain a small amount of treated water from Midlothian. Should Mountain Peak SUD decide to increase the surface water supply in their system, they could purchase additional treated surface water supplies from Midlothian or they could purchase treated water supplies from Rockett SUD.

8. Recommendations

The updated population and demand projections in the study area are greater than the projections in the 2006 Region C Water Plan and the 2006 Brazos G Water Plan. A number of entities within the study area that have traditionally relied on groundwater are seeking contracts with local wholesale water providers for surface water sources. In turn, some of these local wholesale water providers are seeking additional water supplies from the regional water providers, particularly the Brazos River Authority (BRA) and Tarrant Regional Water District (TRWD). Table 8.1 shows current and future sources of water supply for water user groups in the study area.

The Brazos River Authority is in the process of obtaining a Texas Commission on Environmental Quality permit for system operation, which will allow additional water to be contracted. Currently, the BRA SWATS project is fully contracted. As additional supplies become available, BRA will consider contracting these supplies.

The Tarrant Regional Water District has received a number of requests for additional water supply contracts. Because of contract restrictions, TRWD can not contract for projected water needs after 2030 at this time. Table 8.2 lists TRWD's current contractual commitments in the study area and recommendations for new and increased water supply contracts.

The recommended changes from the 2006 regional water plans $^{(1, 2)}$ include:

- Higher projections of supply and demand for water user groups in the study area
- Reclassification of the Rockett SUD-Waxahachie-Red Oak project that was slated to use treated Dallas water from a recommended strategy to an alternative strategy
- Inclusion of the Waxahachie-Rockett SUD water treatment plant to provide treated water supplies in Ellis County and potential customers to be supplied by the plant
- Red Oak connection to Dallas planned to be in service in 2008
- Kennedale connection to Fort Worth completed
- New water management strategies for Alvarado, Bethany WSC, Grand Prairie, Grandview, and Johnson County SUD
- Arlington considers becoming a wholesale water provider
- Updated cost estimates for all water management strategies in the study area.

Table 8.1 Current and Future Supplies for Study Area Water User Groups

			New		1 1		1			Vater Supply			I.	1		1 1		
Water User Group	Primary County	Other Counties	Sources for	Ground-	Own Surface	TRA Reser-		WD Through		allas Through		SWATS Through		r BRA Through	Reuse	Surface from Other	Local	Comments
	County		Future?	water	Water	voirs	Direct	Others	Direct	Others	Direct	Others	Direct	Others	Keuse	Suppliers	Supplies	
Cedar Hill	Dallas	Ellis																Does not have plans to use TRA contract for Joe Pool Lake in ne
Duncanville	Dallas																	future. Does not have plans to use TRA contract for Joe Pool Lake in ne
		-				-												future. May get water from Dallas through Cedar Hill and TRWD through
Grand Prairie	Dallas	Tarrant, Ellis																Arlington, Mansfield, and Midlothian.
Wilmer	Dallas		•					•		•								May get Dallas water through Hutchins or Lancaster.
Bardwell	Ellis		•					V										Will get TRWD water through Waxahachie.
Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	Ellis																	Will get TRWD water through Waxahachie.
Community Water Company	Ellis Ellis																	Supplies are from Ennis.
Ennis Ferris	Ellis		-					•										Will get TRWD water through Rockett SUD.
Glenn Heights		Dallas						•								-		will get TKWD water through Rockett SOD.
Italy	Ellis	Dallas						V										Will get TRWD water through Waxahachie.
Maypearl	Ellis							V										Will get TRWD water through Waxahachie.
Midlothian	Ellis			-			•	•										Will build plant to treat TRWD water.
Milford	Ellis		-			_	•											will build plant to treat TKWD water.
Mountain Peak SUD	Ellis	Johnson												-			•	Plans to drill Woodbine wells.
Oak Leaf	Ellis	Johnson		-				•									•	May get TRWD water through Rockett SUD.
Ovilla	Ellis	Dallas	-					•		-						-		May get TKWD water through Rockett SOD.
Palmer	Ellis	Dallas						•										Will get TRWD water through Rockett SUD.
Pecan Hill	Ellis			-														Rockett SUD currently provides all water supply to Pecan Hill.
Fecali Hill	EIIIS															-		Will get TRWD water through Rockett SUD for portion of city
Red Oak	Ellis		. •					▼										located in Rockett SUD's CCN. Red Oak is purchasing wholesal treated water from Dallas.
Rockett SUD	Ellis	Dallas					•											Will connect to TRWD with Sokoll plant.
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	Ellis	Dallas					•	•								-		
Waxahachie	Ellis	Dallas					•	•										May get TRWD water through Rockett SUD. Will connect to TRWD with Sokoll plant.
Ellis County-Other	Ellis				-	-	V											May get TRWD water through Rockett SUD and Wax.
Ellis County Irrigation	Ellis						•								•			May get TKWD water through Rockett SOD and Wax.
Ellis County Livestock	Ellis		•	-											•		-	
Ellis County Manufacturing	Ellis																	Ennis, Midlothian, Waxahachie
Ellis County Mining	Ellis					-		-								-		Emilis, ividiotilian, waxanacine
Ellis County Steam Electric Power	Ellis			-														Ennis and Midlothian now. Waxahachie and TRA reuse future.
Brandon-Irene WSC		Ellis														_		BRA Lake Aquilla from Aquilla WSC.
Files Valley WSC	Hill	Ellis																Lake Aquilla water through Aquilla WSC.
Acton MUD	Hood	Johnson																
Alvarado	Johnson							V										May get TRWD water through Midlothian
Bethany WSC	Johnson							V										May get BRA SWATS water through Keene or JCSUD.
Bethesda WSC	Johnson	Tarrant		▲														Has TRWD water through Fort Worth, will get from Arlington.
Burleson	Johnson	Tarrant																TRWD water through Fort Worth.
Cleburne	Johnson																	Will develop desalination to use BRA water from Whitney.
Godley	Johnson											•						May get BRA SWATS water through JCSUD.
Grandview	Johnson											•						May get BRA SWATS water through JCSUD.
Johnson County SUD	Johnson	Tarrant, Ellis	•															Additional TRWD water via Mansfield. Will get Grand Prairie water.
Joshua	Johnson																	Supplied by Johnson County SUD.
Keene	Johnson																	
Parker WSC	Johnson	Hill										▼						Will get BRA SWATS water through JCSUD.
Rio Vista	Johnson											•						May get BRA SWATS water through JCSUD.
Venus	Johnson							•										TRWD water from Midlothian.
Johnson County-Other	Johnson											V		V				Will get BRA SWATS water through JCSUD.
Johnson County Irrigation	Johnson																	Č.
Johnson County Livestock	Johnson																	
Johnson County Manufacturing	Johnson														V			Cleburne reuse.
Johnson County Mining	Johnson												▼					Cleburne reuse.
Johnson County Steam Electric	Johnson						1	1										
Rice WSC		Ellis																
Kennedale	Tarrant						1	•										TRWD water through Fort Worth.
Mansfield		Johnson, Ellis						1										Č.
Vlansfield																		

	Current Average	Recommended	Recommended
Entity	Day Contract	Increase	Contract Amount
	Amount (MGD)	(MGD)	(MGD)
Alvarado (through Midlothian)	0.000	0.500	0.500
Avalon WSC (Ellis Co. Other)	0.600	0.000	0.600
Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	0.850	0.700	1.550
Ennis	3.560	0.000	3.560
Ferris	0.720	0.000	0.720
Grand Prairie (through Midlothian)	2.000	4.500	6.500
Italy	0.500	0.000	0.500
Maypearl	0.370	0.000	0.370
Midlothian	6.330	3.500	9.830
Nash-Forreston WSC	0.250	0.000	0.250
Palmer	0.271	0.000	0.271
Red Oak	1.800	0.000	1.800
Rockett SUD	6.050	0.200	6.250
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	0.000	5.800	5.800
Venus (through Midlothian)	1.000	0.000	1.000
Waxahachie	4.650	4.000	8.650
Total	28.951	19.200	48.151

Table 8.2
Recommended New and Additional TRWD Contracts in the Study Area

Notes: a. Grand Prairie will also have contracts for TRWD water from Arlington, Fort Worth, and Mansfield. Johnson County SUD is also seeking an additional contract, which may partially supply Alvarado, for TRWD water from Mansfield. Arlington, Fort Worth, and Mansfield have "all needs met" contracts with TRWD. Any entity seeking supplies directly from one of these contracting parties is not expected to contract for raw water from TRWD.

- b. Additional amounts for Alvarado and Grand Prairie will be supplied through Midlothian.
- c. Additional amount for Buena Vista-Bethel SUD will be supplied through Waxahachie.

d. Additional amount for Sardis-Lone Elm WSC will be supplied through Rockett SUD.

APPENDIX A

REFERENCES

Appendix A References

- (1) Freese and Nichols, Inc., Alan Plummer Associates, Inc., Chiang, Patel & Yerby, Inc., and Cooksey Communications, Inc.: 2006 Region C Water Plan, prepared for the Region C Water Planning Group, Fort Worth, January 2006.
- (2) HDR Engineering, Inc., Freese and Nichols, Inc., R.W. Harden and Associates, Inc., Hicks and Company, Inc., and Fletcher Communications: *Brazos G Regional Water Plan*, prepared for the Brazos G Regional Water Planning Group, January 2006.
- (3) Texas Water Development Board: Water for Texas 2007, Austin, December 2006.
- (4) North Central Texas Council of Governments: 2007 Population Estimates by City and County, [Online], Available URL: http://www.nctcog.org/ris/demographics/population.asp, September 2007.
- (5) Espey, Huston & Associates, Inc., Alan Plummer & Associates, Inc., and Rone Engineers: Regional Water Study for Ellis County and Southern Dallas County, prepared for the Trinity River Authority of Texas and the Texas Water Development Board, September 1989.
- (6) Freese and Nichols, Inc., Alan Plummer Associates, Inc., Chiang, Patel & Yerby, Inc., and Cooksey Communications, Inc.: *Region C Water Plan*, prepared for the Region C Water Planning Group, Fort Worth, January 2001.
- (7) United States Census Bureau: Census Data for the State of Texas: Population by County, Population by Place, [Online], Available URL: <u>http://www.census.gov/census2000/states/tx.html</u>, September 2007.
- (8) Texas State Data Center and Office of the State Demographer: 2007 Population Estimates for Texas Places, [Online], Available URL: <u>http://txsdc.utsa.edu/tpepp/2006_txpopest_place.php</u>, September 2007.
- (9) Freese and Nichols, Inc., *Regional Water Supply and Wastewater Services Study for Johnson and Parker Counties, Phase I*, prepared for the Brazos River Authority and Tarrant Regional Water District, April 2004.
- (10) Freese and Nichols, Inc., *Long Range Water Supply and Water and Wastewater Master Plan*, prepared for the City of Midlothian, October 2006.
- (11) HDR, Inc., *Evaluation of Additional Water Supplies from the Trinity and Brazos River Basins*, prepared for the Johnson County Special Utility District, November 2006.
- (12) Childress Engineers, *System Hydraulics*, prepared for Sardis-Lone Elm Water Supply Corporation, March 2004.
- (13) R.W. Harden & Associates, Inc., Freese and Nichols, Inc., and Bureau of Economic Geology: Northern Trinity/Woodbine Aquifer Groundwater Availability Model Assessment of Groundwater Use in the Northern Trinity Aquifer Due To Urban Growth and Barnett Shale Development, prepared for the Texas Water Development Board, January 2007.

APPENDIX B

SAMPLE SURVEY

REGION C WATER PLANNING GROUP

Senate Bill One Third Round of Regional Water Planning - Texas Water Development Board

Board Members James (Jim) Parks, Chair Jody Puckett, Vice Chair (Vacant), Secretary Steve Berry Jerry W. Chapman Frank Crumb Russell Laughlin Bill Lewis G. K. Maenius Howard Martin Jim McCarter Dr. Paul Phillips Irvin M. Rice Robert O. Scott Connie Standridge Jack Stevens Danny Vance Mary E. Vogelson Dr. Tom Woodward October 17, 2007

Mr. Wade Rhodes Water & Sewer Director City of Bardwell P. O. Box 271 Bardwell, TX 76101

Subject: Regional Water Planning – Regional System Implementation Plans

Dear Mr. Rhodes:

The Region C Water Planning Group has begun the third round of regional water planning, as required by Senate Bill One, passed by the Legislature in June 1997. A few weeks ago you, or one of your coworkers, received a survey regarding conservation and water reuse strategies. This first survey was sent to water providers in the sixteen counties that comprise Region C.

This second survey, attached herein, is more focused on water supplies in your area. More specifically, the Texas Water Development Board is funding a study that will evaluate the regional water supply delivery in Ellis County and portions of Southwest Dallas County, Southeast Tarrant County, and Johnson County. This survey is being sent to only a select group of water providers; thus your input is critical to the identification and evaluation of regional water supply delivery concepts. Please complete the attached survey and return it by November 9, 2007 to:

Rick Shaffer Chiang, Patel and Yerby, Inc. 1820 Regal Row, Suite 200, Dallas, TX 75235 FAX: (214) 638-3723

If you have any questions or want additional information as you review these data and fill out the questionnaire, please call Rick Shaffer at (214) 638-0500. We greatly appreciate your attention and cooperation in this matter, which will help shape long-range water supply planning in Region C.

Sincerely,

James M Par

c/o NTMWD 505 E. Brown Street P. O. Box 2408 Wylie, Texas 75098-2408 972/442-5405 972/442-5405/Fax jparks@ntmwd.com

James (Jim) M. Parks Chair, Region C Water Planning Group

Cc: Dr. Scott Mack, Chair Brazos G Planning Group

Region C Water Planning Group Regional System Implementation Plan Survey Please Return by November 9, 2007

Name of Supplier:	City of Bardwell			
Contact Person:				
Telephone Number:_		FAX:	 	
Email Address:				
Mailing Address:				

1. The tables below present the population and water use projections adopted for each decade through 2060 by the Texas Water Development Board (in 2003) and used in the 2006 regional water plans. Are these projections reasonable? If not, please provide updated projections that should be used for planning.

Year	TWDB Population Projections	Your Updates to Population Projections		
2000 (Census)		583		
2005	Not Projected			
2010	838			
2015	Not Projected			
2020	1,075			
2025	Not Projected			
2030	1,308			
2035	Not Projected			
2040	1,546			
2050	1,813			
2060	2,107			

Year	TWDB Water Use Projections (acre-ft)	Your Water Use Projections				
		Projections	Units			
2010	103					
2015	Not Projected					
2020	130					
2025	Not Projected					
2030	155					
2035	Not Projected					
2040	182					
2050	213					
2060	248					

2. If you provided alternative population and water use projections above, please explain your methodology (so that we can discuss updates with the TWDB). Please feel free to attach a separate page.

3. The following table summarizes the current water supply sources (as of Spring 2005) for your utility in the 2006 regional water plans. Are the sources of water supply and amounts listed on the table representative of your current supply? If not, please update as appropriate and note specific amounts of water that may be associated with each supply (contract amount or groundwater well capacity).

	Supplies shown in the 2006 Regional Water Plans (acre-ft/yr)			Updates for your utility's supplies (acre-ft/yr)				ies	
Current Supplies	2010 2020 2030			2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	
Woodbine Aquifer	78	78	78						
Add unlisted currently connect	Add unlisted currently connected supplies here:								
Total Current Supply	78	78	78						

4. Upon what information are the supplies in #3 based? (well capacity, contract, treatment plant limitations, etc.)

5. Describe any special conditions of your utility's current water supply system

Difficulty meeting peak day demands Water quality issues

Cost of existing supplies are increasing and becoming too high

Other (please specify):

No special conditions. We expect good water quality and sufficient quantity through at least Year _____ (insert future year)

6. Select the growth pattern than describes your utility best (please check all that apply).

Other (please specify):

Uniform growth over service areaRapid growth in localized areasPlanned *expansion* of service areasPlanned *reduction* of service areasNo noticeable growth patternsVolume

7. The 2006 regional water plans recommend the following water supply strategies to meet your future water demands. Do these strategies represent your current plans?

Yes No								
Water Supply Strategies	Amount of Supply from the 2006 Plans (acre-ft/yr)							
water suppry strategies	2010	2020	2030					
Water Conservation - Basic Package	2	7	9					
Additional Woodbine Aquifer (New Wells)	34	58	84					
Supplemental Wells in Woodbine Aquifer	0	0	0					
Total Supply Strategies	36	65	93					

Note: "Supplemental Wells" refers to the replacement of existing wells, or installation of new wells, for the purpose of maintaining existing groundwater supplies. This is because production from existing wells is expected decline over time due to siltation, declining water levels, and aging materials. Although the supply values for supplemental wells are shown as 0 in the "Water Supplies Strategy" table, this strategy is considered necessary in order to maintain the constant level of aquifer supplies shown in the "Current Supplies" table.

8. Please describe other potential sources of water supply, and indicate if these are being considered or actively pursued. (Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

Other Weter Strategies		Indicate:				
Other Water Strategies, not previously listed	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	Considered (C) or Actively pursued (A)

9. Do you currently supply water to any other entities on a wholesale basis? If so, please list the wholesale customers you supply and the contract amount for each. (Use additional sheets if necessary)

Wholesale C	ustomer
-------------	---------

Contracted Supply Units

10. Do you plan to add or remove any wholesale customers in the next two years? If so, please list potential changes and possible amounts of water associated with the potential new contracts.

Potential New Wholesale Customers	Potential Contra	act Amounts	Units	
11. Are you interested in becoming a w supplying water?	_		you consider	

12. Other than the 2007 State Water Plan, 2006 Region C Water Plan, and the 2006 Brazos G Regional Water Plan, are you aware of any other water supply studies for your area? (Please provide a copy of any available reports or studies, or suggest where we might obtain one.)

13. Are you interested in becoming a regional water supplier, or participating in a regional watersupply system?YesNo

If yes, would you like someone to contact you to discuss? Yes No

Please return completed survey by November 9, 2007 to: Rick Shaffer, Chiang, Patel and Yerby, Inc.,1820 Regal Row, Suite 200, Dallas, TX 75235 FAX: (214) 638-3723

WUG	Title	First Name	Last Name	Job Title	Region	County	Address1	Address2	City	State	Postal Code
City of Bardwell	Mr.	Wade	Rhodes	Water & Sewer Director	С	Ellis	P. O. Box 271		Bardwell	ТΧ	76101
Bethany WSC	Mr.	John	Daniel	General Manager	G	Johnson	133 S. County Road 810		Alvarado	ТΧ	76009-8409
Brandon-Irene WSC	Mrs.	Mary	Cox		C&G	Ellis / Navarro / Hill	P.O. Box 87		Brandon	ТΧ	76628-0087
City of Cleburne	Mr.	Chester	Nolen	City Manager	G		P.O. Box 677		Cleburne	ТΧ	76033
Community Water Company	Mr.	Steve	Stroube		С	Ellis / Navarro	P.O. Box 730		Corsicana	ТΧ	75151
City of Ferris	Mr.	Charlie	James	Water Director	С	Ellis	100 Town Plaza		Ferris	ТΧ	75125
Files Valley WSC	Mr.	Kent	Smith	Water Superintendent	C&G	Ellis/Hill	P.O. Box 127		Itasca	ТΧ	76055
City of Glenn Heights	Mr.	Larry	Pennington	Water Superintendent	С	Dallas / Ellis	1938 South Hampton Road		Glenn Heights	ТΧ	75154
City of Godley	Mr.	Jim	Sinclair	Water Utility Manager	G		P.O. Box 27		Godley	ТΧ	76044
City of Grandview	Mr.	David	Bowman	Water Utility Manager	G	Johnson	304 East Criner	P.O. Box 425	Grandview	ТΧ	76050
City of Italy	Mr.	Bruce	Kuykendall		С	Ellis	P.O. Box 840		Italy	ТΧ	76651
City of Joshua	Ms.	Paulette	Hartman	City Manager	G	Johnson	101 S. Main St.		Joshua	ТΧ	76058
City of Keene	Mr.	Mike	Baze	Public Works Director	G	Johnson	100 N. Mockingbird		Keene	ТΧ	76059
City of Maypearl	Mayor	Medford	Marion		С	Ellis	P.O. Box 400		Maypearl	ТΧ	76064
City of Milford	Mr.	Larry	Bumpus	Director, Public Works	С	Ellis	P. O. Box 538		Milford	ТΧ	76670-0538
City of Oak Leaf	Mayor	Paul	Klooster		С	Ellis	301 Locust Dr.		Oak Leaf	ТΧ	75154
City of Ovilla	Mr.	Tony	Bumpus	Director of Public Works	С	Dallas / Ellis	105 S. Cockrell Hill Rd. #2		Ovilla	ТΧ	75154
City of Palmer	Mr.	Stephen	Sparks	Director of Operations	С	Ellis	P.O. Box 489		Palmer	ТΧ	75152
Parker WSC	Mr.	Marty	Smith	Public Works Director	G	Hill / Johnson	7001 County Road 1200		Cleburne	ТΧ	76031
City of Pecan Hill	Mayor	Richard	Blake		С	Ellis	1094 S. Lowrance Rd.		Pecan Hill	ТΧ	75154
Rice WSC	Mr.	James	Fortson	President	С	Ellis/Navarro	1612 Elmwood Ave		Corsicana	ТΧ	75110
City of Rio Vista	Mr.	James	Lyles		G		P.O. Box 129		Rio Vista	ТΧ	76093
City of Wilmer	Mr.	Earl (Roy E)	Kendrick	Water Works Superintendant	С	Dallas	128 North Dallas Ave.		Wilmer	ТΧ	75172
Avalon Water and Sewer Service Corporation	Mr.	Kent	Smith	Operations Manager			c/o Hillco H2O Operator	P.O. Box 127	Itasca	ТΧ	76055
Ellis County WCID #1	Mr.	Paul	Stevens				P.O. Box 757		Waxahachie	ТΧ	75165
Nash-Forreston Water Supply	Mr.	Leland	Calvert	President			947 Forreston Road		Waxahachie	ТΧ	75165

APPENDIX C

POPULATION AND DEMAND PROJECTIONS MEMORANDUM



MEMORANDUM TO FILE

FROM: Stephanie W. Griffin, P.E. [NTD07286]T:\Study 4A - Four County Study\Memo_Population & Demands.doc

- **SUBJECT:** Population and Demand Projections for the Four County Study Including Ellis, Johnson, Southern Dallas, and Southern Tarrant Counties
- **DATE:** April 23, 2009

The 2007-08 regional water planning effort includes special projects funded by the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB). The goal of these studies is to bring the recommended water management strategies closer to implementation. The Four County Study is one of these projects. While the regional water plans have a 50 year planning period, this study focuses on the 2010 through 2030 time frame.

The study area includes Ellis County, Johnson County, southern Dallas County, and southern Tarrant County. Johnson County is part of the Brazos G Water Planning Group. Thus, Region C and Brazos G are working together on this study.

The study area is currently experiencing rapid growth. Recent growth appears to be greater than what was projected in the 2006 Region C Water Plan and the 2006 Brazos G Water Plan. This memorandum summarizes the analysis and recommendations for population and demand projections for water user groups in the Four County Study area.

Meetings to Collect Data

Freese and Nichols, Inc. (FNI) met with twenty water user groups and wholesale water providers in the study area. HDR, Inc. participated in the meetings that involved entities located in Johnson County. At each meeting, we presented the population and demand projections as shown in the regional water plans. We discussed the current population and water use estimates of the specific entity, as well as those of their existing and/or potential future customers. Many entities provided information related to recent water use and numbers of connections.

We reviewed our understanding of the current water supply for each entity. We discussed the recommended water management strategies as presented in the regional water plans and any suggested adjustments to those recommendations. In most cases, the entities plan to implement the recommended strategies, although the amounts of supply may change. In a few cases, the entities were pursuing other options for water supply to meet their future needs.

The information obtained in these meetings was used to develop updated population and demand projections presented in this memorandum. This updated information related to water supply will be used to supplement or update management strategies.

MEMORANDUM TO FILE Population and Demand Projections for the Four County Study Including Ellis, Johnson, Southern Dallas, and Southern Tarrant Counties April 23, 2009 Page 2 of 35

Survey

Freese and Nichols, Inc. mailed surveys to 26 entities in the study area with which we did not meet in person. The consultant team attempted to contact those from which survey responses not received. Of the 26 survey recipients, 15 (58 percent) responded to the survey and/or the follow-up phone call. Of those, three respondents indicated that they did not wish to participate in the study.

The survey covered topics similar to those discussed in the meetings described above. The survey showed the population and demand projections as presented in the 2006 regional water plans and sought input as to other projections preferred by the responding entity. We provided a table summarizing our understanding of their current water supplies based on the 2006 Plans and sought clarification if the supplies were not correct. We asked questions as to water service issues, such as water quality, water pressure, and water supply. We provided a table that showed the recommended water management strategies and asked if these strategies were representative of the entity's future water plans. We inquired about wholesale water customers and contract amounts. We also asked about regional water concerns.

The information obtained from the survey responses helped establish the recent growth, as well as expected changes to growth through 2030. All of the information provided was considered when developing the projected demands that are recommended to be used in this study.

Population

Freese and Nichols, Inc. collected available historical and projected population data for each entity through the in-person meetings or by survey. FNI gathered historical population data from the Texas State Data Center, the U.S. Census, and the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG). None of these three agencies prepares population estimates for non-city utilities.

FNI also gathered population projections that were provided by entities with whom we met or surveyed, the population projections developed by the North Central Texas Council of Governments, and those approved by the Texas Water Development Board for regional water planning. The NCTCOG does not prepare population projections for non-city utilities.

The population information was used to review growth in the cities. In general, the population in Ellis and Johnson Counties is growing faster than what was projected in the regional water plans. However, the population projections prepared by the North Central Texas Council of Governments appears to be higher than what many of these entities are projecting. This information was considered when establishing the recommended demands in this analysis. The low population projection is typically the projection presented in the regional water plan. This high projection tends to be the NCTCOG projection. The recommended projection is typically based on information provided by the entities, which is usually more that the regional water plan projections and less than the NCTCOG projection.

Table 1 presents a range of population projections for each water user group in the study area, including the recommended projection used for this study. Figures 1, 2,3 and 4 show the population projections for Ellis County, Johnson County, Southern Dallas County and Southern Tarrant County, respectively. Figure 5 shows the population projections for the entire study area. Table 2 presents the total population projections for the water user groups that are split by county and/or basin to provide a complete picture of growth for each of these entities. Johnson County FWSD#1 is included

Water User	Correter	Deater		Low			High		Recommended			
Group	County	Basin	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	
Ellis County												
Bardwell ¹	Ellis	Trinity	838	1,075	1,308	838	1,075	1,308	838	1,075	1,308	
Brandon-Irene WSC* ¹	Ellis	Trinity	79	89	99	79	89	99	79	89	99	
Buena Vista – Bethel SUD ²	Ellis	Trinity	2,938	3,620	3,970	4,144	5,423	6,925	4,144	5,423	6,925	
Cedar Hill ^{2,3}	Ellis	Trinity	46	59	70	49	67	78	49	67	78	
Community Water Company ¹	Ellis	Trinity	1,134	1,414	1,690	1,134	1,414	1,690	1,134	1,414	1,690	
Ennis ^{2,3}	Ellis	Trinity	19,933	26,290	33,655	21,600	30,000	37,922	21,600	30,000	37,922	
Ferris ²	Ellis	Trinity	2,175	2,175	2,175	2,631	3,183	5,500	2,631	3,183	3,851	
Files Valley WSC* ²	Ellis	Trinity	778	830	881	778	830	881	778	830	881	
Glenn Heights ¹	Ellis	Trinity	2,660	3,638	4,602	2,660	3,638	4,602	2,660	3,638	4,602	
Grand Prairie ²	Ellis	Trinity	458	2,036	4,851	481	2,166	5,422	450	2,166	5,422	
Italy ¹	Ellis	Trinity	2,376	2,731	3,081	2,376	2,731	3,081	2,376	2,731	3,081	
Johnson County SUD* ²	Ellis	Trinity	148	255	313	199	281	428	146	281	428	
Mansfield ²	Ellis	Trinity	383	451	482	460	550	655	460	474	483	
Maypearl ¹	Ellis	Trinity	746	746	746	746	746	746	746	746	746	
Midlothian ²	Ellis	Trinity	13,600	21,700	32,100	19,682	35,962	50,466	19,682	35,962	50,466	
Milford ^{1,2}	Ellis	Trinity	685	685	685	685	685	685	685	685	685	
Mountain Peak SUD ²	Ellis	Trinity	6,691	7,509	7,964	7,639	9,669	11,767	7,639	9,669	11,767	
Oak Leaf ^{1, 2}	Ellis	Trinity	1,502	1,774	2,042	1,502	1,860	2,042	1,502	1,774	2,042	
Ovilla ¹	Ellis	Trinity	4,983	6,681	8,354	4,983	6,681	8,354	4,983	6,681	8,354	
Palmer ¹	Ellis	Trinity	1,924	2,063	2,200	1,924	2,063	2,200	1,924	2,063	2,200	
Pecan Hill ¹	Ellis	Trinity	813	943	1,072	813	943	1,072	813	943	1,072	
Red Oak ²	Ellis	Trinity	5,833	7,254	8,655	12,500	21,000	26,000	12,500	21,000	26,000	
Rice WSC* ¹	Ellis	Trinity	1,027	1,377	1,722	1,027	1,377	1,722	1,027	1,377	1,722	
Rockett SUD ²	Ellis	Trinity	30,202	37,154	40,696	33,188	43,366	55,279	33,188	43,366	55,279	

Table 1Population Projections in Study Area

Water User	County	Basin		Low			High		Re	ecommended	1
Group	County	Dasiii	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC ²	Ellis	Trinity	8,029	8,273	8,327	16,099	24,892	31,862	16,099	24,892	31,862
Waxahachie ²	Ellis	Trinity	28,281	36,202	46,342	32,900	48,440	63,800	32,900	48,440	63,800
Ellis County-Other	Ellis	Trinity	10,707	10,707	10,707	10,707	80,345	124,002	10,707	10,707	10,707
Ellis County Total			148,969	187,731	228,789	181,824	329,476	448,588	181,740	259,676	333,472
Johnson County											
Acton MUD* ¹	Johnson	Brazos	133	171	211	133	171	211	133	171	211
Alvarado ^{2,3}	Johnson	Trinity	3,595	3,957	4,337	4,439	7,535	10,766	4,439	7,535	10,766
Bethesda WSC ^{1,2}	Johnson	Trinity	19,035	24,199	29,625	19,035	24,199	29,625	19,035	24,199	29,625
Bethany WSC ² Burleson ^{2, 3}	Johnson	Trinity	3,373	3,813	4,275	4,300	4,500	4,750	4,300	4,500	4,750
Burleson ^{2, 3}	Johnson	Trinity	20,150	23,845	27,702	27,206	42,037	52,747	27,206	42,037	52,747
Cleburne ²	Johnson	Brazos	29,158	32,872	36,774	31,368	42,625	58,786	30,946	38,683	48,353
Godley ¹	Johnson	Brazos	1,136	1,439	1,757	1,136	1,439	1,757	1,136	1,439	1,757
Grandview ^{2,3}	Johnson	Trinity	1,388	1,562	1,678	1,600	2,000	2,500	1,600	2,000	2,500
Johnson County SUD* ²	Johnson	Brazos	9,801	16,930	20,758	13,166	18,627	28,362	9,684	18,627	28,362
Johnson County SUD* ²	Johnson	Trinity	22,868	39,504	48,436	30,719	43,463	66,178	22,597	43,463	66,178
Joshua ^{2,3}	Johnson	Brazos	2,915	3,309	3,723	3,148	4,500	6,480	3,148	4,500	6,480
Joshua ^{2,3}	Johnson	Trinity	2,199	2,496	2,808	2,375	3,395	4,889	2,375	3,395	4,889
Keene ¹	Johnson	Brazos	841	989	1,144	841	989	1,144	841	989	1,144
Keene ¹	Johnson	Trinity	5,041	5,928	6,860	5,041	5,928	6,860	5,041	5,928	6,860
Mansfield ²	Johnson	Trinity	9,027	22,274	37,825	10,833	27,174	51,430	10,833	23,472	37,827
Mountain Peak SUD ²	Johnson	Trinity	1,733	2,360	3,019	1,979	3,039	4,460	1,979	3,039	4,460
Parker WSC* ²	Johnson	Brazos	1,973	2,156	2,233	2,080	2,384	2,819	2,080	2,156	2,233
Parker WSC* ²	Johnson	Trinity	219	240	248	231	265	313	231	240	248
Rio Vista ^{1,2}	Johnson	Brazos	751	863	981	751	863	981	751	863	981
Venus ²	Johnson	Trinity	1,892	1,892	1,892	2,766	3,795	5,425	2,766	3,795	5,425

Water User	Country	Dagin		Low			High		Re	ecommende	d
Group	County	Basin	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Johnson County- Other ⁴	Johnson	Brazos	854	888	924	854	3,639	8,294	854	888	924
Johnson County- Other ⁴	Johnson	Trinity	10,261	10,708	11,178	10,261	41,844	95,384	10,261	10,708	11,178
Johnson County To	otal		148,343	202,395	248,388	174,262	284,411	444,161	162,236	242,627	327,898
Southern Dallas Co	ounty										
Cedar Hill ^{2,3}	Dallas	Trinity	46,209	59,065	69,857	48,637	66,612	77,958	48,637	66,612	77,958
Duncanville ^{1, 2}	Dallas	Trinity	36,503	36,912	37,714	38,400	38,800	38,988	38,400	38,800	38,988
Glenn Heights ¹	Dallas	Trinity	7,332	8,919	10,390	7,332	8,919	10,390	7,332	8,919	10,390
Grand Prairie ²	Dallas	Trinity	138,871	160,075	179,450	145,959	170,517	200,098	138,883	170,517	200,098
Ovilla ¹	Dallas	Trinity	368	540	792	368	540	792	368	540	792
Rockett SUD ²	Dallas	Trinity	2,470	3,095	3,467	2,713	3,611	4,706	2,713	3,611	4,706
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC ²	Dallas	Trinity	36	36	36	72	108	138	72	108	138
Wilmer ¹	Dallas	Trinity	5,500	7,500	8,800	5,500	7,500	8,800	5,500	7,500	8,800
Dallas County (Stu	dy Area) T	otal	237,289	276,142	310,506	248,981	296,607	341,870	241,905	296,607	341,870
Southern Tarrant (County										
Bethesda WSC ^{1,2}	Tarrant	Trinity	10,585	13,110	15,707	10,585	13,110	15,707	10,585	13,110	15,707
Burleson ^{2, 3}	Tarrant	Trinity	5,038	5,961	6,926	6,801	10,509	13,187	6,801	10,509	13,187
Grand Prairie ²	Tarrant	Trinity	36,658	43,587	46,710	38,529	46,424	52,085	36,654	46,424	52,085
Johnson County SUD* ²	Tarrant	Trinity	1,444	2,494	3,057	1,939	2,744	4,177	1,426	2,744	4,177
Kennedale ^{2,3}	Tarrant	Trinity	7,509	9,064	10,114	7,715	10,720	13,412	7,715	10,720	13,412
Mansfield ²	Tarrant	Trinity	41,676	48,897	52,554	50,000	59,651	71,456	50,000	51,515	52,551
Tarrant County (St	tudy Area)	Total	102,910	123,113	135,068	115,569	143,158	170,024	113,181	135,022	151,119
Total Study Area			637,511	789,381	922,751	720,636	1,053,652	1,404,643	699,062	933,932	1,154,359

Notes: * Indicates the entity is partially located in a county outside of the study area. The amount shown in this table is only the amount allocated to the specified county, not the total for the entity.

1 Indicates that the recommended projection is the same as the approved projection in the 2006 regional water plans.

2 Indicates that the recommended projection is based on input provided by the water user group and/or its wholesale water provider.

3 Indicates that the recommended projection is equivalent to the NCTCOG projection.

4 Indicates that the consultants adjusted the population projection.

MEMORANDUM TO FILE Population and Demand Projections for the Four County Study Including Ellis, Johnson, Southern Dallas, and Southern Tarrant Counties April 23, 2009 Page 6 of 35

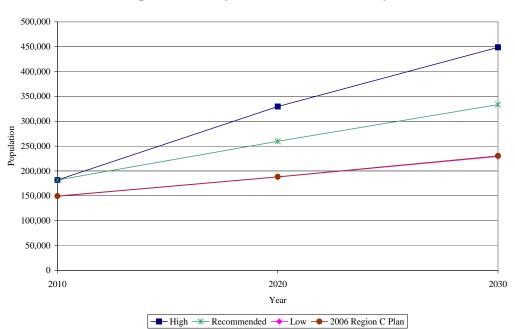
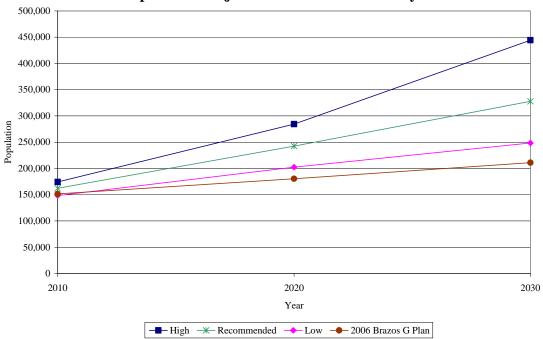


Figure 1 Population Projections for Ellis County

*Low projection is the same as 2006 Region C Plan

Figure 2 Population Projections for Johnson County



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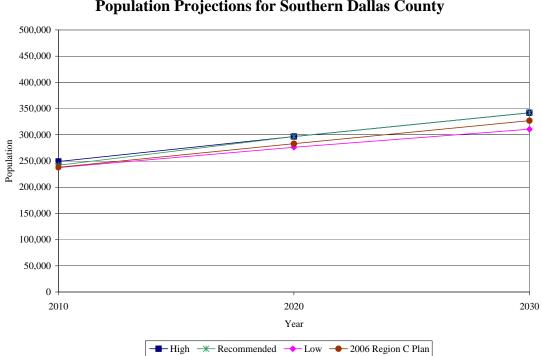
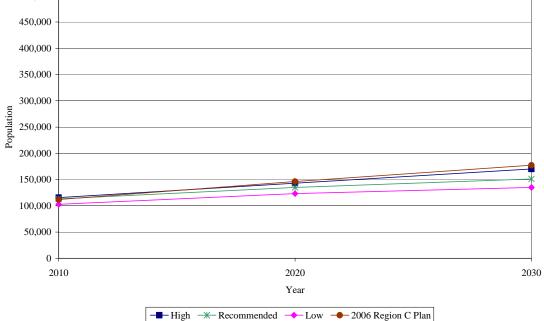


Figure 3 Population Projections for Southern Dallas County

Figure 4 Population Projections for Southern Tarrant County



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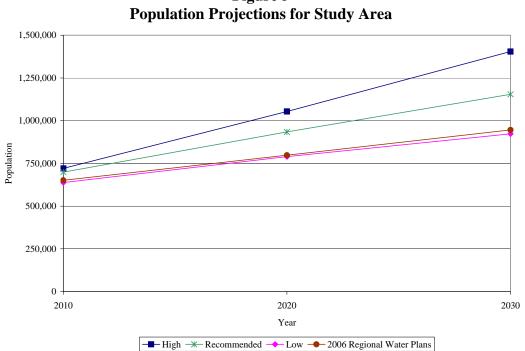


Figure 5

in the Johnson County SUD projections. Table 3 compares the population projections from the 2006 *Region C Water Plan* to those being recommended in this study.

Sixteen of the 44 water user groups in the study area have the same projections listed in the "low", "high", and "recommended" columns. (Although Files Valley WSC projection in Ellis County has not changed, the entity expects the Hill County portion of their service area to grow. Thus, the total projection for Files Valley WSC changes.) Fifteen of these 16 water user groups did not respond to the survey. Therefore, we assumed that these entities were in agreement with the projections as recommended in the 2006 regional water plans. One of these sixteen entities, Bethesda WSC, met with the consultants in person and indicated that the 2006 regional water plan projections are appropriate for their utility and did not see the need to adjust the projections. In all sixteen cases, the "low", "high", and "recommended" were set equal to the projections approved in the 2006 regional water plan. Table 1 also includes information regarding the source of the recommended projections.

Water Demands

Freese and Nichols, Inc. reviewed the historical and projected water demands. A number of entities provided recent water use data. Some entities provided water demand projections for consideration as well.

FNI obtained the municipal per capita water use from the 2006 regional water plans. Municipal per capita water use is the sum of residential, commercial and institutional water use divided by the population served by the entity. We considered the recent municipal per capita water use information provided by the water user groups and made recommendations to adjust the municipal per capita water use projection when necessary. Table 4 summarizes the municipal per capita water use projections for this study.

Water User Group		Low			High		R	ecommende	d
water User Group	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Acton MUD ²	15,169	18,606	21,810	15,169	18,606	21,810	15,169	18,606	21,810
Bethesda WSC	29,620	37,309	45,332	29,620	37,309	45,332	29,620	37,309	45,332
Brandon-Irene WSC	2,359	2,455	2,562	2,359	2,455	2,562	2,359	2,455	2,562
Burleson	25,188	29,806	34,628	34,007	52,546	65,934	34,007	52,546	65,934
Cedar Hill	46,255	59,124	69,927	48,686	66,679	78,036	48,686	66,679	78,036
Files Valley WSC	2,685	2,796	2,913	3,039	3,087	3,159	3,039	3,087	3,159
Glenn Heights	9,992	12,557	14,992	9,992	12,557	14,992	9,992	12,557	14,992
Grand Prairie	175,987	205,698	231,011	184,969	219,107	257,605	175,987	219,107	257,605
Johnson County SUD	34,371	59,373	72,797	46,171	65,324	99,464	33,962	65,324	99,464
Joshua	5,114	5,805	6,531	5,523	7,895	11,369	5,523	7,895	11,369
Keene	5,882	6,917	8,004	5,882	6,917	8,004	5,882	6,917	8,004
Mansfield	51,086	71,622	90,861	61,293	87,375	123,541	61,293	75,461	90,861
Mountain Peak SUD	8,424	9,869	10,983	9,618	12,708	16,227	9,618	12,708	16,227
Ovilla	5,351	7,221	9,146	5,351	7,221	9,146	5,351	7,221	9,146
Parker WSC	2,578	2,819	2,919	2,719	3,116	3,684	2,719	2,819	2,919
Rice WSC	7,667	9,734	11,867	7,667	9,734	11,867	7,667	9,734	11,867
Rockett SUD	32,672	40,249	44,163	35,901	46,977	59,985	35,901	46,977	59,985
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	8,065	8,309	8,363	16,171	25,000	32,000	16,171	25,000	32,000

Table 2 Population Projections for Entities Split by Basin and/or County¹

¹ The total shown is for the entire entity, including that portion of the entity located outside of the study area. ² Acton MUD is primarily located in Hood County and was not included in the survey of entities.

MEMORANDUM TO FILE Population and Demand Projections for the Four County Study Including Ellis, Johnson, Southern Dallas, and Southern Tarrant Counties April 23, 2009 Page 10 of 35

Water User			2006 Res	gional Wate	r Plans	R	ecommended	
Group	County	Basin	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Ellis County								
Bardwell	Ellis	Trinity	838	1,075	1,308	838	1,075	1,308
Brandon-Irene WSC	Ellis	Trinity	79	89	99	79	89	99
Buena Vista - Bethel SUD	Ellis	Trinity	2,938	3,620	3,970	4,144	5,423	6,925
Cedar Hill	Ellis	Trinity	49	49	49	49	67	78
Community Water Company	Ellis	Trinity	1,134	1,414	1,690	1,134	1,414	1,690
Ennis	Ellis	Trinity	20,539	26,290	33,655	21,600	30,000	37,922
Ferris	Ellis	Trinity	2,175	2,175	2,175	2,631	3,183	3,851
Files Valley WSC	Ellis	Trinity	688	751	813	778	830	881
Glenn Heights	Ellis	Trinity	2,660	3,638	4,602	2,660	3,638	4,602
Grand Prairie	Ellis	Trinity	450	2,105	5,269	450	2,166	5,422
Italy	Ellis	Trinity	2,376	2,731	3,081	2,376	2,731	3,081
Johnson County SUD	Ellis	Trinity	217	283	348	146	281	428
Mansfield	Ellis	Trinity	460	991	1,729	460	474	483
Maypearl	Ellis	Trinity	746	746	746	746	746	746
Midlothian	Ellis	Trinity	13,600	21,700	32,100	19,682	35,962	50,466
Milford	Ellis	Trinity	685	685	685	685	685	685
Mountain Peak SUD	Ellis	Trinity	6,691	7,509	7,964	7,639	9,669	11,767
Oak Leaf	Ellis	Trinity	1,502	1,774	2,042	1,502	1,774	2,042
Ovilla	Ellis	Trinity	4,983	6,681	8,354	4,983	6,681	8,354
Palmer	Ellis	Trinity	1,924	2,063	2,200	1,924	2,063	2,200
Pecan Hill	Ellis	Trinity	813	943	1,072	813	943	1,072
Red Oak	Ellis	Trinity	5,833	7,254	8,655	12,500	21,000	26,000
Rice WSC	Ellis	Trinity	1,027	1,377	1,722	1,027	1,377	1,722
Rockett SUD	Ellis	Trinity	30,203	37,155	40,698	33,188	43,366	55,279
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	Ellis	Trinity	8,029	8,273	8,327	16,099	24,892	31,862
Waxahachie	Ellis	Trinity	28,281	36,202	46,342	32,900	48,440	63,800
Ellis County- Other	Ellis	Trinity	10,707	10,707	10,707	10,707	10,707	10,707
Ellis County Tot	al		149,627	188,280	230,402	181,740	259,676	333,472
Johnson County	L							
Acton MUD	Johnson	Brazos	133	171	211	133	171	211
Alvarado	Johnson	Trinity	3,595	3,957	4,337	4,439	7,535	10,766

 Table 3

 Comparison of Population Projections Recommended in the 2006 Regional Water Plans and Those Recommended in This Study

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Water User	County	Basin	2006 Re	gional Water	r Plans	R	ecommende	d
Group	County	Dasiii	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Bethesda WSC	Johnson	Trinity	19,035	24,199	29,625	19,035	24,199	29,625
Bethany WSC	Johnson	Trinity	3,373	3,813	4,275	4,300	4,500	4,750
Burleson	Johnson	Trinity	20,303	23,588	27,039	27,206	42,037	52,747
Cleburne	Johnson	Brazos	29,158	32,872	36,774	30,946	38,683	48,353
Godley	Johnson	Brazos	1,136	1,439	1,757	1,136	1,439	1,757
Grandview	Johnson	Trinity	1,452	1,562	1,678	1,600	2,000	2,500
Johnson County SUD	Johnson	Brazos	11,484	14,803	18,290	9,684	18,627	28,362
Johnson County SUD	Johnson	Trinity	26,062	33,594	41,507	22,597	43,463	66,178
Johnson County FWSD #1 ¹	Johnson	Brazos	6,437	7,750	9,129	0	0	0
Joshua	Johnson	Brazos	2,872	3,260	3,668	3,148	4,500	6,480
Joshua	Johnson	Trinity	2,242	2,545	2,863	2,375	3,395	4,889
Keene	Johnson	Brazos	841	989	1,144	841	989	1,144
Keene	Johnson	Trinity	5,041	5,928	6,860	5,041	5,928	6,860
Mansfield	Johnson	Trinity	626	631	636	10,833	23,472	37,827
Mountain Peak SUD	Johnson	Trinity	1,733	2,360	3,019	1,979	3,039	4,460
Parker WSC	Johnson	Brazos	1,977	2,438	2,923	2,080	2,156	2,233
Parker WSC	Johnson	Trinity	210	259	310	231	240	248
Rio Vista	Johnson	Brazos	751	863	981	751	863	981
Venus	Johnson	Trinity	1,892	1,892	1,892	2,766	3,795	5,425
Johnson County- Other	Johnson	Brazos	854	888	924	854	888	924
Johnson County- Other	Johnson	Trinity	10,261	10,708	11,178	10,261	10,708	11,178
Johnson County	Total		151,468	180,509	211,020	162,236	242,627	327,898
Southern Dallas (County							
Cedar Hill	Dallas	Trinity	46,206	59,075	69,878	48,637	66,612	77,958
Duncanville	Dallas	Trinity	37,100	38,069	38,988	38,400	38,800	38,988
Glenn Heights	Dallas	Trinity	7,332	8,919	10,390	7,332	8,919	10,390
Grand Prairie	Dallas	Trinity	138,883	165,711	194,459	138,883	170,517	200,098
Ovilla	Dallas	Trinity	368	540	792	368	540	792
Rockett SUD	Dallas	Trinity	2,469	3,094	3,465	2,713	3,611	4,706
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	Dallas	Trinity	36	36	36	72	108	138
Wilmer	Dallas	Trinity	5,500	7,500	8,800	5,500	7,500	8,800
Dallas County (St			237,894	282,944	326,808	241,905	296,607	341,870
Southern Tarran	t County							
Bethesda WSC	Tarrant	Trinity	10,585	13,110	15,707	10,585	13,110	15,707
Burleson	Tarrant	Trinity	4,885	6,218	7,589	6,801	10,509	13,187
Grand Prairie	Tarrant	Trinity	36,654	·····		36,654	46,424	52,085
Granu Prairie	Tarrant	Trinity	30,034	45,116	50,617	30,034	40,424	52,085

Table 3, Continued

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Table 3, Continued

Water User	County	nty Basin	2006 Reg	gional Water	· Plans	Recommended			
Group	County	Dasiii	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	
Johnson County SUD	Tarrant	Trinity	2,189	2,732	3,290	1,426	2,744	4,177	
Kennedale	Tarrant	Trinity	7,509	9,064	10,114	7,715	10,720	13,412	
Mansfield	Tarrant	Trinity	50,000	70,000	90,000	50,000	51,515	52,551	
Tarrant County	(Study Are	a) Total	111,822	146,240	177,317	113,181	135,022	151,119	
Total Study Area	1		650,811	797,973	945,547	699,062	933,932	1,154,359	

¹ The recommended population projection associated with Johnson County FWSD #1 has been added to Johnson County SUD.

Table 4
Municipal Per Capita Water Use Projections in Gallons per Person per Day

		_								
Water User Group		Low			High			ommen	-	
	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	
Acton MUD	143	141	139	143	141	139	143	141	139	
Alvarado	121	117	115	121	117	115	121	117	115	
Bardwell	110	108	106	110	108	106	110	108	106	
Bethany WSC	96	93	90	98	95	94	98	95	94	
Bethesda WSC	129	126	124	129	126	124	129	126	124	
Brandon-Irene WSC	113	110	99	113	110	99	113	110	99	
Buena Vista - Bethel SUD	168	165	163	207	204	202	207	204	202	
Burleson	146	142	140	165	161	159	165	161	159	
Cedar Hill	154	151	150	200	197	196	200	197	196	
Cleburne	176	173	170	180	180	180	180	180	180	
Community Water Company	91	108	106	91	108	106	91	108	106	
Duncanville	172	169	165	191	193	189	172	169	165	
Ellis County-Other	168	167	165	168	167	165	168	167	165	
Ennis	152	148	146	189	185	183	189	185	183	
Ferris	118	118	118	160	160	160	136	133	130	
Files Valley WSC	185	182	179	214	234	250	214	214	214	
Glenn Heights	110	108	106	110	108	106	110	108	106	
Godley	131	128	127	131	128	127	131	128	127	
Grand Prairie	148	145	143	174	169	166	174	169	166	
Grandview	116	98	82	128	125	122	128	125	122	
Italy	106	108	105	106	108	105	106	108	105	
Johnson County-Other	223	221	219	223	221	219	223	221	219	
Johnson County SUD	164	166	170	164	166	171	164	166	171	
Joshua	130	126	123	130	126	123	130	126	123	
Keene	94	91	89	94	91	89	94	91	89	
Kennedale	160	157	155	177	174	172	177	174	172	
Mansfield	220	218	216	236	244	242	220	218	216	
Maypearl	174	170	168	174	170	168	174	170	168	
Midlothian	186	183	182	240	237	236	240	237	236	

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Water User Group		Low			High		Rec	ommen	ded
water User Group	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Milford	112	109	106	112	109	106	112	109	106
Mountain Peak SUD	134	135	134	161	159	158	149	147	146
Oak Leaf	201	198	196	201	198	196	201	198	196
Ovilla	182	180	178	182	180	178	182	180	178
Palmer	111	108	105	111	108	105	111	108	105
Parker WSC	93	95	107	117	114	111	117	114	111
Pecan Hill	176	173	171	176	173	171	176	173	171
Red Oak	140	137	135	169	171	169	140	137	135
Rice WSC	110	107	106	110	107	106	110	107	106
Rio Vista	84	80	77	84	80	77	84	80	77
Rockett SUD	118	115	113	125	125	125	125	125	125
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	186	184	182	186	184	182	186	184	182
Venus	133	131	128	170	170	170	170	170	170
Waxahachie	204	201	199	224	224	224	224	224	224
Wilmer	104	107	105	104	107	105	104	107	105

Table 4, Continued

The population projection was multiplied by the municipal per capita water use to establish the demand. For those entities who did not provide information through the survey, FNI assumed that the projections developed in the 2006 regional water plans was still appropriate for use in this study. Table 5 lists the range of demand projections, including the recommended projection for this study. Table 6 provides the total municipal demand for those water user groups that are split by county and/or basin. Johnson County FWSD #1 is included in Johnson County SUD projections. Table 7 compares the demand projections recommended in the 2006 Region C Water Plan to those recommended in this study.

FNI collected the demand projections developed in the regional water planning process for manufacturing, mining, irrigation, livestock, and steam electric power. With one exception, these demands were not adjusted for this study. The mining demands in western Ellis County and Johnson County have been adjusted in years 2010 and 2020 to account for the increased mining demands that have occurred in recent years as a result of the development of the Barnett Shale. FNI applied demands developed by the Bureau of Economic Geology in the 2007 Texas Water Development Board study of the Trinity aquifer and the potential impact due to growth and the development of the Barnett Shale. While the total demand for steam electric power generation and manufacturing water needs in Johnson County did not change, the amount attributed to Cleburne was increased per the City's request.

Figures 6, 7, 8, and 9 present the demand projections for Ellis County, Johnson County, Southern Dallas County, and Southern Tarrant County, respectively. Figure 10 shows the total demand projection for the study area. Typically, the low demand projection was based on the 2006 regional water plans. The recommended demand is typically based on the information provided by entities. The high demand is usually a result of the high per capita water use multiplied by the NCTCOG population projection.

Water Lloor Crown	Country	Basin -		Low			High		Re	commended	l
Water User Group	County	Dasin	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Ellis County											
Bardwell ¹	Ellis	Trinity	103	130	155	103	130	155	103	130	155
Brandon-Irene WSC* ¹	Ellis	Trinity	10	11	11	10	11	11	10	11	11
Buena Vista – Bethel SUD ²	Ellis	Trinity	553	669	725	961	1,239	1,567	961	1,239	1,567
Cedar Hill ^{2,3}	Ellis	Trinity	8	10	12	11	15	17	11	15	17
Community Water Company ¹	Ellis	Trinity	116	171	201	116	171	201	116	171	201
Ennis ²	Ellis	Trinity	3,394	4,358	5,504	4,573	6,217	7,774	4,573	6,217	7,774
Ferris ²	Ellis	Trinity	287	287	287	472	570	986	401	474	561
Files Valley WSC*	Ellis	Trinity	161	169	177	186	218	247	186	199	211
Glenn Heights ¹	Ellis	Trinity	328	440	546	328	440	546	328	440	546
Grand Prairie ²	Ellis	Trinity	76	331	777	94	410	1,008	88	410	1,008
Italy ¹	Ellis	Trinity	282	330	362	282	330	362	282	330	362
Johnson County SUD* ²	Ellis	Trinity	27	47	60	36	52	82	27	52	82
Mansfield ²	Ellis	Trinity	94	110	117	122	150	177	113	116	117
Maypearl ¹	Ellis	Trinity	145	142	140	145	142	140	145	142	140
Midlothian ²	Ellis	Trinity	2,834	4,448	6,544	5,297	9,558	13,356	5,297	9,558	13,356
Milford ^{1,2}	Ellis	Trinity	86	84	81	86	84	81	86	84	81
Mountain Peak SUD ²	Ellis	Trinity	1,006	1,133	1,199	1,378	1,721	2,082	1,275	1,593	1,924
Oak Leaf ^{1,2}	Ellis	Trinity	338	393	448	338	413	448	338	393	448
Ovilla ¹	Ellis	Trinity	1,016	1,347	1,666	1,016	1,347	1,666	1,016	1,347	1,666
Palmer ¹	Ellis	Trinity	239	250	259	239	250	259	239	250	259
Pecan Hill ¹	Ellis	Trinity	160	183	205	160	183	205	160	183	205
Red Oak ²	Ellis	Trinity	915	1,113	1,309	2,366	4,021	4,921	1,960	3,223	3,932
Rice WSC* ¹	Ellis	Trinity	127	165	204	127	165	204	127	165	204

Table 5Demand Projections in Acre-Feet per Year

Water User Group	County	Basin		Low			High		Re	ecommended	1
water User Group	County	Dasin	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Rockett SUD ²	Ellis	Trinity	3,992	4,786	5,151	4,642	6,064	7,737	4,642	6,064	7,737
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC ²	Ellis	Trinity	1,674	1,705	1,698	3,356	5,129	6,496	3,356	5,129	6,496
Waxahachie ²	Ellis	Trinity	6,462	8,151	10,330	8,255	12,155	16,009	8,255	12,155	16,009
Ellis County-Other ⁴	Ellis	Trinity	2,015	2,003	1,979	2,015	15,030	22,919	2,015	2,003	1,979
Ellis County Manufacturing ¹	Ellis	Trinity	3,466	3,670	3,841	3,466	3,670	3,841	3,466	3,670	3,841
Ellis County Mining	Ellis	Trinity	80	80	80	150	90	100	150	90	100
Ellis County Steam Electric ¹	Ellis	Trinity	14,237	20,379	23,825	14,237	20,379	23,825	14,237	20,379	23,825
Ellis County Irrigation ¹	Ellis	Trinity	583	583	583	583	583	583	583	583	583
Ellis County Livestock ¹	Ellis	Trinity	1,183	1,183	1,183	1,183	1,183	1,183	1,183	1,183	1,183
Ellis County Total			45,997	58,861	69,659	56,333	92,120	119,188	55,729	77,998	96,580
Johnson County											
Acton MUD* ¹	Johnson	Brazos	21	27	33	21	27	33	21	27	33
Alvarado ²	Johnson	Trinity	487	519	559	602	988	1,387	602	988	1,387
Bethesda WSC ^{1,2}	Johnson	Trinity	2,751	3,415	4,115	2,751	3,415	4,115	2,751	3,415	4,115
Bethany WSC ²	Johnson	Trinity	363	397	431	470	480	500	470	480	500
Burleson ^{2,3}	Johnson	Trinity	3,295	3,793	4,344	5,029	7,582	9,395	5,029	7,582	9,395
Cleburne ²	Johnson	Brazos	5,748	6,370	7,003	6,329	8,597	11,857	6,244	7,802	9,753
Godley ¹	Johnson	Brazos	167	206	250	167	206	250	167	206	250
Grandview' ²	Johnson	Trinity	180	171	154	229	280	341	229	280	341
Johnson County SUD* ²	Johnson	Brazos	1,806	3,139	3,950	2,413	3,471	5,430	1,789	3,471	5,430
Johnson County SUD* ²	Johnson	Trinity	4,213	7,326	9,215	5,630	8,100	12,670	4,174	8,100	12,670

Water Llaer Crown	Country	Desin		Low			High		Recommended		
Water User Group	County	Basin	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Joshua ^{2, 3, 4}	Johnson	Brazos	425	467	513	458	635	893	458	635	893
Joshua ^{2, 3, 4}	Johnson	Trinity	320	352	387	346	479	673	346	479	673
Keene ¹	Johnson	Brazos	89	101	114	89	101	114	89	101	114
Keene ¹	Johnson	Trinity	531	604	684	531	604	684	531	604	684
Mansfield ²	Johnson	Trinity	2,225	5,439	9,152	2,863	7,427	13,942	2,670	5,732	9,153
Mountain Peak SUD ²	Johnson	Trinity	261	356	455	357	541	789	330	500	730
Parker WSC* ^{2, 4}	Johnson	Brazos	204	229	268	273	304	351	273	275	277
Parker WSC* ^{2, 4}	Johnson	Trinity	23	26	30	30	34	39	30	31	31
Rio Vista ^{1,2}	Johnson	Brazos	71	77	85	71	77	85	71	77	85
Venus ²	Johnson	Trinity	282	278	271	527	723	1,033	527	723	1,033
Johnson County- Other ⁴	Johnson	Brazos	213	220	227	213	901	2,035	213	220	227
Johnson County- Other ⁴	Johnson	Trinity	2,563	2,651	2,742	2,563	10,359	23,399	2,563	2,651	2,742
Johnson County Manufacturing ¹	Johnson	Brazos	359	358	357	359	358	357	359	358	357
Johnson County Manufacturing (Cleburne) ²	Johnson	Brazos	1,747	2,141	2,525	2,758	4,883	6,148	2,758	4,883	6,148
Johnson County Manufacturing ¹	Johnson	Trinity	15	18	21	15	18	21	15	18	21
Johnson County Mining ⁴	Johnson	Brazos	165	174	180	3,779	707	1,009	3,779	707	1,009
Johnson County Mining (Cleburne) ²	Johnson	Brazos	165	174	179	1,009	673	673	1,009	673	673
Johnson County Mining ⁴	Johnson	Trinity	40	42	44	592	171	208	592	171	208
Johnson County Steam Electric (Cleburne) ²	Johnson	Brazos	1,200	1,200	1,200	2,959	2,959	2,959	2,959	2,959	2,959

	Contra	D		Low			High		Re	commended	1
Water User Group	County	Basin	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Johnson County Steam Electric ¹	Johnson	Trinity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Johnson County Irrigation ¹	Johnson	Brazos	240	240	240	240	240	240	240	240	240
Johnson County Irrigation ¹	Johnson	Trinity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Johnson County Livestock ¹	Johnson	Brazos	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037
Johnson County Livestock ¹	Johnson	Trinity	1,080	1,080	1,080	1,080	1,080	1,080	1,080	1,080	1,080
Johnson County Tota			32,286	42,627	51,845	45,790	67,457	103,747	43,405	56,505	74,248
Southern Dallas Cour	nty										
Cedar Hill ^{2,3}	Dallas	Trinity	7,971	9,990	11,737	10,897	14,700	17,116	10,897	14,700	17,116
Duncanville ^{2, 4}	Dallas	Trinity	7,033	6,988	6,971	8,215	8,388	8,254	7,399	7,345	7,206
Glenn Heights ¹	Dallas	Trinity	903	1,079	1,234	903	1,079	1,234	903	1,079	1,234
Grand Prairie ²	Dallas	Trinity	23,023	26,000	28,746	28,449	32,281	37,209	27,070	32,281	37,209
Ovilla ¹	Dallas	Trinity	75	109	158	75	109	158	75	109	158
Rockett SUD ²	Dallas	Trinity	326	399	439	380	505	659	380	505	659
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC ²	Dallas	Trinity	7	7	7	15	22	28	15	22	28
Wilmer ¹	Dallas	Trinity	641	899	1,035	641	899	1,035	641	899	1,035
Dallas County (Study	Area) Tota	l.	39,979	45,471	50,327	49,575	57,983	65,693	47,380	56,940	64,645
Southern Tarrant Co	unty										
Bethesda WSC ^{1,2}	Tarrant	Trinity	1,530	1,850	2,182	1,530	1,850	2,182	1,530	1,850	2,182
Burleson ^{2,3}	Tarrant	Trinity	824	948	1,086	1,257	1,895	2,349	1,257	1,895	2,349
Grand Prairie ²	Tarrant	Trinity	6,078	7,080	7,482	7,510	8,789	9,685	7,144	8,789	9,685

Water User Group County Basin		Dogin		Low		High			Recommended		
water User Group	County	ly Dasiii	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Johnson County SUD* ²	Tarrant	Trinity	266	462	582	355	511	800	263	511	800
Kennedale ^{2,3}	Tarrant	Trinity	1,346	1,594	1,756	1,530	2,089	2,584	1,530	2,089	2,584
Mansfield ²	Tarrant	Trinity	10,271	11,941	12,716	13,218	16,303	19,370	12,322	12,580	12,715
Tarrant County (Stud	ly Area) To	otal	20,315	23,875	25,804	25,400	31,437	36,970	24,046	27,714	30,315
Total Study Area			138,577	170,834	197,635	177,098	248,997	325,598	170,560	219,157	265,788

Notes: * Indicates the entity is partially located in a county outside of the study area. The amount shown in this table is only the amount allocated to the specified county, not the total for the entity.

1 Indicates that the recommended projection is the same as the approved projection in the 2006 regional water plans.

2 Indicates that the recommended projection is based on input provided by the water user group and/or its wholesale water provider.

3 Indicates that the recommended projection is based on the demand based on the NCTCOG population projection.

4 Indicates that the consultants adjusted the demand projection.

Water Llagr Crown		Low			High		R	ecommended	1
Water User Group	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030
Acton MUD ²	2,446	2,939	3,396	2,446	2,939	3,396	2,446	2,939	3,396
Bethesda WSC	4,281	5,265	6,297	4,281	5,265	6,297	4,281	5,265	6,297
Brandon-Irene WSC	288	292	296	288	292	296	288	292	296
Burleson	4,119	4,741	5,430	6,286	9,477	11,744	6,286	9,477	11,744
Cedar Hill	7,979	10,000	11,749	10,908	14,715	17,133	10,908	14,715	17,133
Files Valley WSC	556	570	584	730	808	886	730	741	759
Glenn Heights	1,231	1,519	1,780	1,231	1,519	1,780	1,231	1,519	1,780
Grand Prairie	29,177	33,411	37,005	36,053	41,480	47,902	34,302	41,480	47,902
Johnson County SUD	6,332	11,009	13,851	8,461	12,173	19,043	6,273	12,173	19,043
Joshua	745	819	900	804	1,114	1,566	804	1,114	1,566
Keene	620	705	798	620	705	798	620	705	798
Mansfield	12,590	17,490	21,985	16,203	23,880	33,489	15,105	18,428	21,985
Mountain Peak SUD	1,267	1,489	1,654	1,735	2,262	2,871	1,605	2,093	2,654
Ovilla	1,091	1,456	1,824	1,091	1,456	1,824	1,091	1,456	1,824
Parker WSC	267	300	350	356	397	458	356	359	363
Rice WSC	945	1,167	1,409	945	1,167	1,409	945	1,167	1,409
Rockett SUD	4,318	5,185	5,590	5,022	6,569	8,396	5,022	6,569	8,396
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	1,681	1,712	1,705	3,371	5,151	6,524	3,371	5,151	6,524

Table 6 Demand Projections for Entities Split by County/Basin in Acre-Feet per Year¹

¹ The total shown is for the entire entity, including that portion of the entity located outside of the study area. ² Acton MUD is primarily located in Hood County and was not included in the survey of entities.

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2006 Regional Water Water User Recommended County Basin Plans Group 2010 2020 2030 2010 2020 2030 **Ellis County** Bardwell Ellis Trinity 103 130 155 103 130 155 Brandon-Irene Ellis Trinity 11 10 10 11 11 11 WSC Buena Vista -725 Ellis Trinity 553 669 961 1,239 1,567 Bethel SUD 8 Cedar Hill Ellis Trinity 8 8 15 17 11 Community Water 171 201 201 Ellis Trinity 116 116 171 Company 3,497 4,358 5,504 4,573 7,774 Ennis Ellis Trinity 6,217 Ferris Ellis Trinity 331 324 401 474 561 317 Files Valley WSC Ellis Trinity 143 153 163 186 199 211 Glenn Heights Trinity 328 440 546 328 440 546 Ellis Grand Prairie Ellis Trinity 75 342 844 88 410 1,008 Italy Ellis Trinity 330 362 282 282 330 362 Johnson County Ellis Trinity 42 55 69 27 52 82 SUD 271 Mansfield Ellis Trinity 122 469 113 116 117 Maypearl Ellis Trinity 145 142 140 145 142 140 Midlothian Ellis Trinity 2,834 4.448 6.544 5.297 9.558 13,356 Milford Trinity Ellis 86 84 81 84 86 81 Mountain Peak Ellis Trinity 1,207 1,337 1,409 1,275 1,593 1,924 SUD Oak Leaf Ellis Trinity 338 393 448 338 393 448 1,347 Ovilla Ellis Trinity 1,016 1,666 1,016 1,347 1,666 Palmer Ellis Trinity 239 250 259 239 250 259 205 Pecan Hill Ellis Trinity 160 183 205 160 183 Red Oak Ellis Trinity 1,104 1,389 1,638 1,960 3,223 3,932 Rice WSC Ellis Trinity 127 165 204 127 165 204 Rockett SUD Ellis Trinity 3,992 4,786 5,151 4,642 6,064 7,737 Sardis-Lone Elm Ellis Trinity 1,673 1,705 1.698 3,356 5,129 6,496 WSC Waxahachie Ellis Trinity 6,462 8,151 10,330 8,255 12,155 16,009 Ellis County-Ellis Trinity 2,015 2,003 1,979 2,015 2,003 1,979 Other Ellis County Ellis Trinity 3,466 3,670 3,841 3,466 3,670 3,841 Manufacturing Ellis County Ellis Trinity 90 90 90 150 90 100 Mining Ellis County Ellis Trinity 14,237 20,379 23,825 14,237 20,379 23,825 Steam Electric

Table 7 Comparison of Demand Projections Recommended in the 2006 Regional Water Plans and Those Recommended in This Study

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Water User Group	County	Basin	2006 I	Regional V Plans	Vater	Recommended			
Group			2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030	
Ellis County Irrigation	Ellis	Trinity	583	583	583	583	583	583	
Ellis County Livestock	Ellis	Trinity	1,183	1,183	1,183	1,183	1,183	1,183	
Ellis County Total			46,567	59,550	70,648	55,729	77,998	96,580	
Johnson County									
Acton MUD	Johnson	Brazos	21	27	33	21	27	33	
Alvarado	Johnson	Trinity	487	519	559	602	988	1,387	
Bethesda WSC	Johnson	Trinity	2,751	3,415	4,115	2,751	3,415	4,115	
Bethany WSC	Johnson	Trinity	363	397	431	470	480	500	
Burleson	Johnson	Trinity	3,320	3,752	4,240	5,029	7,582	9,395	
Cleburne	Johnson	Brazos	5,748	6,370	7,003	6,244	7,802	9,753	
Godley	Johnson	Brazos	167	206	250	167	206	250	
Grandview	Johnson	Trinity	208	219	229	229	280	341	
Johnson County									
SUD	Johnson	Brazos	2,200	2,885	3,647	1,789	3,471	5,430	
Johnson County SUD	Johnson	Trinity	4,992	6,548	8,276	4,174	8,100	12,670	
Johnson County FWSD #1 ¹	Johnson	Brazos	844	990	1,135	0	0	0	
Joshua	Johnson	Brazos	418	460	505	458	635	893	
Joshua	Johnson	Trinity	326	359	394	346	479	673	
Keene	Johnson	Brazos	89	101	114	89	101	114	
Keene	Johnson	Trinity	531	604	684	531	604	684	
Mansfield	Johnson	Trinity	165	172	172	2,670	5,732	9,153	
Mountain Peak SUD	Johnson	Trinity	313	420	534	330	500	730	
Parker WSC	Johnson	Brazos	259	311	363	273	275	277	
Parker WSC	Johnson	Trinity	28	33	39	30	31	31	
Rio Vista	Johnson	Brazos	71	77	85	71	77	85	
Venus	Johnson	Trinity	282	278	271	527	723	1,033	
Johnson County- Other	Johnson	Brazos	213	220	227	213	220	227	
Johnson County- Other	Johnson	Trinity	2,563	2,651	2,742	2,563	2,651	2,742	
Johnson County Manufacturing	Johnson	Brazos	357	356	355	359	358	357	
Johnson County Manufacturing (Cleburne)	Johnson	Brazos	1,749	2,143	2,527	2,758	4,883	6,148	
Johnson County Manufacturing	Johnson	Trinity	15	18	21	15	18	21	

Table 7, Continued

MEMORANDUM TO FILE Population and Demand Projections for the Four County Study Including Ellis, Johnson, Southern Dallas, and Southern Tarrant Counties April 23, 2009 Page 22 of 35

Water User	County	Basin	2006 Reg	gional Wat	ter Plans	R	Recommended			
Group		Dasiii	2010	2020	2030	2010	2020	2030		
Johnson County Mining	Johnson	Brazos	330	348	359	3,779	707	1,009		
Johnson County										
Mining	Johnson	Brazos	0	0	0	1,009	673	673		
(Cleburne)						,				
Johnson County Mining	Johnson	Trinity	40	42	44	592	171	208		
Johnson County										
Steam Electric (Cleburne)	Johnson	Brazos	1,200	1,200	1,200	2,959	2,959	2,959		
Johnson County Steam Electric	Johnson	Trinity	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Johnson County Irrigation	Johnson	Brazos	240	240	240	240	240	240		
Johnson County Irrigation	Johnson	Trinity	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Johnson County Livestock	Johnson	Brazos	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037	1,037		
Johnson County Livestock	Johnson	Trinity	1,080	1,080	1,080	1,080	1,080	1,080		
Johnson County	Total		32,407	37,478	42,911	43,405	56,505	74,248		
Southern Dallas	County									
Cedar Hill	Dallas	Trinity	7,971	9,992	11,741	10,897	14,700	17,116		
Duncanville	Dallas	Trinity	7,937	8,230	8,254	7,399	7,345	7,206		
Glenn Heights	Dallas	Trinity	903	1,079	1,234	903	1,079	1,234		
Grand Prairie	Dallas	Trinity	23,024	26,915	31,149	27,070	32,281	37,209		
Ovilla	Dallas	Trinity	75	109	158	75	109	158		
Rockett SUD	Dallas	Trinity	326	399	439	380	505	659		
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	Dallas	Trinity	8	7	7	15	22	28		
Wilmer	Dallas	Trinity	641	899	1,035	641	899	1,035		
Dallas County (St			40,885	47,630	54,017	47,380	56,940	64,645		
			,	, ·		<u> </u>				
Southern Tarran			1.700	1.070	0.100	1 - 200	1 0 - 0			
Bethesda WSC	Tarrant	Trinity	1,530	1,850	2,182	1,530	1,850	2,182		
Burleson	Tarrant	Trinity	799	989	1,190	1,257	1,895	2,349		
Grand Prairie	Tarrant	Trinity	6,077	7,328	8,108	7,144	8,789	9,685		
Johnson County SUD	Tarrant	Trinity	419	532	656	263	511	800		
Kennedale	Tarrant	Trinity	1,346	1,594	1,756	1,530	2,089	2,584		
Mansfield	Tarrant	Trinity	13,218	19,132	24,397	12,322	12,580	12,715		
Tarrant County (Study Area) Total	23,389	31,425	38,289	24,046	27,714	30,315		
Total Study Area			143,248	176,083	205,865	170,560	219,157	265,788		
i star stary Alta	•	1	170,470	170,003		110,000		<u> </u>		

Table 7, Continued

¹The recommended demand projection associated with Johnson County FWSD #1 has been added to Johnson County SUD.

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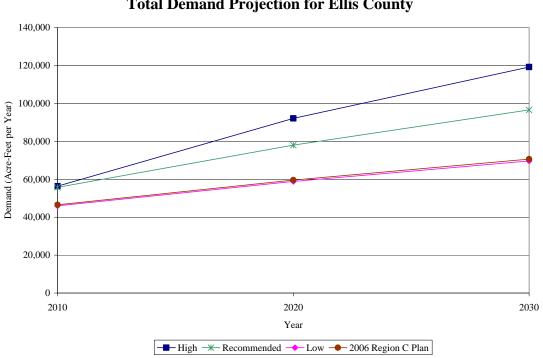


Figure 6 Total Demand Projection for Ellis County

*Low projection is the same as 2006 Region C Plan

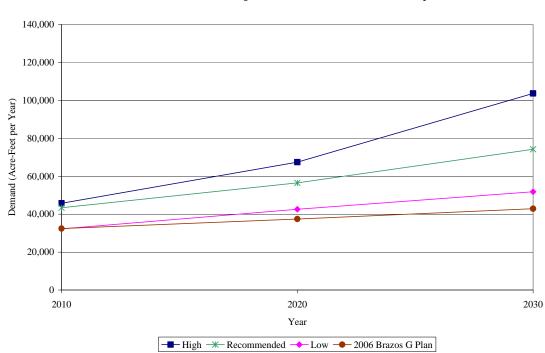


Figure 7 Total Demand Projection for Johnson County

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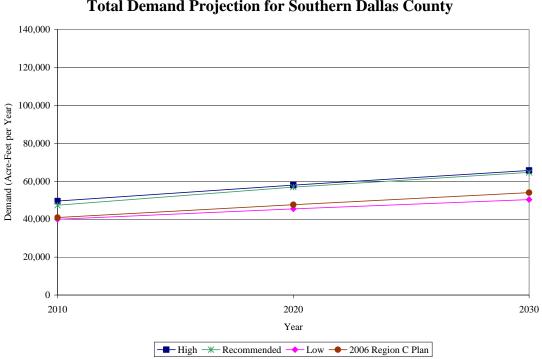
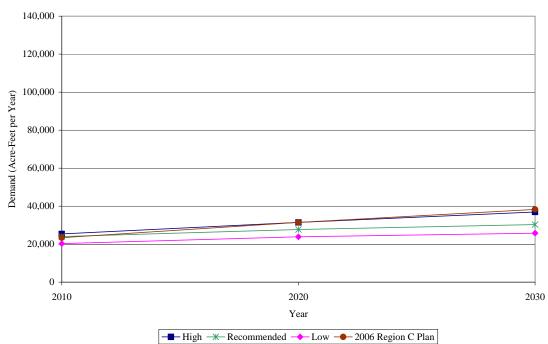


Figure 8 Total Demand Projection for Southern Dallas County

Figure 9 Total Demand Projection for Southern Tarrant County



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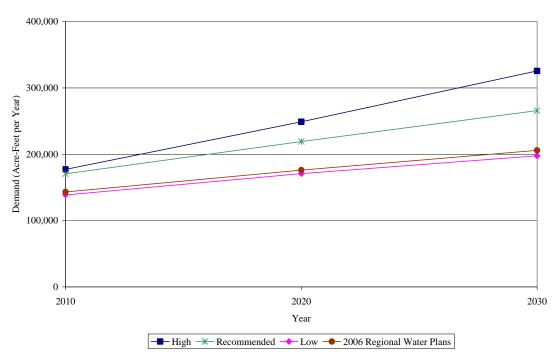


Figure 10 Total Demand Projection for Study Area

Wholesale Water Providers

The Tarrant Regional Water District (TRWD), the Trinity River Authority (TRA), Dallas, and the Brazos River Authority (BRA) have contracts in place to provide water service to a number of entities in the study area. In addition to these four regional wholesale water providers, the study area has a number of local wholesale water providers. The local wholesale water providers include:

- City of Ennis
- City of Grand Prairie is a new wholesale water provider
- Johnson County Special Utility District (SUD), includes Johnson County FWSD #1
- City of Mansfield
- City of Midlothian
- Rockett SUD
- City of Waxahachie

Tables 8 through 14 show the recommended population and demand projections attributed to each of the local wholesale water providers based on their current customers. (The City of Cedar Hill was a local wholesale water provider in the 2006 Region C Water Plan but is no longer a wholesale water provider.) Arlington is evaluating becoming a wholesale water provider.

Table 15 lists the Ellis County entities that currently have contracts managed by TRA for TRWD supplies. Table 16 shows the remaining TRA contractual obligations from its water supply sources

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in Ellis County. Tables 17 and 18 show the recommended population and demand projections that are attributed to TRWD and TRA, respectively. Table 19 shows the population and demand attributed to the City of Dallas for this study. Table 20 lists the population and demand projections attributed to BRA in the study area.

City of Ennis and Current Customore		Year	
City of Ennis and Current Customers	2010	2020	2030
Population Projections			
City of Ennis	21,600	30,000	37,922
Community Water Company (Ellis County)	1,134	1,414	1,690
East Garrett WSC (Ellis County-Other)	2,054	2,629	3,366
Rice WSC	406	417	421
Total Population	25,194	34,460	43,399
Demand Projections (Ac-Ft/Yr)			
In-City Demand	4,573	6,217	7,774
Community Water Company (Ellis County)	133	133	133
East Garrett WSC (Ellis County-Other)	56	56	56
Rice WSC	50	50	50
Ellis County Manufacturing	347	367	384
Ellis County Steam Electric Power	2,098	2,615	3,302
Total Demand	7,257	9,438	11,699

 Table 8

 Recommended Population and Demand Projections Attributed to Ennis

 Table 9

 Recommended Population and Demand Projections Attributed to Grand Prairie

Grand Prairie and Current Customers		Year	
Grand Frairie and Current Customers	2010	2020	2030
Population Projections			
In City, Ellis County Portion	450	2,166	5,422
In City, Dallas County Portion	138,883	170,517	200,098
In City, Tarrant County Portion	36,654	46,424	52,085
Total Population	175,987	219,107	257,605
Demand Projections (Ac-Ft/Yr)			
In City, Ellis County Portion	88	410	1,008
In City, Dallas County Portion	27,070	32,281	37,209
In City, Tarrant County Portion	7,144	8,789	9,685
Total Demand	34,302	41,480	47,902

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Johnson County SUD and Current		Year	
Customers	2010	2020	2030
Population Projections			
In-District, Ellis County Portion	146	281	428
In-District, Hill County Portion	109	209	319
In-District, Johnson County Portion	32,281	62,090	94,540
In-District, Tarrant County Portion	1,426	2,744	4,177
Alvarado	81	84	85
Joshua	5,523	7,895	11,369
Total Population	39,566	73,303	110,918
Demand Projections (Ac-Ft/Yr)			
In-District, Ellis County Portion	27	52	82
In-District, Hill County Portion	20	39	61
In-District, Johnson County Portion	5,963	11,571	18,100
In-District, Tarrant County Portion	263	511	800
Alvarado	11	11	11
Joshua	804	1,114	1,566
Johnson County Mining	561	561	561
Total Demand	7,649	13,859	21,181

Table 10 Recommended Population and Demand Projections Attributed to Johnson County SUD

Table 11Recommended Population and Demand Projections Attributed to Mansfield

City of Mansfield and Current		Year		
Customers	2010	2020	2030	
Population Projections				
In-City, Ellis County Portion	460	474	483	
In-City, Johnson County Portion	10,833	23,472	37,827	
In-City, Tarrant County Portion	50,000	51,515	52,551	
Johnson County SUD	1,713	0	0	
Total Population	63,006	75,461	90,861	
Demand Projections (Ac-Ft/Yr)				
In-City, Ellis County Portion	113	116	117	
In-City, Johnson County Portion	2,670	5,732	9,153	
In-City, Tarrant County Portion	12,322	12,580	12,715	
Johnson County SUD	307	0	0	
Total Demand	15,412	18,428	21,985	

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Recommended Population and Demand Projections Attributed to Midlothian								
City of Midlothian and Current		Year						
Customers	2010	2020	2030					
Population Projections								
In-City Demand	19,682	35,962	50,466					
Mountain Peak SUD (Ellis and Johnson Counties)	4,889	7,919	11,403					
Rockett SUD	11,027	12,012	12,012					
City of Grand Prairie	11,502	11,843	12,057					
City of Venus	1,381	2,589	4,506					
Current Customer Population	48,481	70,325	90,444					
Demand Projections (Ac-Ft/Yr)								
In-City Demand	5,297	9,558	13,356					
Mountain Peak SUD (Ellis and Johnson Counties)	816	1,304	1,865					
Ellis County Steam Electric Power	224	224	224					
Ellis County Mining	280	280	280					
Rockett SUD	1,544	1,682	1,682					
City of Grand Prairie	2,242	2,242	2,242					
City of Venus	263	493	858					
Total Demand	10,666	15,783	20,507					

 Table 12

 Recommended Population and Demand Projections Attributed to Midlothian

 Table 13

 Recommended Population and Demand Projections Attributed to Rockett SUD

Rockett SUD Current Customers		Year		
Rockett SOD Current Customers	2010	2020	2030	
Population Projections				
Service Area not within City Boundaries (Dallas County)	2,713	3,611	4,706	
Service Area not within City Boundaries (Ellis County)	20,249	26,822	36,076	
Ennis	80	82	84	
Ferris	2,631	3,183	3,851	
Palmer	1,924	2,063	2,200	
Pecan Hill	813	943	1,072	
Red Oak	3,832	6,579	8,267	
Lancaster	600	616	629	
Oak Leaf	244	249	253	
Waxahachie	2,443	2,455	2,468	
Ellis County-Other	372	374	379	
Total Population	35,901	46,977	59,985	

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Table 13, Continued

Rockett SUD Current Customers	Year		
Rockett SUD Current Customers	2010	2020	2030
Demand Projections (Ac-Ft/Yr)			
Service Area not within City Boundaries	380	505	659
(Dallas County)			
Service Area not within City Boundaries	2,396	3,299	4,609
(Ellis County)	2,370	3,277	4,007
Ennis	17	17	17
Ferris	401	474	561
Palmer	239	250	259
Pecan Hill	160	183	205
Red Oak	601	1,010	1,250
Lancaster	90	90	91
Oak Leaf	55	55	56
Waxahachie	613	616	619
Ellis County-Other	70	70	70
Total Demand	5,022	6,569	8,396

 Table 14

 Recommended Population and Demand Projections Attributed to Waxahachie

City of Waxahachie and Current	Year		
Customers	2010	2020	2030
Population Projections			
City of Waxahachie	32,900	48,440	63,800
Rockett SUD and Customers	0	0	0
Ellis County-Other	1,285	1,285	1,285
Total Population	34,185	49,725	65,085
Demand Projections (Ac-Ft/Yr)			
In-City Demand	8,255	12,155	16,009
Rockett SUD and Customers	0	0	0
Ellis County-Other	242	240	237
Ellis County Manufacturing (28%)	970	1,028	1,075
Total Demand	9,467	13,423	17,321

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<u> </u>			•
E4:4	Contract	Contract	Is the entity
Entity	Amount (MGD)	Amount (Ac-Ft/Yr)	currently using the contracted water?
Ennis	3.560	3,991	Yes
Midlothian	6.330	7,096	No
Midlothian (to Venus)	1.000	1,121	No
Midlothian (to Grand Prairie)	2.000	2,242	No
Ellis County WCID #1 (Waxahachie)	4.650	5,213	No
Ellis County WCID #1 (to Buena Vista-Bethel SUD)	0.850	953	No
Ellis County WCID #1 (to Maypearl)	0.370	415	No
Ellis County WCID #1 (to Avalon WSC)	0.600	673	No
Ellis County WCID #1 (to Italy)	0.500	561	No
Rockett SUD	5.520	6,188	No
Rockett SUD (to Ferris)	0.720	807	No
Rockett SUD (to Palmer)	0.271	304	No
Rockett SUD (to Boyce)	0.320	359	No
Rockett SUD (to Bristol)	0.210	235	No
Rockett SUD (to Nash-Forreston WSC)	0.250	280	No
Red Oak	1.800	2,018	No
Total	28.951	32,456	

Table 15Trinity River Authority Managed Contracts forTarrant Regional Water District Water Supply in Ellis County

Table 16

Trinity River Authority Contracts for TRA Sources of Supply in Ellis County

Entity	Contract Amount (MGD)	Contract Amount (Ac-Ft/Yr)	Is the entity currently using the contracted water?
TRA Joe Pool Lake Contracts			
Cedar Hill	6.550	7,343	No
Duncanville	1.070	1,199	No
Grand Prairie	1.600	1,794	Yes
Midlothian	5.950	6,670	Yes
Total TRA Joe Pool Lake Contracts	15.170	17,006	
TRA Lake Bardwell Contracts			
Ennis	8.000	8,968	Yes
Waxahachie	8.428	9,448	Yes
Total TRA Lake Bardwell Contracts	16.428	18,416	

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TDWD Comment Constant and in Standard Amon	stomors in Study Area Year		
TRWD Current Customers in Study Area	2010	2020	2030
Population Projections			
Bethesda WSC (Fort Worth)	17,067	17,474	17,755
Burleson (Fort Worth)	34,007	52,546	65,934
Grand Prairie (Fort Worth)	5,752	5,922	6,029
Johnson County SUD (Mansfield)	1,713	0	0
Kennedale	7,715	10,720	13,412
Mansfield	63,006	75,461	90,861
TRA	134,904	135,803	136,181
Total Population	264,164	297,926	330,172
Demand Projections (Ac-Ft/Yr)			
Bethesda WSC (Fort Worth)	2,466	2,466	2,466
Burleson (Fort Worth)	6,286	9,477	11,744
Grand Prairie (Fort Worth)	1,121	1,121	1,121
Johnson County SUD (Mansfield)	307	0	0
Kennedale	725	1,284	2,584
Mansfield	18,517	27,142	33,312
TRA	27,556	27,556	27,556
Total Demand	56,978	69,046	78,783
Contracts in Study Area (Ac-Ft/Yr)			
Bethesda WSC (Fort Worth)	2,466	2,466	2,466
Burleson (Fort Worth)	6,286	9,477	11,744
Grand Prairie (Fort Worth)	1,121	1,121	1,121
Grand Prairie (Mansfield)	6,726	6,726	6,726
Grand Prairie (Arlington)	2,242	2,242	2,242
Grand Prairie (Midlothian)	2,522	2,522	2,522
Johnson County SUD (Mansfield)	307	0	0
Additional Johnson County SUD (Mansfield)	3,056	3,363	6,726
Kennedale	725	1,284	2,584
Mansfield	18,517	27,703	33,873
TRA	32,456	32,456	32,456
Total Demand Based on Existing Contracts in Study Area (Ac-Ft/Yr)	76,424	91,883	104,983

Table 17Recommended Population and Demand Projections in Study AreaAttributed to Tarrant Regional Water District

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TDA Comment Constant in Starley Arrow	Year		
TRA Current Customers in Study Area	2010	2020	2030
Population Projections			
Joe Pool Lake			
Midlothian	24,811	24,469	23,287
Lake Bardwell			
Ennis	23,150	24,027	25,509
Waxahachie	15,364	14,619	13,881
TRWD Sources			
Ennis	18,852	19,259	19,470
Midlothian	38,905	39,397	39,564
Rockett SUD	56,371	56,371	56,371
Waxahachie	20,776	20,776	20,776
Total Population	198,229	198,918	198,858
Demand Projections (Ac-Ft/Yr)			
Joe Pool Lake			
Midlothian	6,670	6,496	6,156
Grand Prairie (Irrigation)	1,794	1,794	1,794
Lake Bardwell			
Ennis	4,901	4,979	5,229
Waxahachie	3,855	3,668	3,483
Dallas County Irrigation	100	100	100
Ellis County SEP	2,098	2,615	2,915
TRWD Sources			
Ennis	3,991	3,991	3,991
Midlothian	10,459	10,459	10,459
Rockett SUD	7,893	7,893	7,893
Waxahachie	5,213	5,213	5,213
Total Demand	46,974	47,208	47,233

Table 18Recommended Population and Demand Projections in Study AreaAttributed to Trinity River Authority

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City of Waxahachie and Current	Year		
Customers	2010	2020	2030
Population Projections			
Cedar Hill	48,686	66,679	78,036
Duncanville	38,400	38,800	38,988
Glenn Heights and Customers	14,920	26,038	30,495
Grand Prairie	132,227	164,386	196,415
Ovilla	4,289	5,671	7,028
Red Oak	12,581	19,212	26,613
Total Population	251,103	320,786	377,575
Demand Projections (Ac-Ft/Yr)			
Cedar Hill	8,968	13,138	15,122
Duncanville	6,849	7,107	7,511
Glenn Heights and Customers	1,838	3,150	3,621
Grand Prairie	25,772	31,119	36,522
Ovilla	874	1,143	1,401
Red Oak	1,973	2,948	4,024
Rockett SUD	1,592	841	34
Waxahachie	0	13,452	13,452
Total Demand	46,275	58,606	68,202

Table 19Recommended Population and Demand Projections in Study Area Attributed to Dallas

Table 20Recommended Population and Demand Projections in Study AreaAttributed to the Brazos River Authority

BRA Current Customers in Study Area	Year		
BRA Current Customers in Study Area	2010	2020	2030
Population Projections			
Acton MUD	6,981	10,244	13,314
Aquilla WSD			
Brandon-Irene WSC	1,540	1,609	1,690
Files Valley WSC and Customers	3,039	3,087	3,159
Cleburne	71,866	69,336	66,807
Johnson County SUD	37,360	16,571	34,747
Keene	4,977	5,975	7,042
Total Population	125,763	106,822	126,759

MEMORANDUM TO FILE Population and Demand Projections for the Four County Study Including Ellis, Johnson, Southern Dallas, and Southern Tarrant Counties April 23, 2009 Page 34 of 35

	Year		
BRA Current Customers in Study Area	2010	2020	2030
Demand Projections (Ac-Ft/Yr)			
Acton MUD	1,126	1,618	2,073
Aquilla WSD			
Brandon-Irene WSC	188	191	195
Files Valley WSC and Customers	609	618	639
Cleburne	14,490	13,980	13,470
Johnson County SUD	6,612	3,007	6,461
Keene	524	609	702
Total Demand	23,549	20,023	23,540
Contracts in Study Area (Ac-Ft/Yr)			
Lake Aquilla			
Cleburne	5,300	5,300	5,300
Aquilla WSD *	5,953	5,953	5,953
Lake Whitney			
Cleburne	9,700	9,700	9,700
Lake Granbury			
Johnson County SUD	13,210	13,210	13,210
Acton MUD	7,000	7,000	7,000
Keene	2,040	2,040	2,040
Total Demand Based on Existing Contracts in Study Area (Ac-Ft/Yr)	43,203	43,203	43,203

Table 20, Continued

* Not all of the water contracted with Aquilla WSD is available to the study area. Aquilla WSD has contracts to provide water to Hillsboro and others who are outside the study area.

Conclusion

The population and demand projections in the Four County Study are larger than originally projected in the 2006 regional water plans. The information presented in this memo represents FNI's recommended demands for the specified water user groups in the study area. The low and high ranges included in this memo provide a range in which the water user groups and wholesale water providers might grow in the future.

The evaluation of current supplies for each water user group in the study area will be determined in a separate document. Then, the current supplies will be compared to the projected demands presented here to determine which water user groups have sufficient water supplies to meet their projected water needs through 2030 and which entities need additional supplies. Recommended water management strategies for each water user group within the study area will be developed in a separate document.

MEMORANDUM TO FILE Population and Demand Projections for the Four County Study Including Ellis, Johnson, Southern Dallas, and Southern Tarrant Counties April 23, 2009 Page 35 of 35

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- Texas Water Development Board: "Regional Water Planning Data Web Interface," downloaded from <u>http://www.twdb.state.tx.us/DATA/db07/defaultReadOnly.asp</u> in September 2007.
- Title 30 of the Texas Administrative Code, Part 1, Chapter 288, Subchapter A, Rule 288.1, downloaded from <u>http://info.sos.state.tx.us/pls/pub/readtac\$ext.TacPage?sl=R&app=9&p_dir=&p_rloc=&p_tloc=&p_p_ loc=&pg=1&p_tac=&ti=30&pt=1&ch=288&rl=1, April 2008.</u>
- United States Census Bureau: Census 2000 Data for the State of Texas: Population by County, Population by place, downloaded from <u>http://www.census.gov/census2000/states/tx.html</u>, September 2007.

APPENDIX D

POPULATION FIGURES

Appendix D Population Figures

This appendix includes figures that show recent population estimates and population projections for water user groups that have adjustments to their population projections. Only water user groups with changes in their recommended projections have figures shown in this appendix. The remaining water user groups have projections such that the "low", "high" and "recommended" projections are the same and result in a single line being plotted. Therefore, they were not included in this appendix.

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Figure D-1 Alvarado Population Estimates and Projections

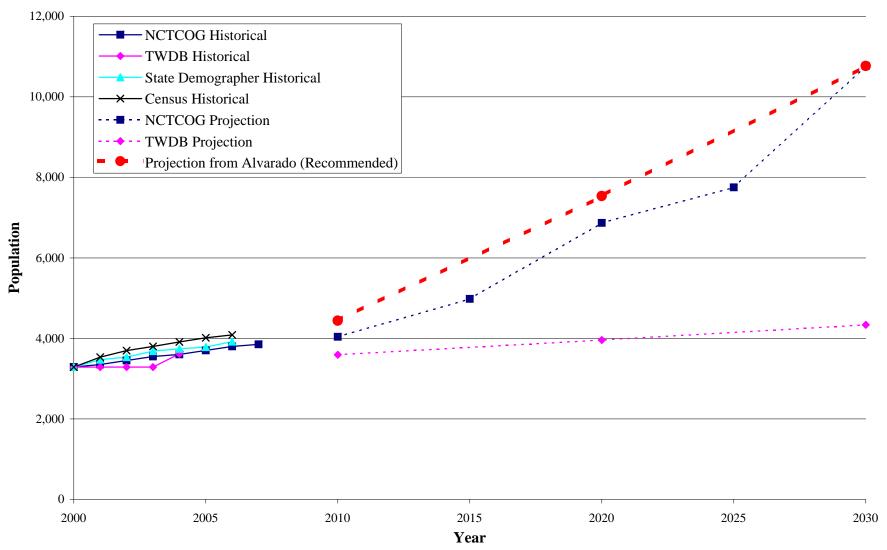
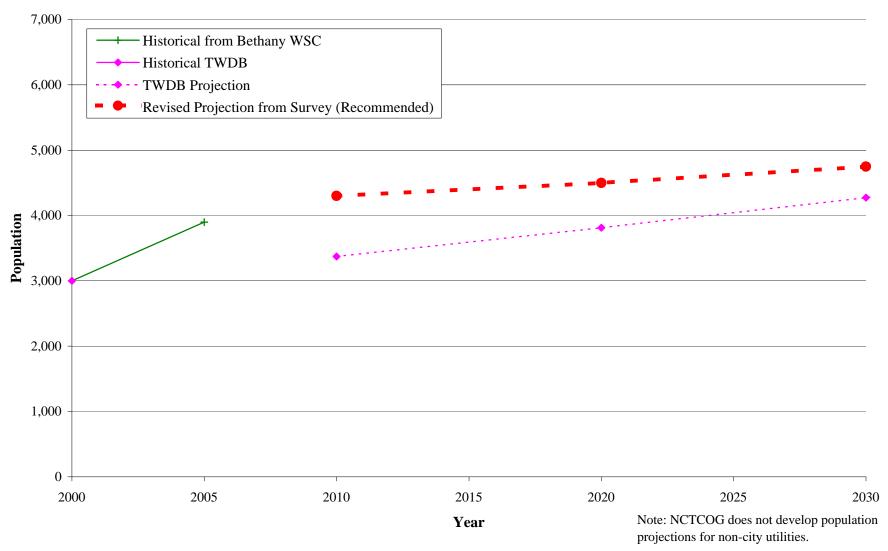


Figure D-2 Bethany WSC Population Estimates and Projections



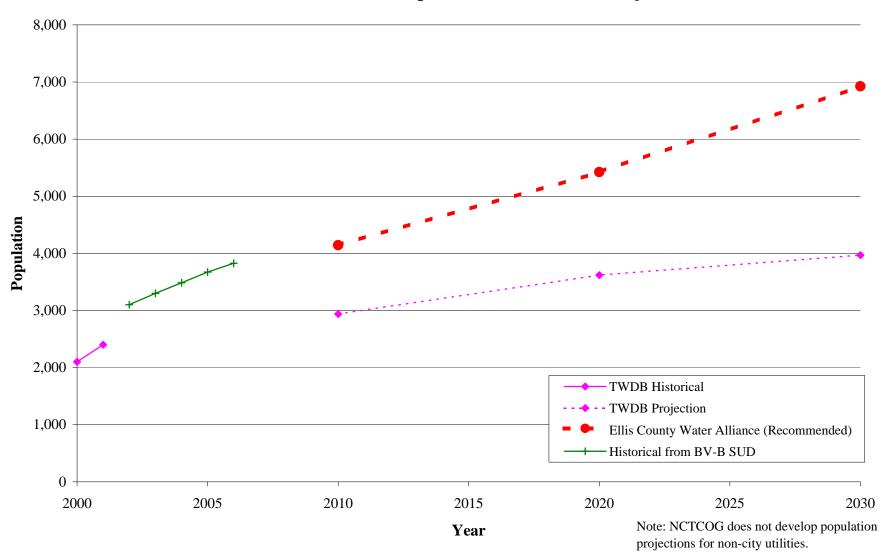
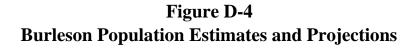
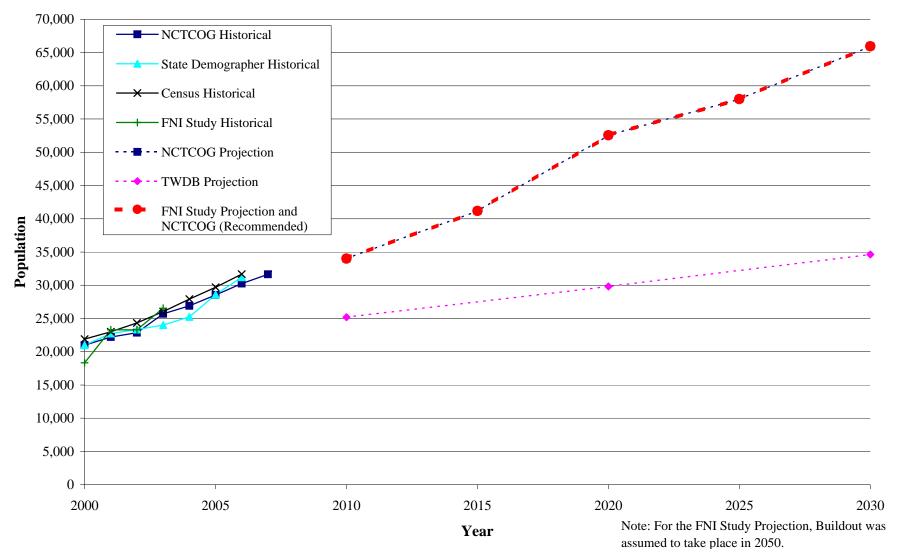


Figure D-3 Buena Vista-Bethel SUD Population Estimates and Projections





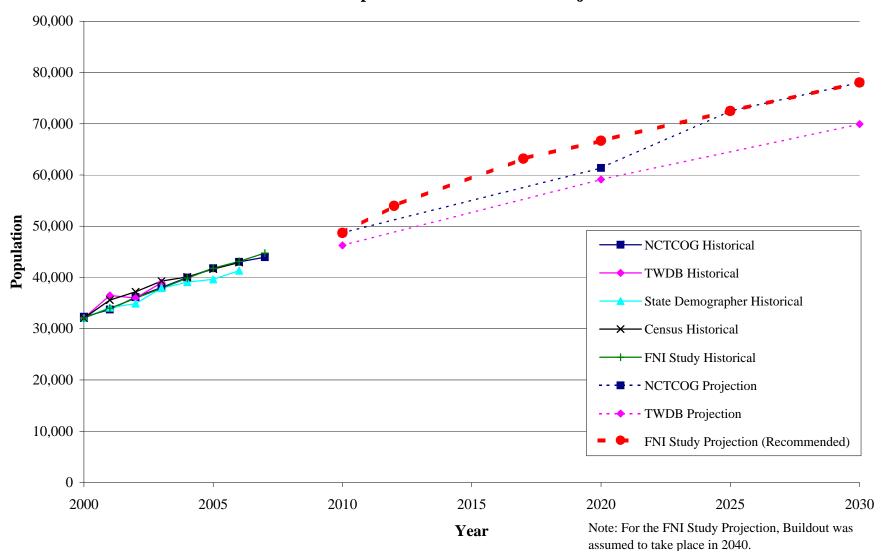


Figure D-5 Cedar Hill Population Estimates and Projections

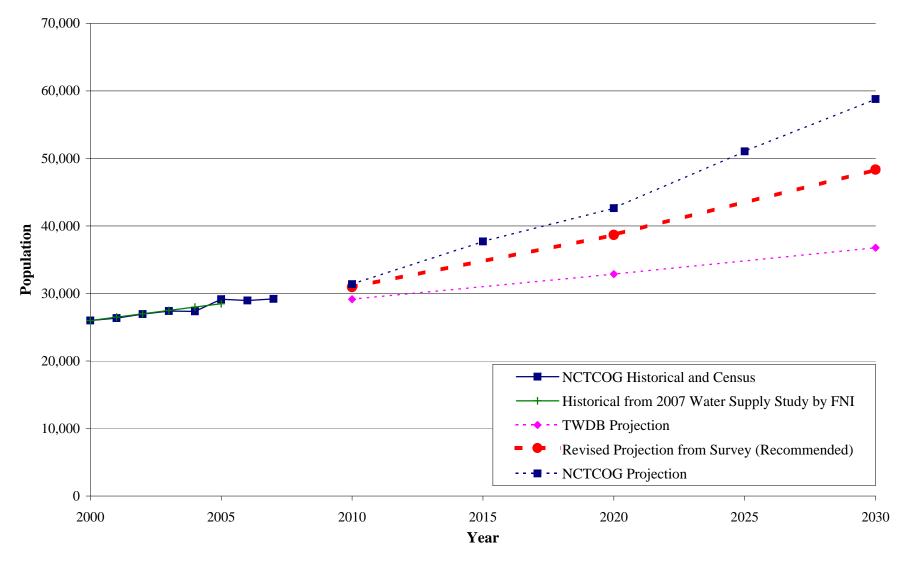


Figure D-6 Cleburne Population Estimates and Projections

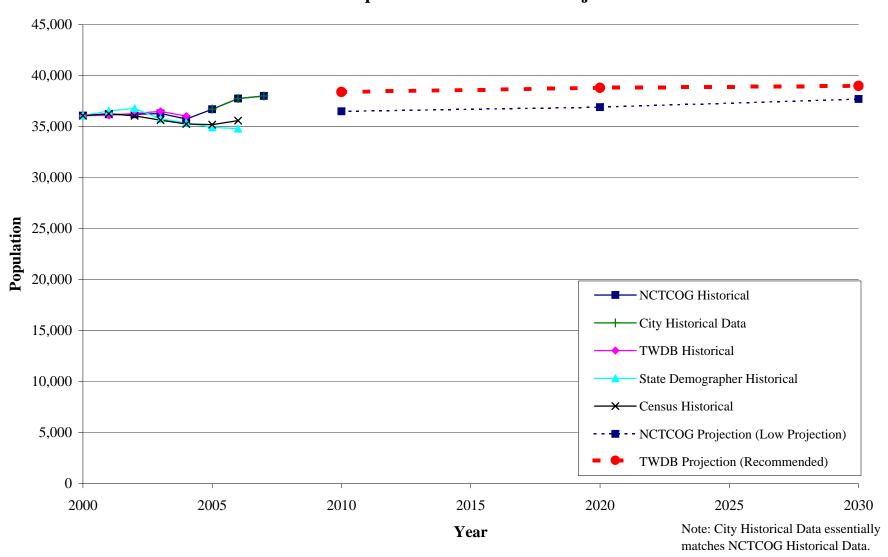
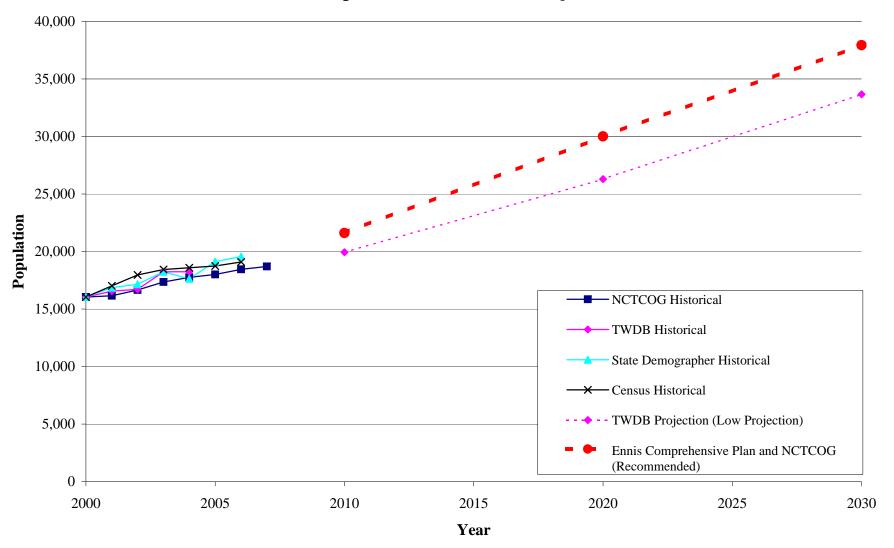
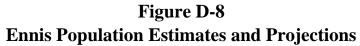
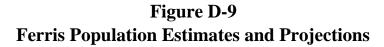
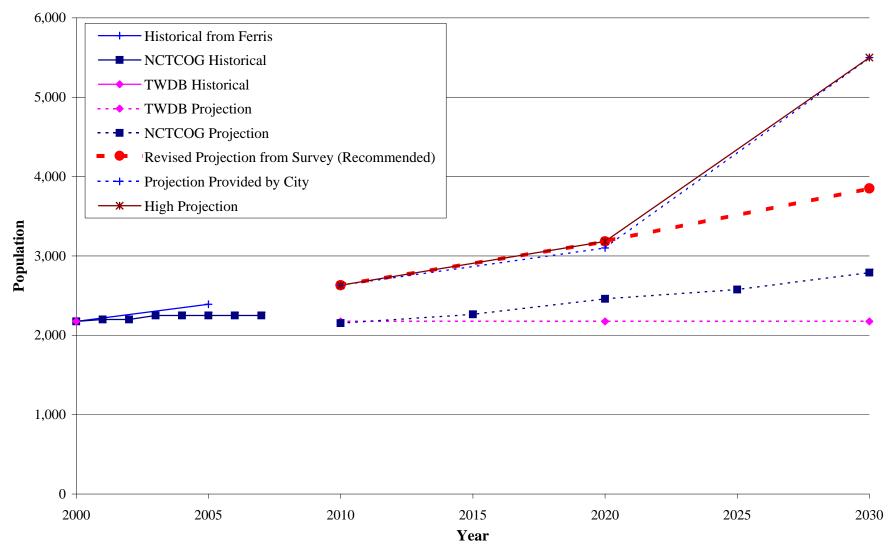


Figure D-7 Duncanville Population Estimates and Projections









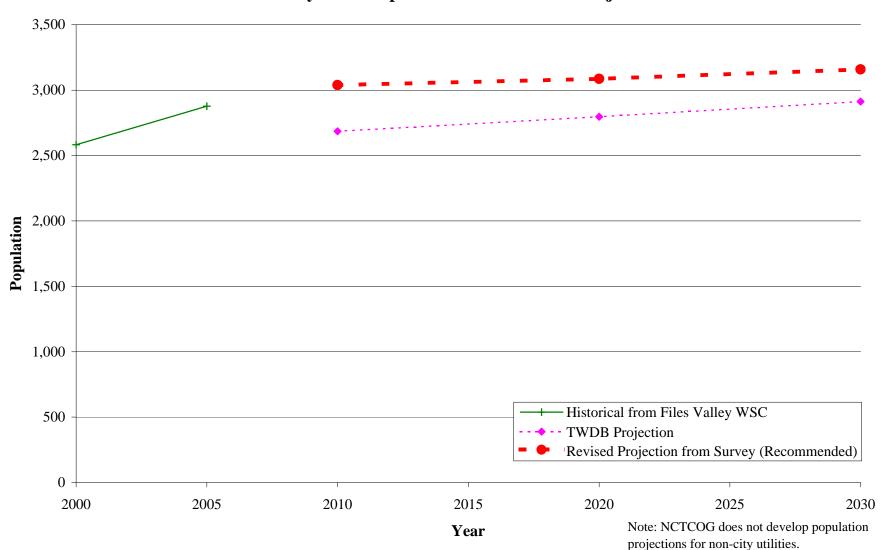


Figure D-10 Files Valley WSC Population Estimates and Projections

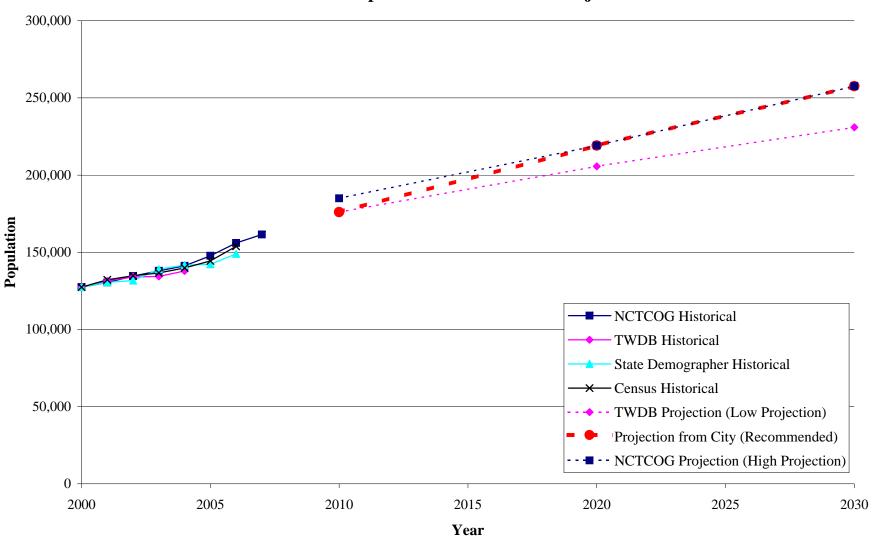


Figure D-11 Grand Prairie Population Estimates and Projections

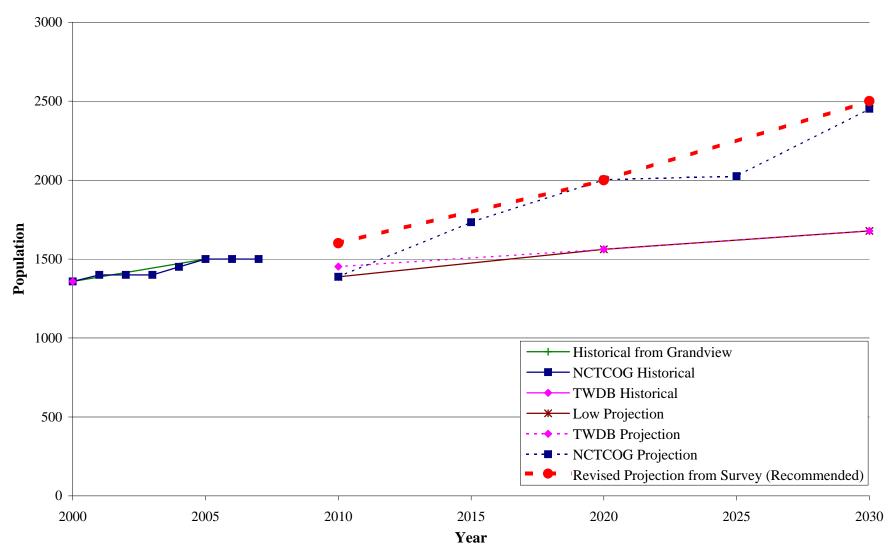
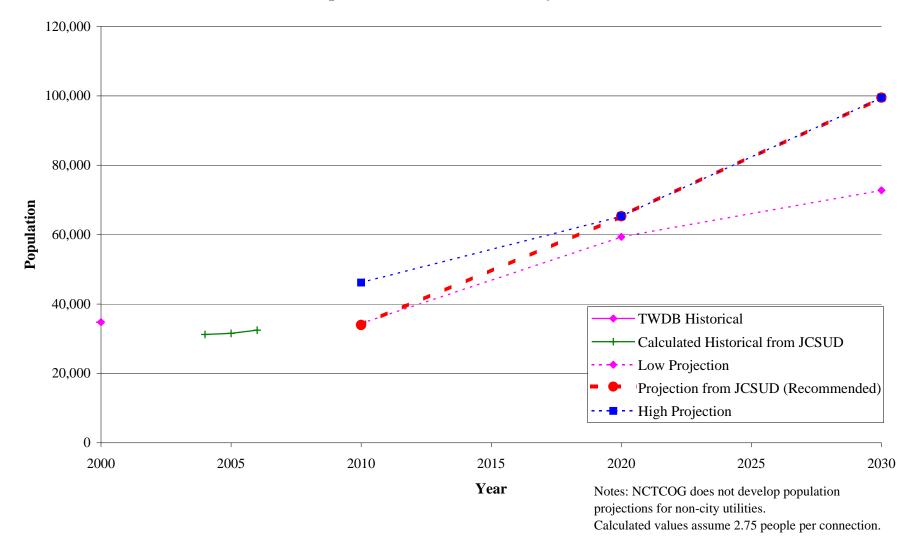
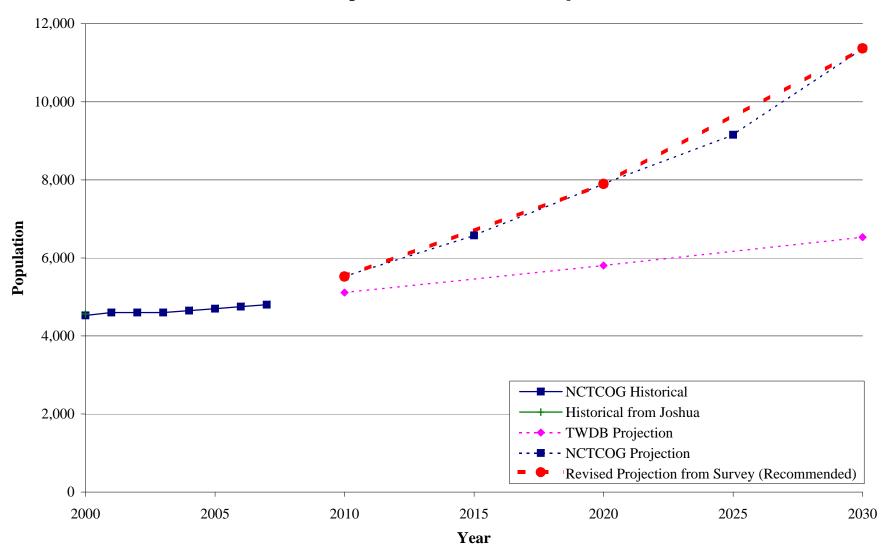
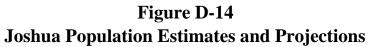


Figure D-12 Grandview Population Estimates and Projections

Figure D-13 Johnson County SUD Population Estimates and Projections







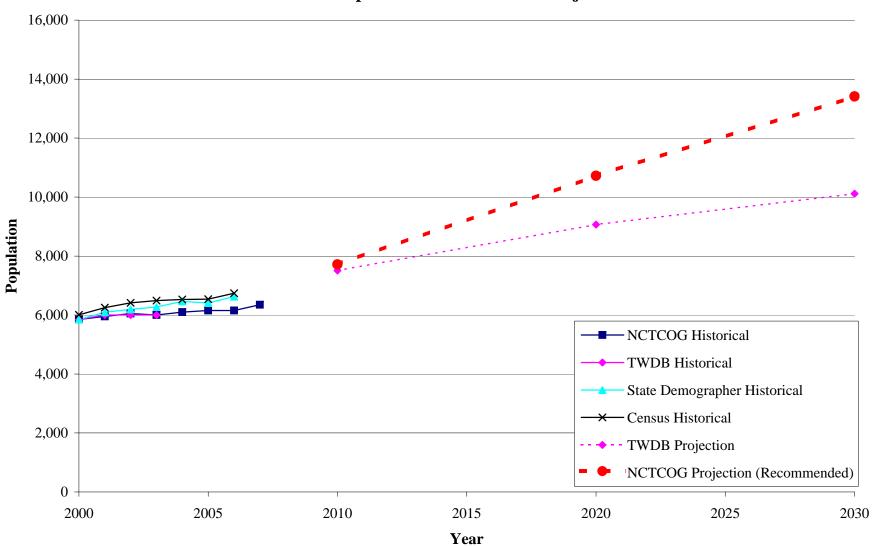
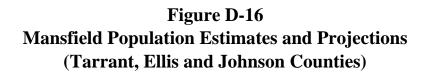


Figure D-15 Kennedale Population Estimates and Projections



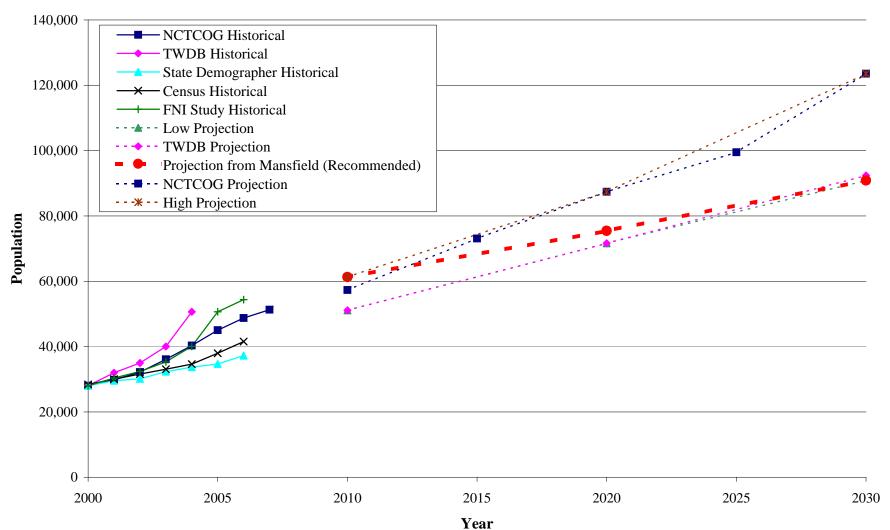
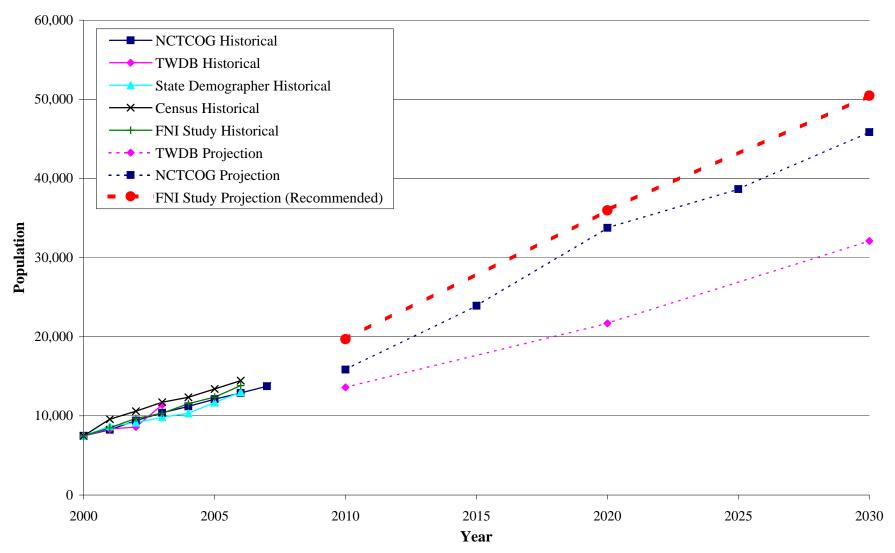


Figure D-17 Midlothian Population Estimates and Projections



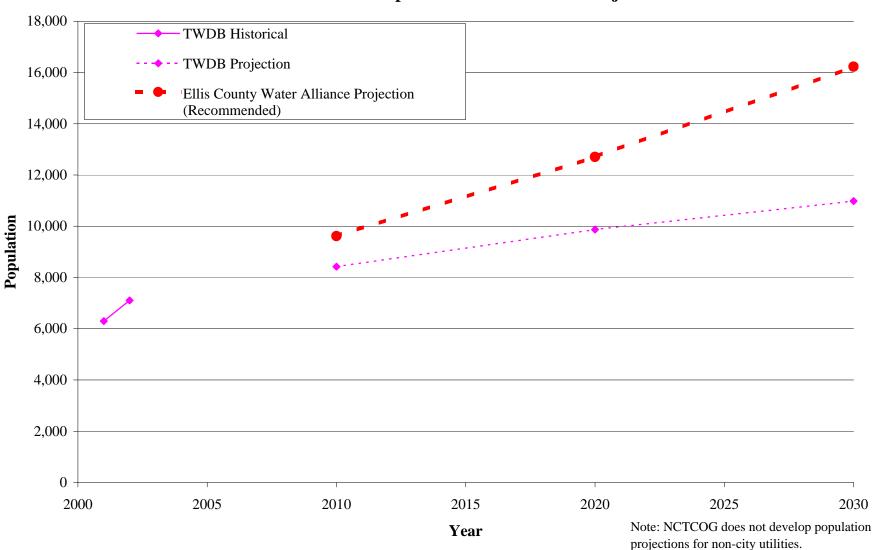
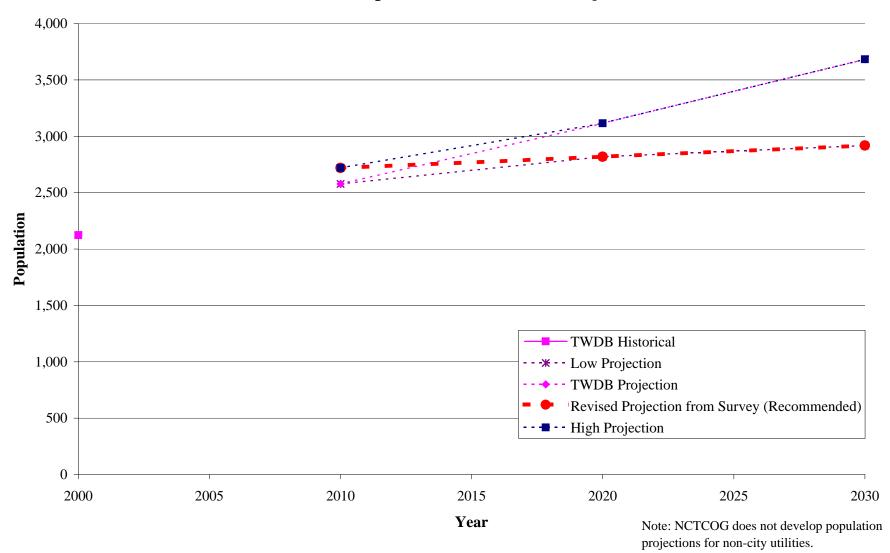
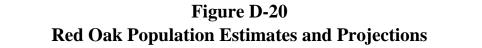


Figure D-18 Mountain Peak SUD Population Estimates and Projections







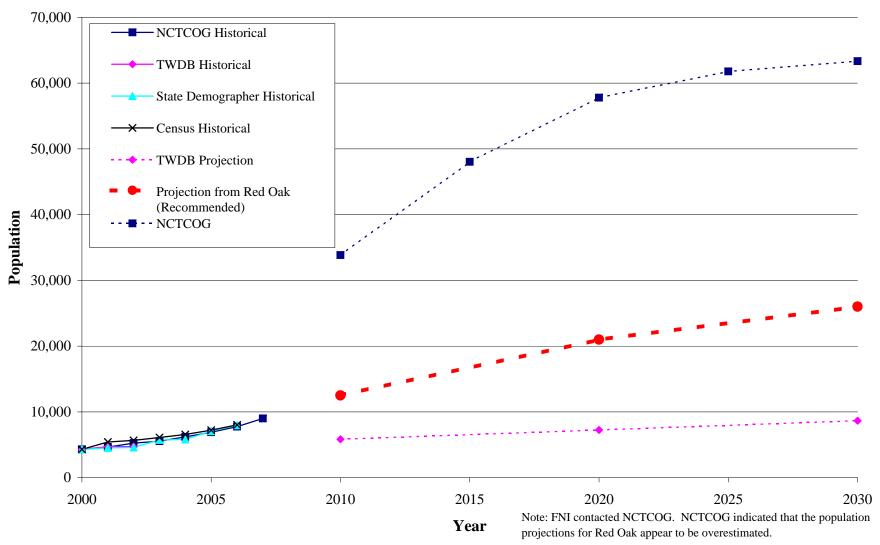
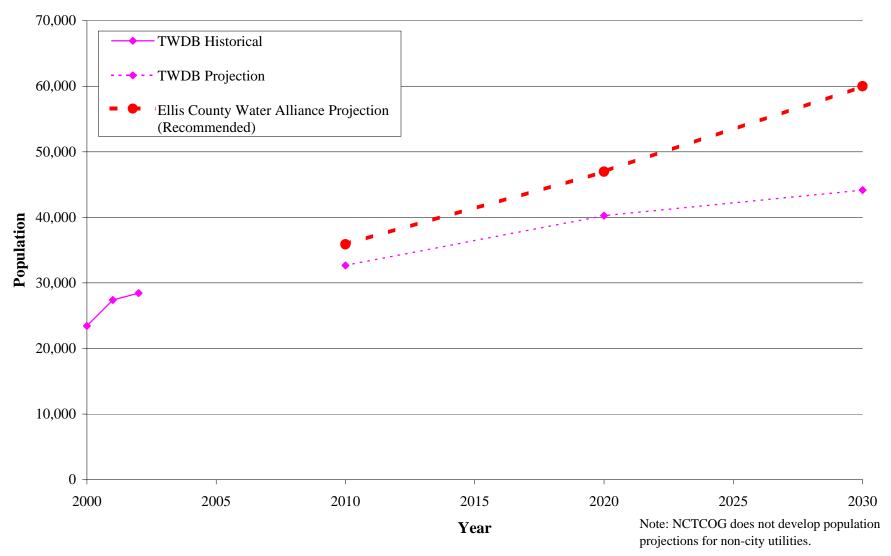


Figure D-21 Rockett SUD Population Estimates and Projections



Population

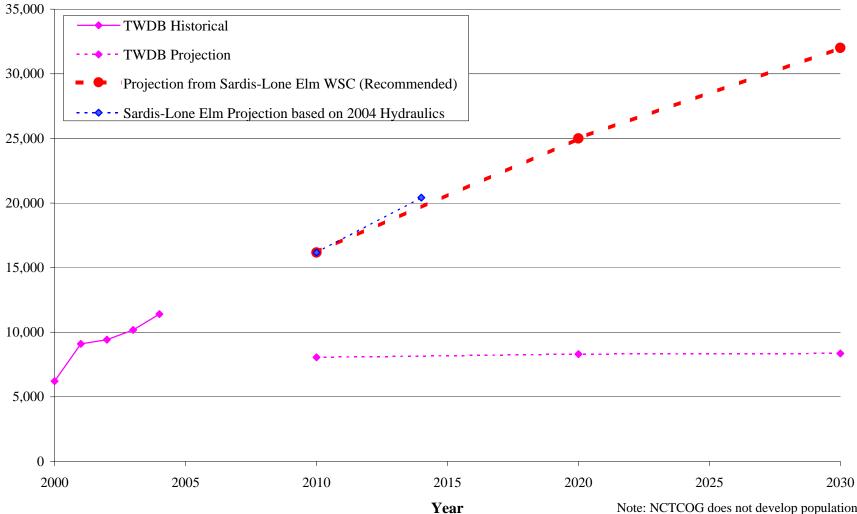
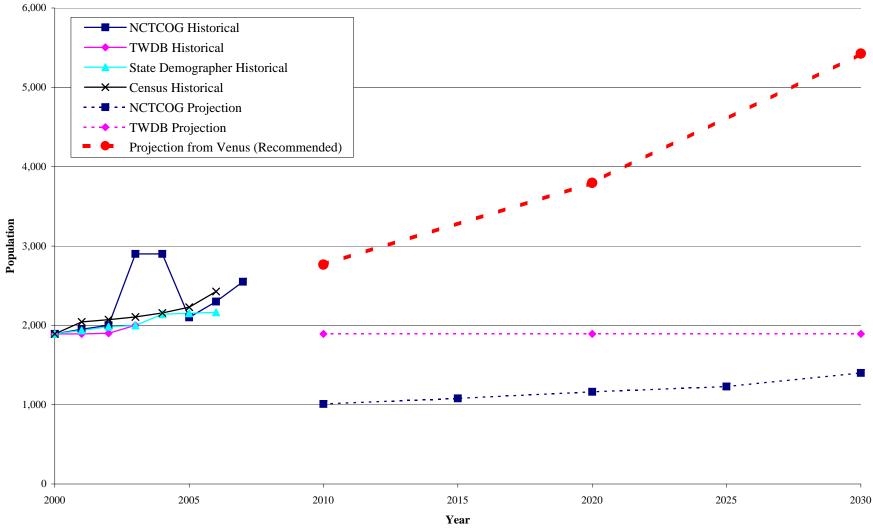


Figure D-22 Sardis-Lone Elm WSC Population Estimates and Projections

Note: NCTCOG does not develop population projections for non-city utilities.

Figure D-23 Venus Population Estimates and Projections



Note: TWDB and Recommended Projections include prison population.

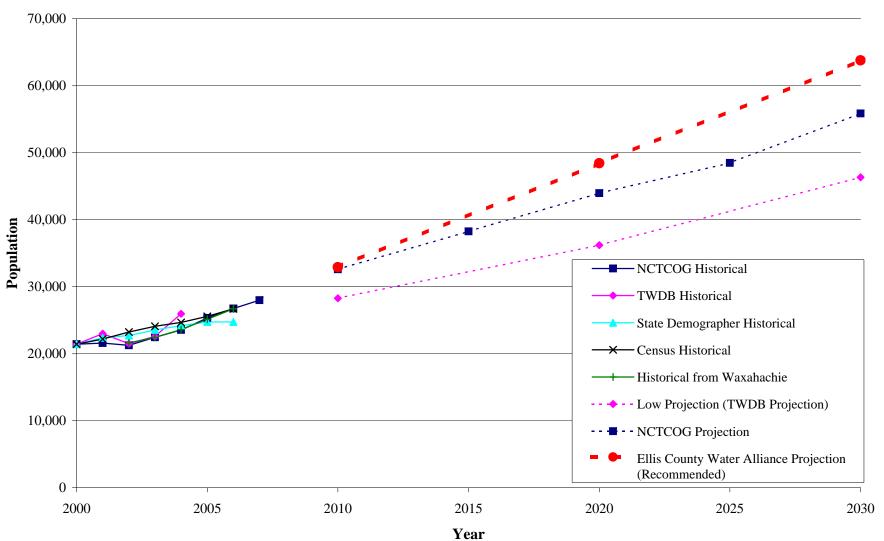


Figure D-24 Waxahachie Population Estimates and Projections

APPENDIX E

WATER DEMAND FIGURES

Appendix E Water Demand Figures

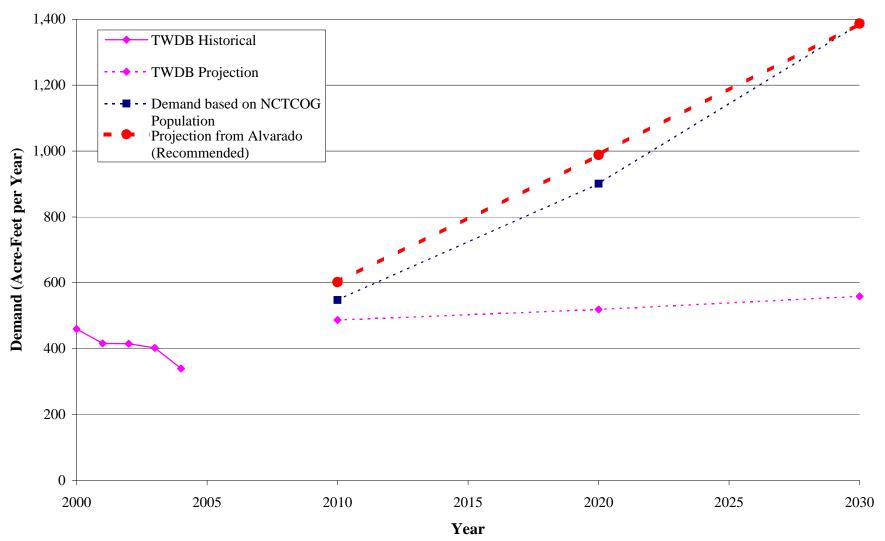
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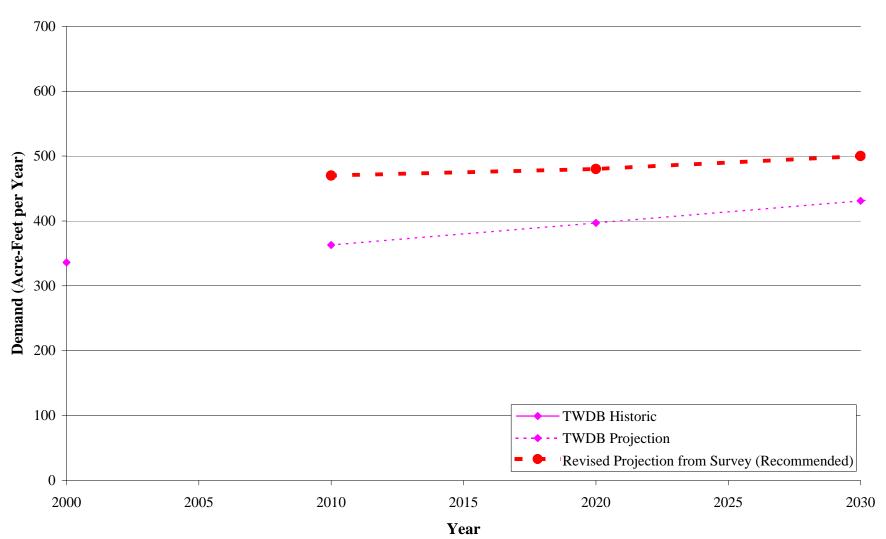
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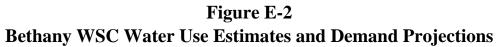
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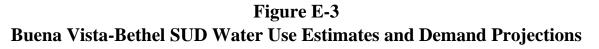
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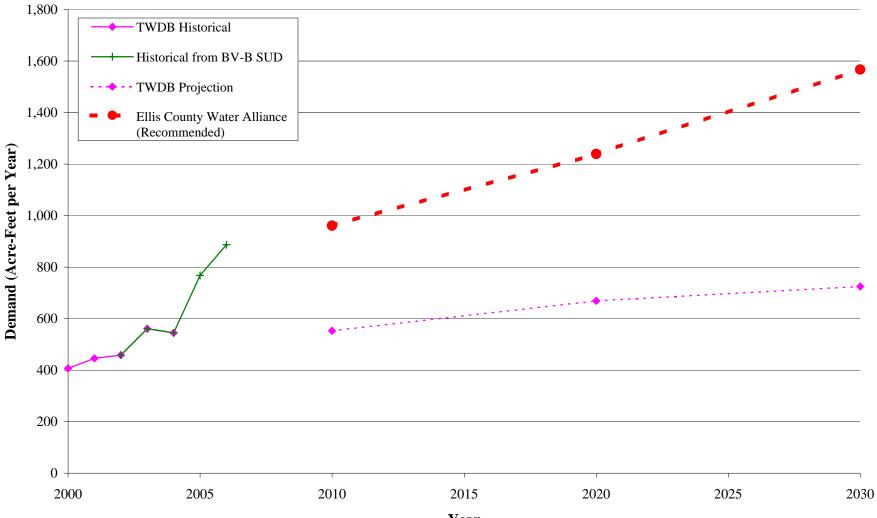
Figure E-1 Alvarado Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections











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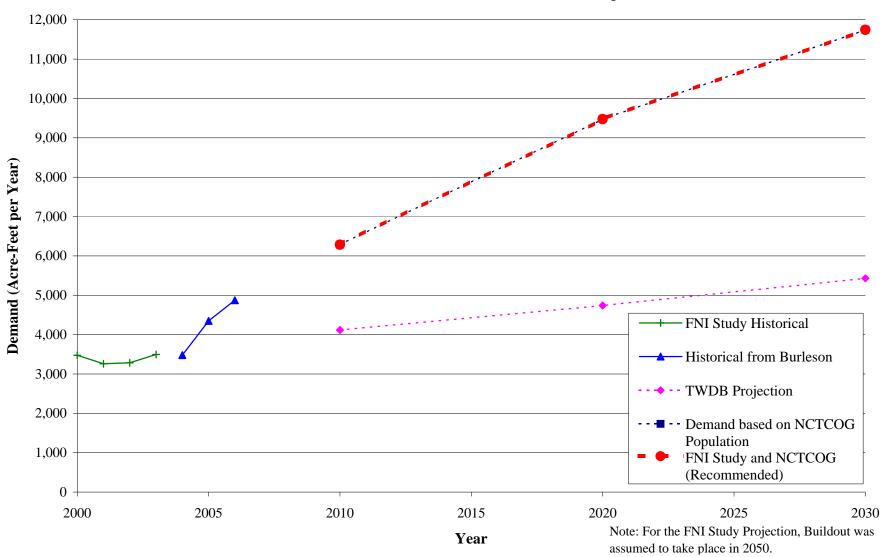


Figure E-4 Burleson Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections

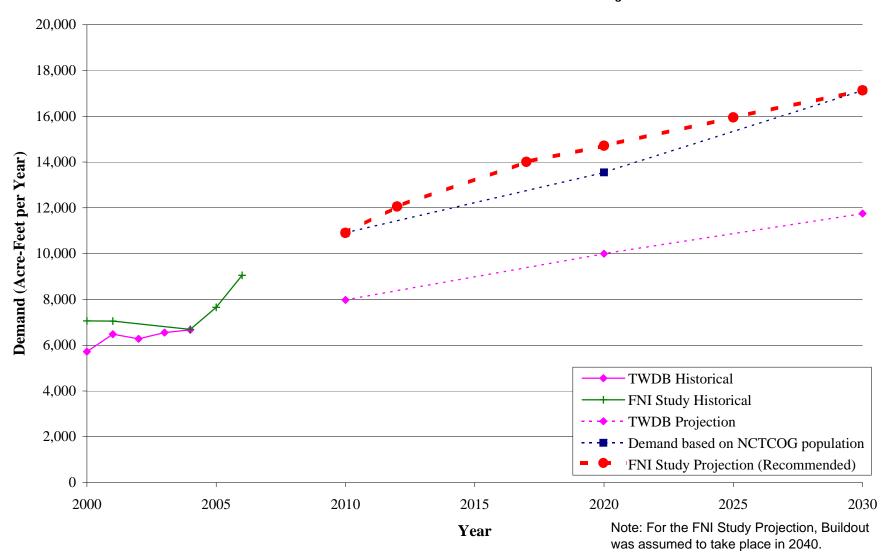


Figure E-5 Cedar Hill Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections

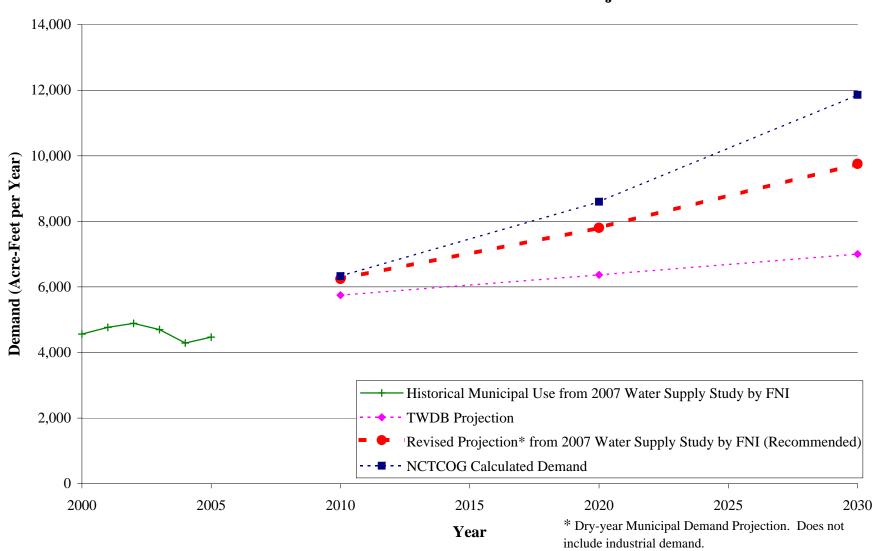


Figure E-6 Cleburne Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections

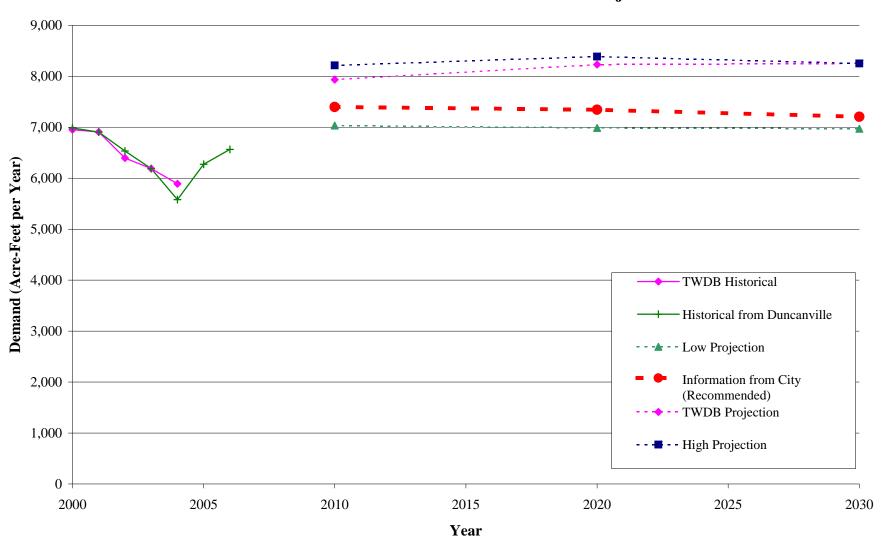


Figure E-7 Duncanville Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections

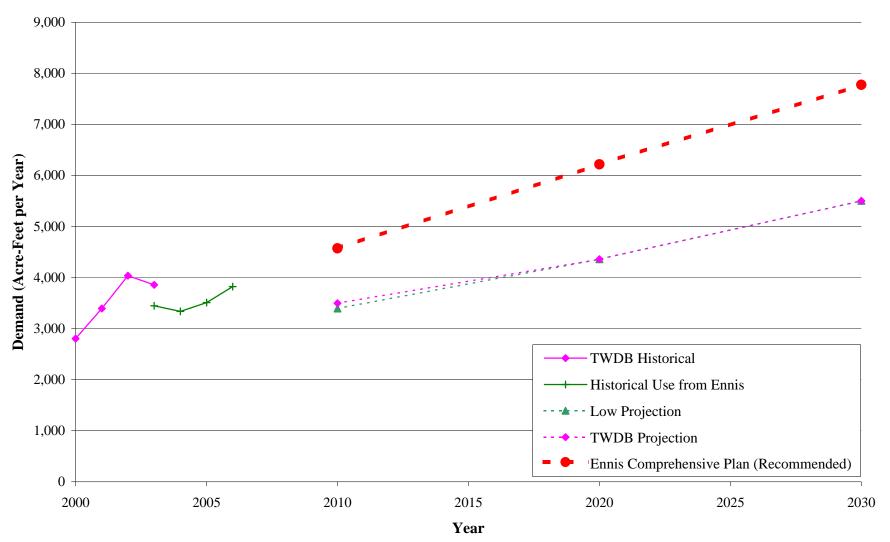


Figure E-8 Ennis Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections

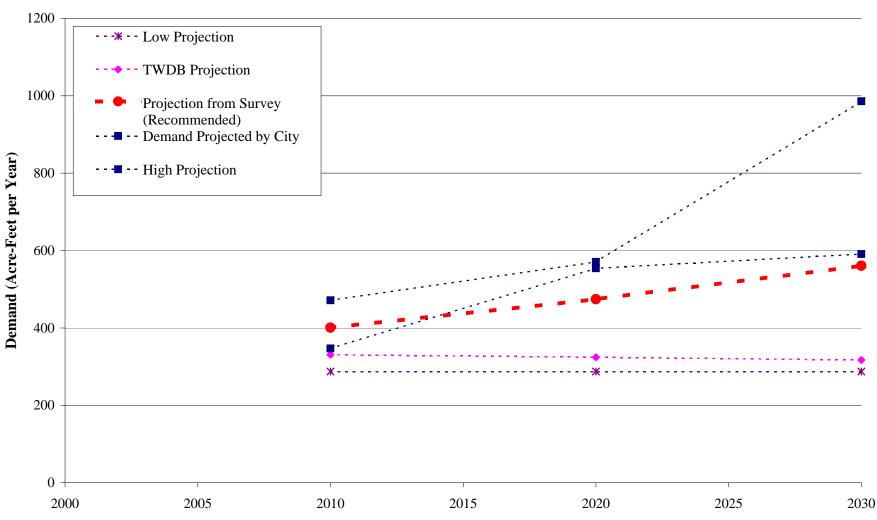


Figure E-9 Ferris Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections

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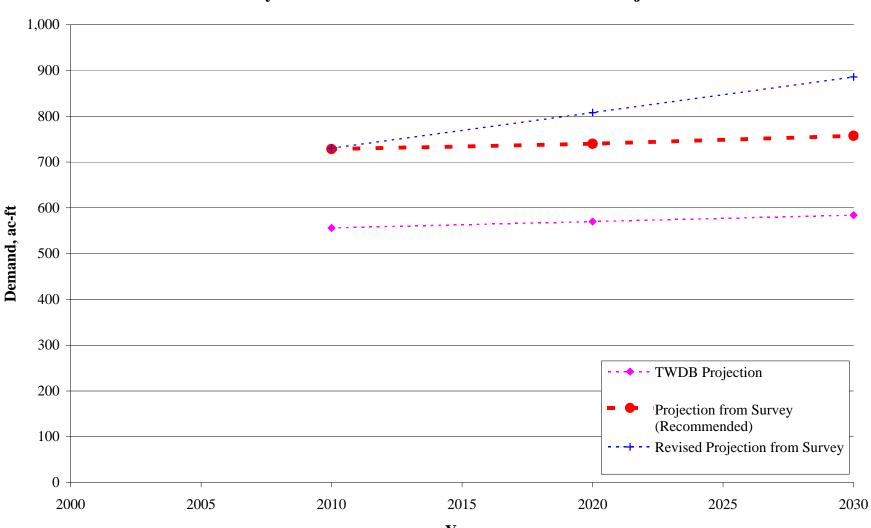


Figure E-10 Files Valley WSC Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections

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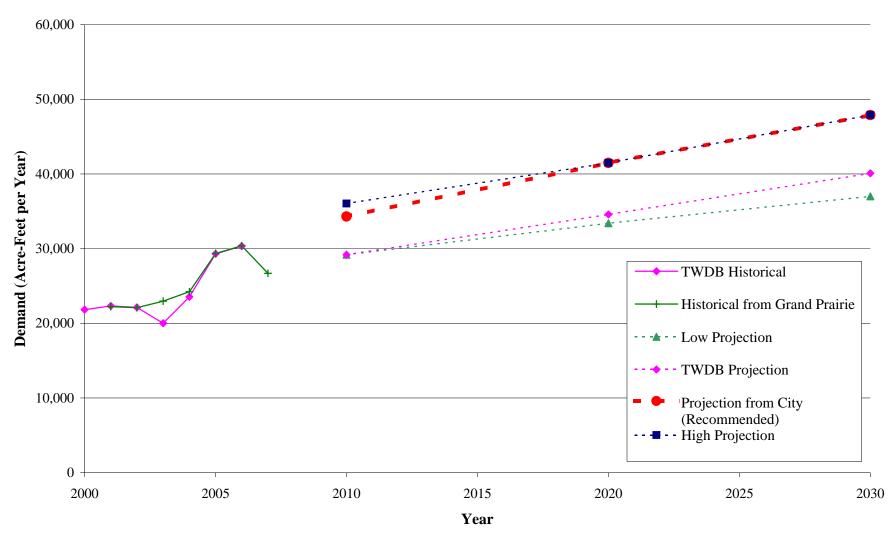


Figure E-11 Grand Prairie Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections

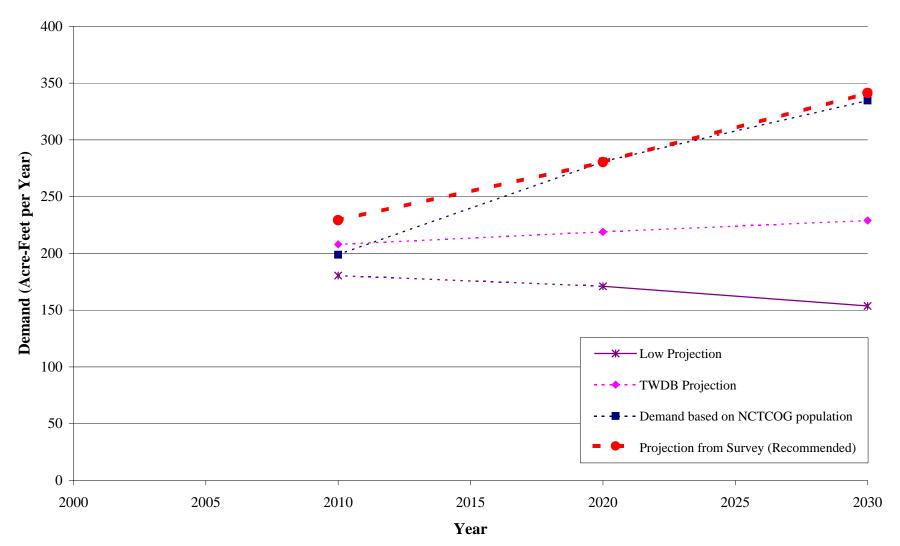
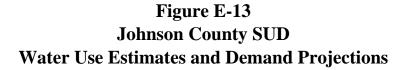
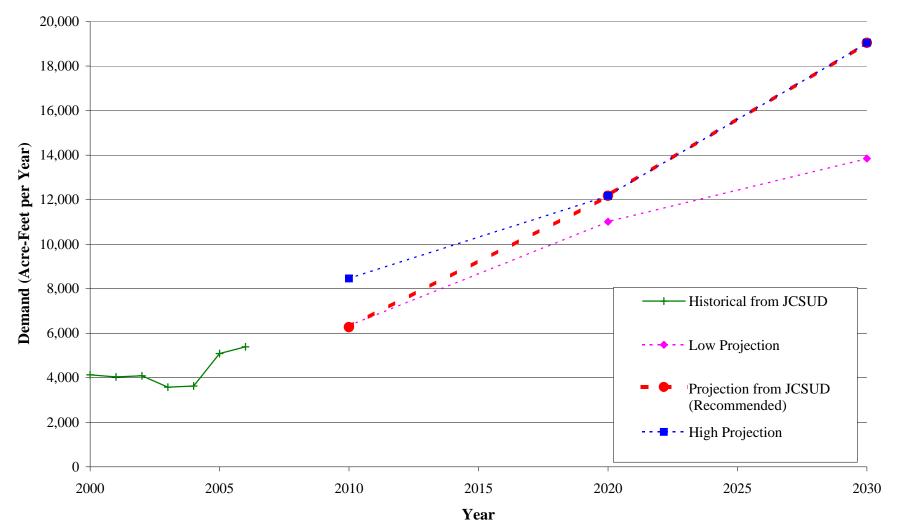


Figure E-12 Grandview Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections





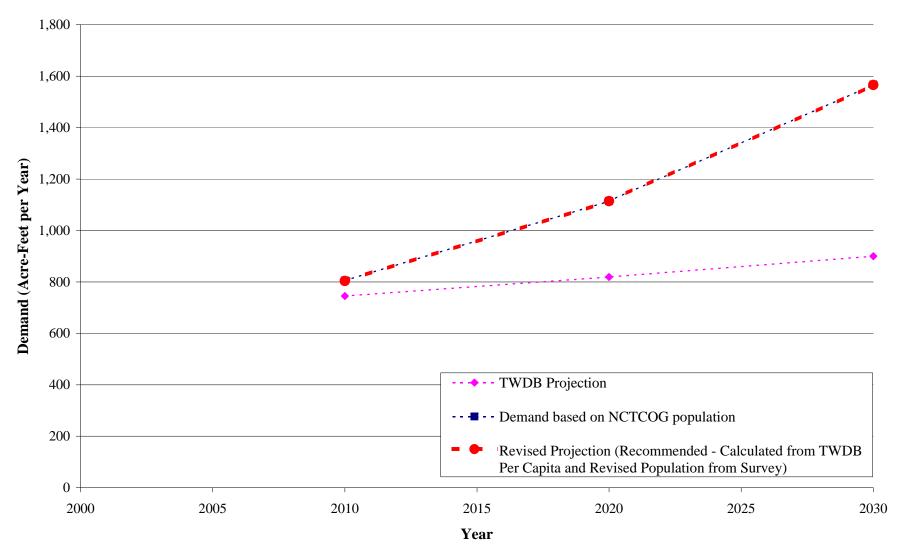
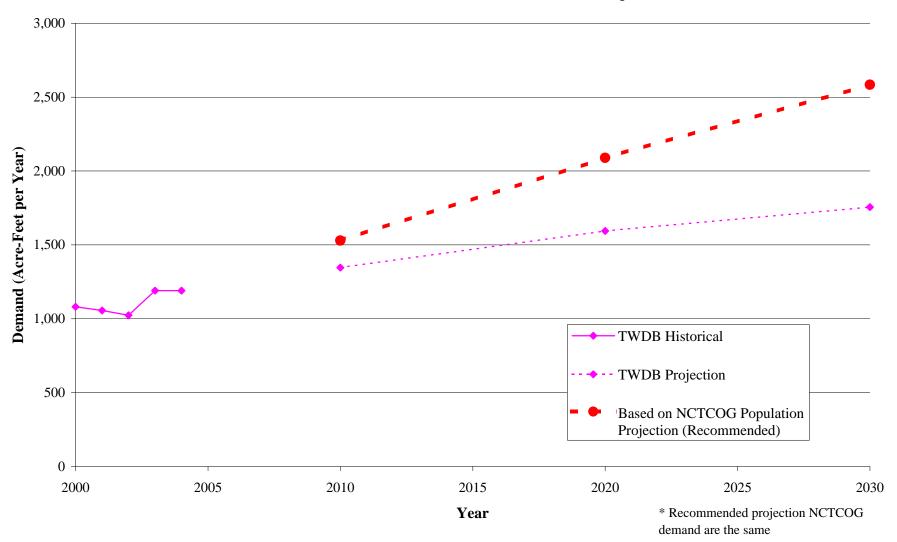
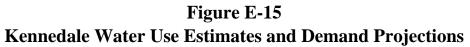
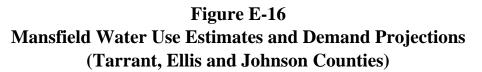


Figure E-14 Joshua Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections







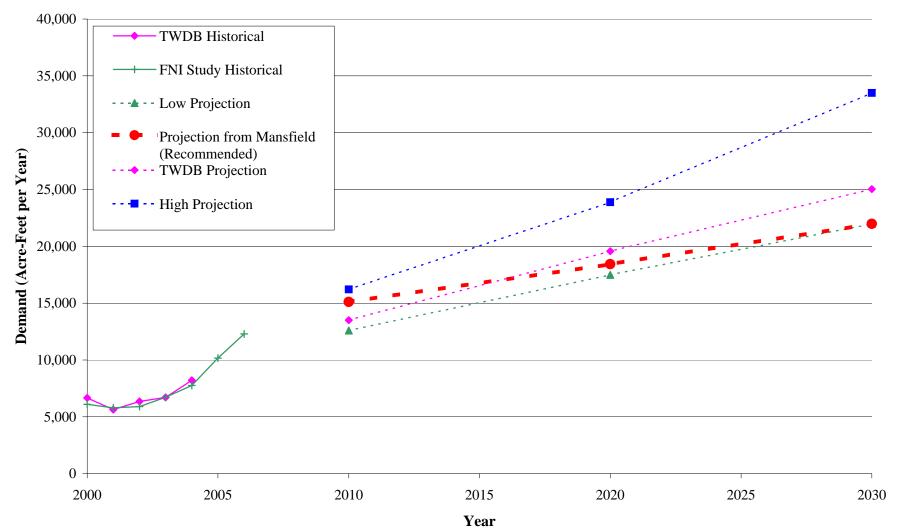
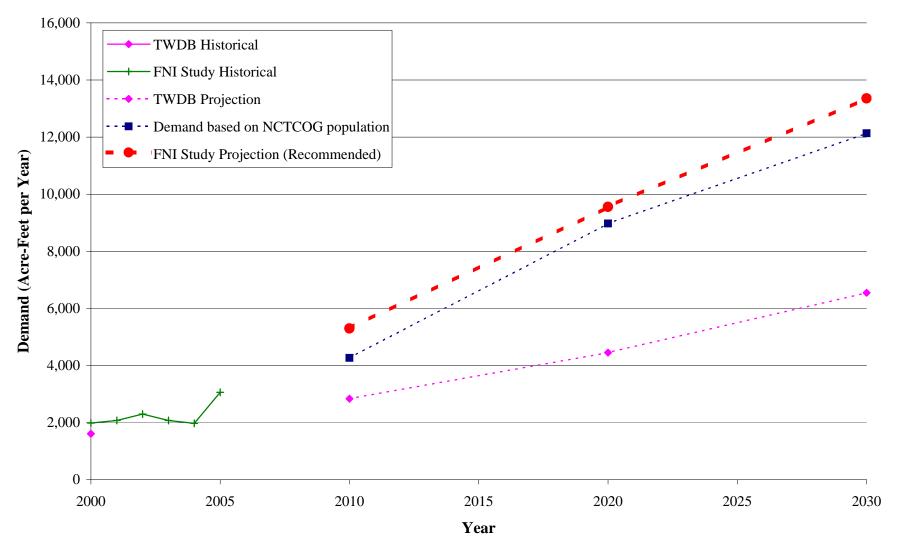
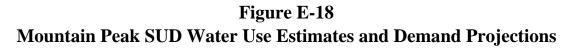
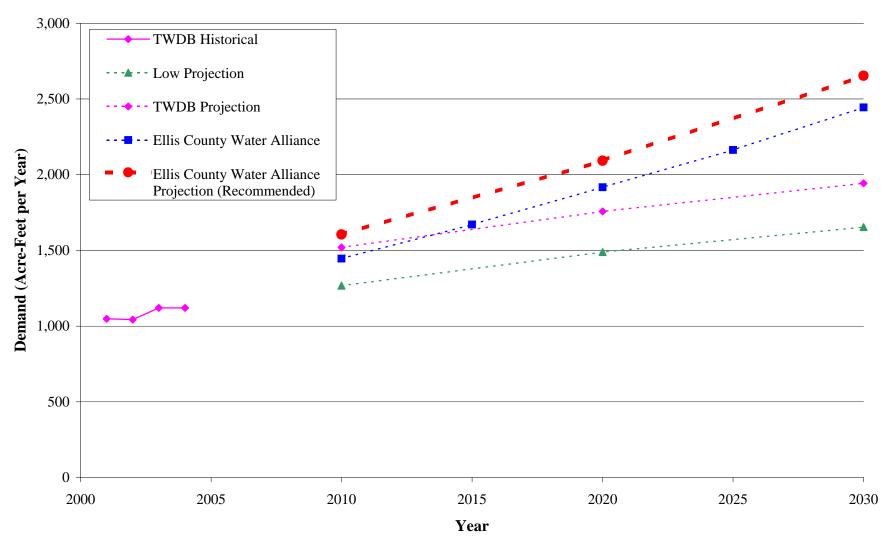


Figure E-17 Midlothian Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections







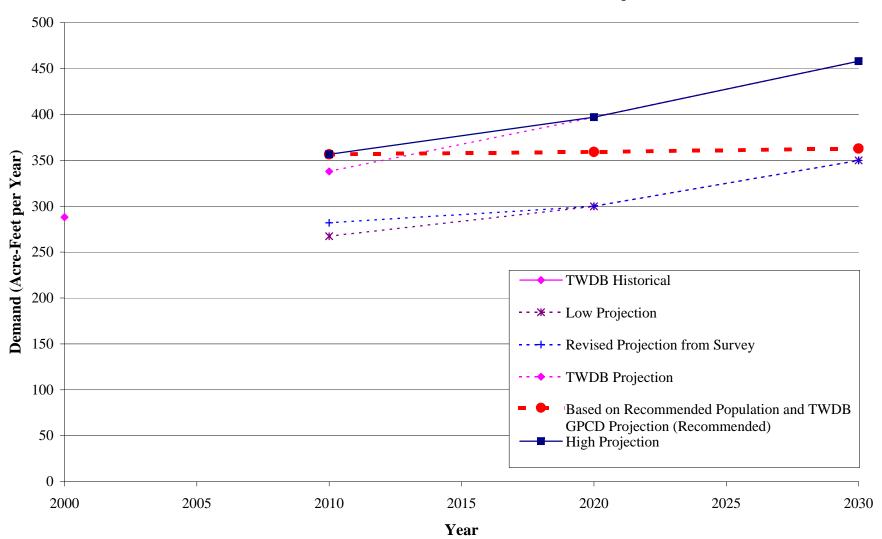
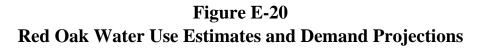
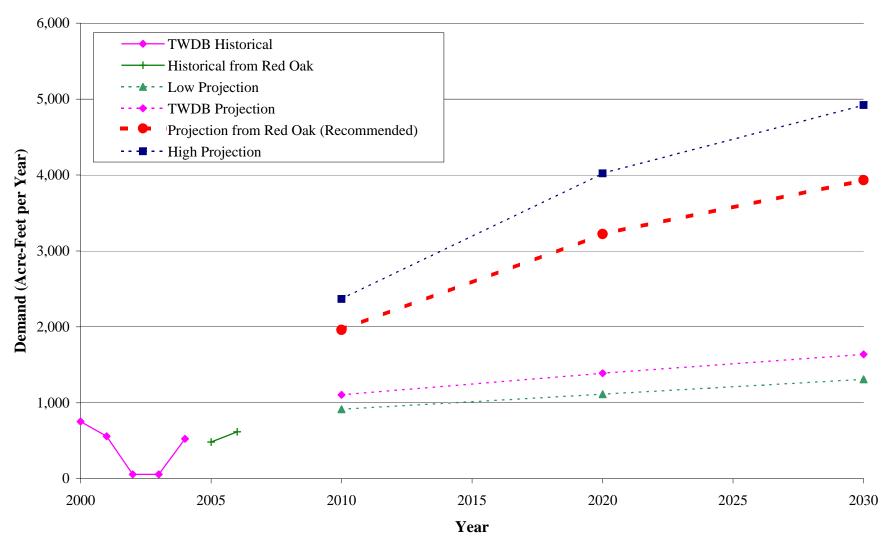
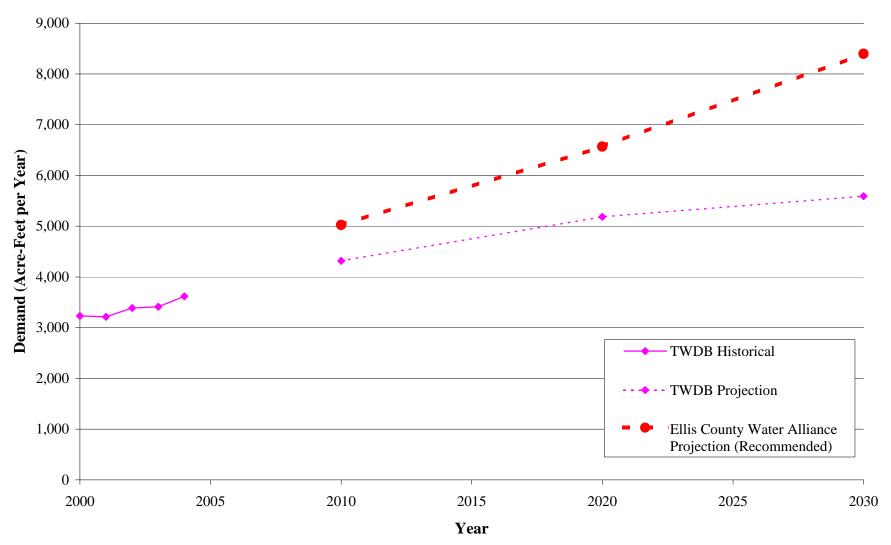
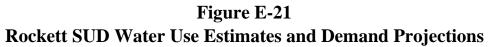


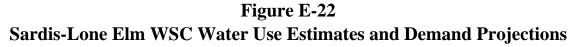
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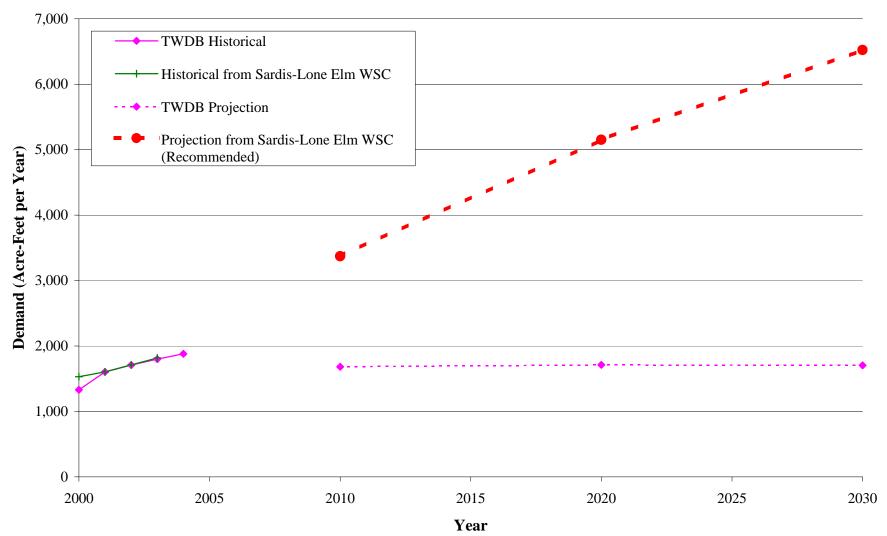


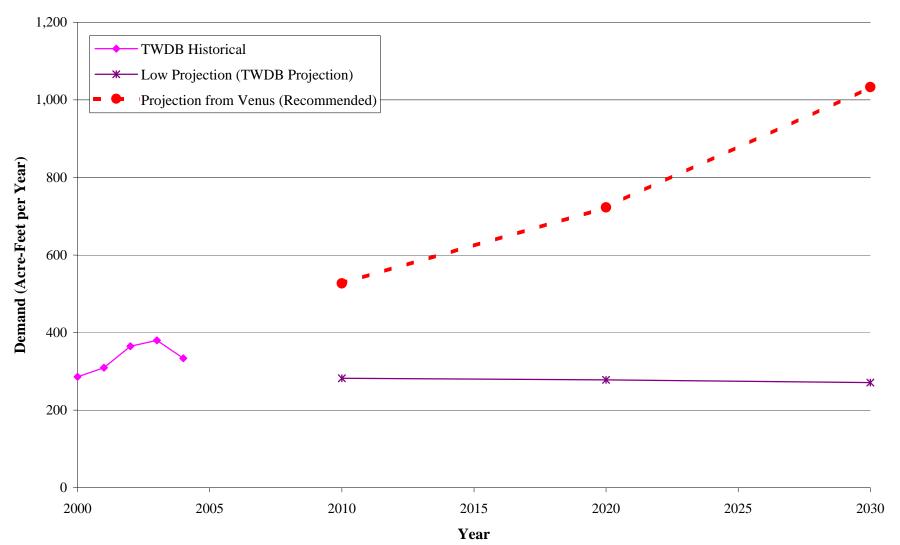












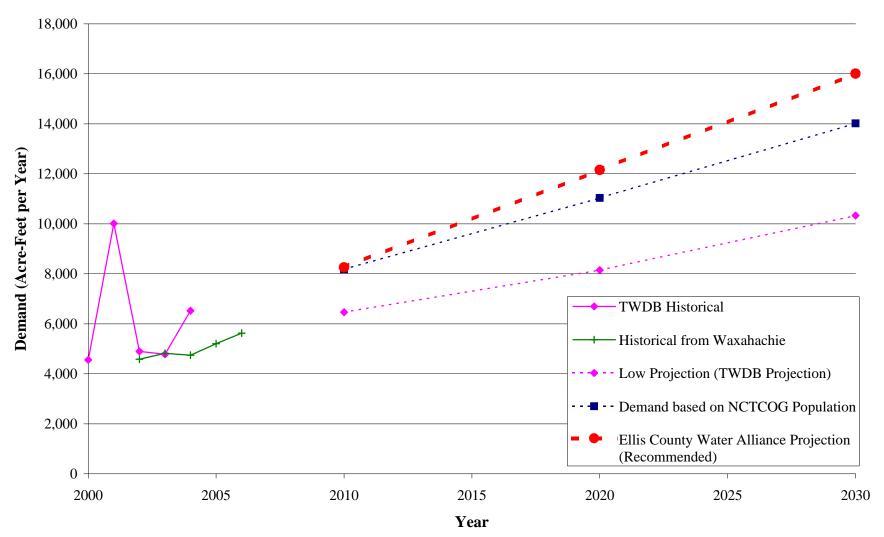


Figure E-24 Waxahachie Water Use Estimates and Demand Projections

APPENDIX F

COMPARISON OF DEMAND AND SUPPLY BY WATER USER GROUP

Appendix F Comparison of Demand and Supply by Water User Group

This appendix includes a summary table and figure for each water user group in the study area. The table for each entity provides the recommended population and demand projections. Any water demands placed on the entity by a current or potential customer are also shown in the table. The table also lists the currently contracted supplies and recommended strategies, as appropriate. Entities without shortages will not necessarily have recommended water management strategies.

The corresponding figure for each entity shows the currently contracted supplies as stacked bars. The recommended water demand (for the entity and its current customers) is shown by a heavy black line. The heavy, dashed red line represents the demand of the entity plus current and potential customer demands. Recommended water management strategies are shown as stacked bars with diagonal striping pattern. The tables and figures are presented alphabetically in this appendix.

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Table F-3	City of Bardwell
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Table F-1 Acton MUD

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Johnson Co.	133	171	211	2006 Plan
Hood Co.	15,036	18,435	21,599	2006 Plan
Total Population	15,169	18,606	21,810	

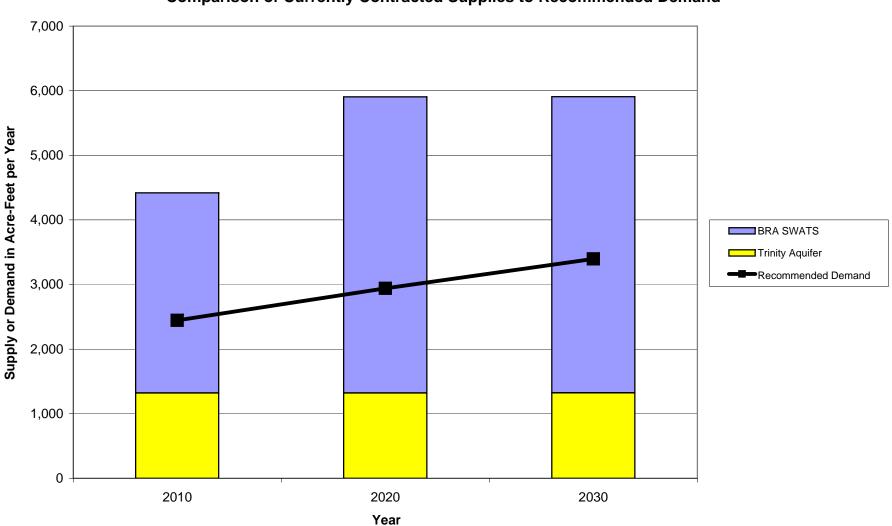
Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Johnson Co.	21	27	33	2006 Plan
Hood Co.	2,425	2,912	3,363	2006 Plan
Total Demand	2,446	2,939	3,396	

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Trinity Aquifer	1,320	1,321	1,323	2006 Plan
				Based on interest in current
				SWATS treatment capacity (10.5
				MGD) and buildout to design
BRA SWATS	3,098	4,585	4,585	capacity (15.54 MGD) by 2020.
Total Supply	4,418	5,906	5,908	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	1.972	2.967	2.512
eu plus, eller lage (/ li / l)	1,012	2,001	2,012

Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)

Acton MUD did not have any shortages in the 2006 Plan. No strategies were recommended. No additional strategies are recommended in this study.



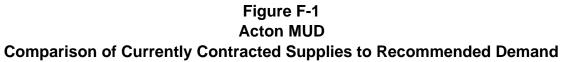


Table F-2 City of Alvarado

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In City	4,439	7,535	10,766	recommended

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In City Demand	602	988	1,387	recommended

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Johnson County SUD	11	11	11	2006 Plan
Trinity Aquifer	75	75	75	2006 Plan
Total Supply	86	86	86	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-516	-902	-1,301

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Temporarily overdraft Trinity aquifer (Brazos G)				
with two new wells	401	0	0	strategy in the 2006 Plan
Additional JCSUD Sources	458	458	458	increase current contract
				discussing a contract for 2
				MGD (peak day) from
				Mansfield (TRWD supply);
Additional Johnson County SUD (Mansfield,				assume 1 MGD (peak) for
TRWD Sources)	0	561	561	initial need
Purchase TRWD Sources (through TRA) with				new strategy, amount is
Midlothian providing water treatment	0	561	561	assumed
Total	859	1,580	1,580	

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	343	678	279

Notes: a. Alvarado has requested surface water from TRA (TRWD sources).

b. Alvarado is selling surface water from Lake Alvarado to two gas drilling operations in hopes of protecting the groundwater supply.

c. Significant changes from the 2006 Brazos G Water Plan are shown in italics.

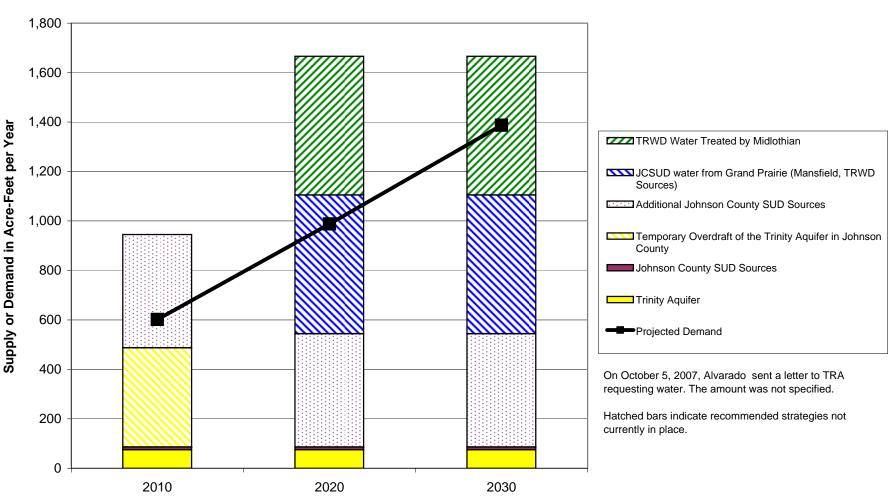


Figure F-2 Alvarado Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies and Recommended Water Management Strategies to Recommended Demand

Year

April 2009

Table F-3 City of Bardwell

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	838	1,075	1,308	2006 Plan

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	103	130	155	2006 Plan

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Woodbine Aquifer	78	78	78	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	2	7	9	2006 Plan
Total Supply	80	85	87	

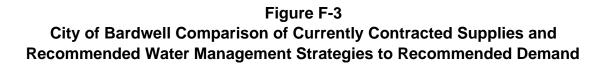
Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-23	-45	-68

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Additional Woodbine Aquifer (New Wells)	34	58	84	2006 Plan
				new strategy; amount
Purchase water from Ennis (TRWD Sources)	23	45	68	assumed
Supplemental wells in Woodbine aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Total	57	103	152	

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	34	58	84

Notes: a. Bardwell has asked Ennis for surface water supply. Ennis has not committed to providing water supply.

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.



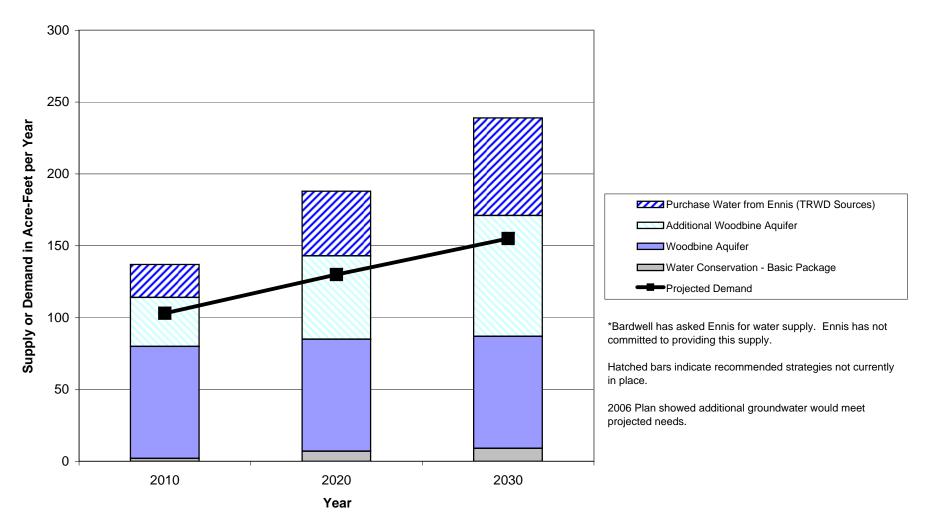


Table F-4 Bethany WSC

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Service Area	4,300	4,500	4,750	recommended

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Service Area Demand	470	480	500	recommended

Current Supply (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				2006 Plan showed 87 AF/Y;
				current well capacity is
Trinity Aquifer	87	87	87	0.8064 MGD
Total Supply	87	87	87	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-383	-393	-413

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				new strategy; amount
				assumed based on
				maximum need with
Keene (BRA SWATS System)	271	271	271	JCSUD supplies
				strategy in the 2006 Plan;
Johnson County SUD	112	224	336	updated amounts
Total	383	495	607	

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y) 0	102	194
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Note: a. Bethany WSC plans to purchase water from Johnson County SUD (BRA SWATS System) as recommended in the 2006 Plan. Bethany WSC is also considering purchasing water from Keene. b. Significant changes from the 2006 Brazos G Water Plan are shown in italics.

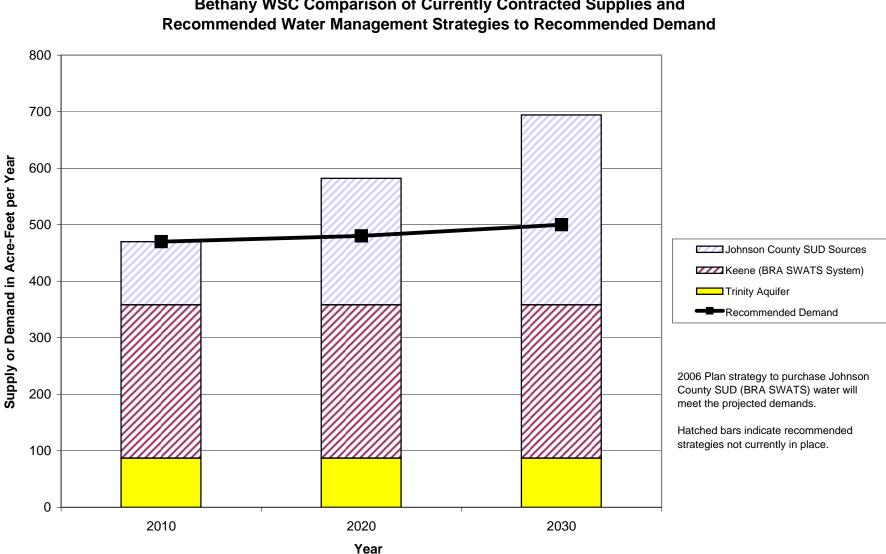


Figure F-4 Bethany WSC Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies and

Total Demand

Figure F-5
Bethesda WSC
(Includes Johnson and Tarrant Counties)

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Johnson Co. Portion	19,035	24,199	29,625	recommended
Tarrant Co. Portion	10,585	13,110	15,707	recommended
	29,620	37,309	45,332	
Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Johnson Co. Portion	2,751	3,415	4,115	recommended

4,281

5,265

6,297

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Trinity Aquifer (Region C)	35	35	35	2006 Plan
Trinity Aquifer (Brazos G)	393	393	393	2006 Plan
				revised current supply based on this study; current contract is 2.2 MGD (avg
Fort Worth (TRWD Sources)	2,466	2,466	2,466	day)
Water Conservation - Basic Package	21	82	106	2006 Plan
Total Supply	2,915	2,976	3,000	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-1,366	-2,289	-3,297

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				revised 2006 Plan; keep
Additional water from Fort Worth (TRWD)	2,289	2,289	2,289	strategy
Purchase water from Arlington (TRWD)	0	0	2,803	considering 5 MGD (peak)
Supplemental Wells in Trinity Aquifer	0	0	0	keep strategy
Total	2,289	2,289	5,092	

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	923	0	1,795

Notes: a. Bethesda WSC contract with Fort Worth expires in 2010. Bethesda WSC plans to renegotiate a contract and request additional supply. Bethesda WSC is interested in purchasing water from Arlington on the east side of Bethesda's system.

b. Changes from the 2006 Brazos G Water Plan are shown in italics.

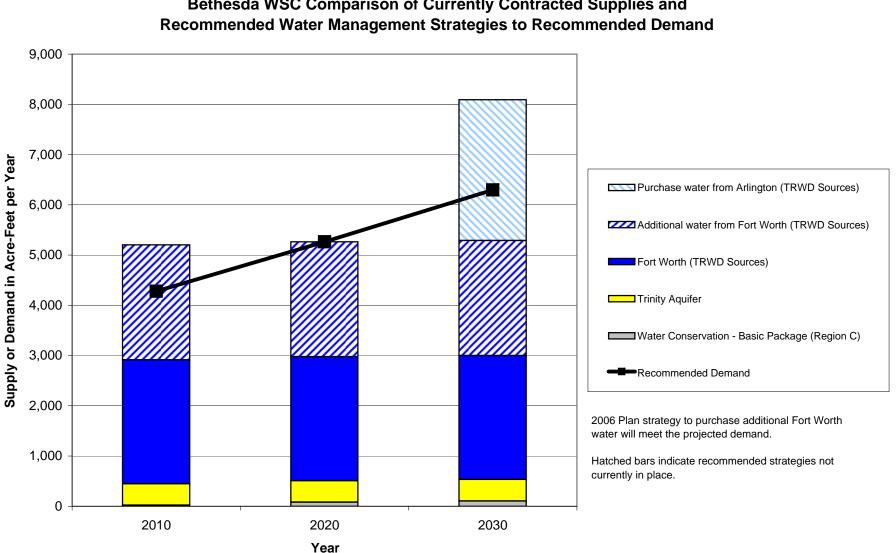


Figure F-5 Bethesda WSC Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies and

Table F-6Brandon-Irene WSC(Includes Ellis, Navarro and Hill Counties)

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis Co.	79	89	99	2006 Plan
Navarro Co.	221	238	256	2006 Plan
Hill Co.	2,059	2,128	2,207	2006 Plan
Total Population	2,359	2,455	2,562	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis Co.	10	11	11	2006 Plan
Navarro Co.	27	28	30	2006 Plan
Hill Co.	251	253	255	2006 Plan
Total Demand	288	292	296	

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Aquilla WSD (Lake Aquilla)	293	270	248	2006 Plan
Trinity Aquifer (Hill Co)	99	99	99	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	1	2	2	2006 Plan
Total Supply	393	371	349	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	105	79	53

No strategies were recommended in the 2006 Plan because Brandon-Irene WSC did not have any shortages.

No additional strategies are recommended in this study.



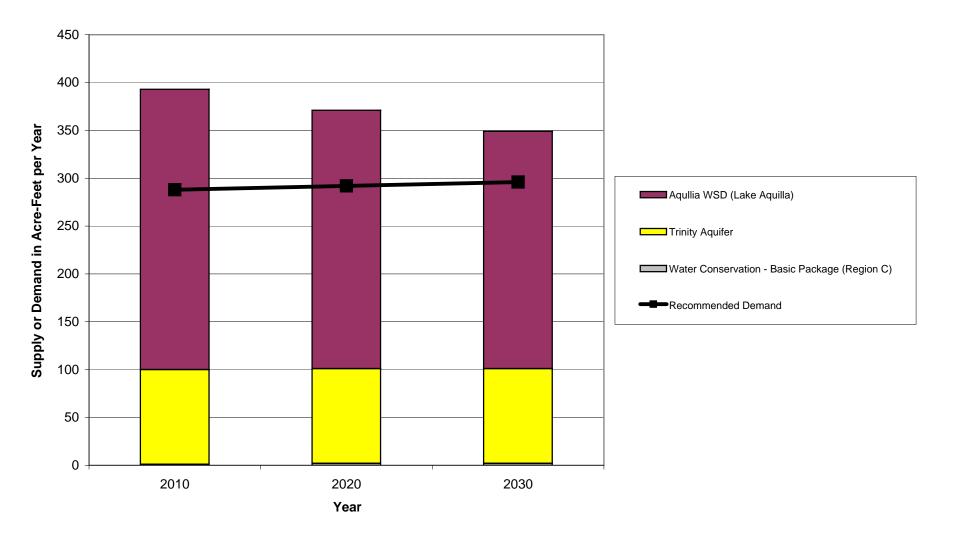


Table F-7 Buena Vista - Bethel SUD

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Service Area	4,144	5,423	6,925	recommended

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Service Area Demand	961	1,239	1,567	recommended

Potential Wholesale Customers (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Files Valley WSC	0	100	100	assume 100 AF/Y
Ellis County-Other (3 private systems)	0	100		Includes South Ellis Co WSC and several private systems; assumed 100 AF/Y of Ellis County- Other Demand
Total Potential New Customer Demand	0	200	200	

	Total Current and Potential Customer Demand (AF/Y)	961	1,439	1,767
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Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Trinity Aquifer	305	305	305	2006 Plan
				0.85 MGD (avg day)
				contract with TRA; not
				connected, revised
				current supply based on
TRWD (from TRA through Waxahachie)	953	953	953	this study
Water Conservation - Basic Package	17	40	49	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	0	2	3	2006 Plan
Total Supply	1,275	1,300	1,310	

Surplus/Shortage (Current Customers) (AF/Y)	314	61	-257
Surplus/Shortage (Current and Potential Customers) (AF/Y)	314	-139	-457

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				additional water needed from Waxahachie Assumes groundwater may not be used in
Additional TRWD (from TRA through Waxahachie)	0	146	785	2030.
Additional Trinity Aquifer (Existing Wells)	56	0	0	keep strategy
Supplemental Wells in Trinity Aquifer	0	0	0	keep strategy
Total	56	146	785	

Final Surplus/Shortage (Current Customers) (AF/Y)	371	207	528
Final Surplus/Shortage (Current and Pot. Customers) (AF/Y)	371	7	328

Notes: a. Waxahachie has requested an additional contract from TRA (TRWD) to supply Buena Vista-Bethel SUD. Files Valley WSC did not mention the idea of purchasing water from Buena Vista-Bethel SUD.

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.



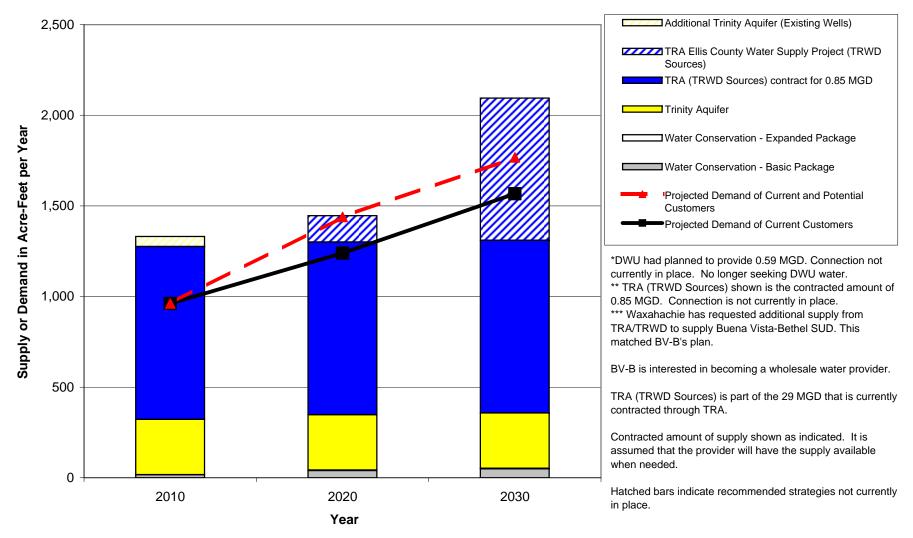


Figure F-8 City of Burleson (Includes Johnson and Tarrant Counties)

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Johnson Co. Portion	27,206	42,037	52,747	recommended
Tarrant Co. Portion	6,801	10,509	13,187	recommended
Total Population	34,007	52,546	65,934	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Johnson Co. Portion	5,029	7,582	9,395	recommended
Tarrant Co. Portion	1,257	1,895	2,349	recommended
Total Demand	6,286	9,477	11,744	

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				revised current supply
Fort Worth (TRWD Sources) Johnson Co.	5,280	7,961	9,865	based on this study
				revised current supply
Fort Worth (TRWD Sources) Tarrant Co.	1,320	1,990	2,466	based on this study
Total Supply	6,600	9,951	12,331	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	314	474	587

Notes: a. Contract with Fort Worth expires in 2010. Burleson plans to renew that contract. Additional pipeline capacity needed before 2020.

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C and Brazos G Water Plans are shown in italics

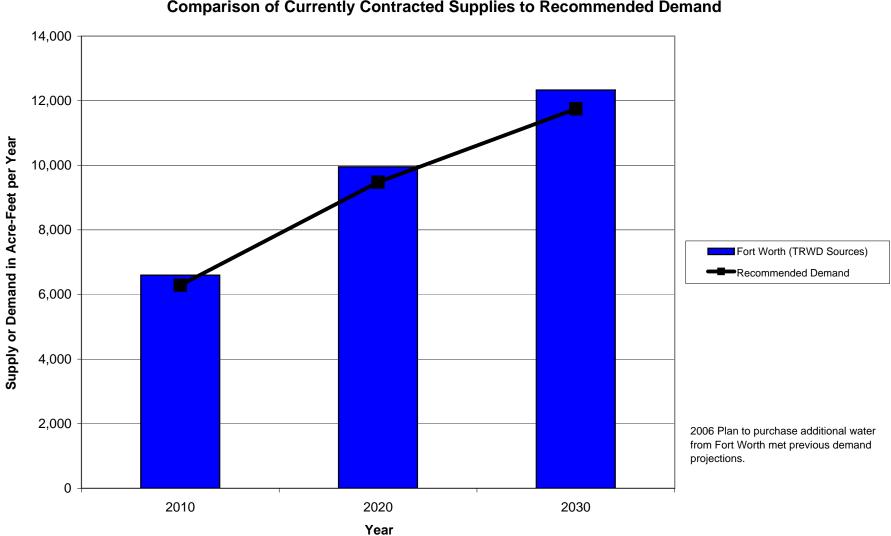


Figure F-8 City of Burleson Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies to Recommended Demand

Table F-9City of Cedar Hill(Includes Dallas and Ellis Counties)

Population of Existing Customers	2010	2020	2030	Notes
City Population (Dallas County)	48,637	66,612	77,958	recommended
City Population Demand (Ellis County)	49	67	78	recommended
Total Population	48,686	66,679	78,036	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand (Dallas County)	10,897	14,700	17,116	recommended
In-City Demand (Ellis County)	11	15	17	recommended
Dallas County Manufacturing	68	76	82	2006 Plan
Ellis County Manufacturing	7	7	8	2006 Plan
Total Demand	10,983	14,798	17,223	

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	y Contracted Supplies (AF/Y) 2010 2020 2030		2030	Notes	
				supply based on Dallas	
DWU Sources	8,968	13,138	15,122	Long Range Water Plan	
Joe Pool Lake	0	0	0	2006 Plan	
Trinity Aquifer	275	275	275	2006 Plan	
Water Conservation - Basic Package	694	2,258	2,753	2006 Plan	
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	65	182	233	2006 Plan	
Total Supply	10,002	15,853	18,383		

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-981	1,055	1,160

Additional Water Management Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
				Request additional
Purchase additional water from DWU	1,030	0	0	supply from Dallas
Total Supply	1,030	0	0	

Einel Cumplue/Chertene (AE/V)	40	4 055	4 4 6 0
Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	49	1,055	1,160

Note: a. Cedar Hill is no longer a wholesale water provider to Ovilla. Cedar Hill's contract with Dallas for water supply expires in 2009. City plans to renew the contract.

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

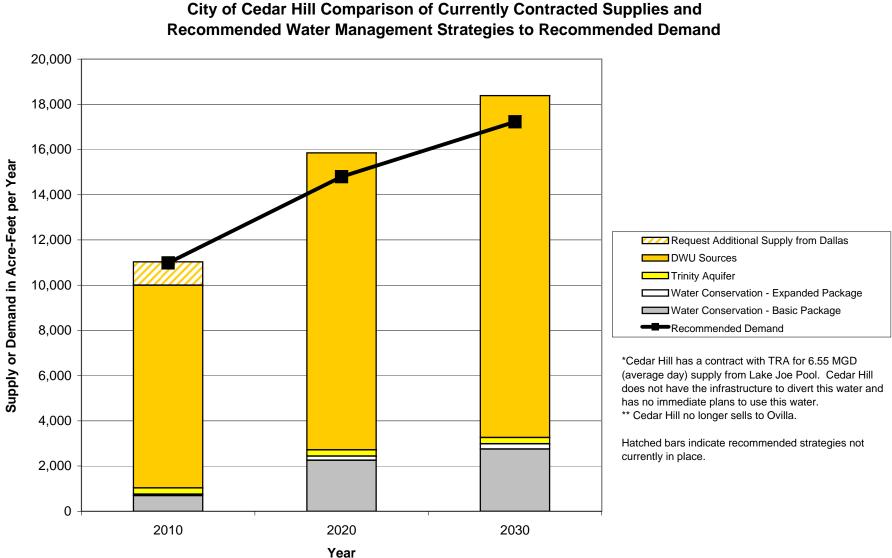


Figure F-9 City of Cedar Hill Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies and

Table F-10 City of Cleburne

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	30,946	38,683	48,353	recommended
Total Population	30,946	38,683	48,353	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	6,244	7,802	9,753	recommended
Industrial Demand	2,758	4,883	6,148	recommended
Steam Electric Power Demand	2,959	2,959	2,959	recommended
Mining Demand (Barnett Shale)	1,009	673	673	recommended
Total Demand	12,970	16,317	19,533	

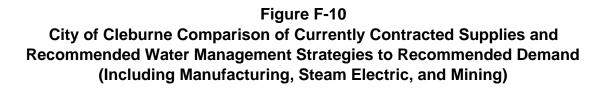
Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Lake Pat Cleburne	5,183	5,104	5,025	2006 Plan
BRA Lake Aquilla	4,790	4,280	3,770	Reduction due to sedimentation. Contract is 5,300 AF/Y.
				Contract is 15,000 AF/Y with 9,700 AF/Y from Lake Whitney and the rest from Lake Aquilla; Infrastructure is not currently in
BRA Lake Whitney	9,700	9,700	9,700	place.
Reuse for Steam Electric Power	1,344	1,344	1,344	FNI Study
Trinity Aquifer	1,120	1,120	1,120	recommended
Conservation	229	515	454	2006 Plan
Total Supply	22,366	22,063	21,413	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	9,396	5,746	1,880

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Additional Reuse	2,375	3,058	4,682	FNI Study
Additional BRA supply through system operations to mitigate loss of yield for BRA Lake Aquilla supplies due to sedimentation	0	1,020		Supply likely from Lake Whitney. Calculated: 15,000 ac-ft (BRA contract) - BRA Lake Aquilla - BRA Lake Whitney
Total	2,375	4,078	6,212	

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	11,771	9,824	8,092

Notes: Changes from the 2006 Brazos G Water Plan are shown in italics. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y) $\,$



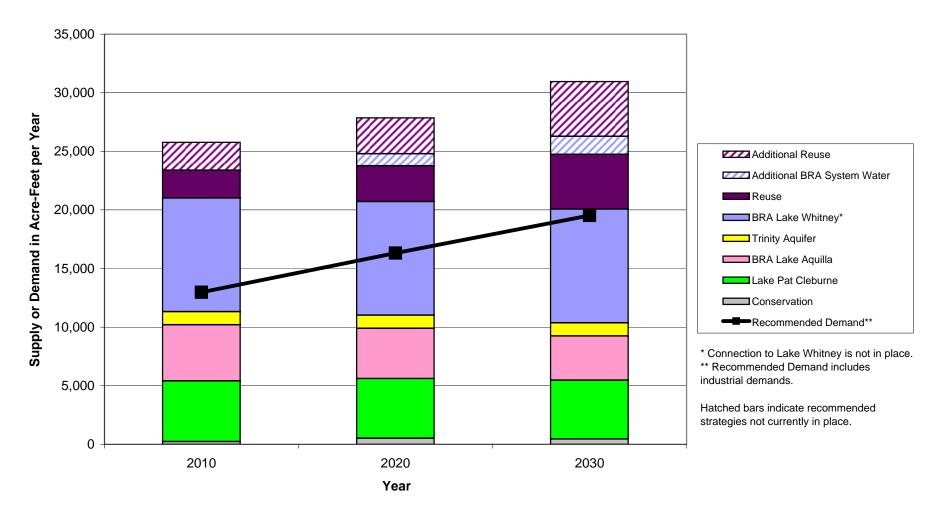


Table F-11						
Community Water Company						
(Ellis County only)						

Recommended Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Community Water Company	1,134	1,414	1,690	2006 Plan

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Service Area in Ellis County	116	171	201	2006 Plan

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	
				Contract is for 0.2376
Lake Bardwell (through Ennis)	133	133	133	MGD (peak day)
Water Conservation - Basic Package	4	16	21	2006 Plan
Total Supply	137	149	154	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	21	-22	-47

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
TRA Ellis County Water Supply Project (Ennis)	0	23	67	2006 Plan
Total	0	23	67	

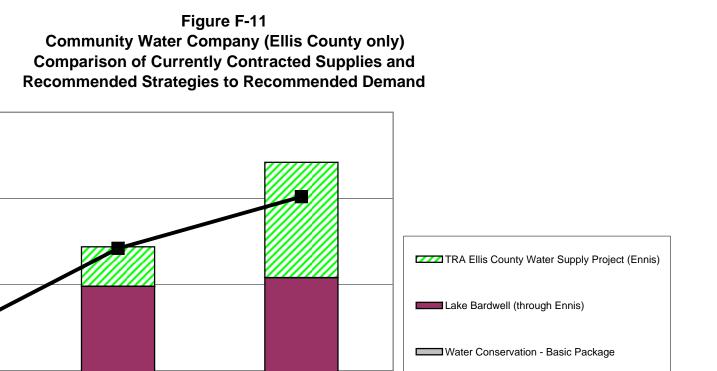
Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	21	1	20

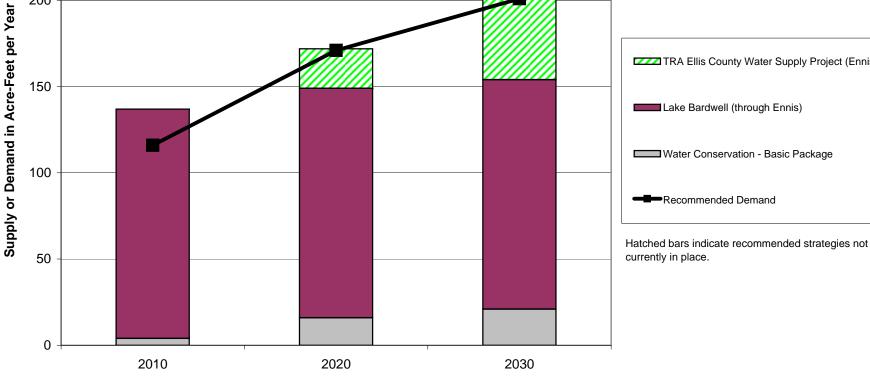
Notes: a. Ennis has requested additional supply from TRA (TRWD Sources).

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

250

200





Year

Table F-12 City of Duncanville

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
City	38,400	38,800	38,988	recommended

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	7,399	7,345	7,206	recommended

Current Supply (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				supply based on Dallas
				Long Range Water
Dallas Sources	6,849	7,107	7,511	Supply Plan
Joe Pool Lake	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	226	439	513	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	5	29	50	2006 Plan
Total Supply	7,080	7,575	8,074	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-318	230	867

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				Request additional
Purchase additional water from DWU	478	478	478	supply from Dallas
Total Strategies	478	478	478	

Total Surplus/Shortage with Strategies (AF/Y) 16	0 708	708 1,345
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Note: a. Contract with DWU was 12.5 MGD. The contract is now for 12 MGD.

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

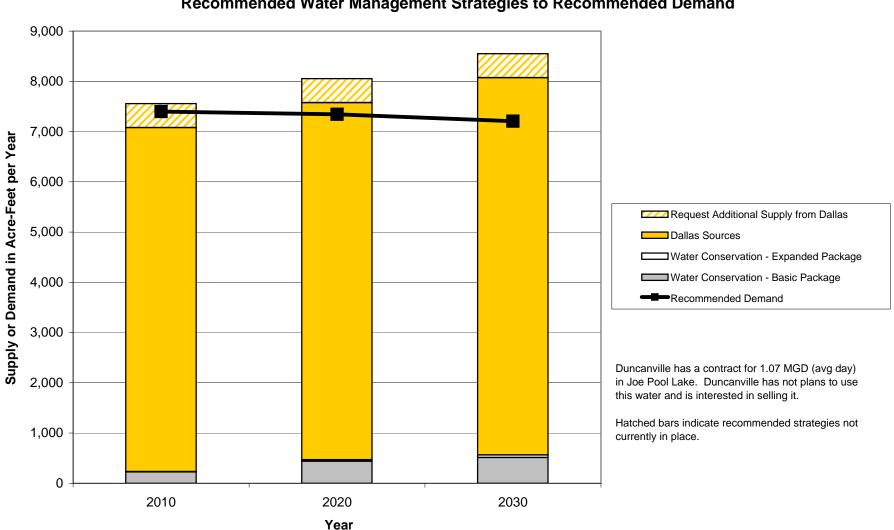


Figure F-12 City of Duncanville Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies and Recommended Water Management Strategies to Recommended Demand

Table F-13 Ellis County-Other

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Population	10,707	10,707	10,707	2006 Plan

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020		Notes
Demand	2,015	2,003	1,979	2006 Plan

Current Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Lake Bardwell (through Ennis)	56	56	56	Contract is for 0.1 MGD (peak day)
				revised current supply based on this study,
Waxahachie Sources	242	240	-	includes Nash-Forreston WSC
				current contracts with Boyce WSC and Brystol
Rockett SUD Sources	70	70	70	WSC
Trinity Aquifer	497	497	497	2006 Plan
Woodbine Aquifer	260	260	260	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	19	68	74	2006 Plan
Total Supply	1,144	1,191	1,194	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-871	-812	-785
			,

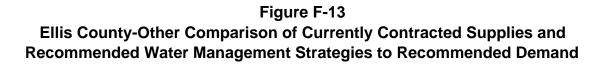
Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Additional Rockett SUD	0	9	9	East Garrett WSC considering 8,000 gal/d
				Includes South Ellis Co WSC and several
TRWD (TRA) (from Buena Vista-Bethel SUD				private systems; assumed 100 AF/Y of Ellis
through Waxahachie)	0	100	100	County-Other Demand
Additional Trinity Aquifer (New Wells)	201	192	170	2006 Plan
Additional Woodbine Aquifer (New Wells)	729	880	919	2006 Plan
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Supplemental wells in Woodbine aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Total	930	1,181	1,198	

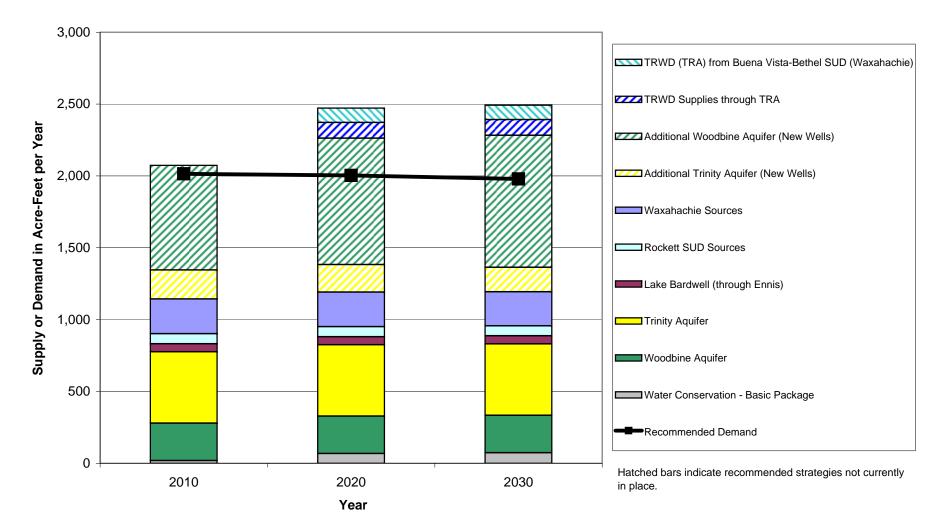
Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	59	369	413

Notes: a. Ellis County-Other will receive some of its future water supply from the TRA Ellis County Water Supply Project (Waxahachie).

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

c. Buena Vista-Bethel SUD plans to sell water to three private suppliers in Ellis County.





Population of Existing Customers	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ennis	21,600	30,000	37,922	recommended
Community Water Company (Ellis County)	1,134	1,414	1,690	recommended
East Garrett WSC (Ellis County-Other)	2,054	2,629	3,366	2006 Plan (10% of County-Other)
Rice WSC	406	417	421	revised based on contract
Total Population	25,194	34,460	43,399	

Existing Customer Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	4,573	6,217	7,774	recommended
Community Water Company (Ellis County)	133	133	133	Contract is for 0.2376 MGD (peak day)
East Garrett WSC (Ellis County-Other)	56	56	56	Contract is for 0.1 MGD (peak day)
Rice WSC	50	50	50	Contract is for 0.090 MGD (peak day)
Ellis County Manufacturing	347	367	384	2006 Plan
Ellis County Steam Electric Power	2,098	2,615	3,302	2006 Plan
Total Demand	7,257	9,438	11,699	

Potential New Customers (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				recommended demand less other
Bardwell	23	45	68	supplies
Total Potential New Customer Demand	23	45	68	

	Total Demand of Current and Potential Customers (AF/Y)	7,280	9,483	11,767
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Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				TRA contract allows for 5,280 AF/Y;
				supply limited by sedimentation as shown
Lake Bardwell (TRA)	4,712	4,485	4,257	in 2006 Plan
				Reuse is direct to steam electric plant.
Direct Bound (SED purpages only)	2 009	2 615	2 015	
Direct Reuse (SEP purposes only)	2,098	2,615	2,915	Contract allows for up to 2.6 MGD (avg).
				contract allows for up to 3,696 AF/Y,
				revised current supply based on this
Indirect Reuse from Lake Bardwell (TRA)	189	494	972	study
				3.56 MGD (avg day) contract with TRA
				(TRWD water). Connection is now in
				place. Revised current supply based on
TRWD (through TRA)	3,991	3,991	3,991	this study
TRWD (TRA through Rockett SUD)	17	17	17	23 connections (retail customer)
Water Conservation - Basic Package	110	266	384	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	28	91	183	2006 Plan
Total Supply	11,145	11,959	12,719	

Surplus/Shortage (Current Customers) (AF/Y)	3,888	2,521	1,020
Surplus/Shortage (Current and Potential Customers) (AF/Y)	3,865	2,476	952

Notes: a. Ennis has requested additional TRWD (through TRA) above 3.56 MGD that is currently contracted.

b. Palmer and Bardwell have requested water supply from Ennis. Ennis has not committed to supplying them water.

c. Ennis may provide water to Palmer as an alternative water management strategy.

d. No shortages are projected through 2030.e. No additional strategies are recommended.

f. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

g. Ennis will need water treatment plant expansions.

h. Total reuse cannot exceed one-half of the In-City demand.

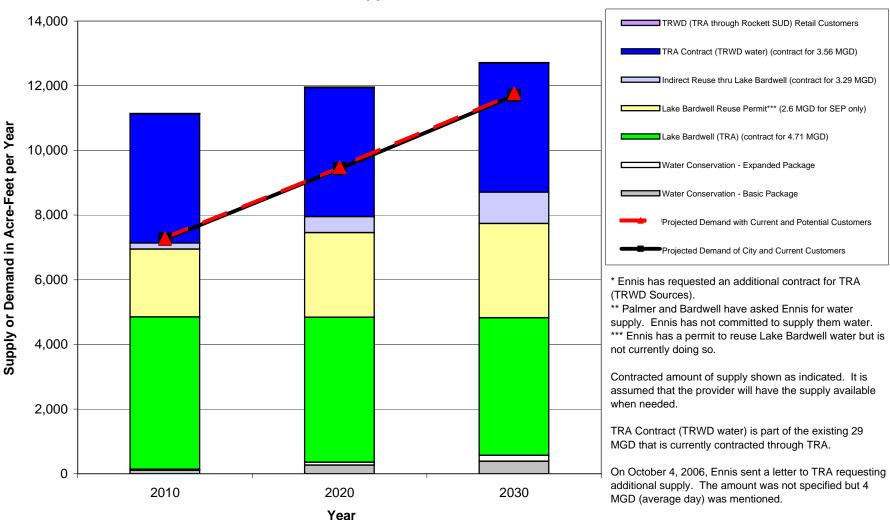


Figure F-14 City of Ennis and Customers Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies to Recommended Demands

Table F-15 City of Ferris

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	2,631	3,183	3,851	recommended

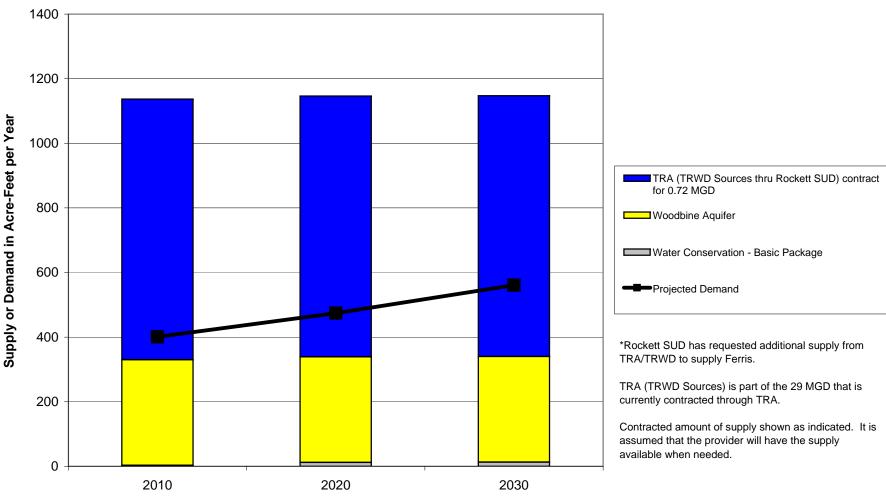
Proposed Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand (AF/Y)	401	474	561	recommended

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				contract for 0.72 MGD (avg day); connection in place, revised
				current supply based on this
TRWD (from TRA through Rockett SUD)	807	807	807	study
				2006 Plan showed 327 AF/Y;
				current well capacity is 782 AF/Y
Woodbine Aquifer	327	327	327	(max)
Supplemental wells in Woodbine aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	3	12	13	2006 Plan
Total Supply	1,137	1,146	1,147	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	736	672	586
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Notes: a. Rockett SUD has requested an additional contract from TRA (TRWD) to supply Ferris. Rockett SUD currently serves retail water to a portion of Ferris.

b. Changes from 2006 Region Water C Plan shown in italics.





Year

April 2009

Table F-16Files Valley WSC(Includes Ellis and Hill Counties)

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis County portion (outside city limits)	108	142	174	recommended
Hill County, Brazos Basin (outside city limits)	-715	-785	-839	recommended
Hill County, Trinity Basin (outside city limits)	412	411	415	recommended
Milford (Ellis Co.)	670	688	707	
Parker WSC	2,564	2,631	2,702	
Total Population	3,039	3,087	3,159	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis County portion (outside city limits)	102	115	127	recommended
Hill County, Brazos Basin (outside city limits)	109	107	112	recommended
Hill County, Trinity Basin (outside city limits)	99	99	100	recommended
Milford (Ellis Co.)	0	0	0	total less other supplies
Parker WSC	300	302	306	total less other supplies
Total Demand	610	623	645	

Demand Based on Contracts (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis County portion (outside city limits)	102	115	127	recommended
Hill County, Brazos Basin (outside city limits)	109	107	112	recommended
Hill County, Trinity Basin (outside city limits)	99	99	100	recommended
Milford (Ellis Co.)	84	84	84	contract for 75,000 gal/d (avg)
Parker WSC	336	336	336	contract for 300,000 gal/d (avg)
Total Demand	730	741	759	

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				2006 Plan showed slightly lower
				values; contract is for 1,125 AF/Y
Lake Aquilla (through Aquilla WSD)	1,063	985	907	for Lake Aquilla
Water Conservation - Basic Package	1	5	6	2006 Plan
Total Supply	1,064	990	913	

	Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	334	249	154
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Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
TRWD (TRA) (from Buena Vista-Bethel SUD				
through Waxahachie)	0	100	100	new strategy; amount is assumed
Total	0	100	100	

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	980	1,006	929

Notes: a. Waxahachie has requested an additional contract from TRA (TRWD) to supply Files Valley WSC.

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C and Brazos G Water Plans are shown in italics.

c. Buena Vista-Bethel SUD plans to supply water to Files Valley WSC.

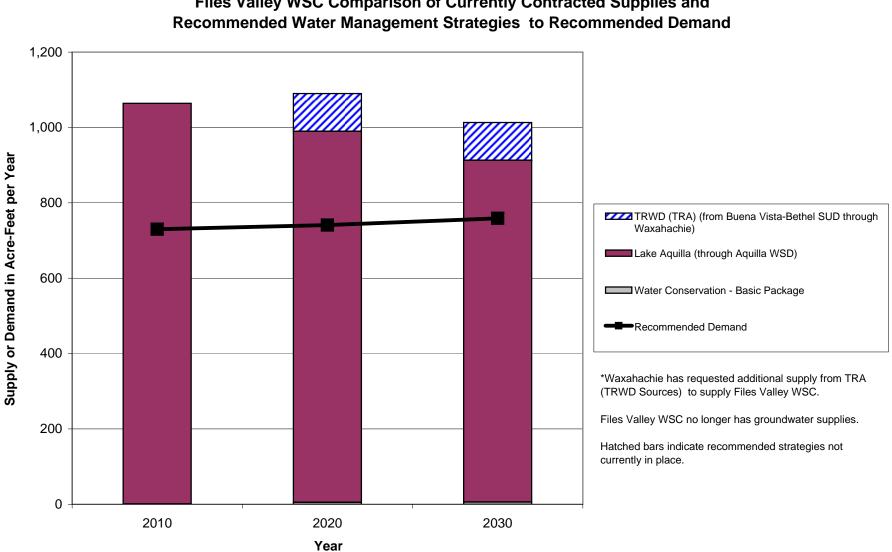




Table F-17City of Glenn Heights(Includes Dallas and Ellis Counties)

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand (Ellis Co.)	2,660	3,638	4,602	2006 Plan
In-City Demand (Dallas Co.)	7,332	8,919	10,390	2006 Plan
Oak Leaf	1,502	1,774	2,042	2006 Plan
Total Population	11,494	14,331	17,034	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand (Ellis Co.)	328	440	546	2006 Plan
In-City Demand (Dallas Co.)	903	1,079	1,234	2006 Plan
				total demand less retail supply
Oak Leaf	273	316	363	provided by Rockett SUD
Total Demand	1,504	1,835	2,143	

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				supply based on Dallas Long
Dallas Sources	1,838	3,150	3,621	Range Water Supply Plan
Trinity Aquifer	229	229	229	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	20	77	98	2006 Plan
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Total Supply	2,087	3,456	3,948	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	583	1,621	1,804

Notes: a. Rockett SUD mentioned Glenn Heights as a potential future customer. Glenn Heights did not respond to the survey. Rockett SUD might be an alternative strategy for Glenn Heights.

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics

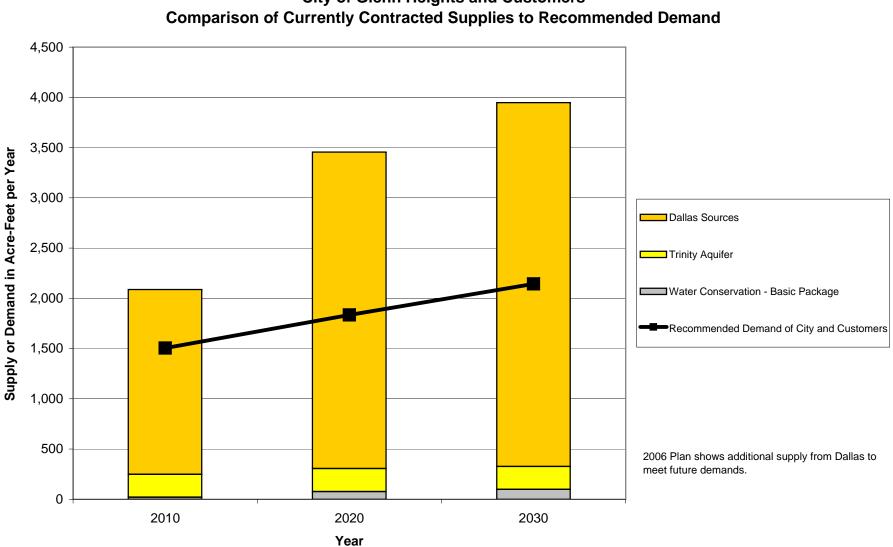


Figure F-17 City of Glenn Heights and Customers omparison of Currently Contracted Supplies to Recommended Demand

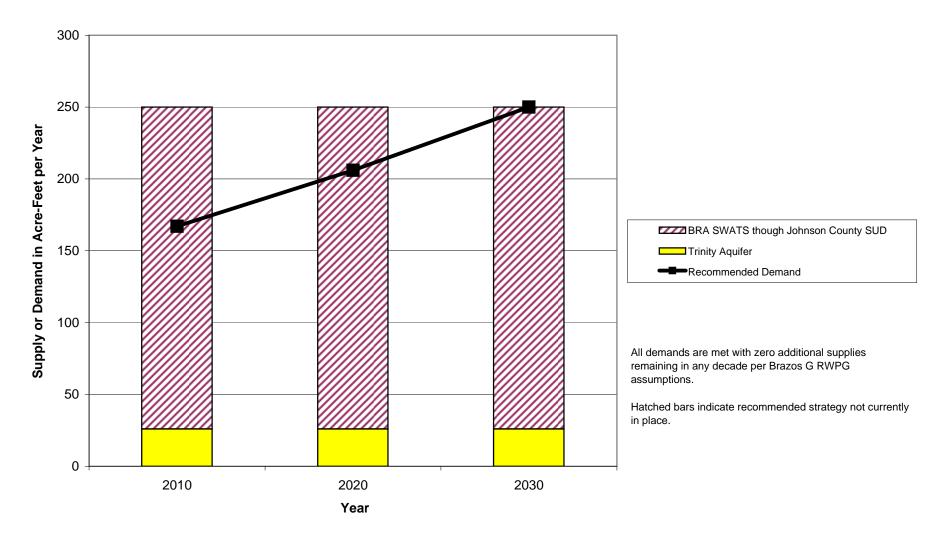
Table F-18 City of Godley

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	1,136	1,439	1,757	2006 Plan
Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	167	206	250	2006 Plan
Current Supply (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Trinity Aquifer	26	26	26	2006 Plan
Total Supply	26	26	26	
Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-141	-180	-224]
	11			1
Decommended Strategies (AF/V)	2010	2020	2020	Notoo
Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
BRA SWATS (through Johnson County SUD)	224	224		Revised 2006 Plan
Total	224	224	224	

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	83	44	0

No changes are recommended to the water management strategy for Godley. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)





April 2009

Table F-19 City of Grand Prairie

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In City, Ellis County Portion	450	2,166	5,422	recommended
In City, Dallas County Portion	138,883	170,517	200,098	recommended
In City, Tarrant County Portion	36,654	46,424	52,085	recommended
Total Population	175,987	219,107	257,605	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In City, Ellis County Portion	88	410	1,008	recommended
In City, Dallas County Portion	27,070	32,281	37,209	recommended
In City, Tarrant County Portion	7,144	8,789	9,685	recommended
Total Demand	34,302	41,480	47,902	

Potential Customer Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	
Johnson County SUD (Mansfield, TRWD				12 MGD (peak day)
supply)	0	6,726	6,726	contract being negotiated
Total Potential Customer Demand	0	6,726	6,726	

Total Customer Demand (AF/Y)	34,302	48,206	54,628
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Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				supply based on Dallas
Dallas Sources	25,772	31,119	36,522	Long Range Water Plan
				2006 Plan showed 1,637
				AF/Y; current production is
Trinity Aquifer	1,637	1,637	1,637	3 MGD
				contract is for 2 MGD (peak
Fort Worth (TRWD)	1,121	1,121	1,121	day)
				contract for 1.6 MGD (avg
Joe Pool Lake (TRA)	1,794	1,794	1,794	day) for irrigation
				contract for 2 MGD (avg
				day); connection not in
Midlothian Sources	2,242	2,242	2,242	place
Water Conservation - Basic Package	899	1,994	2,661	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	21	207	434	2006 Plan
Total Supply	33,486	40,114	46,411	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-816	-8,092	-8,217

Table F-19, Continued

Additional Water Management Strategies				
(AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
				Considering 9 MGD (peak
				day) contract; ramp up
Additional Midlothian	2,522	5,045	5,045	shown
				Considering contract for
Johnson County SUD Supplies	3,363	0	0	2010
				negotiating a contract for
				12 MGD (peak day); not
				connected; to be sent to
Mansfield (TRWD Sources)	0	6,726	6,726	JCSUD
				negotiating a contract for 4
				MGD (peak day); not
Arlington (TRWD Sources)	2,242	2,242	2,242	connected
				assumed 6 MGD (peak
Dallas water passed through Cedar Hill	3,363	3,363	3,363	day) contract
Total Additional Strategies	11,490	17,376	17,376	

Einal Surplus/Shortogs (AE/V)	10 674	0.004	9,159
Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	10,674	9,284	9,159

Notes: a. Adding Johnson County SUD will make Grand Prairie a wholesale water provider.

b. Grand Prairie and Midlothian have requested an additional contract from TRA (TRWD Sources).

c. Significant changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

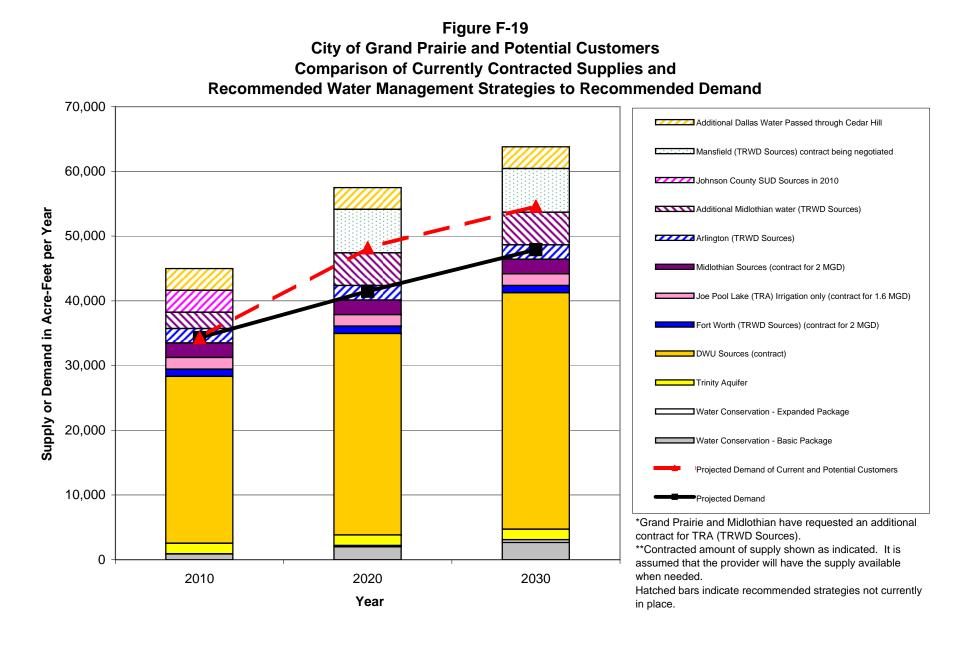


Table F-20 City of Grandview

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	1,600	2,000	2,500	recommended

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	229	280	341	recommended

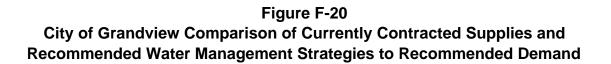
Current Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Woodbine Aquifer	129	129	129	2006 Plan
				2006 Plan showed 0; City data
				shows avg day capacity of
Trinity Aquifer	0	0	0	0.36 MGD
Total Supply	129	129	129	

Surplus/Shortage	-100	-151	-212

Recommended Strategies	2010	2020	2030	Notes
BRA SWATS (through Johnson County SUD)	212	212	212	new strategy
Total	212	212	212	

Final Surplus/Shortage	112	61	0

Note: Significant changes from the 2006 Brazos G Water Plan are shown in italics. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)



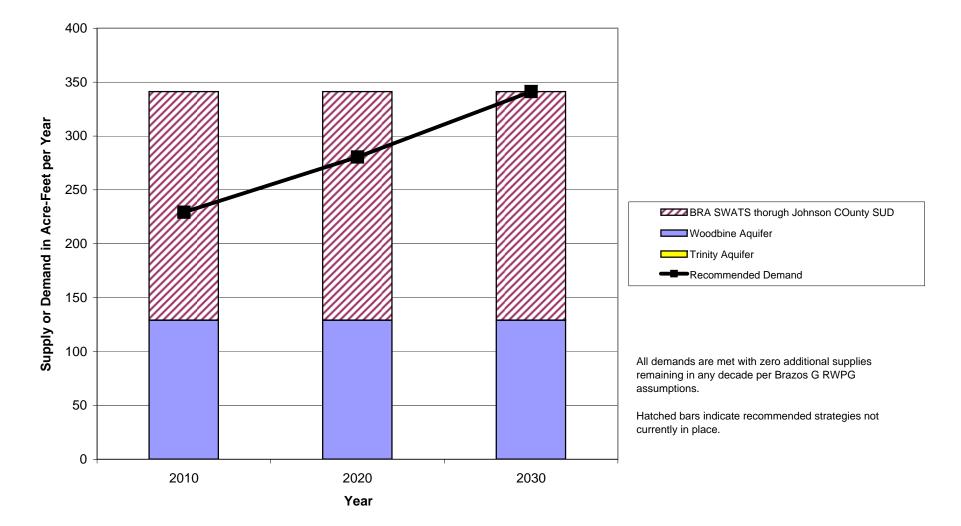


Table F-21 City of Italy

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	2,376	2,731	3,081	recommended

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	282	330	362	recommended

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Trinity Aquifer	111	111	111	2006 Plan
Woodbine Aquifer	79	79	79	2006 Plan
TRWD (from TRA through Waxahachie) Water Conservation - Basic Package	<u>561</u> 4	<u>561</u> 16		0.5 MGD (avg day) contract with TRA; not connected, revised current supply based on this study 2006 Plan
Total Supply	755	767	771	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	473	437	409

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				2006 Plan, 2020, and 2030
				amounts remain at 2010
Additional Woodbine Aquifer (New Wells)	95	95	95	amount
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Supplemental wells in Woodbine aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Total	95	95	95	

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y) 568 532 504

Notes: a. Waxahachie has requested an additional contract from TRA (TRWD) to supply Italy.

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

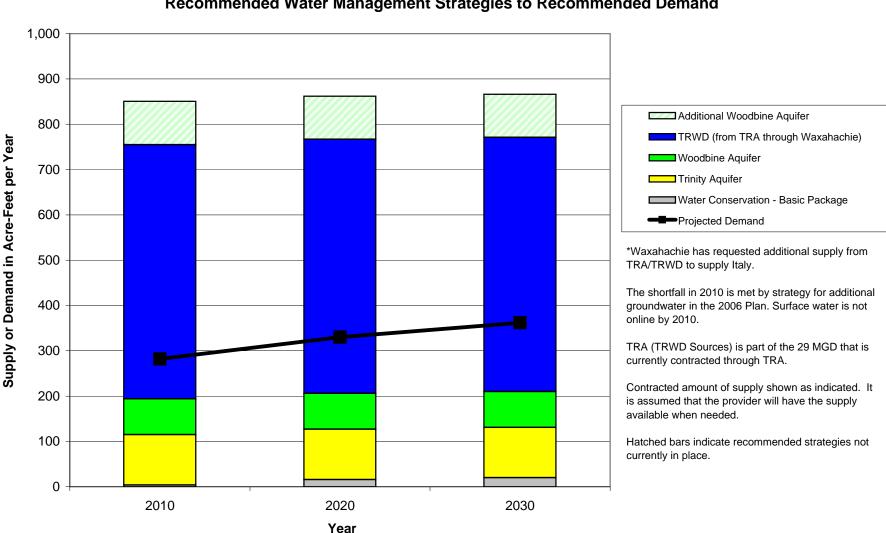


Figure F-21 City of Italy Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies and Recommended Water Management Strategies to Recommended Demand

Table F-22 Johnson County-Other

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Population	11,115	11,596	12,102	2006 Plan

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Demand	2,776	2,871	2,969	2006 Plan

Current Supply (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Trinity Aquifer	350	350	350	2006 Plan
Woodbine Aquifer	103	103	103	2006 Plan
Total Supply	453	453	453	

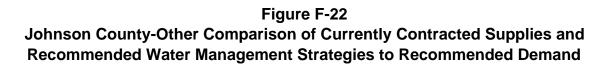
Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-2,323	-2,418	-2,516

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Water Conservation - Basic Package	87	208	190	2006 Plan
				2006 Plan; set equal to
				maximum project need over
Brazos River Authority through JCSUD	2,326	2,326	2,326	30 year period
Total	2,413	2,534	2,516	

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	90	116	0

Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)

No additional strategies are recommended in this plan.



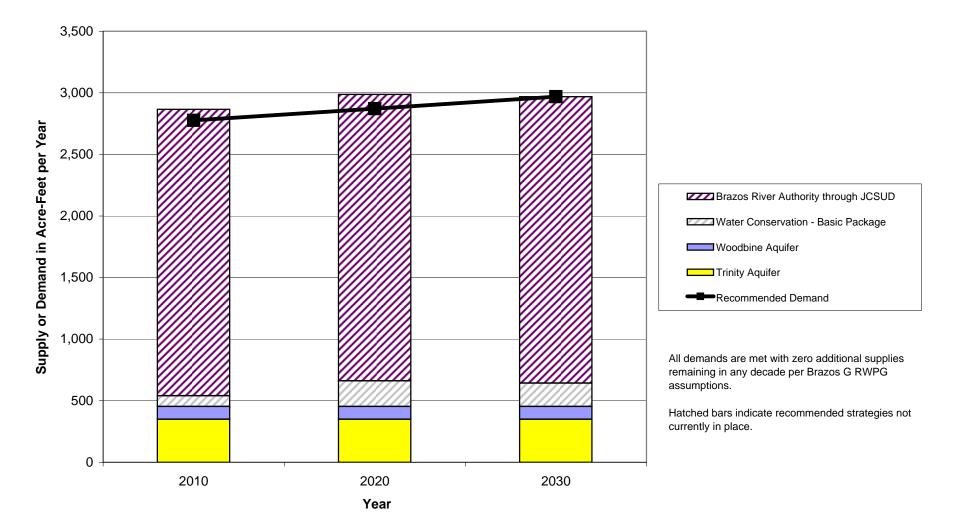


Table F-23 Johnson County SUD

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis Co. portion	146	281	428	recommended
Hill Co. portion	109	209	319	recommended
Johnson Co. portion	32,281	62,090	94,540	recommended
Tarrant Co. portion	1,426	2,744	4,177	recommended
Alvarado	81	84	85	
Johnson County FWSD (Joshua)	5,523	7,895	11,369	
Total Population	39,566	73,303	110,918	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis Co. portion	27	52	82	recommended
Hill Co. portion	20	39	61	recommended
Johnson Co. portion	5,963	11,571	18,100	recommended
Tarrant Co. portion	263	511	800	recommended
Alvarado	11	11	11	recommended
Johnson County FWSD (Joshua)	804	1,114	1,566	total demand
Johnson Co. Mining	561	561	561	assume 0.5 MGD
Total Demand	7,649	13,859	21,181	

Potential Future Customer Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Additional Alvarado	458	1,019	1,019	potential demand
				requested 100,000 gal/d
				increasing up to 300,000
Bethany WSC	112	224	336	gal/d
Grand Prairie	3,363	0	0	potential sale in 2010
Potential loss of Ellis County Connections	-27	-52	-82	
				potential buy-out of
Potential loss of 200 connections to Fort Worth	0	-100	-102	subdivision
				potential buy-out of
Potential loss of 200 connections to Burleson	0	-100	-102	subdivision
Total Potential Customer Demand	3,906	991	1,069	

Total Demand of City and Potential Customers			
(AF/Y)	11,555	14,850	22,250
Additional Demand on Water Treatment Plant			
for Parker WSC, Godley, Grandview, and Rio			
Vista	686	686	686

Table F-23, Continued

Currently Supplies, based on contracts and	ſ			
treatment capacity (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Lake Granbury (BRA SWATS) (Region C)	231	231	231	2006 Plan
				Revised based on 56.2%
				interest in current
				treatment capacity (10.5
				MGD) for 2010 and
				interest in full-design 15.54
				MGD treatment capacity
Lake Granbury (BRA SWATS) (Brazos G)	6,381	9,555	9,555	by 2020.
Trinity Aquifer (Region C)	1	0	0	2006 Plan
Trinity Aquifer (Brazos G)	428	427	427	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package (Region C)	5	20	27	2006 Plan
Water Conservation (Brazos G)	423	1,307	1,883	2006 Plan
Mansfield (TRWD Sources)	307	0	0	contract for 100 MG/Y
Total Supply	7,776	11,540	12,123	
]

Surplus/Shortage (Current Customers) (AF/Y)	127	-2,319	-9,058
Surplus/Shortage (Current and Potential			
Customers) (AF/Y)	-3,779	-3,310	-10,127

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Temporary overdraft of Trinity aquifer (existing wells)	723	0	0	According to JCSUD water supply report, existing wells would be capable of production capacity of up to 2.9 MGD in 2010.
				negotiating a contract for 6 MGD (peak); existing 8" line, revised current supply based on this study; assumed another 6 MGD peak day contract would be negotiated prior to 2030; the amount needed for Alvarado has been subtracted from this
Additional Mansfield (TRWD Sources)	3,056	2,802	6,165	
Potential Supply for Alvarado (Mansfield, TRWD Sources)	0	561	561	discussing a contract for 2 MGD (peak day) from Mansfield (TRWD supply); assume 1 MGD (peak) for initial need
	Ű	201		negotiating a contract for
				12 MGD (peak day) for
				2020 and beyond; not
Grand Prairie (Mansfield, TRWD Sources)	0	6,726		connected
Total	3,779	10,089	13,452	

Table F-23, Continued

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	3,906	7,770	4,394
Final Surplus/Shortage (Current and Pot.			
Customers) (AF/Y)	0	6,779	3,325

Note: a. Johnson County SUD is negotiating a contract with Grand Prairie for 6 MGD (peak day). SUD is also requesting additional supply from Mansfield.

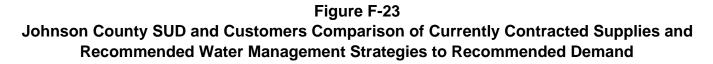
b. JCSUD sells water to Rio Vista and Godley, as needed.

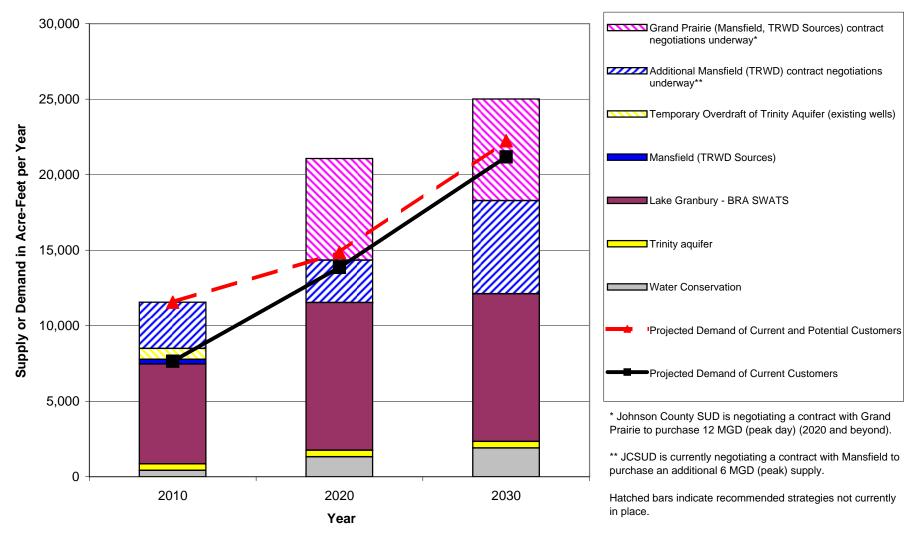
c. Significant changes from 2006 Brazos G Water plan are shown in italics.

d. Removed Grand Prairie from Dallas that was in 2006 Plan.

e. Removed TRA reuse that was in 2006 Plan.

f. JCSUD is willing to provide future treatment for Parker WSC, Godley, Grandview, and Rio Vista. These entities are projected to purchase BRA SWATS water directly from BRA in the future.





April 2009

Table F-24 City of Joshua

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Brazos Basin portion	3,148	4,500	6,480	recommended
Trinity Basin portion	2,375	3,395	4,889	recommended
Total Population	5,523	7,895	11,369	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Brazos Basin portion	458	635	893	recommended
Trinity Basin portion	346	479	673	recommended
Total Demand	804	1,114	1,566	

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				not included in 2006 Plan; demand
Johnson County SUD (BRA SWATS)	804	1,114	1,566	less current supplies
Total Supply	804	1,114	1,566	

	Surplus/Shortage	0	0	0
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Notes: a. Johnson Co. FWSD has been absorbed by Johnson Co. SUD. JCSUD now serves Joshua directly.

b. Removed the BRA SWATS System strategy that was recommended in the 2006 Plan.

C. Significant changes from the 2006 Brazos G Water Plan are shown in italics.

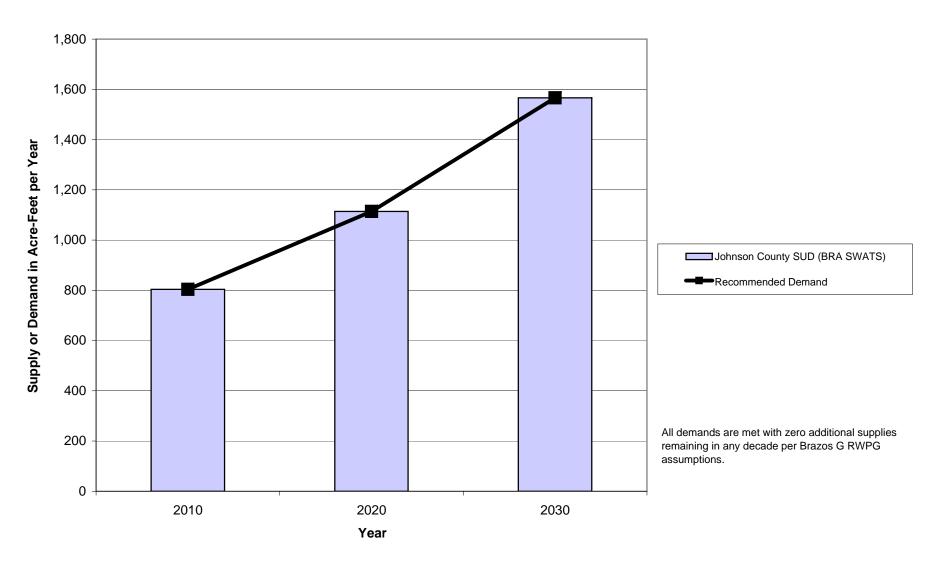


Figure F-24 City of Joshua Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies to Recommended Demand

Table F-25 City of Keene

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Johnson Co. Trinity Basin	5,041	5,928	6,860	2006 Plan
Johnson Co. Brazos Basin	841	989	1,144	2006 Plan
Total Population	5,882	6,917	8,004	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Johnson Co. Trinity Basin	531	604	684	2006 Plan
Johnson Co. Brazos Basin	89	101	114	2006 Plan
Total	620	705	798	

Potential Customer Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Bethany WSC	271	271	271	amount assumed
Total Potential Demand	271	271	271	

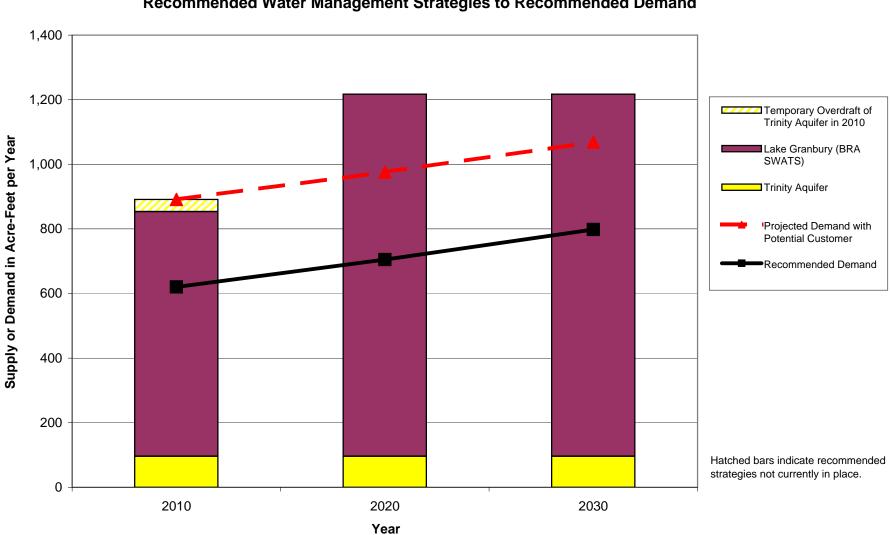
Current Supply (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Trinity Aquifer	96	96	96	2006 Plan
				Based on interest in current SWATS treatment capacity (10.5 MGD) and 6.4% interest in design capacity
Lake Granbury (BRA SWATS)	757	1,121	1,121	(15.54 MGD) by 2020.
Total Supply	853	1,217	1,217	

Surplus/Shortage	-38	241	148

Recommended Strategies	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Temporary Overdraft of Trinity Aquifer				Temporary Overdraft of Trinity
(existing wells)	38	0	0	Aquifer
Total	38	0	0	
Final Surplus/Shortage	0	241	148	

Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)

Keene may sell water wholesale to Bethany WSC.



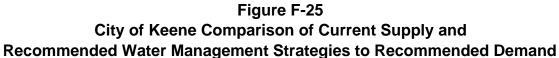


Table F-26 City of Kennedale

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	7,715	10,720	13,412	recommended

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	1,530	2,089	2,584	recommended

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Trinity Aquifer	805	805	805	2006 Plan
				pipeline is complete; contract amt not specified; revised current supply based on this study demand less groundwater in 2010 and 2020 and total demand in
Fort Worth (TRWD Sources)	725	1,284	2,584	2030
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	57	151	181	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	1	6	18	2006 Plan
Total Supply	1,588	2,246	3,588	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	58	157	1,004

Note: a. City of Kennedale has constructed a pipeline to Fort Worth to purchase treated water. Capacity of pipeline is 10 MGD. Kennedale plans to continue using groundwater along with the surface water from Fort Worth.

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

c. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)

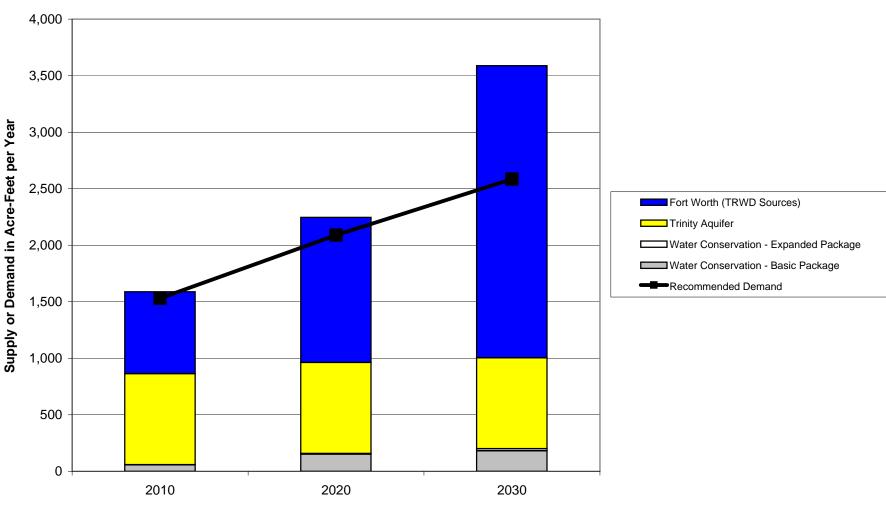


Figure F-26 City of Kennedale Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies to Recommended Demand

Year

Table F-27 City of Mansfield

Population of Current Customers	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand (Ellis Co.)	460	474	483	recommended
In-City Demand (Johnson Co.)	10,833	23,472	37,827	recommended
In-City Demand (Tarrant Co.)	50,000	51,515	52,551	recommended
Johnson County SUD	1,713	0	0	recommended
Total Population	63,006	75,461	90,861	

Current Customer Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand (Ellis Co.)	113	116	117	recommended
In-City Demand (Johnson Co.)	2,670	5,732	9,153	recommended
In-City Demand (Tarrant Co.)	12,322	12,580	12,715	recommended
Johnson County SUD	307	0	0	contract for 100 MG/Y
Current Customer Demand (AF/Y)	15,412	18,428	21,985	

Potential Customer Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	
				negotiating a contract for an
Johnson County SUD (additional)	3,056	3,363	6,726	additional 6 MGD (peak)
				negotiating a contract for 12 MGD
Grand Prairie	0	6,726	6,726	(peak day)
Johnson County Mining	561	561	561	assume 0.5 MGD
Total Potential Customer Demand	3,617	10,650	14,013	

Total Customer Demand (AF/Y)	19,029	29,078	35,998	

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				revised current supply based on
TRWD Sources	19,029	29,078	35,998	this study
Water Conservation - Basic Package	401	994	1,491	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	111	381	634	2006 Plan
Total Supply	19,541	30,453	38,123	

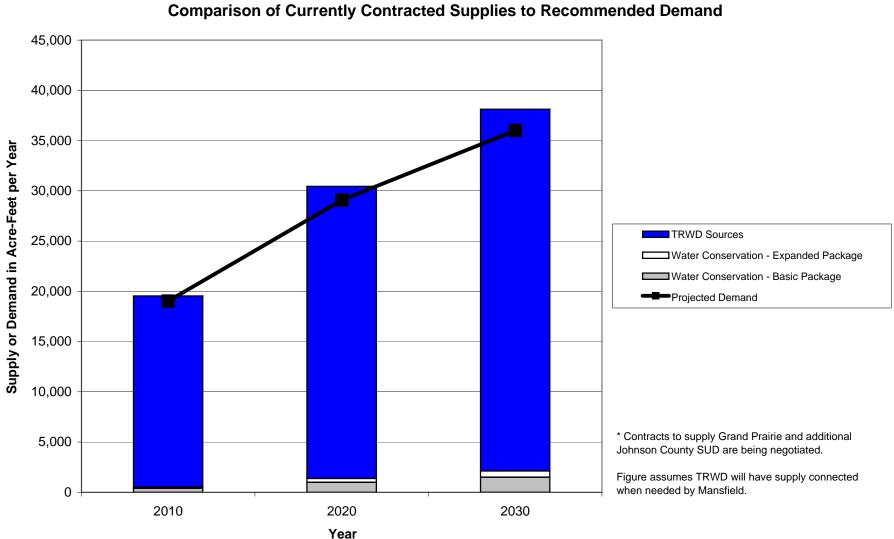
Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	15.924	19.803	24.110
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Note: a. Water treatment plant expansions in the 2006 Region C Water Plan are needed.

b. Significant changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

c. Mansfield will need water treatment plant expansions.

d. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)



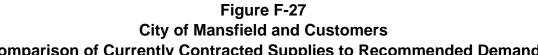


Table F-28 **City of Maypearl**

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	746	746	746	recommended

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	145	142	140	recommended

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Trinity Aquifer	55	55	55	2006 Plan
Woodbine Aquifer	49	49	49	2006 Plan
				0.37 MGD (avg day) contract
				with TRA; not connected,
				revised current supply based
TRWD (from TRA through Waxahachie)	415	415	415	on this study
Water Conservation - Basic Package	4	9	10	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	0	1	1	2006 Plan
Total Supply	523	529	530	

	0.70		
Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	378	387	390

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Additional Woodbine Aquifer (Existing Wells)	19	0	0	2006 Plan
Additional Woodbine Aquifer (New Wells)	27	46	49	2006 Plan
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Supplemental wells in Woodbine aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Total	46	46	49	

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	424	433	439

Notes: a. Waxahachie has requested an additional contract from TRA (TRWD) to supply Maypearl.

b. Mountain Peak SUD mentioned that they may wholesale water to Maypearl. Maypearl did not mention this in their survey response. This is not a recommended strategy in this study, but it could be an alternative strategy. c. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

d. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)

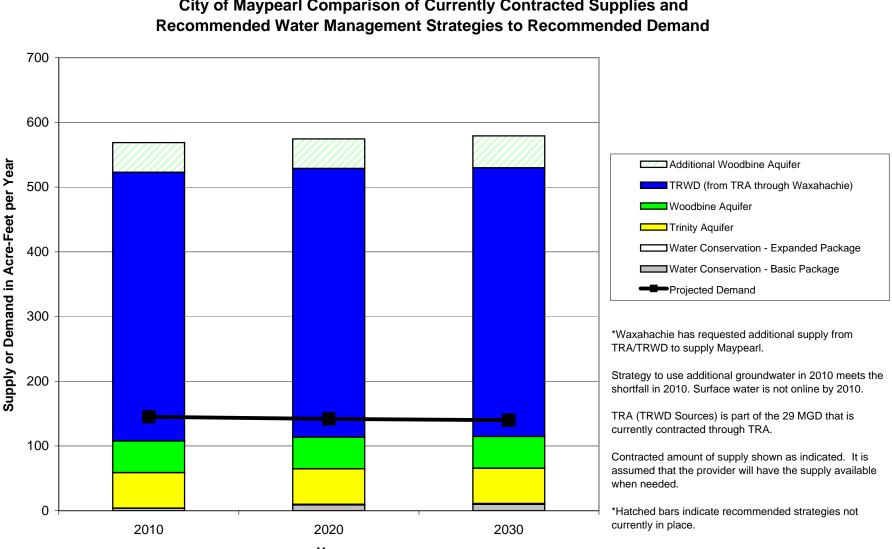


Figure F-28 City of Maypearl Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies and



Table F-29 City of Midlothian

Population of Current Customers	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	19,682	35,962	50,466	recommended
City of Grand Prairie	11,502	11,843	12,057	recommended
Mountain Peak SUD	4,889	7,919	11,403	contract amounts (linked)
Rockett SUD	11,027	12,012	12,012	recommended
City of Venus	1,381	2,589	4,506	recommended
Current Customer Population	48,481	70,325	90,444	

Current Customer Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	5,297	9,558	13,356	recommended
				contract for 2 MGD (avg
City of Grand Prairie	2,242	2,242	2,242	day); connection not in place
Mountain Peak SUD (Ellis and Johnson Counties)	816	1,304	1,865	total less groundwater
Rockett SUD	1,544	1,682	1,682	contract
				based on ramp up schedule
City of Venus	263	493	858	per current contract
Ellis County Steam Electric Power	224	224	224	2006 Plan
Ellis County Mining	280	280	280	assume 0.25 MGD
Current Customer Demand (Aft/Y)	10,666	15,783	20,507	

Potential Customer Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				Alvarado will contract
				directly with TRWD and
				Midlothian will provide water
				treatment; amount is
Alvarado	0	561	561	assumed
Additional Grand Prairie	2,522	5,045	5,045	contract being discussed
Total Potential Customer Demand	2,522	5,606	5,606	

Total Domand Current and Potential Customere	13.188	21.389	26 112
Total Demand Current and Potential Customers	13,100	21,309	26,113

Table F-29, Continued

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				contract allows for 5.95
				MGD (avg day); supply
				limited due to sedimentation
Joe Pool Lake (TRA)	6,670	6,496	6,156	as shown in 2006 Plan
				9.33 MGD (avg day) contract
				with TRWD/TRA (6 to
				Midlothian, 2 to Grand
TRWD (through TRA)	10,459	10,459	10,459	Prairie, 1 to Venus)
				300 retail customers within
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	242	243	244	city limits of Midlothian
Water Conservation - Basic Package	89	248	421	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	21	94	268	2006 Plan
Total Supply	17,481	17,540	17,548	

Surplus/Shortogo of Current & Detential Cust	4 202	-3.849	0 565
Surplus/Shortage of Current & Potential Cust.	4,293	-3,049	-8,565

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Additional TRWD (through TRA) for Alvarado	0	561	561	amount is assumed
Additional TRWD (through TRA) for Grand Prairie	2,522	5,045	5,045	contract being discussed
Additional TRWD (through TRA)	7,007	3,923	3,923	amount is assumed
Total	9,529	9,529	9,529	
		, ,	,	1
Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	13.822	5.680	964	

Notes: a. Trinity well not in operation & scheduled to be plugged.

b. Midlothian and Grand Prairie have requested an additional contract for TRA (TRWD Sources).

c. Alvarado has requested water.

d. No industrial customers based on information obtained in September 2007.

e. Significant changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

f. The contract for an additional 4.5 MGD from Joe Pool Lake is assumed to begin after 2030.

g. Midlothian has emergency connections with Mountain Peak SUD and Sardis-Lone Elm WSC.

h. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)



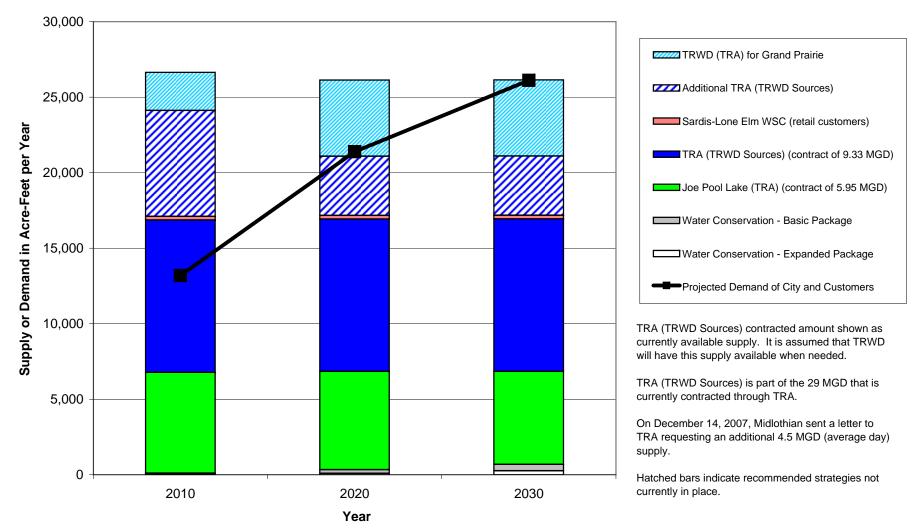


Table F-30 City of Milford

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	685	685	685	2006 Plan

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	86	84	81	2006 Plan

Current Supply (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Files Valley WSD (Lake Aquilla)	84	84	84	contract for 75,000 gal/d (avg)
Woodbine Aquifer	53	53	53	2006 Plan
Supplemental wells in Woodbine aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	1	4	4	2006 Plan
Total Supply	138	141	141	

Surplus/Shortage	52	57	60

Notes: A portion of Milford is served by Files Valley WSC (retail).

Milford did not have a shortage in the 2006 Region C Water Plan. Water conservation (as shown above) and supplemental wells were recommended. Supplemental wells remain a recommended strategy.

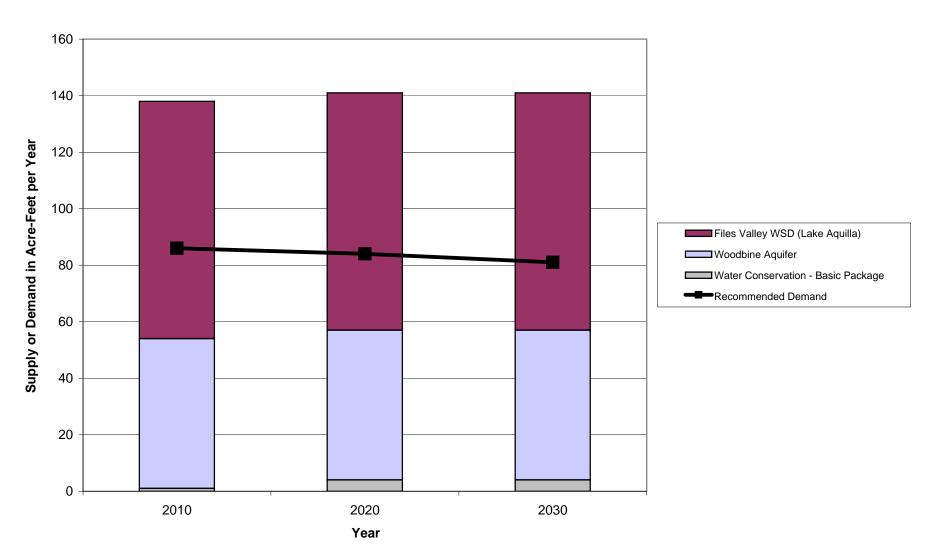


Figure F-30 City of Milford Comparison of Current Supply to Recommended Demand

Table F-31 Mountain Peak SUD (includes Ellis and Johnson County portions)

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Service Area (Ellis County)	7,639	9,669	11,767	recommended
Service Area (Johnson County)	1,979	3,039	4,460	recommended
Total Population	9,618	12,708	16,227	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Service Area (Ellis County)	1,275	1,593	1,924	recommended
Service Area (Johnson County)	330	500	730	recommended
Ellis County Mining	75	75	75	currently supplying 2 MG/month
Total Demand	1,680	2,168	2,729	

Current Supply (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				revised current supply based on
Midlothian Sources	816	1,304	1,865	this study
Trinity Aquifer	864	864	864	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	148	443	479	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	1	4	8	2006 Plan
Conservation (Brazos G)	10	37	44	2006 Plan
Total Supply	1,839	2,652	3,260	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	159	484	531

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Additional Trinity aquifer (new wells) (Region C)	204	265	300	2006 Plan
	-			city plans to drill 5 new wells in Woodbine aquifer; amount
Woodbine aquifer (new wells) (Region C)	50	50	50	assumed
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Supplemental wells in Woodbine aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Total	254	315	350	

	Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	413	799	881
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Note: a. Mountain Peak SUD plans to use groundwater as long as possible.

b. Rockett SUD has requested an additional contracts from TRA (TRWD) to supply Mountain Peak SUD.

c. Mountain Peak SUD mentioned that it may sell to Maypearl. Maypearl did not mention this in their survey response. This could be an alternative strategy for Maypearl.

- d. Mountain Peak plans to drill five Woodbine wells in near future.
- e. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.
- f. Mountain Peaks SUD has an emergency connection with Midlothian.
- g. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)

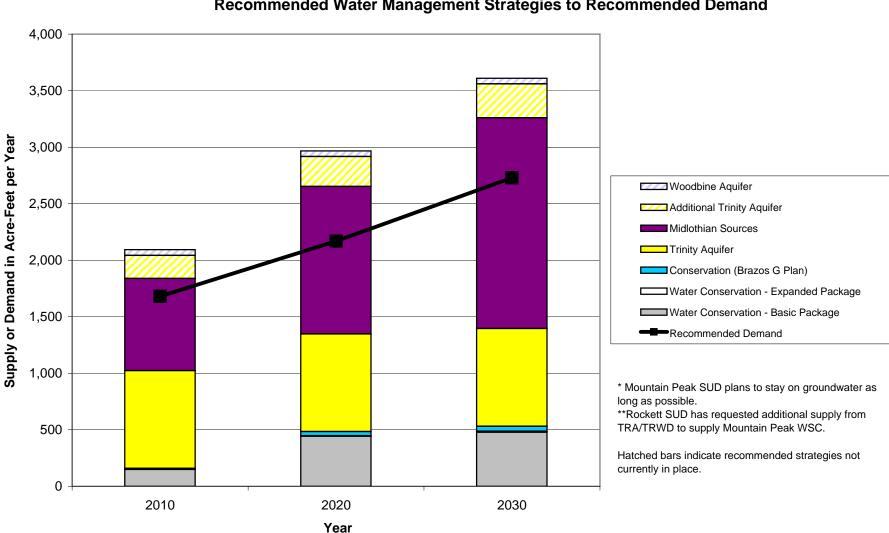


Figure F-31 Mountain Peak SUD Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies and Recommended Water Management Strategies to Recommended Demand

Table F-32 City of Oak Leaf

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	1,502	1,774	2,042	2006 Plan

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	338	393	448	2006 Plan

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				revised current supply
DWU Sources (Glenn Heights)	338	393	448	based on this study
				68 connections (retail
TRWD (from TRA through Rockett SUD)	55	55	56	customer)
Water Conservation - Basic Package	10	22	29	2006 Plan
Total Supply	403	470	533	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y) 65 77 89

Notes: a. Rockett SUD serves a small portion of Oak Leaf retail.

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

c. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)



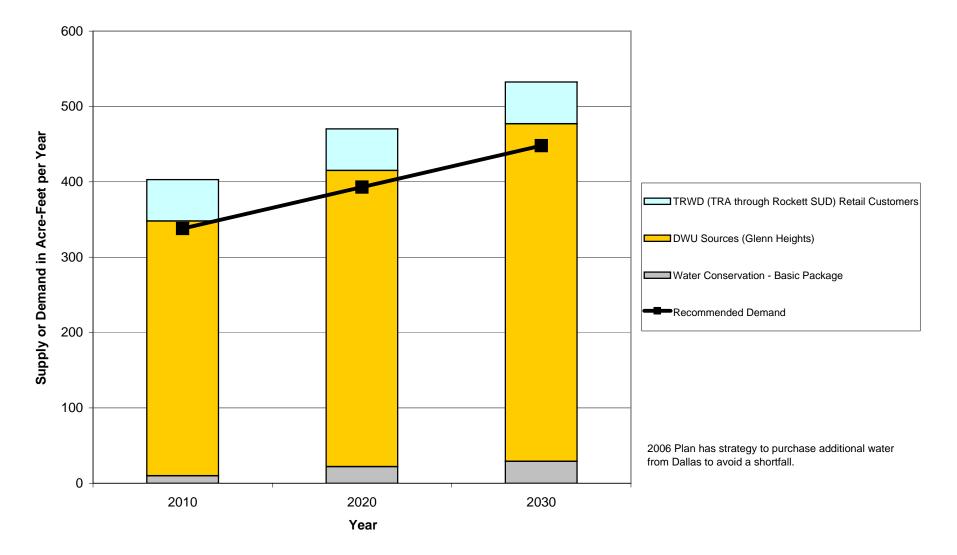


Table F-33City of Ovilla(Includes Ellis and Dallas Counties)

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis Co.	4,983	6,681	8,354	2006 Plan
Dallas Co.	368	540	792	2006 Plan
Total Population	5,351	7,221	9,146	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis Co.	1,016	1,347	1,666	2006 Plan
Dallas Co.	75	109	158	2006 Plan
Total Demand	1,091	1,456	1,824	

Currently Available Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				supply based on Dallas
				Long Range Water
Dallas Sources	874	1,143	1,401	Supply Plan
				200 retail customers
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	122	123	124	within city limits of Ovilla
Woodbine aquifer	56	56	56	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	35	86	124	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	1	6	7	2006 Plan
Total Supply	1,088	1,414	1,712	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-3	-42	-112

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Supplemental wells in Woodbine aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
				Request additional
Purchase additional water from DWU	4	44	117	supply from Dallas
Total Strategies	4	44	117	

Total Surplus/Shortage with Strategies (AF/Y)	1	2	6

Notes: Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y) $\,$

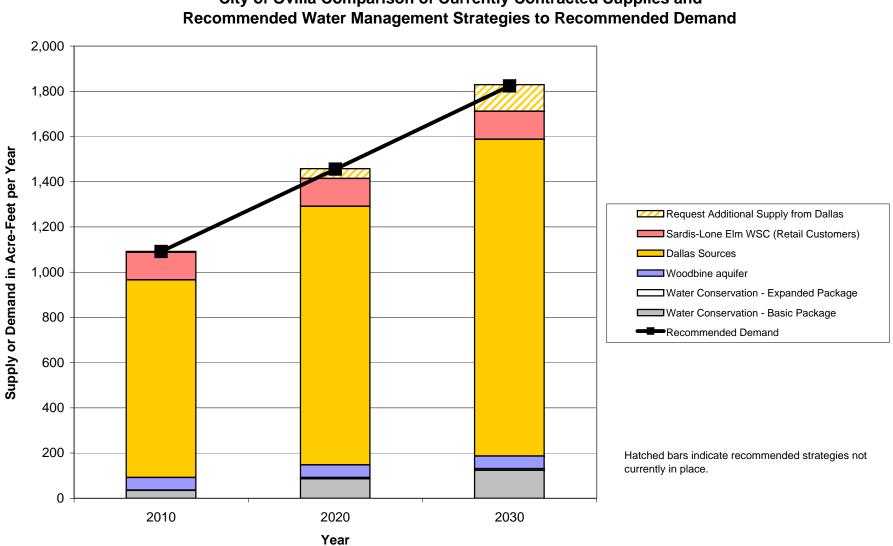


Figure F-33 City of Ovilla Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies and Recommended Water Management Strategies to Recommended Demand

Table F-34 Palmer

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	1,924	2,063	2,200	recommended

Proposed Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	239	250	259	recommended

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Woodbine Aquifer	280	280	280	2006 Plan
				contract with TRA for 0.27 MGD
				(avg day), revised current supply
TRWD (from TRA through Rockett SUD)	304	304	304	based on this study
Supplemental wells in Woodbine aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	3	13	14	2006 Plan
Total Supply	587	597	598	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	348	347	339
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Notes: a. Rockett SUD has requested an additional contract from TRA (TRWD) to supply Palmer.

b. Significant changes to the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

c. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)

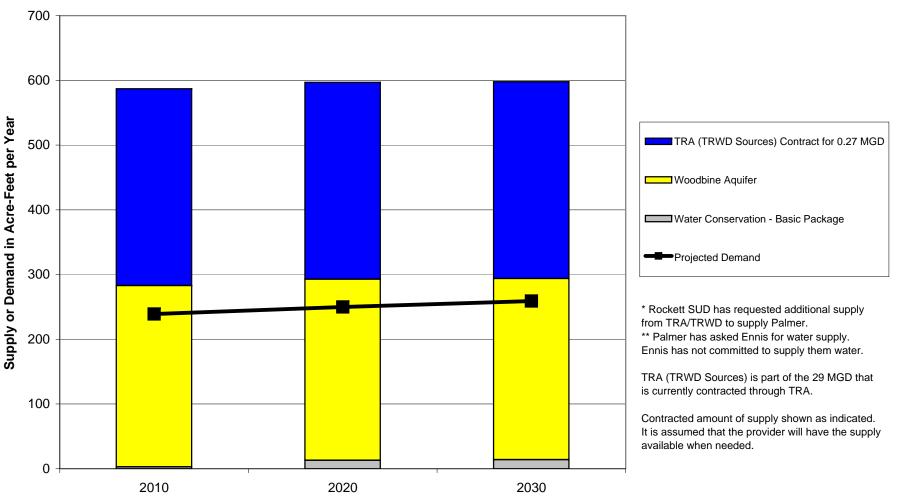


Figure F-34 Palmer Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies to Recommended Demand

Year

Table F-35Parker WSC(Includes Johnson and Hill Counties)

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Johnson Co., Brazos Basin	2,080	2,156	2,233	recommended
Johnson Co., Trinity Basin	231	240	248	recommended
Hill Co., Brazos Basin	359	372	385	recommended
Hill Co., Trinity Basin	49	51	53	recommended
Total Population	2,719	2,819	2,919	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Johnson Co., Brazos Basin	273	275	277	recommended
Johnson Co., Trinity Basin	30	31	31	recommended
Hill Co., Brazos Basin	47	47	48	recommended
Hill Co., Trinity Basin	6	7	7	recommended
Total Demand	357	359	363	

Current Supply (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				2006 Plan showed 57
				AF/Y; currently producing
Trinity Aquifer	57	57	57	100 AF/Y
				contract for 300,000 gal/d
Files Valley WSC (Aquilla WSD)	336	336	336	(avg)
Total Supply	393	393	393	

Surplus/Shortage	36	34	30

Recommended Strategies	2010	2020	2030	Notes
BRA SWATS through Johnson Co SUD (Johnson				
County)	181	181	181	based on survey results
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	keep strategy
Total	181	181	181	

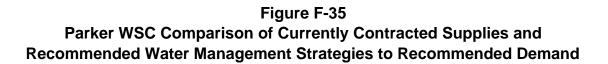
Final Surplus/Shortage	217	215	211
i illai ouipido/olioi tage	217	210	211

Notes: a. A portion of Parker WSC is served by Files Valley WSC.

b. Parker WSC plans to add another well in the Trinity aquifer.

c. Significant changes to the 2006 Brazos G Water Plan are shown in italics.

d. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)



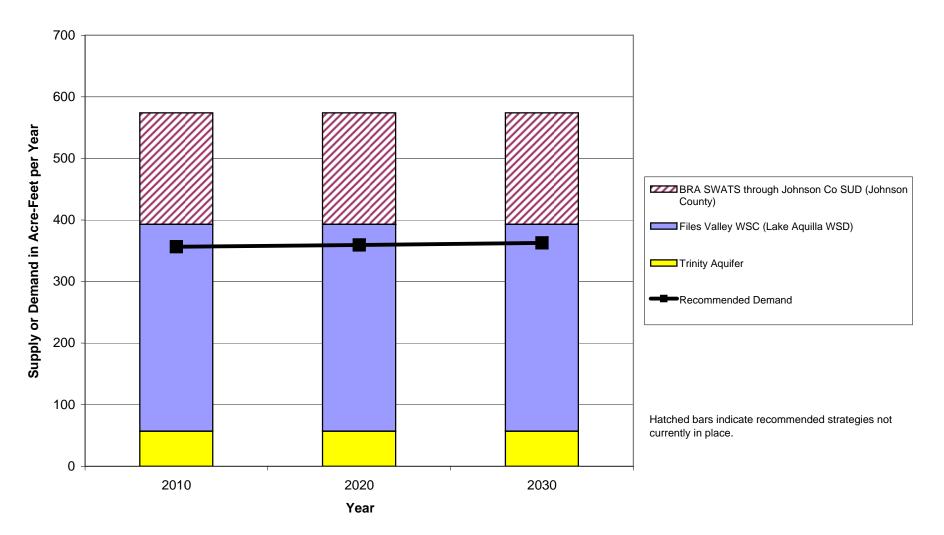


Table F-36 Pecan Hill

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	813	943	1,072	recommended

Proposed Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	160	183	205	recommended

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Rockett SUD Sources	163	182		Rockett SUD currently meets all demand, revised current supply based on this study
Water Conservation - Basic Package	5	10	13	2006 Plan
Total Supply	168	192	215	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	8	9	10

Notes: a. Rockett SUD serves all of Pecan Hill.

b. Pecan Hill no longer obtains water from Waxahachie (Lake Waxahachie) or other aquifer.

c. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

d. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)



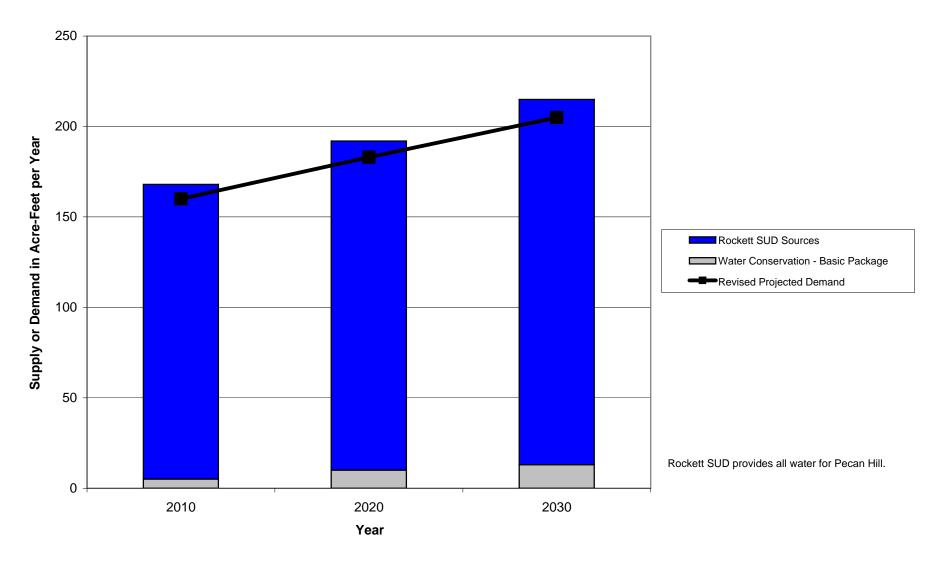


Table F-37 City of Red Oak

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
City	12,500	21,000	26,000	recommended

Proposed Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand (AF/Y)	1,960	3,223	3,932	recommended

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				1.8 MGD (avg day) contract
				with TRA (TRWD sources);
				no immediate plans to use
TRWD (through TRA) - not planning to use	2,018	2,018	2,018	water
Woodbine Aquifer	698	698	698	2006 Plan
				25 MGD (peak) contract
				with DWU; Figures in
				Dallas' Long Range Water
				Plan shown here, revised
				current supply based on
DWU Sources	1,973	2,948	4,024	this study
TRWD (from TRA through Rockett SUD)	601	1,010	1,250	1,094 connections
Supplemental wells in Woodbine aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	33	76	104	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	1	6	9	2006 Plan
Total Supply	5,324	6,756	8,103	

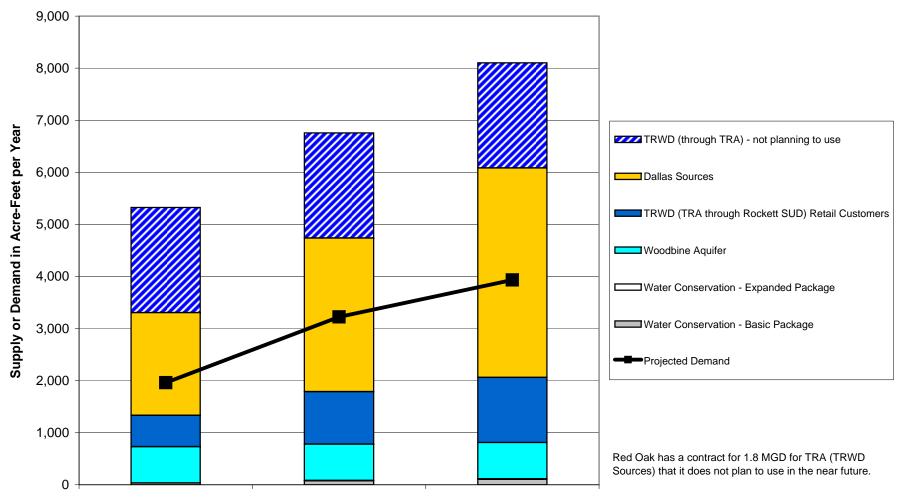
Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	3,363	3,533	4,171

Notes: a. 2006 plan shows small amount from Midlothian in 2010 as current supply. That is incorrect. b. 2006 Plan also showed the TRA (TRWD sources) Ellis County project. This should be removed.

c. Rockett SUD serves a portion of Red Oak.

d. Significant changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

e. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)





Year

Table F-38Rice WSC(Includes Ellis and Navarro Counties)

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis County portion	1,027	1,377	1,722	2006 Plan
Navarro County portion	6,640	8,357	10,145	2006 Plan
Total Population	7,667	9,734	11,867	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis County portion	127	165	204	2006 Plan
Navarro County portion	818	1,002	1,205	2006 Plan
Total Demand	945	1,167	1,409	

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				Contract is for 0.090 MGD
Lake Bardwell (Ennis)	50	50	50	(peak day)
Navarro Mills Reservoir (Corsicana)	949	1,065	1,209	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	2	8	16	2006 Plan
Total Supply	1,001	1,123	1,275	

	Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	56	-44	-134
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Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
TRWD (from TRA through Ennis)	0	14	34	2006 Plan
Additional water from Corsicana	0	230	282	2006 Plan
Total	0	244	316	

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	56	200	182

Note: a. Ennis has requested additional supply from TRA (TRWD Sources).

b. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

c. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)



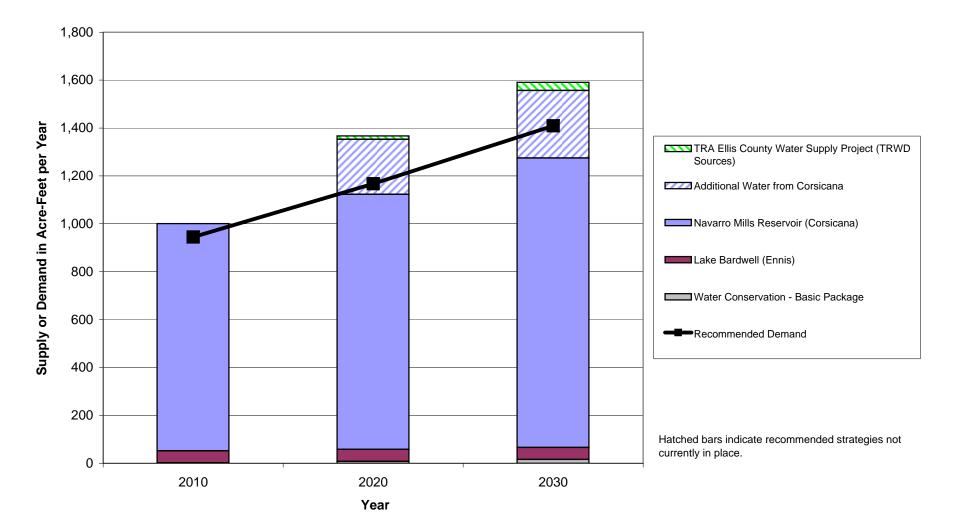


Table F-39 City of Rio Vista

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	751	863	981	2006 Plan

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	71	77	85	2006 Plan

Current Supply (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Trinity Aquifer	17	16	16	2006 Plan
Total Supply	17	16	16	

Surplus/Shortage	-54	-61	-69

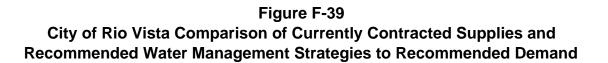
Recommended Strategies	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Temporary overdraft of the Trinity aquifer in 2010	54	0	0	new strategy
BRA SWATS (possibly through Johnson County SUD)	69	69		Contracted supply assumed to be equal to maximum project demand.
Total	123	69	69	

Final Surplus/Shortage	69	8	0

Note: Rio Vista plans to drill a new well.

Alternative strategy for Rio Vista is to purchase water from Cleburne.

Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)



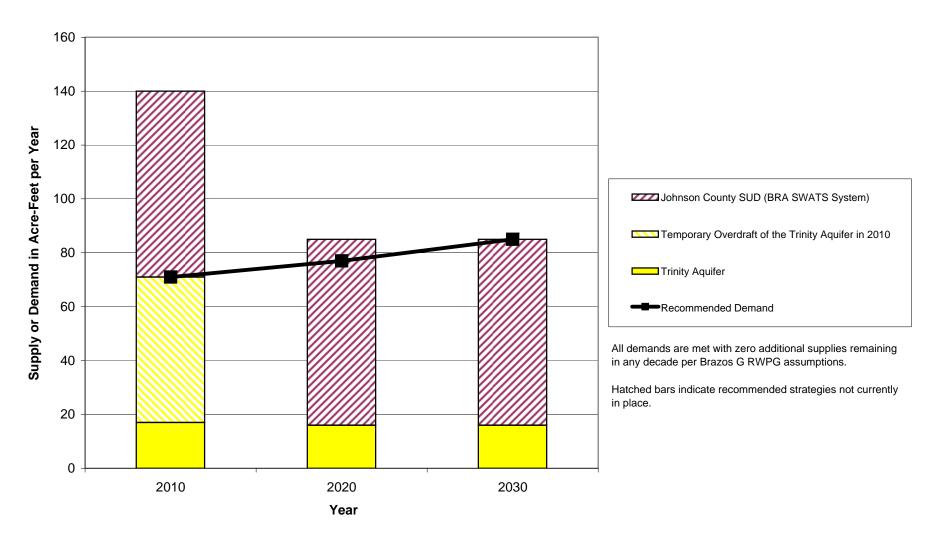


Table F-40Rockett SUD(Includes Dallas and Ellis Counties)

Population of Current Customers	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Service Area not within City Boundaries				
(Dallas County)	2,713	3,611	4,706	recommended
Service Area not within City Boundaries				
(Ellis County)	20,249	26,822	36,076	recommended
Ennis	80	82	84	23 connections (retail customer)
Ferris	2,631	3,183	3,851	total population
Palmer	1,924	2,063	2,200	total population
Pecan Hill	813	943	1,072	total population
				1,094 connections (retail
Red Oak	3,832	6,579	8,267	customer)
				162 connections (retail
Lancaster	600	616	629	customer)
Oak Leaf	244	249	253	68 connections (retail customer)
				698 connections (retail
Waxahachie	2,443	2,455	2,468	customer)
				current contracts with Boyce
Ellis County-Other	372	374	379	WSC and Brystol WSC
Current Customer Population	35,901	46,977	59,985	

Demand of Current Customers (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Service Area not within City Boundaries				
(Dallas County)	380	505	659	recommended
Service Area not within City Boundaries				
(Ellis County)	2,396	3,299	4,609	recommended
Ennis	17	17	17	23 connections (retail customer)
Ferris	401	474	561	In-City demand (linked)
Palmer	239	250	259	In-City demand (linked)
Pecan Hill	160	183	205	total demand (linked)
				1,094 connections (retail
Red Oak	601	1,010	1,250	customer)
				162 connections (retail
Lancaster	90	90	91	customer)
Oak Leaf	55	55	56	68 connections (retail customer)
				698 connections (retail
Waxahachie	613	616	619	customer)
				current contracts with Boyce
Ellis County-Other	70	70	70	WSC and Brystol WSC
Current Customer Demand	5,022	6,569	8,396	

Table F-40, Continued

Potential New Customer Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis County-Other (East Garrett WSC)	0	9	9	considering 8,000 gal/d
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	6,502	6,502	6,502	amount assumed
Proposed New Customer Demand	6,502	6,511	6,511	

Total Current and Potential Customer			
Demand (AF/Y)	11,524	13,080	14,907

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				2006 Plan showed 2010 as last
				decade of contract with no plan
				to renew; renewing contract
Midlothian sources	1,544	1,682	1,682	seeking 3 MGD (Peak)
Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	Plans to plug wells before 2010
				6.05 MGD (avg day) contract
				with TRA/TRWD (includes 0.32
				MGD that used to belong to
				Boyce and 0.21 MGD that used
TRWD (through TRA)	6,782	6,782	6,782	to belong to Brystol)
				Ferris has an existing 0.72 MGD
				contract with TRWD (through
TRWD (through TRA) for Ferris	807	807	807	TRA)
				Palmer has an existing 0.271
				MGD contract with TRWD
TRWD (through TRA) for Palmer	304	304	304	(through TRA)
				Currently supplied from
				Waxahachie. By 2010, will get
				TRWD water from new Sokoll
Lake Waxahachie (Waxahachie)	0	0	0	plant.
				supply based on Dallas Long
Dallas Sources (contract)	1,592	841	34	Range Water Supply Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	63	239	280	2006 Plan
Total Supply	11,092	10,655	9,889	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	6,070	4,086	1,493
Surplus/Shortage (Current and Potential			
Customers) (AF/Y)	-432	-2,425	-5,018

Table F-40, Continued

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				amount has been updated.
				Assumed contract for an
Additional TRWD (through TRA)	224	224	224	additional 0.2 mad.
Additional TRWD (through TRA) for Sardis-				
Lone Elm WSC	6,502	6,502	6,502	new strategy
Total	6,726	6,726	6,726	

Remaining Contract Balances Committed			
to Specific Entities (AF/Y)	471	387	291
Final Surplus/Shortage (Current			
Customers) (AF/Y)	12,325	10,425	7,928
Final Uncommitted Surplus/Shortage			
(Current and Pot. Customers) (AF/Y)	5,823	3,914	1,417

Notes: a. Rockett SUD has requested additional TRWD water (through TRA) above 6.05 MGD that is currently contracted.

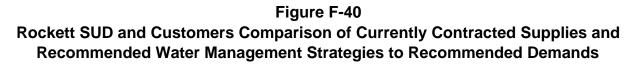
b. Rockett SUD has a contract with Dallas to purchase treated water. Rockett SUD is not planning to use the Dallas water in the near future.

c. Joint water treatment plant with Waxahachie is under construction. It will provide 20 MGD (peak) initially and can be expanded to provide up to 80 MGD (peak).

d. The TRWD (through TRA) strategy replaces the previous strategy to obtain water from Lake Waxahachie. e. Significant changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

f. Remaining contract balances for existing TRA contracts for Ferris, Palmer, and County-Other cannot be allocated to other Rockett SUD customers.

g. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)



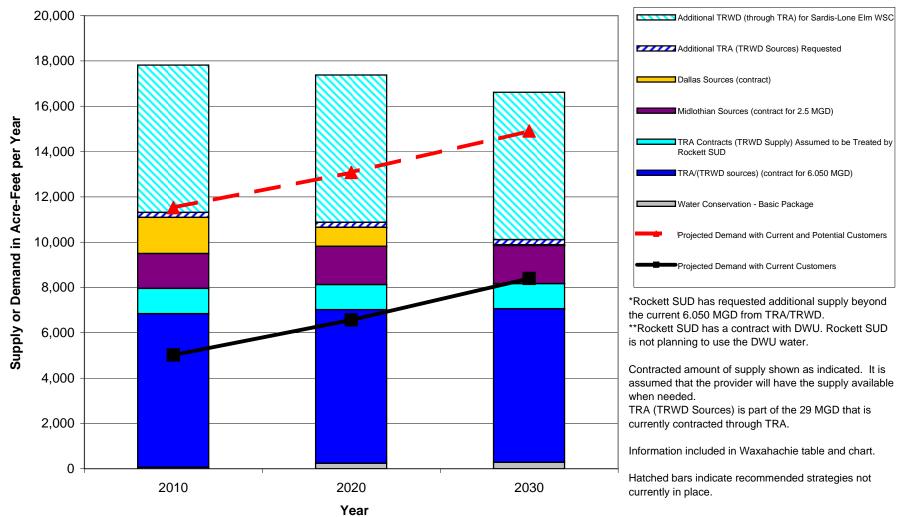


Table F-41 Sardis-Lone Elm WSC (includes Dallas and Ellis County portions)

Service Area Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Ellis County	14,601	23,367	30,317	recommended
Dallas Co	72	108	138	recommended
Midlothian (retail customers)	900	915	923	300 retail connections
Ovilla (retail customers)	598	610	622	200 retail connections
Total Population	16,171	25,000	32,000	

Service Area Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Demand (Ellis County)	3,356	5,129	6,496	recommended
Demand (Dallas Co)	15	22	28	recommended
Midlothian (retail customers)	242	243	244	300 retail connections
Ovilla (retail customers)	122	123	124	200 retail connections
Total Demand	3,735	5,517	6,892	

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				2006 Plan; current use is 3,195
Trinity Aquifer	1,150	1,150	1,150	AF/Y
				recent addition to supply;
Woodbine Aquifer	168	168	168	amount shown is assumed
Water Conservation - Basic Package	51	96	111	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	1	6	7	2006 Plan
Total Supply	1,370	1,420	1,436	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-2,365	-4,097	-5,456

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes	
				potential contract with Rockett	
				SUD for TRA (TRWD Sources)	
				of 5.8 mad; by 2030 all demand	
TRWD (from TRA through Rockett SUD)	6,502	6,502	6,502	assumed to fall on Rockett SUD	
Overdraft Trinity Aquifer (New Wells)	50	0	0	2006 Plan	
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan	
Supplemental wells in Woodbine aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan	
Total	6,552	6,502	6,502		
	4 4 9 -	a (a=	4 9 4 9	1	

Final Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y) 4,187 2,405 1,046

Note: a. Rockett SUD has requested an additional contract from TRA (TRWD) to supply Sardis-Lone Elm WSC.

b. Sardis-Lone Elm WSC wants the reduction in groundwater use 2020 and beyond to be removed.

c. Changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

d. Sardis-Lone Elm WSC plans to drill additional wells in the Woodbine aquifer.

e. Sardis-Lone Elm has an emergency connection with Midlothian that can supply water to either entity.

f. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)

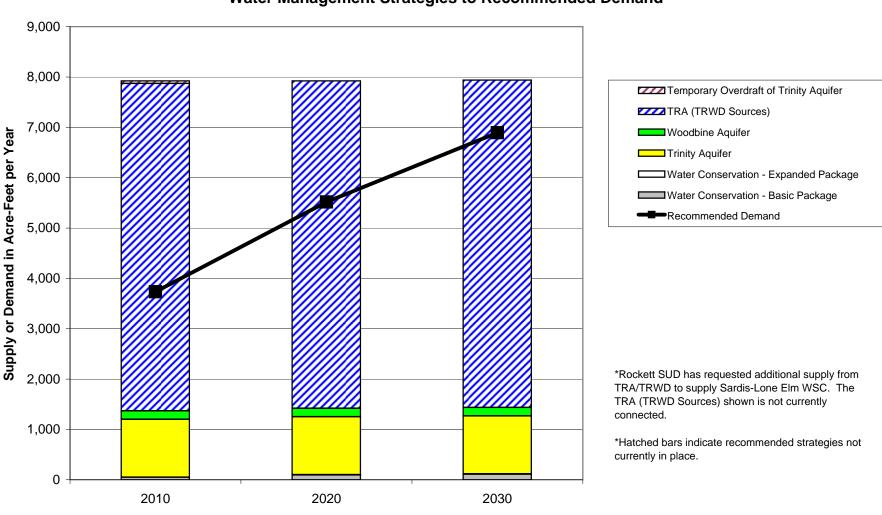


Figure F-41 Sardis-Lone Elm WSC Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies and Recommended Water Management Strategies to Recommended Demand

Year

April 2009

Table F-42 City of Venus

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
City	2,766	3,795	5,425	recommended

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	527	723	1,033	recommended

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Woodbine Aquifer	166	166	166	2006 Plan
				0 shown in 2006 plan, 100 AF/Y
Trinity Aquifer	100	64	9	assumed and ramping down.
				based on ramp up schedule per
Midlothian (TRWD Sources through TRA)	263	493	858	current contract
Total Supply	529	723	1033	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	2	0	0
Sulpius/Shortage (ALTT)	Z	0	U

No strategies were recommended in the 2006 Plan because Venus did not have any shortages.

No additional strategies are recommended at this time.

Significant changes from the 2006 Brazos G Water Plan are shown in italics.

Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)

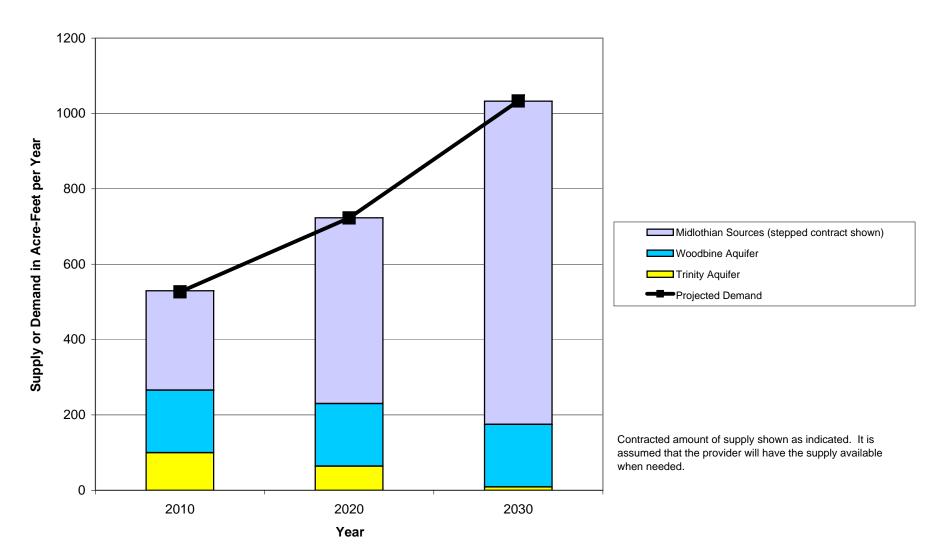


Figure F-42 Venus Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies to Recommended Demand

Table F-43 City of Waxahachie

Population of Existing Customers	2010	2020	2030	Notes
City of Waxahachie	32,900	48,440	63,800	recommended
				2010 demand will be replaced
				by new, joint water treatment
Rockett SUD and Customers	0	0	0	plant
				Assume 12 percent of
				recommended, includes Nash-
Ellis County-Other	1,285	1,285	1,285	Forreston WSC
Current Customer Population	34,185	49,725	65,085	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City Demand	8,255	12,155	16,009	recommended
				2010 demand will be replaced
				by new, joint water treatment
Rockett SUD and Customers	0	0	0	plant
				Assume 12 percent of
				recommended, includes Nash-
Ellis County-Other	242	240	237	Forreston WSC
				Assume 28 percent of
Ellis County Manufacturing (28%)	970	1,028	1,075	recommended
Current Customer Demand	9,467	13,423	17,321	

Potential New Customer Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				not currently connected;
				demand less other supplies in
Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	0	934	1,567	2020 and full demand in 2030
				not currently connected;
				demand less other supplies in
City of Italy	0	140	362	2020 and full demand in 2030
				not currently connected;
				demand less other supplies in
City of Maypearl	0	38	140	2020 and full demand in 2030
				considering an average day
				demand of 4 MGD to be
				supplied from Lake
Ellis County Steam Electric Power	4,484	4,484	4,484	Waxahachie
Total Potential Customer Demand	4,484	5,596	6,553	

Total Current and Potential Customer Demand			
(AF/Y)	13,951	19,019	23,874

Table F-43, Continued

Currently Contracted Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				TRA contract allows for 4,320
				AF/Y; supply limited due to
				sedimentation as shown in
Lake Bardwell (TRA)	3,855	3,668	3,483	2006 Plan
				2006 Plan shown here;
Lake Waxahachie	2,667	2,573	2,480	Current use is 4,320 AF/Y
				4.65 MGD (avg day) contract
TRWD (through TRA)	5,213	5,213	5,213	with TRA (TRWD Sources)
				Buena Vista-Bethel SUD has
				a contract with TRA for 0.85
TRWD (through TRA) for Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	953	953	953	MGD
				Maypearl has a contract with
TRWD (through TRA) for Maypearl	415	415	415	TRA for 0.37 MGD
TRWD (through TRA) for Avalon WSC (County-				Avalon WSC has a contract
Other)	673	673	673	with TRA for 0.6 MGD
				Italy has a contract with TRA
TRWD (through TRA) for Italy	561	561	561	for 0.5 MGD
				Nash-Forreston WSC has an
TRWD (through TRA) for Nash-Forreston WSC				existing 0.25 MGD contract
(County-Other)	280	280	280	with TRWD (through TRA)
				permit allows for up to 5,128
				AF/Y, revised current supply
Reuse	4,128	5,128	5,128	based on this study
				supply based on Dallas Long
Dallas Supplies	0	13,452		Range Water Supply Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	229	580		2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Expanded Package	3	25		2006 Plan
Total Supply	18,977	33,521	33,596	

Surplus/Shortage (Current Customers) (AF/Y)	9,510	20,098	16,275
Surplus/Shortage (Current and Potential			
Customers) (AF/Y)	5,026	14,502	9,722

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
				updated amount; assumed 4
Additional TRWD (through TRA)	4,484	4,484	4,484	MGD
Additional TRWD (through TRA) for Buena Vista-				
Bethel SUD	0	146	785	new strategy
Total	4,484	4,630	5,269	

Table F-43, Continued

Remaining Contract Balances Committed to			
Specific Entities (AF/Y)	2,640	1,530	1,190
Final Surplus/Shortage (Current Customers)			
(AF/Y)	11,354	23,198	20,354
Final Surplus/Shortage (Current and Potential			
Customers) (AF/Y)	6,870	17,602	13,801

Notes: a. Waxahachie and Rockett SUD are developing a joint water treatment plant and have asked TRA (TRWD sources) for additional supply beyond current contract amounts.

b. Waxahachie has a contract to purchase treated water from Dallas. Waxahachie is not planning to use the Dallas water in the near future.

c. As an alternative strategy, Waxahachie could sell water to Files Valley WSC and Ellis County Other.

d. Significant changes from the 2006 Region C Water Plan are shown in italics.

e. Waxahachie will need treatment plant expansions.

f. Remaining contract balances for existing TRA contracts for Buena Vista-Bethel SUD, Maypearl, Avalon WSC, and Italy cannot be allocated to other Waxahachie customers.

g. Waxahachie's south water treatment plant will be expanded in 2010. Waxahachie and Rockett SUD are jointly developing the Sokoll Water Treatment Plant, which is expected to be in operation by 2010 and will need to be expanded in the future.

h. Alternative strategies for Waxahachie include pumping water from Joe Pool Lake and from Lake Benbrook.

i. Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)

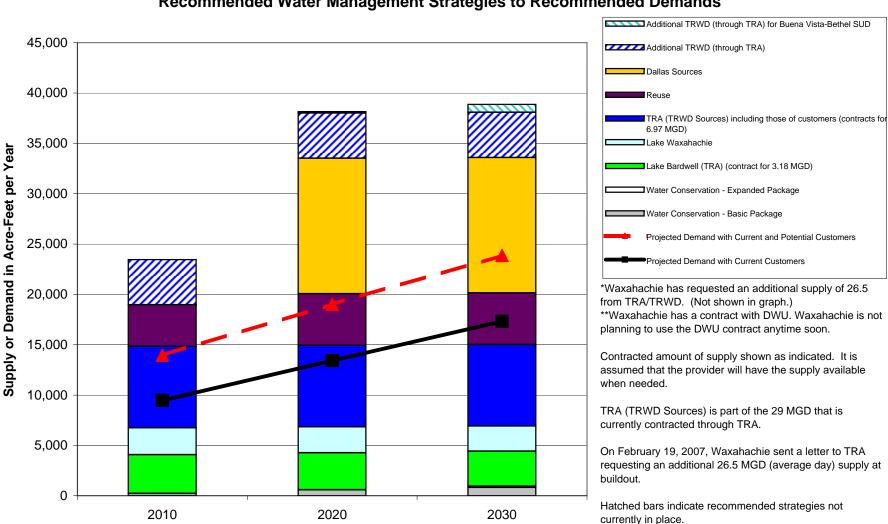


Figure F-43 City of Waxahachie Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies and Recommended Water Management Strategies to Recommended Demands

Year

Table F-44 City of Wilmer

Population	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	5,500	7,500	8,800	2006 Plan
Total Population	5,500	7,500	8,800	

Demand (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
In-City	641	899	1,035	2006 Plan
Total Demand	641	899	1,035	

Currently Available Supplies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Trinity Aquifer	322	322	322	2006 Plan
Total Supply	322	322	322	

Surplus/Shortage (AF/Y)	-319	-577	-713

Recommended Strategies (AF/Y)	2010	2020	2030	Notes
Dallas Sources	451	875	1,095	2006 Plan
Temporary overdrafting of Trinity aquifer	322	0	0	2006 Plan
Supplemental wells in Trinity aquifer	0	0	0	2006 Plan
Water Conservation - Basic Package	10	39	49	2006 Plan
Total Supply	783	914	1,144	

Units: Acre-Feet per Year (AF/Y)

No changes made to the current supplies or recommended strategies in the 2006 Plan.

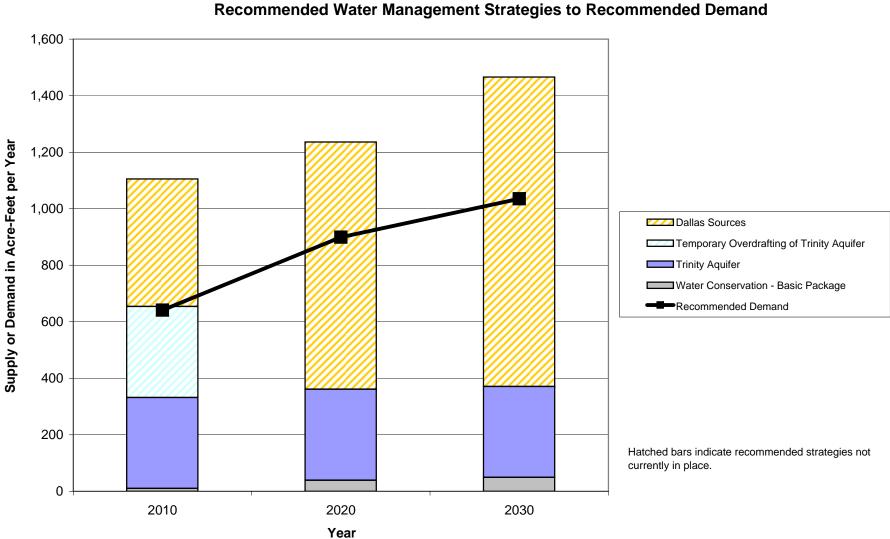


Figure F-44 City of Wilmer Comparison of Currently Contracted Supplies and Recommended Water Management Strategies to Recommended Demand

APPENDIX G

DETAILED COST ESTIMATES FOR RECOMMENDED WATER MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

Appendix G Detailed Cost Estimates for Recommended Water Management Strategies

This appendix includes a memorandum summarizing the cost estimating assumptions. Specific cost estimates for recommended water management strategies are included in this appendix.

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MEMORANDUM

TO: File, NTD07286

FROM: Simone Kiel, Rachel Ickert

SUBJECT: Cost Estimating for SB1 Projects

DATE: September 4, 2008

Introduction

- 1. The evaluation of water management strategies requires developing cost estimates. Guidance for cost estimates may be found in the TWDB's "General Guidelines for Regional Water Plan Development (2007-2012)", Section 4.1.2. Costs are to be reported in second quarter 2007 dollars.
- 2. All cost estimates should be checked by construction services and discipline leaders in the appropriate areas, including Environmental Science.
- 3. We have developed standard unit costs for installed pipe, pump stations and standard treatment facilities developed from experience with similar projects throughout the State of Texas. These estimates are to be used for all SB1 projects, unless more detailed costing is available. All unit costs include the contractors' mobilization, overhead and profit. The unit costs **do not** include engineering, contingency, financial and legal services, costs for land and rights-of-way, permits, environmental and archeological studies, or mitigation.
- 4. The information presented in this memorandum is intended to be 'rule-of-thumb' guidance. Specific situations may call for alteration of the procedures and costs. Note that the costs in this memorandum provide a planning level estimate for comparison purposes.
- 5. It is important that when comparing alternatives that the cost estimates be similar and include similar items. If an existing reliable cost estimate is available for a project it should be used where appropriate. All cost estimates must meet the requirements set forth in the TWDB's "General Guidelines for Regional Water Plan Development (2007-2012)".
- 6. The cost estimates have two components:
 - Initial capital costs, including engineering and construction costs, and
 - Average annual costs, including annual operation and maintenance costs and debt service.

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TWDB does not require the consultant to determine life cycle or present value analysis. In general, unless you are putting together a complex scenario with phased implementation or are planning on using State funding, annual costs are sufficient for comparison purposes and a life-cycle analysis is not required.

ASSUMPTIONS FOR CAPITAL COSTS:

Conveyance Systems

Standard pipeline costs used for these cost estimates are shown in Table 1. Pump station costs are based on required Horsepower capacity and are listed in Table 2. The power capacity is to be determined from the hydraulic analyses conducted from a planning level hydraulic grade line evaluation (or detailed analysis if available). Pipelines and pump stations are to be sized for peak pumping capacity.

- Pump efficiency is assumed to be 75 percent.
- Peaking factor of 2 times the average demand for strategies when the water is pumped directly to a water treatment plant. (or historical peaking factor, if available)
- Peaking factor of 1.2 to 1.5 is to be used if there are additional water sources and/or the water is transported to a terminal storage facility.
- Ground storage is to be provided at each booster pump station along the transmission line.
- Ground storage tanks should provide sufficient storage for 2.5 to 4 hours of pumping at peak capacity. Costs for ground storage are shown in Table 3. Covered storage tanks are used for all strategies transporting treated water.
- Costs for elevated storage tanks are shown in Table 3A.

Water Treatment Plants

Water treatment plants are to be sized for peak day capacity (assume peaking factor of 2 if no specific data is available). Costs estimated for new conventional surface water treatment facilities and expansions of existing facilities are listed in Table 4. Conventional treatment does not include advanced technologies, such as ozone or UV treatment. All treatment plants are to be sized for finished water capacity.

- For reverse osmosis plants for surface water, increase construction costs shown on Table 4 by the amount shown on Table 5 for the appropriate size plant that will be used for RO. If groundwater is the raw water source, use only the costs in Table 5. These costs were based on actual cost estimates of similar facilities.
- The amount of reject water generated by reverse osmosis treatment is dependent upon the incoming quality of the raw water. Final treatment goals should be between 600 and 800 mg/l of TDS. (This provides a safety margin in meeting

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secondary treatment standards.) For reverse osmosis treatment of brackish water (1,000 - 3,000 mg/l of TDS), assume that 20 percent of the raw water treated with membranes is discharged as reject water, unless project-specific data is available. For brackish water with TDS concentrations between 3,000 and 10,000 mg/l, assume 30% reject water. Desalination of seawater or very high TDS water will have a higher percent of reject water (50 to 60%). Minimal losses are assumed for conventional treatment facilities.

• Costs for ion exchange facilities are shown on Table 6. For these facilities it is assumed that 2 to 3 percent of the raw water would be discharged as reject water.

New Groundwater Wells

The per-linear-foot costs for new water wells shown in Table 7 are based on a price per square foot of casing material. The costs for public water supply and industrial wells were developed using \$130 to \$150 per square foot of casing material. It is assumed that the cost of irrigation wells is approximately 60% of the cost for municipal and industrial wells. Well depth will be estimated by county and aquifer.

For expansion of existing well fields for municipal water providers, an additional \$150,000 per well for connection to the existing distribution system is assumed. Connection costs and conveyance systems for new well fields will be determined on a case-by-case basis.

New Reservoirs

Site-specific cost estimates will be made for reservoir sites. The elements required for reservoir sites are included in Table 8. Lake intake structures for new reservoirs will be determined on a case-by-case basis. Generally, costs for construction of such facilities prior to filling of the reservoir will be less than shown on Table 2.

Other Costs

- Engineering, contingency, construction management, financial and legal costs are to be estimated at 30 percent of construction cost for pipelines and 35 percent of construction costs for pump stations, treatment facilities and reservoir projects. (Exhibit B)
- Permitting and mitigation for transmission and treatment projects are to be estimated at 1 percent of the total construction costs. For reservoirs, mitigation and permitting costs are assumed equal to twice the land purchase cost, unless site specific data is available.
- Right-of-way costs for transmission lines are estimated per acre of ROW using the unit costs in Table 9. If a small pipeline follows existing right-of-ways (such

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as highways), no additional right-of-way cost is assumed. Large pipelines will require ROW costs regardless of routing.

• The costs for property acquisition for reservoirs are to be based on previous cost estimates, if available. A minimum of \$3,500 per acre is assumed if no site specific data is available.

Interest during construction is the total of interest accrued at the end of the construction period using a 6 percent annual interest rate on total borrowed funds, less a 4 percent rate of return on investment of unspent funds. This is calculated assuming that the total estimated project cost (excluding interest during construction) would be drawn down at a constant rate per month during the construction period. Factors were determined for different lengths of time for project construction. These factors were used in cost estimating and are presented in Table 10.

ASSUMPTIONS FOR ANNUAL COSTS:

Annual costs are to be estimated using the following assumptions:

- Debt service for all transmission and treatment facilities is to be annualized over 30 years, but not longer than the life of the project. Debt service for reservoirs is to be annualized over 30 years. [Note: uniform amortization periods should be used when evaluating similar projects for an entity.]
- Annual interest rate for debt service is 6 percent.
- Water purchase costs are to be based on wholesale rates reported by the selling entity when possible. In lieu of known rates, a typical regional cost for treated water and raw water will be developed.
- Operation and Maintenance costs are to be calculated based on the construction cost of the capital improvement. Engineering, permitting, etc. should not be included as a basis for this calculation. However, a 20% allowance for construction contingencies should be included for all O&M calculations. Per the "General Guidelines for Regional Water Plan Development (2007-2012)", O&M should be calculated at:
 - o 1 percent of the construction costs for pipelines
 - o 1.5 percent for dams
 - 2.5 percent of the construction costs for pump stations, storage tanks, meters and SCADA systems
 - Assume O&M costs for treatment facilities are included in the treatment cost

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- Surface water treatment costs are estimated at \$0.65 per 1,000 gallons for conventional plants and \$1.15 per 1,000 gallons of finished water for surface water plants with reverse osmosis. Assume cost for treatment of groundwater by reverse osmosis is \$0.60 per 1,000 gallons. If only a portion of the water will be treated with RO, apply costs proportionately. Treatment for nitrates is estimated at \$0.35 per 1,000 gallons. Treatment for groundwater (assuming chlorination only) is estimated at \$0.25 per 1,000 gallons. These costs include chemicals, labor and electricity and should be applied to amount of finished water receiving the treatment.
- Reject water disposal for treatment of brackish water is to be estimated on a caseby-case basis depending on disposal method. If no method is defined, assume a cost of \$0.30 per 1,000 gallons of reject water. [This value represents a moderate cost estimate. If the water were returned to a brackish surface water source, the costs would be negligible. If evaporation beds or deep well injection were used, the costs could be much higher.]
- Pumping costs are to be estimated using an electricity rate of \$0.09 per Kilowatt Hour. If local data is available, this can be used.

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Table 1

Pipeline Costs (does not include ROW)

Diameter	Base Installed Cost	Rural Cost with Appurtenances	Urban Cost with Appurtenances	Assumed ROW Width	Assumed Temporary Easement Width
(Inches)	(\$/Foot)	(\$/Foot)	(\$/Foot)	(Feet)	(Feet)
6	22	24	36	15	50
8	29	32	48	15	50
10	36	40	60	20	60
12	44	48	72	20	60
14	51	56	84	20	60
16	58	64	96	20	60
18	65	72	108	20	60
20	76	84	126	20	60
24	98	108	162	20	60
30	123	135	200	20	60
36	155	171	257	20	60
42	182	200	300	30	70
48	227	250	348	30	70
54	268	295	405	30	70
60	309	340	460	30	70
66	373	410	550	30	70
72	436	480	648	30	70
78	500	550	743	40	80
84	573	630	850	40	80
90	655	720	972	40	80
96	727	800	1,080	40	80
102	809	890	1,200	40	80
108	909	1,000	1,350	40	80
114	1,000	1,100	1,485	50	100
120	1,127	1,240	1,675	50	100
132	1,364	1,500	2,025	50	100
144	1,609	1,770	2,390	50	100

Notes: a Costs are based on PVC class 150 pipe for the smaller long, rural pipelines.

b Appurtenances assumed to be 10% of installed pipe costs.

- c For urban pipelines, costs were increased by 35% for cost with appurtenances. For pipes 42"and smaller, additional costs were added.
- d Adjust costs for obstacles (rock, forested areas) and easy conditions (soft soil in flat country).

	Booster PS	Lake PS with Intake
Horsepower	Costs	Costs
5	\$480,000	
10	\$500,000	
20	\$525,000	
25	\$550,000	
50	\$600,000	
100	\$690,000	
200	\$1,040,000	\$1,380,000
300	\$1,340,000	\$1,780,000
400	\$1,670,000	\$2,220,000
500	\$1,890,000	\$2,510,000
600	\$2,000,000	\$2,660,000
700	\$2,110,000	\$2,810,000
800	\$2,340,000	\$3,110,000
900	\$2,450,000	\$3,260,000
1,000	\$2,670,000	\$3,551,000
2,000	\$3,890,000	\$5,174,000
3,000	\$4,670,000	\$6,211,000
4,000	\$5,670,000	\$7,541,000
5,000	\$6,500,000	\$8,645,000
6,000	\$7,500,000	\$9,975,000
7,000	\$8,300,000	\$11,039,000
8,000	\$9,200,000	\$12,236,000
9,000	\$10,200,000	\$13,566,000
10,000	\$11,400,000	\$15,162,000
20,000	\$19,000,000	\$25,270,000
30,000	\$25,000,000	\$33,250,000
40,000	\$31,000,000	\$41,230,000
50,000	\$36,000,000	\$47,880,000
60,000	\$41,000,000	\$54,530,000
70,000	\$46,000,000	\$61,180,000

Table 2Pump Station Costs for Transmission Systems

Note:

1. Lake PS with intake costs include intake and pump station.

2. Adjust pump station costs upward if the pump station is designed to move large quantities of water at a low head

(i.e. low horsepower). See Rusty Gibson for appropriate factor.

3. Assumed multiple pump setup for all pump stations.

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Size (MG)	With Roof	Without Roof
0.05	\$116,000	\$99,000
0.1	\$170,000	\$145,000
0.5	\$407,000	\$310,000
1.0	\$590,000	\$436,000
1.5	\$740,000	\$550,000
2.0	\$890,000	\$664,000
2.5	\$1,010,000	\$764,000
3.0	\$1,130,000	\$863,000
3.5	\$1,260,000	\$952,000
4.0	\$1,400,000	\$1,040,000
5.0	\$1,600,000	\$1,212,000
6.0	\$1,930,000	\$1,400,000
7.0	\$2,275,000	\$1,619,000
8.0	\$2,625,000	\$1,925,000
10.0	\$3,485,000	\$2,560,000
14.0	\$5,205,000	\$3,800,000

Table 3Ground Storage Tanks

Note: Costs assume steel tanks smaller than 1 MG, concrete tanks 1 MG and larger.

Table 3A Elevated Storage Tanks			
Size (MG)	Cost		
0.5	\$1,240,000		
0.75	\$1,430,000		
1.0	\$1,620,000		
1.5	\$2,140,000		
2.0	\$2,670,000		
2.5	\$3,140,000		

Plant Capacity	New Conventional	Conventional
(MGD)	Plants	Plant Expansions
1	\$5,400,000	\$2,700,000
3	\$9,900,000	\$6,900,000
7	\$16,300,000	\$12,000,000
10	\$20,800,000	\$14,900,000
15	\$27,100,000	\$19,400,000
20	\$32,900,000	\$24,300,000
30	\$44,300,000	\$33,200,000
40	\$55,800,000	\$42,300,000
50	\$67,500,000	\$50,600,000
60	\$79,000,000	\$59,100,000
70	\$89,900,000	\$67,200,000
80	\$100,400,000	\$75,700,000
90	\$110,200,000	\$84,200,000
100	\$121,100,000	\$93,200,000

Table 4 Conventional Water Treatment Plant Costs

Note: Plant is sized for finished peak day capacity.

Table 5 Additional Cost for Reverse Osmosis Treatment

Plant Capacity (MGD)	Reverse Osmosis Facilities Cost
0.5	\$1,200,000
1	\$1,500,000
3	\$3,000,000
7	\$6,700,000
10	\$9,100,000
15	\$13,200,000
20	\$17,000,000
30	\$23,700,000
40	\$29,200,000
50	\$34,000,000
60	\$37,900,000

Note: Plant is sized for finished water capacity.

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Table 6Groundwater Nitrate Treatment

Treatment Capacity (MGD)	Ion Exchange Plant Cost
0.25	\$700,000
1.0	\$1,600,000
3.0	\$3,600,000

Note: Plant is sized for finished water capacity.

Table 7Cost Elements for Water Wells

Well Diameter (inches)	Typical Production Range (gpm)	Estimated Cost per LF a=1 for PWS/Industrial or 0.6 for Irrigation
6	50-100	\$210a
8	100-250	\$280a
10	250-400	\$370a
12	400-500	\$470a
15	500-600	\$560a

Table 8Cost Elements for Reservoir Sites

Capital Costs	Studies and Permitting
Embankment	Environmental and archeological studies
Spillway	Permitting
Outlet works	Terrestrial mitigation tracts
Site work	Engineering and contingencies
Land	Construction management
Administrative facilities	
Supplemental pumping facilities	
Flood protection	

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Table 9Pipeline Easement Costs

Description of Land	Cost per Acre
Rural County	\$ 10,000
Suburban County	\$ 25,000
Urban County	\$ 60,000
Highly Hubonized Area	Evaluate on a case-
Highly Urbanized Area	by-case basis

Note: Suburban County is defined as a county immediately bordering the Dallas/Fort Worth Metroplex.

Table 10Factors for Interest During Construction

Construction Period	Factor
6 months	0.02167
12 months	0.04167
18 months	0.06167
24 months	0.08167
36 month construction	0.12167

							Pipe	Cos	ts						
	\$2,400 -													1	
	\$2,200 -													÷	_
	\$2,000 -												<u></u>		_
<u>ج</u>	\$1,800 -	-										<u> </u>	·		_
F0	\$1,600 -											1			
Cost per Linear Foot	\$1,400 -												\square		
Lin	\$1,200 -										ć	-			
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	\$400 -						,	\angle							
	\$200 -														
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	(0	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144	156
							Pipe	Diam	eter (inche	s)				
	Urban Pipe ———— Rural Pipe														

Figure 1

Table G-1 Alvarado Connection to Midlothian

Owner:	Alvarado			
Amount:	561	Acre-Feet pe	r Year	
ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST	Quantity	U		
TRANSMISSION				
Transmission Pipeline (12 in)	84,480	LF	\$48	\$4,055,000
Right of way	39	ACRES	\$25,000	\$970,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$1,217,000
Subtotal pipelines				\$6,242,000
PUMP STATIONS				
Pump Station (75 HP)	1	LS	\$645,000	\$645,000
Ground Storage Tank (0.2 MG)	1	LS	\$230,000	\$230,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$306,000
Subtotal Pump Stations				\$1,181,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$59,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$7,482,000
Interest During Construction		12 months		\$312,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$7,794,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$566,200
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.0%		\$4,866,000	\$48,700
Pump Station	2.5%		\$1,050,000	\$26,300
Estimated Annual Power Cost	171,816	kW-H	\$0.09	\$15,500
TRWD Buy-In Cost	1	MG	\$613,567.00	\$614,100
Treated Water Cost	182,802	1000 gal	\$4.20	\$767,800
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$2,038,600
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$3,633.87
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$11.15
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$2,624.60
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$8.05

Table G-2 Alvarado Connection to JCSUD

Owner:	Alvarado			
Amount:	561	Acre-Feet per `	Year	
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
TRANSMISSION				
Transmission Pipeline (16 in)	5,280		\$64	\$338,000
Right of way		ACRES	\$25,000	\$61,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$101,000
Subtotal pipelines				\$500,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$4,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$504,000
Interest During Construction		12 months		\$21,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$525,000
ANNUAL COSTS				\$00.100
Debt Service				\$38,100
Operation and Maintenance Costs	1.00/		¢ 405 000	¢4.400
Pipeline Estimated Annual Power Cost	1.0%		\$405,600	\$4,100
	256,322		\$0.09	\$23,100
Treated Water Cost TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS	182,802	1000 gal	\$2.00	\$365,600 \$430,900
				÷
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				•
Per Acre-Foot				\$768.09
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.36
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$700.18
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.15

Table G-3 Alvarado - 2 New Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner: Amount:	Alvarado 444	Acre-Feet per Year
Water Depth Well Depth Well Yield Well Size Yield per well Yield per well Wells Needed	10 483	

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	5,000	LF	\$222	\$1,110,000
Connection to distribution	2		\$150,000	\$300,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$423,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$1,833,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$17,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$1,850,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$40,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$1,890,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$137,300
Operation and Maintenance				
Transmission	1.0%			\$3,600
Well(s)	2.5%			\$33,300
Chlorination	144,678	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$36,200
Pumping Costs	640,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$57,600
Total Annual Cost				\$268,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$603.60
Per 1000 Gallons				\$1.85
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$294.37
Per 1000 Gallons				\$0.90

Owner:

Table G-4 Arlington WTP Expansion of 32 MGD

Arlington

Amount:	18,000 Acre-Feet per Year						
ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost			
CAPITAL COSTS							
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES							
Water Treatment Plant Expansion	32	MGD		\$35,020,000			
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$12,257,000			
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$47,277,000			
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$420,000			
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$47,697,000			
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$3,895,000			
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$51,592,000			
ANNUAL COSTS							
Debt Service				\$3,748,100			
Operation and Maintenance Costs							
Pipeline							
Pump Station							
Estimated Annual Power Cost							
WTP Operation	5,865,318	ů.	\$0.65	\$3,812,500			
Raw Water Cost	5,865,318	1000 gal	\$0.62	\$3,661,200			
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$11,221,800			
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)							
Per Acre-Foot				\$623.43			
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.91			
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)							
Per Acre-Foot				\$415.00			
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.27			

Table G-5Bardwell Purchases Water from Ennis

Owner: Amount:	Bardwell 68 Acre-Feet per Year						
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost			
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$0			
ANNUAL COSTS							
Debt Service				\$0			
Operation and Maintenance Costs							
Pipeline	1%			\$0			
Pump Station	2.50%			\$0			
Estimated Annual Power Cost	\$0.09	kW-h		\$0			
Treated Water Cost	22,158	1000 gal	\$ 3.41	\$75,600			
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$75,600			
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)							
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,111.76			
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.41			
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)							
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,112.00			
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.41			

Table G-6 Bardwell Update Supplemental Wells Woodbine Aquifer

Owner: Amount:	Bardwell 69 Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	1,450 ft
Well Yield	85 gpm
Well Size	6 in
Yield per well	137 Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	68.5 Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	1

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	1,450	LF	\$210	\$305,000
Connection to distribution	1	LS	\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$137,000
Subtotal Wells				\$455,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$5,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$460,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$10,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$470,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$34,100
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	l Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$34,100
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$497.81
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.53
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-7 Bardwell - New Wells Woodbine Aquifer

Owner:	Bardwell
Amount:	170 Acre-Feet per Year
Water Depth	481 feet
Well Depth	1,450 feet
Well Yield	85 gpm
Well Size	6 in
Yield per well	137 Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	68.5 Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	3

Item	Quantity	Unit	U	Init Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST					
WELLS					
Water Wells	4,350	LF	\$	210	\$914,000
Connection to Distribution	3		\$	150,000	\$450,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%				\$409,000
Subtotal of Wells					\$1,773,000
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES					
Water Treatment Plant Expansion	0.30	MGD			\$1,230,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%				\$431,000
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant					\$1,661,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%				\$16,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$3,450,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)			\$75,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST					\$3,525,000
ANNUAL COSTS Debt Service - Total Capital					\$256,100
Operation and Maintenance					φ200,100
Transmission	1%				\$5,400
Well(s)	2.5%				\$27,400
Add Chemicals, Etc.	55,395		\$	0.45	\$24,900
Pumping Costs	124,000	kW-h	\$	0.09	\$11,200
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS			Ŧ		\$ 325,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$1,911.76
Per 1000 Gallons					\$5.87
					•
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)			1	1	# 405 00
Per Acre-Foot					\$405.29
Per 1000 Gallons					\$1.24

Table G-8 Bethany WSC Connection to Keene

Owner: Amount: Bethany WSC 275 Acre-Feet per Year

Quantity Unit Unit Cost **Total Cost** ltem **CAPITAL COST** CONSTRUCTION COSTS TRANSMISSION FACILITIES Pipelines Pipeline 10 in. 21,120 LF \$40 \$845,000 **ROW Easements** \$250,000 10 \$25,000 Acres Engineering and Contingencies (30%) 30% \$329,000 Subtotal of Pipelines \$1,424,000 Pumping Facilities 4 HP Pump Station 1 LS \$480,000 \$480,000 0.10 MG Elevated Storage Tank 1 LS \$1,200,000 \$1,200,000 Engineering and Contingencies (35%) 35% \$588,000 Subtotal of Pump Stations \$2,268,000 1% Permitting and Mitigation \$30,000 CONSTRUCTION TOTAL \$3,722,000 Interest During Construction (18 months) \$230,000 TOTAL CAPITAL COST \$3,952,000 ANNUAL COSTS Debt Service - Total Capital \$287,100 Operation and Maintenance Purchase of water 89,609 1000 gal \$8.53 \$764,400 Transmission 1.0% \$10,100 Storage tanks and Pumps 2.5% \$50,400 Pumping Costs 13,355 kW-h \$0.09 \$1,200 TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS \$1,113,200 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) Per Acre-Foot \$4,048.00 Per 1000 Gallons \$12.42 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) Per Acre-Foot \$3,004.00 Per 1000 Gallons \$9.22

Table G-9 Bethany WSC Connection to JCSUD

Owner: Amount: Bethany WSC 336 Acre-Feet per Year

ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipelines				
Pipeline 10 in.	26,400	LF	\$40	\$1,056,000
ROW Easements	12	Acres	\$25,000	\$300,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)	30%	710100	φ20,000	\$407,000
Subtotal of Pipelines				\$1,763,000
Pumping Facilities	`			
5 HP Pump Station	1	LS	\$512,000	\$512,000
0.10 MG Elevated Storage Tank	1	LS	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)	35%	LU	φ1,200,000	\$599,000
Subtotal of Pump Stations	0070			\$2,311,000
Subtotal of 1 diffy Stations				φ2,511,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$33,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$4,107,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$253,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$4,360,000
				\$-1,000,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$316,700
Operation and Maintenance				
Purchase of water	109,486	1000 gal	\$8.53	\$933,900
Transmission	1.0%			\$12,700
Storage tanks and Pumps	2.5%			\$51,400
Pumping Costs	18,413	kW-h	\$0.09	\$1,700
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$1,316,400
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$3,917.86
Per 1000 Gallons				\$12.02
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per acre-foot				\$2,975.30
Per 1000 gallons				\$9.13

Table G-10Bethesda WSC Connection to Arlington

Owner: Amount: Bethesda WSC 2,803 Acre-Feet per Year

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipelines				
Pipeline 20 in.	47,520	LF	\$162	\$7,698,000
ROW Easements	22	Acres	\$60,000	\$1,320,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)	30%	710100	<i>\\</i> 00,000	\$2,705,000
Subtotal of Pipelines				\$11,723,000
Pumping Facilities				
130 HP Pump Station	1	LS	\$800,000	\$800,000
0.5 MG Elevated Storage Tank	1	LS	\$1,240,000	\$1,240,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)	35%	_	÷ , -,	\$714,000
Subtotal of Pump Stations				\$2,754,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$117,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$14,594,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$900,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$15,494,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$1,125,600
Operation and Maintenance				ψ1,120,000
Purchase of treated water	913,360	1000 gal	\$2.00	\$1,826,700
Transmission	1.00%	1000 gui	φ2.00	\$92,400
Storage tanks and Pumps	2.50%			\$61,200
Pumping Costs	427,608	kW-h	\$0.09	\$38,500
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS	121,000		<i>Q</i> 0.00	\$3,144,400
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per acre-foot				\$1,121.80
Per 1000 gallons				\$3.44
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per acre-foot				\$68.53
Per 1000 gallons				\$0.21

Table G-11 SWATS Plant Expansion (Total Plant Capacity of 15.5 MGD)

Owner: Amount:	Brazos River Authority 1,401 Ac-Ft/Yr				
Item	Quantity	Units	l	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST					
TREATMENT PLANT					
Expand plant by 2.5 mgd	1	LS	\$	5,850,000	\$5,850,000
Expand desalination	1	LS	\$	2,625,000	\$2,625,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%				\$2,543,000
Subtotal Pump Stations					\$11,018,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%				\$102,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$11,120,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)			\$686,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST					\$11,806,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service					\$857,700
Treatment	456,599	1000 gal	\$	1.15	\$525,100
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS					\$1,382,800
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$987
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$3.03
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$375
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$1.15

Table G-12 SWATS Plant Expansion (Total Plant Capacity of 20 MGD)

Owner: Amount:					
ltem	Quantity	Units		Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST			1		
TREATMENT PLANT					
Expand plant by 4.5 mgd	1	LS	\$	8,813,000	\$8,813,000
Expand desalination	1	LS	\$	4,388,000	\$4,388,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%				\$3,960,000
Subtotal Pump Stations					\$17,161,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%				\$158,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$17,319,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)			\$1,068,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST					\$18,387,000
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service					\$1,335,800
Treatment TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS	821,878	1000 gal	\$	1.15	\$945,200 \$2,281,000
					\$2,201,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$904
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$2.78
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$375
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$1.15

Table G-13Buena Vista- Bethel Conveyance - Phase 1

Amount	
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280.25 Acre-Feet per Year

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
Tap Fee	1	EA	\$60,000	\$60,000
20 PVC Pipe	12,175	FT	\$126	\$1,534,000
-		_		
ROW	8.4	AC	\$10,000	\$84,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$460,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$2,138,000
Pump Station(s)				
Station				
Pump, building, & appurtances	40	HP		\$580,000
Land				\$38,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$203,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$821,000
				¥-)
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$25,000
¥				. ,
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$2,984,000
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$233,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$3,217,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$233,700
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.0%			\$18,400
Pump Station	2.5%		A2 2 2	\$17,400
Estimated Annual Power Cost	40	HP	\$0.09	\$11,800
Treated Water (First 30 Years)		1000 gal	\$2.05	\$187,100
Treated Water (After 30 Years)	,	1000 gal	\$1.11	\$101,300
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS (First 30 Years				\$468,400
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS (After 30 Years				\$148,900
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,671.36
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$5.13
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$531.31
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.63

Table G-14 Buena Vista- Bethel Conveyance - Phase 2

Amount	1,401.25	Acre-Feet pe	er Year	
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
Tap Fee	0	EA	\$60,000	\$0
20 PVC Pipe	20,900	FT	\$126	\$2,633,000
ROW	14.4	AC	\$10,000	\$144,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$790,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$3,567,000
Pump Station(s)				
Station				
Pump, building, & appurtances	100	HP		\$690,000
Land				\$25,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$242,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$957,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$40,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$4,564,000
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$357,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$4,921,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$357,500
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.0%			\$31,600
Pump Station	2.5%			\$20,700
Estimated Annual Power Cost	100	HP	\$0.09	\$29,400
Treated Water (First 30 Years)		1000 gal	\$2.05	\$935,300
Treated Water (After 30 Years)		1000 gal	\$1.11	\$506,400
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS (First 30 Years)				\$1,374,500
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS (After 30 Years)				\$588,100
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$980.91
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.01
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$419.70
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.29

Table G-15 Buena Vista-Bethel SUD Additional Trinity Aquifer (Existing Wells)

Owner:	Buena Vista-Bethel SUD				
Amount:	56	Acre-Feet per Year			
Water Depth	839	ft			
Well Depth	2,579	ft			
Well Yield	217	gpm			
Well Size	8	in			
Yield per well	349	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)			
Yield per well	175	Acre-Feet per Year (average)			
Wells Needed	0				

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	0	LF	\$280	\$0
Connection to distribution				\$0
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$0
Subtotal Wells				\$0
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$0
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$0
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$0
Add Chemicals	18,248	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$4,600
Pumping Cost	71,788	kW-h	\$0.09	\$6,500
TOTAL ANNUAL COST				\$11,100
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$198.21
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.61
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$198.21
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.61

Table G-16 Buena Vista-Bethel SUD Update Supplemental Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Buena Vista-Bethel SUD				
Amount:	460	Acre-Feet per Year			
Well Depth	2,585	ft			
Well Yield	289	gpm			
Well Size	10	in			
Yield per well	465	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)			
Yield per well	233	Acre-Feet per Year (average)			
Wells Needed	2				

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	5,170	LF	\$370	\$1,913,000
Connection to distribution	2	LS	\$150,000	\$300,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$664,000
Subtotal Wells				\$2,877,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$27,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$2,904,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$63,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$2,967,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$215,500
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$215,500
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$468.48
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.44
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-17 Burleson to Fort Worth (Burleson's Share of Cost to Connect to Fort Worth)

Owner:	Burleson			
ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Discoline et				
Pipelines* Pipeline (24 in.)	27.000	LF	¢160	¢4 274 000
Pipeline (24 iii.) Pipeline (30 in.)	27,000 37,800		\$162 \$200	\$4,374,000 \$7,560,000
ROW Easements	37,800	Acres	\$200	\$1,800,000
Yard Piping	1	LS	\$100,000	\$1,800,000
42" Boring and casing	400	LS	\$470	\$188,000
48" Boring and casing	200	LF	\$540	\$108,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)	30%	E1	ψυτυ	\$4,239,000
Subtotal of Pipelines	0070			\$18,369,000
				\$10,000,000
Pumping Facilities				
3 MGD Pump Station	1	LS	\$1,130,000	\$1,130,000
1.5 MG Elevated Storage Tank	1	LS	\$2,250,000	\$2,250,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)	35%			\$1,183,000
Subtotal of Pump Stations				\$4,563,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$184,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$22,932,000
		(10 (1))		
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$1,414,000
				¢04 500 000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$24,530,000
Fort Worth's Share (85%)				\$20,851,000
Burleson's Share (15%)				\$3,679,000
ANNUAL COSTS FOR BURLESON				
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)				\$267,300
Operation & Maintenance				\$31,700
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$299,000

Notes:

* Pipeline and storage tank information and costs based on information provided in Fort Worth Master Plan.

Table G-18 Cedar Hill Update Supplemental Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner: Amount:	Cedar Hill 315	Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth Well Yield Well Size Yield per well Yield per well Wells Needed	10 633	gpm

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	2,499	LF	\$370	\$925,000
Connection to distribution	1	LS	\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	0			\$323,000
Subtotal Wells				\$1,398,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$13,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$1,411,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$31,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$1,442,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$104,800
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	l Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$104,800
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$332.70
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.02
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-19 City of Cleburne's Lake Whitney Diversion of 1.9 MGD (2015) (Source: 2008 Brazos G Water Plan Amendment)

Itom	Quantity	Unit	Unit Coot	Total Cost
Item CAPITAL COST	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
1. Deep Water Intake	Platform Design			\$11,750,000
2. Raw Water Pump Station	4.2	MGD	4,700 ac.ft./yr.	Included in Item #1
3. Electrical Service	1,000	Hp	LS	\$1,750,000
4. Feed Tank	0.5	MG	1.5	\$300,000
5. Pre-Treatment – MF/UF	1.75	MGD		\$1,750,000
6. Transfer Tank	0.5	MG		\$300,000
7. Desalination Treatment – RO	1.75	MGD		\$2,500,000
8. Transfer Tank	0.5	MG		\$300,000
9. Chemical Facilities and Administration	1.9	MGD		\$225,000
10. Transfer Pumps	1.9	MGD		\$225,000
11. Concentrate Disposal		MGD		\$475,000
	0.5	MGD	1.0	¢4 750 000
Brine Concentrator			LS	\$1,750,000
Disposal Well			LS ¢os #	\$1,750,000
12. Transmission Pipeline (18 in)	8	Mi	\$95/ft	\$4,013,000
13. Meters and Connections		LS	* • -	\$50,000
14. Land Acquisition	10	Acres	\$25,000	\$250,000
15. Easements	30 ft. wide		\$0.21660/SF	\$274,000
16. Permitting				\$955,000
Sub-Total				\$28,392,000
17. Engineering, Legal and Contingencies	30%			\$8,518,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$36,910,000
ANNUAL COST				
Debt Service (5.50 percent, 20 years)				\$3,088,600
Raw Water Purchase (20 year present worth)				\$271,400
Operation and Maintenance				\$445,000
Pump Station & Transmission				\$415,300
Water Treatment				\$1,416,700
Brine Disposal				\$198,300
Pumping				\$45,500
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$5,435,800
UNIT COST				
Per Acre-Foot. Phase I				¢0 550 00
Per Acre-Foot. Phase I Per 1000 Gallons Phase I				\$2,553.22
Fer Tood Galions Phase I				\$7.84
UNIT COST (After Bonds Are Paid)				
Per Acre-Foot. Phase I				\$1,102.49
Per 1000 Gallons Phase I				\$3.38

Owner: Amount: City of Cleburne

2,129 Acre-Feet per Year

Table G-20 City of Cleburne's 5 MGD Water Treatment Water Plant Expansion (Source: 2008 Brazos G Water Plan Amendment)

Owner: Amount: City of Cleburne

2,803 Acre-Feet per Year

ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
1. Water Treatment Plant Expansion	5	MGD	LS	\$8,000,000
2. Improvements to Sludge Handling	5	MGD	LS	\$750,000
3. Miscellaneous Improvements & Pumping			LS	\$500,000
Sub-Total				\$9,250,000
Engineering, Legal & Contingencies			30%	\$2,775,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$12,025,000
ANNUAL COST				
Debt Service				\$1,006,200
Water Treatment	912,500	1,000 gal	\$0.65	\$593,100
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$1,599,300
UNIT COST				
Per Acre-Ft. Expansion				\$570.67
Per 1000 Gallons Expansion				\$1.75
UNIT COST (After Bonds Are Paid)				
Per Acre-Ft. Expansion				\$211.63
Per 1000 Gallons Expansion				\$0.65

Table G-21 City of Cleburne's New West Loop Reuse Pipeline (Source: 2008 Brazos G Water Plan Amendment)

Amount:	3,027	3,027 Acre-Feet per Year		
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	2007 Cost
CAPITAL COST				
New 16" reuse pipeline	56,505		\$95	\$5,368,000
Pump Station – Installed	1		\$450,000	\$450,000
Meter	1		\$50,000	\$50,000
Storage Tank – standpipe	1		\$400,000	\$400,000
Easements	30' Wide		\$7	\$339,030
Sub-Total				\$6,607,000
Engineering & Contingencies	30%			\$1,982,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$8,589,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$718,700
Operation and Maintenance				
Pipelines				\$64,400
Storage Tanks and Pump Stations				\$13,500
Energy Cost	1,307,000		\$0.09	\$117,600
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$914,200
UNIT COST				
Per Acre-Foot				\$302.05
Per 1000 Gallons				\$0.93
UNIT COST (After Bonds Are Paid)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$64.59
Per 1000 Gallons				\$0.20

Owner:

City of Cleburne

Table G-22 City of Cleburne's 1.9 MGD Water Treatment Plant Expansion and Pipeline (2020)

Owner: Amount:	City of Cleburne 2,129		Acre-Feet per Year	
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	2007 Cost
CAPITAL COST				
Water Treatment Plant Expansion				
1. Pre-Treatment – MF/UF		MGD		\$1,750,000
Desalination Treatment – RO	1.75	MGD		\$2,500,000
3. Chemical Facilities and Administration	1.9	MGD	1	\$225,000
4. Transfer Pumps		MGD		\$475,000
5. Concentrate Disposal	0.5	MGD		\$2,500,000
6. Transmission Pipeline (18 in)	20	Mi	\$95/ft	\$10,032,000
7. Easements	30 ft. wide		\$0.21660/SF	\$686,000
Sub-Total				\$18,168,000
8. Engineering, Legal and Contingencies	30%			\$5,450,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$23,618,000
ANNUAL COST				
Debt Service (5.5 percent, 20 years)				\$1,976,300
Raw Water Purchase (20 year present worth)				\$271,000
Operation and Maintenance				
Pump Station & Transmission				\$415,300
Water Treatment				\$1,416,700
Brine Disposal				\$198,300
Pumping				\$45,500
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$4,323,100
UNIT COST				
Per Acre-Foot. Phase II				\$2,030.58
Per 1000 Gallons Phase II				\$6.23
UNIT COST (After Bonds Are Paid)				
Per Acre-Foot. Phase II				\$1,102.30
Per 1000 Gallons Phase II				\$3.38

Table G-23 Community Water Co. Additional Water from Ennis

Owner:	Community Water Co.				
Amount:	67	Acre-Feet p	er Year		
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit C	Cost	Total Cost
TOTAL CAPITAL COST					\$0
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service					\$0
Operation and Maintenance Costs					
Pipeline	1%				\$0
Pump Station	2.50%				\$0
Estimated Annual Power Cost	\$0.09	kW-h			\$0
Treated Water Cost	21,832	1000 gal	\$	3.41	\$74,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS					\$74,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$1,104.48
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$3.39
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$1,104.00
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$3.39

Table G-24 Ennis WWTP Indirect Reuse

Owner:	Ennis	
Indirect Reuse Amount:	3,696 Ac-Ft/Yr	current contract

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
20" Reclaimed Water Line				
Pipe	32,855	FT	\$84	\$2,760,000
ROW	15	AC	\$25,000	\$377,000
20" Raw Water Line				· · ·
Pipe	4,752	FT	\$84	\$399,000
ROW	2	AC	\$25,000	\$55,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$948,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$4,539,000
Pump Station(s)				* ~~ ~ ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Station 1	65	HP		\$627,000
Station 2	200	HP		\$1,380,000
Engineering and Contingencies Subtotal of Pump Station(s)	35%			\$702,000 \$2,709,000
Subiolal of Fullip Station(S)				\$Z,709,000
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES				
Water Treatment Plant Expansion				
Water Treatment Plant Expansion	6.00	MGD		\$12,100,000
Advanced Wastewater Treatment	4.00	MGD		\$3,925,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%	_		\$5,609,000
Subtotal of Wastewater Treatment Plant				\$21,634,000
				· · ·
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$207,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$29,089,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		¢4 704 000
interest During Construction		(10 11011115)		\$1,794,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$30,883,000
				<i>400</i>]000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$2,243,600
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.00%			\$37,900
Pump Station	2.50%			\$60,200
RO Operation	1,204,345		\$1.15	\$1,385,000
WTP Operation	1,204,345		\$0.65	\$782,800
Estimated Annual Power Cost	615,000		\$0.09	\$55,400
Raw Water Cost	1,204,345	1000 gal	\$0.66	\$795,100
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$ 5,360,000
Table C 24 Continued				
Table G-24, Continued				
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,450.22
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1,450.22
				ψ+.40
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$843.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.59

Assume no raw water cost.

Owner:

Table G-25Ennis Water Treatment Plant Expansion in 2020

Ennis

Amount:	1,682 Acre-Feet per Year			
ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES				
Water Treatment Plant	3	MGD		\$6,900,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$2,415,000
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$9,315,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$14,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$9,329,000
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$762,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$ 10,091,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$733,100
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Raw Water Cost		1000 gal	\$ 0.66	\$361,400
WTP Operation		1000 gal	\$ 0.65	\$355,900
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$1,450,400
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$862.56
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.65
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$426.58
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.31

Owner:

Table G-26Ennis Water Treatment Plant Expansion in 2030

Ennis

Amount:	1,682 Acre-Feet per Year			
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES				
Water Treatment Plant	3	MGD		\$6,900,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$2,415,000
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$9,315,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$14,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$9,329,000
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$762,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$ 10,091,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$733,100
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Raw Water Cost		1000 gal	\$ 0.66	\$361,400
WTP Operation		1000 gal	\$ 0.65	\$355,900
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$1,450,400
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$862.56
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.65
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$426.58
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.31

Table G-27 Ferris Update Supplemental Wells Woodbine Aquifer

Owner:	Ferris	
Amount:	173	Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	1,442	ft
Well Yield	215	gpm
Well Size	8	in
Yield per well	346	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	173	Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	1	

Item No. & Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	1,442	LF	\$280	\$404,000
Connection to distribution	1	LS	\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$166,000
Subtotal Wells				\$720,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$7,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$727,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$16,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$743,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$54,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	l Operation a	and Maintenan	
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$54,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$312.14
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.96
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-28 South Ellis County Supply Line - Phase 1 Buildout Transmission with Pump Station for Files Valley WSC, Italv, Maypearl, and Ellis County Other

Owner: Amount Files Valley WSC, Italy, Maypearl, and Ellis County Other 1,682 Acre-Feet per Year

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST			ľ	
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipelines		= .	* ***	* ~~~~~
Tap Fee	1	EA	\$60,000	\$60,000
12 PVC Water Line	E1 000	EA	\$72	¢2,672,000
Pipe 14 PVC Water Line	51,000	EA	\$72	\$3,672,000
Pipe	18,000	FT	\$84	\$1,512,000
16 PVC Water Line	18,000		φ04	φ1,512,000
Pipe	4,000	FT	\$96	\$384,000
18 PVC Water Line	4,000		φ30	φ004,000
Pipe	0	FT	\$108	\$0
ROW	51	AC	\$10,000	\$510,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%		<i>\</i>	\$1,670,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$7,808,000
Pump Station(s)				
Pump, building, & appurtances	5	MGD		\$ 1,250,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$438,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$1,688,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$82,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$9,578,000
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$749,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$10,327,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$750,200
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.0%			\$66,800
Pump Station	2.5%			\$37,500
Annual Power Cost	300		\$ 0.09	\$ 88,200
Treated Water (First 30 Years)		1000 gal	\$2.05	\$1,122,700
Treated Water (After 30 Years)		1000 gal	\$1.11	\$607,900
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS (First 30 Years) TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS (After 30 Years)				\$2,065,400 \$800,400
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,227.94
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.77
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$475.86
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.46

Table G-29South Ellis County Supply Line - Phase 2 (after 2030)Buildout Transmission with Pump Station for Files Valley WSC,Italv. Mavpearl. and Ellis County Other

Owner: Amount Files Valley WSC, Italy, Maypearl, and Ellis County Other 1,289 Acre-Feet per Year

ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipelines				
Tap Fee	0	EA	\$60,000	\$0
12 PVC Water Line				
Pipe	0	EA	\$72	\$0
14 PVC Water Line				
Pipe	51,000	FT	\$84	\$4,284,000
16 PVC Water Line				
Pipe	18,000	FT	\$96	\$1,728,000
18 PVC Water Line				
Pipe	4,000		\$108	\$432,000
ROW	0		\$10,000	\$0
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$1,933,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$8,377,000
Pump Station(s)				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Pump, building, & appurtances	7			\$ 1,750,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$613,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$2,363,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$98,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$10,838,000
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$847,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$11,685,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$848,900
Operation and Maintenance Costs				+
Pipeline	1.0%			\$77,300
Pump Station	2.5%			\$52,500
Annual Power Cost	400		\$ 0.09	\$ 117,600
Treated Water (First 30 Years)		1000 gal	\$2.05	\$860,400
Treated Water (After 30 Years)		1000 gal	\$1.11	\$465,900
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS (First 30 Years) TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS (After 30 Years)				\$1,956,700 \$713,300
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,518.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$4.66
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$553.37
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.70

Table G-30 Glenn Heights Update Supplemental Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Glenn Heights			
Amount:	260	Acre-Feet per Year		
Well Depth	1,066	ft		
Well Yield	65	gpm		
Well Size	6	in		
Yield per well	105	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)		
Yield per well	53	Acre-Feet per Year (average)		
Wells Needed	5			

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	5,330	LF	\$210	\$1,119,000
Connection to distribution	5	LS	\$150,000	\$750,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$561,000
Subtotal Wells				\$2,430,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$22,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$2,452,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$53,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$2,505,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$182,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	and Maintenan	
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$182,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$700.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.15
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-31 Glenn Heights Additional Water from Dallas

Owner:	Glenn Height	s		
Amount:	-	Acre-Feet p	er Year	
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$0
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$0
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.0%			\$0
Pump Station	2.5%			\$0
Estimated Annual Power Cost				\$0
Treated Water Flat Rate	378,218	1000 gal	\$1.36	\$514,500
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$514,500
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$443.26
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.36
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$443.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.36

Table G-32 Godley Purchase Water Treatment Capacity from Johnson County SUD

Owner:	
Amount:	

Godley 224 Ac-Ft/Yr

ltem	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
8" Water Line				
Pipe	55,440	FT	\$ 32	\$1,774,000
ROW	25	AC	\$ 10,000	\$255,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$532,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$2,561,000
Pump Station(s)				
Station 1				
Pump, building, & appurtances	14	hp		\$510,000
Storage Tank	0.04	MG		\$110,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$217,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$837,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$29,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$3,427,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$211,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$3,638,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$264,300
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1%			\$21,000
Pump Station	2.50%			\$19,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	51,896		\$ 0.09	\$4,700
Treated Water Cost	72,991	1000 gal	\$ 7.00	\$510,900
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$819,900
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$3,660
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$11.23
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$2,480
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$7.61

Table G-33 Grand Prairie Connection to Johnson County SUD

Owner:	Grand Prairie	
Amount (JCSUD to Grand Prairie, 2010):	3,363	Acre-Feet per Year
Amount (Grand Prairie to JCSUD, 2020, 2030)) 6,726	Acre-Feet per Year

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
TRANSMISSION				
Transmission Pipeline (30 in)	73,920	LF	\$200	\$14,784,000
Right of way	34	ACRES	\$60,000	\$2,036,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$4,435,000
Subtotal pipelines				\$21,255,000
PUMP STATION (JCSUD to Grand Prairie)				
Pump Station (6.0 mgd, 70 HP)	1	LS	\$636,000	\$636,000
Ground Storage Tank (1 MG)	1	LS	\$590,000	\$590,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$429,000
Subtotal Pump Stations				\$1,655,000
PUMP STATION (Grand Prairie to JCSUD)				
Pump Station - (12 mgd, 1,000 HP)	1	LS	\$2,670,000	\$2,670,000
Elevated Storage Tank (0.75 MG)	2	LS	\$1,430,000	\$2,860,000
Ground Storage Tank (1 MG)	1	LS	\$590,000	\$590,000
Metering Station	1	LS	\$40,000	\$40,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%		φ10,000	\$2,156,000
Subtotal Pump Stations	0070			\$8,316,000
				\$0,010,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1.0%			\$181,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$31,407,000
Interest During Construction		(12 months)		\$1,309,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$32,716,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$2,376,800
Operation and Maintenance Costs				. , ,
Pipeline	1.0%		\$14,784,000	\$147,800
Pump Station	2.5%		\$7,386,000	\$184,700
Estimated Annual Power Cost	2,426,255	kW-H	\$0.09	\$218,400
Treated Water Cost	2,191,674	1000 gal	\$2.00	\$4,383,300
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$7,311,000
LINUT COSTS (Eirct 20 Vacra)				
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) Per Acre-Foot				\$2,173.95
Per 1,000 Gallons				م2,173.95 \$6.67
				φ0.07
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,467.20
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$4.50

Table G-34 Grand Prairie Connection to Midlothian

Owner:	Grand Prairie					
Amount:	5,044 Acre-Feet per Year					
ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost		
CAPITAL COST (Phase 1)	Quantity	Onit	onit cost			
TRANSMISSION (Phase 1, 2010)						
Transmission Pipeline (24 in)	21,120	LF	\$162	\$3,421,000		
Right of way	10	ACRES	\$60,000	\$582,000		
Engineering and Contingencies	0		+ ,	\$1,026,000		
Subtotal pipelines				\$5,029,000		
PUMP STATION (Phase 1, 2010)						
Pump Station (4.5 mgd, 21 HP)	1	LS	\$530,000	\$530,000		
Ground Storage Tank (2 MG)	1	LS	\$890,000	\$890,000		
Engineering and Contingencies	0			\$497,000		
Subtotal Pump Stations				\$1,917,000		
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$58,000		
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL (Phase 1)				\$7,004,000		
Interest During Construction		(12 months)		\$292,000		
		(
TOTAL CAPITAL COST (Phase 1)				\$7,296,000		
ANNUAL COSTS (Phase 1)						
Debt Service				\$530,000		
Operation and Maintenance Costs						
Pipeline	0		\$4,105,200	\$41,100		
Pump Station	0		\$1,704,000	\$42,600		
Estimated Annual Power Cost	189,260	kW-H	\$0.09	\$17,000		
Treated Water Cost	1,643,592	1000 gal	\$4.20	\$6,903,100		
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$7,533,800		
PHASE 1 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)						
Per Acre-Foot				\$2,987		
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$9.17		
PHASE 1 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)						
Per Acre-Foot				\$2,777		
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$8.52		

Table G-34, Continued

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST (Phase 2)				
PUMP STATION (Phase 2, 2020)				
Pump Station (4.5 mgd, 21 HP)	1	LS	\$530,000	\$530,000
Ground Storage Tank (2 MG)	1	LS	\$890,000	\$890,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$497,000
Subtotal Pump Stations				\$1,917,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL (Phase 2)				\$1,917,000
Interest During Construction		12 months		\$80,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST (Phase 2)				\$1,997,000
ANNUAL COSTS (Phase 2)				
Debt Service				\$145,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pump Station	\$0		\$1,704,000	\$43,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	378,520		\$0.09	\$34,000
Raw Water Cost	821,796	1000 gal	\$4.20	\$3,452,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$3,674,000
PHASE 2 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,456.78
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$4.47
PHASE 2 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,399.29
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$4.29

Table G-35 Grand Prairie Connection to Mansfield (TRWD Sources)

Owner:	Grand Prairie			
Amount:	6,726	Acre-Feet per	Year	
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
TRANSMISSION				
Transmission Pipeline (36 in)	47,520	LF	\$257	\$12,213,000
Right of way	22	ACRES	\$60,000	\$1,309,000
Engineering and Contingencies	0			\$3,664,000
Subtotal pipelines				\$17,186,000
Permitting and mitigation	1%			\$122,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$17,308,000
Interest During Construction		(12 months)		\$721,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$18,029,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$1,309,800
Operation and Maintenance Costs			• • • • • • • • •	<u>.</u>
Pipeline	0		\$12,213,000	\$122,100
Treated Water Cost	2,191,674	1000 gal	\$2	\$4,383,300
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$5,815,200
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$864.59
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.65
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$669.85
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.06

Table G-36 Grand Prairie Connection to Additional Mansfield (6 mgd peak)

Owner: Amount:	Grand Prairie 3,363	Acre-Feet per	Year	
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
TRANSMISSION				
Transmission Pipeline (30 in)	10,560	LF	\$200	\$2,112,000
Right of way	5	ACRES	\$60,000	\$291,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$634,000
Subtotal pipelines				\$3,037,000
PUMP STATIONS				
Pump Station (6 mgd, 35 HP)	2	LS	\$570,000	\$1,140,000
Ground Storage Tank (3 MG)	2	LS	\$1,130,000	\$2,260,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$1,190,000
Subtotal Pump Stations				\$4,590,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$66,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$7,693,000
Interest During Construction		(12 months)		\$321,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$8,014,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$582,200
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.0%		\$2,534,400	\$25,300
Pump Station	2.5%		\$4,080,000	\$102,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	97,980	kW-H	\$0.09	\$8,800
Treated Water Cost	1,095,837	1000 gal	\$2.00	\$2,191,700
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$2,910,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$865.30
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.66
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$692.18
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.12

Owner:

Table G-37 Grand Prairie Connection to Arlington

Grand Prairie

Amount:	2,242	Acre-Feet per	Teal	
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
TRANSMISSION				
Transmission Pipeline (24 in)	2,500	LF	\$162	\$405,000
Right of way	1	ACRES	\$60,000	\$69,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$122,000
Subtotal pipelines				\$596,000
PUMP STATIONS				
Pump Station (4.0 mgd, 11 HP)	1	LS	\$503,000	\$503,000
Ground Storage Tank (2 MG)	1	LS	\$890,000	\$890,000
Whole sale flow meter	1	LS	\$50,000	\$50,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$505,000
Subtotal Pump Stations				\$1,948,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$22,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$2,566,000
Interest During Construction		12 months		\$107,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$2,673,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$194,200
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.0%		\$486,000	\$4,900
Pump Station	2.5%		\$1,731,600	\$43,300
Estimated Annual Power Cost	63,897	kW-H	\$0.09	\$5,800
Treated Water Cost	730,558	1000 gal	\$2.00	\$1,461,100
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS	,	5	·	\$1,709,300
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$762.40
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.34
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$675.78
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.07

Table G-38 Grand Prairie Connection to Cedar Hill

Owner: Amount:	Grand Prairie 3,363	Acre-Feet per	Year	
ltem	Quantitu	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
TRANSMISSION				
Transmission Pipeline (24 in)	5,280	LF	\$162	\$855,000
Right of way	2	ACRES	\$60,000	\$145,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%		. ,	\$257,000
Subtotal pipelines				\$1,257,000
PUMP STATIONS				
Pump Station (2.0 mgd, 5 HP)	1	LS	\$480,000	\$480,000
Pump Station Expansion (to 6 mgd)	1	LS	\$480,000	\$480,000
Ground Storage Tank (3 MG)	1	LS	\$1,130,000	\$1,130,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$732,000
Subtotal Pump Stations				\$2,822,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$35,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$4,114,000
Interest During Construction		(12 months)		\$171,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$4,285,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$311,300
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.0%		\$1,026,000	\$10,300
Pump Station	2.5%		\$2,508,000	\$62,700
Estimated Annual Power Cost	23,660	kW-H	\$0.09	\$2,100
Treated Water Cost	1,095,837	1000 gal	\$2.00	\$2,191,700
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$2,578,100
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$766.61
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.35
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$674.04
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.07

Table G-39 Grand Prairie Update Supplemental Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Grand Prairie	
Amount:	3,381 Acre-Feet per Year	
Well Depth	2,100 ft	
Well Yield	700 gpm	
Well Size	16 in	
Yield per well	1,127 Acre-Feet per Year (peak)	
Yield per well	564 Acre-Feet per Year (averag	je)
Wells Needed	6	

ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COSTS				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	12,600	LF	\$560	\$7,056,000
Connection to distribution	6	LS	\$150,000	\$900,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$2,387,000
Subtotal Wells				\$10,343,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$95,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$10,438,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$226,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$10,664,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$774,700
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$774,700
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$229.13
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.70
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

April 2009

Table G-40 Grandview Purchase BRA Supply Through Johnson County SUD

Owner:
Amount:

Grandview 212 Ac-Ft/Yr

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
8" Water Line				
Pipe	55,440	FT	\$32	\$1,774,000
ROW	19	AC	\$10,000	\$191,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%		. ,	\$532,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$2,497,000
Pump Station(s)				
Station 1				
Pump, building, & appurtances	19	hp		\$525,000
Storage Tank	0.05	MG		\$116,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$224,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$865,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$29,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$3,391,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$209,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$3,600,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$261,500
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1%			\$21,000
Pump Station	2.50%			\$19,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	74,275	kW-H	\$0.09	\$6,700
Treated Water Cost	69,080	1000 gal	\$7.00	\$483,600
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$791,800
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$3,735
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$11.46
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$2,501
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$7.68

Table G-41Pipeline from BRA SWATS to JCSUDFor Grandview, Rio Vista, and Parker WSC

Owner:	Grandview, Rio Vista, Parker WSC
Total Amount:	462 Ac-Ft/Yr
Grandview	212 Ac-Ft/Yr
Rio Vista	69 Ac-Ft/Yr
Parker WSC	181 Ac-Ft/Yr

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
12" Water Line				
Pipe	101,000	FT	\$48	\$4,848,000
ROW	46	AC	\$10,000	\$464,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$1,454,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$6,766,000
Pump Station(s)				
Station 1				
Pump, building, & appurtenances	36	hp		\$600,000
Storage Tank	0.10	MG		\$145,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$261,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$1,006,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$67,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$7,839,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$483,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$8,322,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$604,600
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1%			\$58,000
Pump Station	2.50%			\$22,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	137,874	kW-H	\$0.09	\$12,400
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$697,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,509
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$4.63
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$200
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.61

Table G-41, Continued

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost	Total Cost
COSTS BY ENTITY				
GRANDVIEW				
Total Capital Cost				\$3,819,000
Total Annual Costs				\$320,000
RIO VISTA				
Total Capital Cost				\$1,243,000
Total Annual Costs				\$104,000
PARKER WSC				
Total Capital Cost				\$3,260,000
Total Annual Costs				\$273,000

Table G-42 Italy New Wells Woodbine Aquifer

Owner:	Italy
Amount:	249 Acre-Feet per Year
Water Depth	317 ft
Well Depth	908 ft
Well Yield	201 gpm
Well Size	8 in
Yield per well	324 Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	162 Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	2

ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Water Wells	1,816	LF	\$280	\$508,000
Connection to Distribution	2		\$150,000	\$300,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$242,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$1,050,000
Permitting and mitigation	1%			\$10,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$1,060,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$23,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$1,083,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$78,700
Operation and Maintenance				
Transmission	1.0%			\$3,600
Well(s)	2.5%			\$15,200
Chlorination	81,137	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$20,300
Pumping Costs	131,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$11,800
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$129,600
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$520.48
Per 1000 Gallons				\$1.60
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$204.42
Per 1000 Gallons				\$0.63

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Table G-43 Italy Update Supplemental Wells Woodbine Aquifer

Owner:	Italy
Amount:	100 Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	910 ft
Well Yield	135 gpm
Well Size	8 in
Yield per well	217 Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	109 Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	1

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	910	LF	\$280	\$255,000
Connection to distribution	1	LS	\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	0			\$122,000
Subtotal Wells				\$405,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$5,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$410,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$9,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$419,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$30,400
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$30,400
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$304.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.93
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-44 Italy Update Supplemental Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Italy
Amount:	150 Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	2,807 ft
Well Yield	188 gpm
Well Size	8 in
Yield per well	303 Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	152 Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	1

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	2,807	LF	\$280	\$786,000
Connection to distribution	1	LS	\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$281,000
Subtotal Wells				\$936,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$947,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$21,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$968,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$70,300
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	l Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$70,300
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$468.67
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.44
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-45Johnson County SUD Connection to Mansfield

Owner:	Johnson County SUD
Amount:	6,726 Ac-Ft/Yr

ltem	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
TRANSMISSION				
Transmission Pipeline (24 in)	68,640	LF	\$162	\$11,120,000
Right of way	31.52	ACRES	\$60,000	\$1,891,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$3,336,000
Subtotal pipelines				\$16,347,000
PUMP STATIONS				
Pump Station (6.0 mgd)	1	LS	\$2,500,000	\$2,500,000
Pump Station Expansion (to 12 mgd)	1	LS	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Ground Storage Tank (3 MG)	1	LS	\$1,130,000	\$1,130,000
Ground Storage Tank (2 MG)	1	LS	\$890,000	\$890,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$1,932,000
Subtotal Pump Stations				\$7,452,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$200,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$23,999,000
Interest During Construction		(12 months)		\$1,000,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$ 24,999,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$1,816,200
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1%		\$ 13,344,000	\$133,400
Pump Station	2.50%		\$ 6,624,000	\$165,600
Estimated Annual Power Cost	1,247,018	kW-H	\$ 0.09	\$112,200
Treated Water Cost	2,191,674	1000 gal	\$ 2.00	\$4,383,300
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$6,610,700
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$982.86
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.02
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$712.83
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.19

Note: JCSUD plans to operate for baseload rather than peaking. Needs revision with new transmission pipeline distance. Anticipate costs to double.

Table G-46 Kennedale Update Supplemental Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Kennedale	
Amount:	1,160	Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	1,500	ft
Well Yield	360	gpm
Well Size	10	in
Yield per well	580	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	290	Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	4	

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COSTS				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	6,000	LF	\$370	\$2,220,000
Connection to distribution	4	LS	\$150,000	\$600,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$846,000
Subtotal Wells				\$3,666,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$34,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$3,700,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$80,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$3,780,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$274,600
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	l Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$274,600
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$236.72
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.73
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

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Table G-47Mansfield WTP Expansion of 15 MGD

Owner: Amount:	Mansfield 8,400	Mansfield 8,400 Acre-Feet per Year		
ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COSTS				
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES				
Water Treatment Plant Expansion	15	MGD		\$19,400,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$6,790,000
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$26,190,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$233,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$26,423,000
Interest During Construction		(18months)		\$1,630,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$28,053,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$2,038,000
WTP Operation	2,737,148	1000 gal	\$0.65	\$1,779,100
Raw Water Cost	2,737,148	1000 gal	\$0.62	\$1,708,600
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$5,525,700
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$657.82
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.02
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$415.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.27

Table G-48 Maypearl Additional Woodbine Aquifer (Existing Wells)

Owner:	Maypearl
Amount:	44 Acre-Feet per Year
Water Depth	105 ft
Well Depth	460 ft
Well Yield	45 gpm
Well Size	6 in
Yield per well	72 Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	36 Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	0

Item No. & Description	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	0	LF	\$210	\$0
Connection to distribution				\$0
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$0
Subtotal Wells				\$0
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$0
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$0
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$0
Add Chemicals	14,337	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$3,600
Pumping Cost	13,052	kW-h	\$0.09	\$1,200
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$4,800
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$109.09
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.33
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$109.09
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.33

Table G-49 Maypearl Additional Woodbine Aquifer (New Wells)

Owner:	Maypearl
Amount:	11 Acre-Feet per Year
Water Depth	105 ft
Well Depth	460 ft
Well Yield	45 gpm
Well Size	6 in
Yield per well	72 Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	36 Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	1

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Water Wells	460	LF	\$210	\$97,000
Connection to Distribution	1		\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$74,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$321,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$3,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$324,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$7,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$331,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$24,000
Operation and Maintenance				
Transmission	0			\$1,800
Well(s)	0			\$2,900
Chlorination	3,584	.	\$0.25	\$900
Pumping Costs	7,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$600
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$30,200
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$2,745.45
Per 1000 Gallons				\$8.43
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$563.64
Per 1000 Gallons				\$1.73

Owner:	Maypearl
Amount:	185 Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	2,064 ft
Well Yield	230 gpm
Well Size	8 in
Yield per well	370 Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	185 Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	1

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	2,064	LF	\$280	\$578,000
Connection to distribution	1	LS	\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$218,000
Subtotal Wells				\$728,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$9,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$737,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$16,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$753,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$54,700
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$54,700
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$295.68
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.91
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-51 Maypearl Update Supplemental Wells Woodbine Aquifer

Owner:	Maypearl
Amount:	46 Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	436 ft
Well Yield	58 gpm
Well Size	6 in
Yield per well	93 Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	47 Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	1

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	436	LF	\$210	\$92,000
Connection to distribution	1	LS	\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$73,000
Subtotal Wells				\$242,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$3,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$245,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$5,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$250,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$18,200
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$18,200
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$395.65
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.21
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

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Table G-52 Midlothian Additional Joe Pool Lake

Owner:	Midlothian			
Amount:	362	Acre-Feet pe	er Year	
lterre	Quantitu	11	Unit Cost	Total Cost
Item CAPITAL COSTS	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pump Station(s)				
Station 1				
Pump, building, & appurtances	42	Нр		\$584,000
Storage Tank	0	gal		\$0
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$204,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$788,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$7,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$795,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$17,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$812,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$59,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs				<i>400,000</i>
Pump Station	2.5%			\$17,500
Power Cost	137,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$12,300
WTP Operation	117,964	1000 gal	\$0.65	\$76,700
Raw Water Cost	117,964	1000 gal	\$0.68	\$80,200
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS		Ŭ		\$245,700
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$678.70
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.08
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$516.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.58

Note: Raw water is assumed to cost \$0.68 per acre-foot (from survey response in the preparation of the 2006 R

Table G-53 Ellis County Water Supply Project (Midlothian, Phase I)

Owner:	Midlothian				
Amount:	6,725	Acre-Feet p			
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	
CAPITAL COST			l		
CONSTRUCTION COSTS					
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES					
Pipeline(s)					
Tap Fee	1	EA	\$60,000	\$60,000	
30" Water Line					
Pipe	17,700	FT	\$135	\$2,390,000	
ROW	8	AC	\$10,000	\$81,000	
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$717,000	
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$3,248,000	
Pump Station(s)					
Station 1					
Pump, building, & appurtances	350	Hp		\$1,505,000	
Storage Tank		gal		\$0	
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$527,000	
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$2,032,000	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				+ /	
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES					
Water Treatment Plant	9	MGD		\$13,933,000	
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$4,877,000	
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$18,810,000	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$47,000	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$24,137,000	
				+= 1,101,000	
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$1,489,000	
		(,		¢1,100,000	
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$25,626,000	
				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service				\$1,861,700	
Operation and Maintenance Costs				+ • , = = • , • • • •	
Pipeline	1.0%			\$28,700	
Pump Station	2.5%			\$45,200	
Estimated Annual Power Cost	1,033,836	kW-h	\$0.09	\$93,000	
WTP Operation	2,191,451	1000 gal	\$0.65	\$1,424,400	
Raw Water Cost	2,191,451	1000 gal	\$0.68	\$1,490,200	
Total Annual Costs	_,,		\$5.50	\$4,943,200	

Table G-53, Continued

UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)		
Per Acre-Foot		\$735.01
Per 1,000 Gallons		\$2.26
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)		
Per Acre-Foot		\$458.00
Per 1,000 Gallons		\$1.41

Midlothian Section Phase 2

Owner: Amount: Midlothian 5,488 e-Feet per Year

ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COSTS				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
Tap Fee	1	EA	\$60,000	\$60,000
30" Water Line				
Pipe	17,700	FT	\$135	\$2,390,000
ROW	8	AC	\$10,000	\$81,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$717,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$3,248,000
Pump Station(s)				
Station 1				
Pump, building, & appurtances	650	Hp		\$2,055,000
Storage Tank		gal		\$0
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$719,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$2,774,000
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES				
Water Treatment Plant Expansion	6	MGD		\$18,975,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$6,641,000
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$25,616,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$53,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$31,691,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$1,825,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$33,516,000

Table G-53, Continued

ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$2,435,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs				+ , ,
Pipeline	1.0%			\$29,000
Pump Station	2.5%			\$62,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	1,142,000		\$0.09	\$103,000
WTP Operation	1,788,162	1000 gal	\$0.45	\$805,000
Raw Water Cost	1,788,162	1000 gal	\$0.68	\$1,216,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$4,650,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$847.35
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.60
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$404.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.24
TOTAL UNIT COST FOR PHASE 1 AND 2				
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$785.49
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.41
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$433.68
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.33

Notes:

Raw water is assumed to cost \$0.68 per 1,000 gallons.

Based on pump station costs provided by Jones & Carter, Inc.

Table G-54 Midlothian Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 3 MGD

Owner: Amount:	Midlothian 1,682	Midlothian 1,682 Acre-Feet per Year			
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	
CAPITAL COST					
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES					
Water Treatment Plant	3	MGD		\$6,900,000	
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$2,415,000	
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$9,315,000	
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$83,000	
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$9,398,000	
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$768,000	
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$ 10,166,000	
ANNUAL COSTS				* =00, =00	
Debt Service				\$738,500	
Operation and Maintenance Costs			<u>^</u>	*	
Raw Water Cost		1000 gal	\$ 0.66	÷==:,:==	
WTP Operation		1000 gal	\$ 0.65	. ,	
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$1,455,800	
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$865.77	
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.66	
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$426.58	
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.31	

Table G-55 Midlothian Water Treatment Plant Expansion of 6 MGD

Owner:	Midlothian				
Amount:	3,363 Acre-Feet per Year				
ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	
CAPITAL COST					
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES					
Water Treatment Plant	6	MGD		\$10,725,000	
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$3,754,000	
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$14,479,000	
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$129,000	
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$14,608,000	
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$1,193,000	
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$ 15,801,000	
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service				\$1,147,900	
Operation and Maintenance Costs					
Raw Water Cost		1000 gal	\$ 0.66	\$722,700	
WTP Operation		1000 gal	\$ 0.65	\$711,800	
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$2,582,400	
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$767.89	
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.36	
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$426.55	
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.31	

Table G-56 Milford Update Supplemental Wells Woodbine Aquifer

Owner:	Milford	
Amount:	107	Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	865	ft
Well Yield	133	gpm
Well Size	8	in
Yield per well	214	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	107	Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	1	

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	865	LF	\$280	\$242,000
Connection to distribution	1	LS	\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	0			\$118,000
Subtotal Wells				\$510,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$5,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$515,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$11,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$526,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$38,200
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$38,200
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$357.01
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.10
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-57 Mountain Peak SUD New Wells Woodbine Aquifer

Owner:	Mountain Peak SUD				
Amount:	50	Acre-Feet per Year			
Water Depth	317	ft			
Well Depth	908	ft			
Well Yield	15	gpm			
Well Size	6	in			
Yield per well	24	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)			
Yield per well	12	Acre-Feet per Year (average)			
Wells Needed	5				

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Water Wells	4,540	LF	\$210	\$953,000
Connection to Distribution	5	LS	\$150,000	\$750,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$511,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$2,214,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$20,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$2,234,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$48,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$2,282,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$165,800
Operation and Maintenance				
Transmission	1.0%			\$9,000
Well(s)	2.5%			\$28,600
Chlorination	16,293	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$4,100
Pumping Costs	26,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$2,300
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$209,800
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Cost per acre-foot				\$4,196.00
Cost per 1000 gallons				\$12.88
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Cost per acre-foot				\$880.00
Cost per 1000 gallons				\$2.70

Table G-58 Mountain Peak SUD New Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Mountain Peak SUD				
Amount:	300	Acre-Feet per Year			
Weter Denth	000	<i>t</i> i			
Water Depth	900	π			
Well Depth	2,800	ft			
Well Yield	75	gpm			
Well Size	6	in			
Yield per well	121	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)			
Yield per well	61	Acre-Feet per Year (average)			
Wells Needed	5				

ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Water Wells	14,000	LF	\$210	\$2,940,000
Connection to Distribution	5	LS	\$150,000	\$750,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$1,107,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$4,797,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$44,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$4,841,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$105,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$4,946,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$359,300
Operation and Maintenance				
Transmission	1.0%			\$9,000
Well(s)	2.5%			\$88,200
Chlorination	97,755	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$24,400
Pumping Costs	392,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$35,300
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$516,200
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,720.67
Cost per 1000 Gallons				\$5.28
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$523.00
Per 1000 gallons				\$1.61

Table G-59 Mountain Peak SUD Supplemental Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Mountain Peak SUD				
Amount:	400	Acre-Feet per Year			
Well Depth	2,391	ft			
Well Yield	250	gpm			
Well Size	10	in			
Yield per well	403	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)			
Yield per well	202	Acre-Feet per Year (average)			
Wells Needed	2				

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	4,782	LF	\$370	\$1,769,000
Connection to distribution	2	LS	\$150,000	\$300,000
Engineering and Contingencies	0			\$621,000
Subtotal Wells				\$2,690,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$25,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$2,715,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$59,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$2,774,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$201,500
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	l Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$201,500
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$503.75
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.55
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Owner:	Mountain Peak SUD				
Amount:	46	Acre-Feet per Year			
Well Depth	1,400	ft			
Well Yield	100	gpm			
Well Size	8	in			
Yield per well	161	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)			
Yield per well	81	Acre-Feet per Year (average)			
Wells Needed	1				

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	1,400	LF	\$280	\$392,000
Connection to distribution	1	LS	\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$163,000
Subtotal Wells				\$705,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$7,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$712,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$15,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$727,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$52,800
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$52,800
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,147.83
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.52
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-61 Oak Leaf Additional Water from Glenn Heights

Owner: Amount:	Oak Leaf 640 Acre-Feet per Year			
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$0
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$0
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.00%			\$0
Pump Station	2.50%			\$0
Estimated Annual Power Cost				\$0
Treated Water Cost	208,545	1000 gal	\$4.15	\$865,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$865,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,351.56
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$4.15
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,352.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$4.15

Table G-62 Ovilla Additional Water from Dallas

Owner: Amount: Ovilla 1,055 Acre-Feet per Year

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST		_		
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
16" Water Line				
Pipe	45,778	FT	\$64	\$2,930,000
ROW	21	AC	\$10,000	\$210,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$879,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$4,019,000
Pump Station(s)				
Station 1				
Pump, building, & appurtances	14	Нр		\$510,000
Storage Tank	310,000	gal		\$232,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$260,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$1,002,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$44,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$5,065,000
Interest During Construction		(12 months)		\$211,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$5,276,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$383,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs				+,
Pipeline	1.0%			\$35,000
Pump Station	2.5%			\$22,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	44,422	kW-h	\$0.09	\$4,000
Treated Water Flat Rate	343,773	1000 gal	\$1.36	\$468,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS	,	J		\$912,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$864.45
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.65
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$501.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.54

Table G-63 Palmer Update Supplemental Wells Woodbine Aquifer

Owner:	Palmer	
Amount:	92	Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	1,404	ft
Well Yield	114	gpm
Well Size	8	in
Yield per well	184	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	92	Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	1	

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	1,404	LF	\$280	\$393,000
Connection to distribution	1	LS	\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$163,000
Subtotal Wells				\$706,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$7,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$713,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$15,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$728,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$52,900
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$52,900
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$575.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.76
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-64 Parker WSC Connection to BRA SWATS

Owner: Amount: Parker WSC 181 Acre-Feet per Year

Quantity Unit Unit Cost **Total Cost** ltem **CAPITAL COST** CONSTRUCTION COSTS TRANSMISSION FACILITIES Pipelines Pipeline 8 in. 21,120 LF \$676,000 \$32 **ROW Easements** \$175,000 \$25,000 7 Acres Engineering and Contingencies (30%) 30% \$255,000 Subtotal of Pipelines \$1,106,000 Pumping Facilities 5 HP Pump Station 1 LS \$480,000 \$480,000 0.05 MG Elevated Storage Tank 1 LS \$1,100,000 \$1,100,000 Engineering and Contingencies (35%) 35% \$553,000 Subtotal of Pump Stations \$2,133,000 1% Permitting and Mitigation \$27,000 CONSTRUCTION TOTAL \$3,266,000 Interest During Construction (18 months) \$201,000 TOTAL CAPITAL COST \$3,467,000 ANNUAL COSTS Debt Service - Total Capital \$252,000 Operation and Maintenance Purchase of water 58,979 1000 gal \$503.000 \$8.53 Transmission 1.00% \$8,000 Storage tanks and Pumps 2.50% \$47,000 Pumping Costs 9,866 kW-h \$0.09 \$1,000 TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS \$811,000 UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years) Per Acre-Foot \$4,480.66 Per 1000 Gallons \$13.75 UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) Per Acre-Foot \$3,088.40 Per 1000 Gallons \$9.48

Table G-65 Parker WSC Supplemental Wells

Owner:	Parker WSC	
Amount:	41	Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	200	ft
Well Yield	50	gpm
Well Size	6	in
Yield per well	81	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	41	Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	1	

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COSTS				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	200	LF	\$210	\$42,000
Connection to distribution	1	LS	\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$58,000
Subtotal Wells				\$250,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$2,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$252,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$5,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$257,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$18,700
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additional (O&M costs.		\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$18,700
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$461.73
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.42
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Owner:	Red Oak	
Amount:	398	Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	1,151	ft
Well Yield	,	gpm
Well Size		in
Yield per well	-	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well		Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	2	Acres cer per rear (average)
	Z	

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	2,302	LF	\$280	\$645,000
Connection to distribution	2	LS	\$150,000	\$300,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$284,000
Subtotal Wells				\$945,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$11,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$956,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$21,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$977,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$71,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	and Maintenan	
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$71,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$178.39
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.55
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

April 2009

Table G-67 Additional Water from Corsicana

Owner: Amount: Rice WSC 282 Ac-Ft/Yr

ltem	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
Assume no transmission improvements are	e needed.			
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$0
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$0
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Treated Water Cost	91,890	1000 gal	\$ 2.00	\$184,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$184,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$652
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.00
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$652
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.00

Table G-68 Rice WSC Additional Water from Ennis

Owner:	Rice WSC			
Amount:	34	Acre-Feet p	er Year	
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$0
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$0
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1%			\$0
Pump Station	2.50%			\$0
Estimated Annual Power Cost	\$0.09	kW-h		\$0
Treated Water Cost	11,079	1000 gal	\$ 3.41	\$38,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$38,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,117.65
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.43
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,118.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.43

Table G-69Rio Vista Connection to BRA SWATS

Owner: Amount: Rio Vista

69 Acre-Feet per Year

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipelines				
Pipeline 6 in.	21,120	LF	\$24	\$507,000
ROW Easements	7	Acres	\$10,000	\$70,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)	30%		. ,	\$173,000
Subtotal of Pipelines				\$750,000
Pumping Facilities				
5 HP Pump Station	1	LS	\$480,000	\$480,000
0.05 MG Elevated Storage Tank	1	LS	\$1,100,000	\$1,100,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)	35%	_	+ , ,	\$553,000
Subtotal of Pump Stations				\$2,133,000
	10/			
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$25,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$2,908,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$179,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$3,087,000
ANNUAL COSTS				***
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$224,000
Operation and Maintenance	00.404	1000	* 0.50	¢100.000
Purchase of water	22,484	1000 gal	\$8.53	\$192,000
Transmission	1.0%			\$6,000
Storage tanks and Pumps	2.5%		* 0.00	\$47,000
Pumping Costs TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS	1,433	kW-h	\$0.09	\$100 \$469,100
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$409,100
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$6,798.55
Per 1000 Gallons				\$20.86
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$3,552.17
Per 1000 Gallons				\$10.90

Table G-70 Temporary Overdraft of Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Rio Vista		
Amount:	54 Acre-Feet per Year	Acre-Feet pe	
		_	
Water Depth	1,000 ft	ft	
Well Depth	2,500 ft	ft	
Well Yield	70 gpm	gpm	
Well Size	6 in	in	
Yield per well	113 Acre-Feet per Year (peak)	Acre-Feet pe)
Yield per well	57 Acre-Feet per Year (average	Acre-Feet pe	age)
Wells Needed	1		

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	2,500	LF	\$210	\$525,000
Connection to distribution	1		\$150,000	\$150,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$203,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$878,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$8,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$886,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$19,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$905,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$66,000
Operation and Maintenance				
Transmission	1.0%			\$2,000
Well(s)	2.5%			\$16,000
Chlorination	17,596	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$4,000
Pumping Costs	78,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$7,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$95,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,759.26
Per 1000 Gallons				\$5.40
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$537.04
Per 1000 Gallons				\$1.65

Table G-71 Sardis-Lone Elm Transmission with Pump Station - Phase 1

Owner	
Amount	

SARDIS-LONE ELM WSC

1,682 Acre-Feet per Year

ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COSTS				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
Tap Fee	1	EA	\$60,000	\$60,000
· • • • • • •			+,	
20 PVC Line				
Pipe	0	FT	\$126	\$0
30 PVC Line				
Pipe	25,000	FT	\$200	\$5,000,000
ROW	11	AC	\$10,000	¢440.000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%		\$10,000	\$110,000 \$1,500,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)	3078			\$6,670,000
				\$0,070,000
Pump Station(s)				
Station				
Pump, building, & appurtances	105	HP		\$708,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$248,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$956,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$68,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$7,694,000
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$602,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$8,296,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$6,290,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$602,700
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1%			\$60,000
Pump Station	2.5%			\$21,200
Estimated Annual Power Cost	105	HP	\$0.09	\$30,900
Treated Water (First 30 Years)		1000 gal	\$2.08	\$1,139,700
Treated Water (After 30 Years)		1000 gal	\$1.44	\$786,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS(First 30 Years) TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS (After 30 Years)				\$1,251,800 \$898,100
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$744.45
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.28
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$534.11
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.64

Table G-72 Sardis-Lone Elm Transmission with Pump Station - Phase 2

Owner	
Amount	

SARDIS-LONE ELM WSC 1,682 Acre-Feet per Year

			<u>.</u>	
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COSTS				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
Tap Fee	0	EA	\$60,000	\$0
	0		\$00,000	ψυ
20 PVC Line				
Pipe	40,000	FT	\$126	\$5,040,000
	-,		* -	+ - , ,
30 PVC Line				
Pipe	0	FT	\$200	\$0
ROW	18	AC	\$10,000	\$180,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$1,512,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$6,732,000
Dumm Otation (a)				
Pump Station(s) Station				
Pump, building, & appurtances	203	HP		¢1 040 000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$1,049,000 \$367,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)	5578			\$1,416,000
				ψ1,410,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$73,000
<u> </u>				 ,
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$8,221,000
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$643,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$8,864,000
ANNUAL COSTS				Aa 4 4 a a a
Debt Service				\$644,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs Pipeline	1%			¢60,500
Pump Station	2.5%			\$60,500 \$31,500
Estimated Annual Power Cost	2.376	HP	\$0.09	\$59,700
Treated Water (First 30 Years)	203	1000 gal	\$1.97	\$1,081,000
Treated Water (After 30 Years)		1000 gal	\$1.22	\$667,400
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS(First 30 Years)		looo ga	• ••==	\$1,232,700
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS (After 30 Years)				\$819,100
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$733.10
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.25
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				* • • • • •
Per Acre-Foot				\$487.12
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.49

Table G-73 Sardis-Lone Elm Transmission with Pump Station - Phase 3

Owner
Amount

SARDIS-LONE ELM WSC

1,682 Acre-Feet per Year

ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COSTS				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
Tap Fee	0	EA	\$60,000	\$0
	Ŭ	273	400,000	ΨΟ
20 PVC Line				
Pipe	0	FT	\$126	\$0
30 PVC Line				
Pipe	0	FT	\$200	\$0
2014			* 1 * * *	* *
ROW	0	AC	\$10,000	\$0
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$0
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$0
Pump Station(s)				
Station				
Pump, building, & appurtances	255	HP		\$1,205,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$422,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)	5578			\$1,627,000
Subtotal of Fullip Station(S)				φ1,027,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$14,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$1,641,000
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$128,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$1,769,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$128,500
Operation and Maintenance Costs				^
Pipeline	1%			\$0
Pump Station	2.5%		* 2.22	\$36,200
Estimated Annual Power Cost	255	HP	\$0.09	\$75,000
Treated Water (First 30 Years)		1000 gal	\$1.76	\$963,700
Treated Water (After 30 Years)		1000 gal	\$1.11	\$607,700
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS(First 30 Years) TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS (After 30 Years)				\$1,074,900 \$718,900
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$639.25
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.96
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$427.53
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.31

Table G-74 Sardis Lone Elm - Overdraft of Trinity Aquifer Using New Wells

Owner:	Sardis Lone Elm			
Amount:	531	Acre-Feet per Year		
Water Depth	736	ft		
Well Depth	2,100	ft		
Well Yield	250	gpm		
Well Size	10	in		
Yield per well	403	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)		
Yield per well	202	Acre-Feet per Year (average)		
Wells Needed	3			

ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	6,300	LF	\$370	\$2,331,000
Connection to distribution				\$0
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$699,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$3,030,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$28,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$3,058,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$66,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$3,124,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$227,000
Operation and Maintenance				
Transmission	1.0%			\$0
Well(s)	2.5%			\$70,000
Chlorination	173,027	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$43,000
Pumping Costs	574,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$52,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$392,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$738.23
Per 1000 Gallons				\$2.27
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per acre-foot				\$310.73
Per 1000 gallons				\$0.95

Table G-75 Sardis-Lone Elm WSC Update Supplemental Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Sardis-Lone	
Amount:	870	Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	2,508	ft
Well Yield	360	gpm
Well Size	10	in
Yield per well	580	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	290	Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	3	

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	7,524	LF	\$370	\$2,784,000
Connection to distribution	3	LS	\$150,000	\$450,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$970,000
Subtotal Wells				\$4,204,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$39,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$4,243,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$92,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$4,335,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$314,900
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$314,900
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$361.95
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.11
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-76 Sardis-Lone Elm WSC Update Supplemental Wells Woodbine Aquifer

Owner:	Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	
Amount:	160 Acre-Feet per	Year
	4 500 (
Well Depth	1,500 ft	
Well Yield	100 gpm	
Well Size	8 in	
Yield per well	161 Acre-Feet per	Year (peak)
Yield per well	81 Acre-Feet per	Year (average)
Wells Needed	2	

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	3,000	LF	\$280	\$840,000
Connection to distribution	2	LS	\$150,000	\$300,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$342,000
Subtotal Wells				\$1,482,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$14,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$1,496,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$32,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$1,528,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$111,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$111,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$693.75
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.13
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-77Sokoll WTP (Rockett SUD and Waxahachie) 20 MGD Construction Phase 12010

Amount:

11,210 Ac-Ft/Yr

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES				
Water Treatment Plant	20	MGD	LS	\$42,270,000
Land	0	acres	\$10,000	\$0
Engineering and Contingencies	0%			\$0
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$42,270,000
TRWD Connection				\$2,529,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$507,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$45,306,000
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$3,700,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$49,006,000
ANNUAL COSTS Debt Service				\$3,560,200
Operation and Maintenance Costs				\$3,500,200
Raw Water		1000 gal	\$0.66	\$2,410,800
WTP Operation		1000 gal	\$0.45	\$1,643,800
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS		1000 gai	ψ0.40	\$7,614,800
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$679.29
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.08
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$361.69
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.11

Note: Cost based on actual bid to construct the plant.

Table G-78 Sokoll WTP (Rockett SUD and Waxahachie) 20 MGD Expansion (2020)

Owner	Waxahachie				
Amount:	11,210 Acre-Feet per Year				
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	
CAPITAL COST					
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES					
Water Treatment Plant	20	MGD	LS	\$38,900,000	
Engineering and Contingencies	10%			\$3,890,000	
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$42,790,000	
TRWD Connection (500 HP Pump Station)				\$1,890,000	
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$467,000	
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$45,147,000	
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$3,530,000	
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$48,677,000	
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service				\$3,536,300	
Operation and Maintenance Costs					
Raw Water		1000 gal	\$0.66	\$2,410,800	
WTP Operation		1000 gal	\$0.45	\$1,643,800	
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$7,590,900	
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$677.15	
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.08	
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$361.69	
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.11	

Note: Engineering and contingencies assumed less than 35% based on the bid to construct the plant.

Table G-79Sokoll WTP (Rockett SUD and Waxahachie) 20 MGD Expansion (2030)

Owner Amount:	Waxahachie 11,210 Acre-Feet per Year			
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST	quantity	onit		
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES				
Water Treatment Plant	20	MGD	LS	\$38,900,000
Engineering and Contingencies	10%			\$3,890,000
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$42,790,000
TRWD Connection (10,000 48" Line)				\$2,500,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$467,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$45,757,000
Interest During Construction		(24 months)		\$3,578,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$49,335,000
ANNUAL COSTS				\$0.504.400
Debt Service Operation and Maintenance Costs				\$3,584,100
Raw Water		1000 gal	\$0.66	\$2,410,800
WTP Operation		1000 gal	\$0.66	\$2,410,800
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS		1000 gai	ψ0.40	\$7,638,700
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$681.42
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.09
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$361.69
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.11

Note: Engineering and contingencies assumed less than 35% based on the bid to construct the plant.

Table G-80 Waxahachie Alternative Strategy to Purchase Water from Lake Benbrook

Owner: Amount:	Waxahachie 22,420 Acre-Feet per Year				
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	
CAPITAL COST					
PUMP STATION					
Pump Station	1	LS	\$3,000,000	\$3,000,000	
42" Yard Piping	1,000	LF	\$420	\$420,000	
Four Piping Connections	4	EA	\$50,000	\$200,000	
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$1,267,000	
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$43,000	
Construction Total				\$4,930,000	
Interest During Construction		(12 months)		\$205,000	
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$5,135,000	
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service				\$373,000	
Operation and Maintenance Costs					
Energy Cost	2,443,329	kW-H	\$0.09	\$219,900	
Pump Station Maintenance				\$108,600	
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$701,500	
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$31.29	
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.10	
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$14.65	
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.04	

Table G-81 Waxahachie Alternative Strategy to Purchase Water from Joe Pool Lake

Owner: Amount:	Waxahachie 22,420 Acre-Feet per Year				
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	
CAPITAL COST					
PUMP STATION					
Lake Pump Station	1	LS	\$7,000,000	\$7,000,000	
42" Yard Piping	1,000	LF	\$420	\$420,000	
Four Piping Connections	4	EA	\$50,000	\$200,000	
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$2,667,000	
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$91,000	
Construction Total				\$10,378,000	
Interest During Construction		(12 months)		\$432,000	
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$10,810,000	
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service				\$785,000	
Operation and Maintenance Costs					
Energy Cost	19,852,052	kW-H	\$0.09	\$1,787,000	
Pump Station Maintenance				\$229,000	
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$2,801,000	
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$124.93	
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.38	
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$89.92	
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.28	

Table G-82 Waxahachie Additional TRA/Waxahachie Indirect Reuse

Owner: Amount: TRA 3,112 Acre-Feet per Year

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST	Quantity	Onit	onit oost	
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
20" Water Line				
Pipe	15,420	Ft	\$84	\$1,295,000
ROW	7	Acres	\$25,000	\$177,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%	710100	<i>4</i> 200000	\$389,000
Subtotal Piping	0070			\$1,861,000
				<i> </i>
Pump Station(s)				
Station 1				
Pump, building, & appurtenances	107	Hp		\$690,000
Storage Tank	0.5	MĠ		\$310,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$350,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$1,350,000
				+ - , ,
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES				
Water Treatment Plant Expansion	12	MGD		\$16,700,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$5,845,000
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$22,545,000
				+ ,,
Permitting and mitigation	1%			\$28,000
				· · /· · ·
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$25,784,000
				. , ,
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$1,590,000
v		,		
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$27,374,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$1,989,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1%			\$16,000
Pump Station	2.5%			\$30,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	610,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$54,900
WTP Operation	1,013,940	1000 gal	\$0.65	\$659,000
Raw Water Cost	1,013,940	1000 gal	\$0.32	\$324,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$3,072,900
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$987.54
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.03
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$334.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.03

Note: Assumes no raw water cost.

Table G-83 Southern Waxahachie WTP 3 MGD Expansion (2010)

Owner: Amount:	Waxahachie 1,682	Acre-Feet pe	er Year	
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES				
Upgrading Study	3	MGD		\$7,000
Engineering and Contingencies	0%			\$0
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$7,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$0
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$7,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$200
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$ 7,200
ANNUAL COSTS Debt Service				¢500
Operation and Maintenance Costs				\$500
Raw Water Cost		1000 gal	\$ 0.66	\$361,600
WTP Operation		1000 gal	\$ 0.00 \$ 0.45	\$246,600
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS		1000 gai	\$ 0.45	\$248,800
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$362.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.11
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$361.70
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.11

Table G-84 Southern Waxahachie WTP 6 MGD Expansion (2030)

Owner: Amount:	Waxahachie 3,363 Acre-Feet per Year			
ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST	j			
WATER TREATMENT FACILITIES				
Water Treatment Plant Expansion	6	MGD		\$10,725,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$3,754,000
Subtotal of Water Treatment Plant				\$14,479,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$21,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$14,500,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$314,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$ 14,814,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$1,076,200
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Raw Water Cost		1000 gal	\$ 0.66	\$723,300
WTP Operation		1000 gal	\$ 0.45	\$493,100
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$2,292,600
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$681.71
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2.09
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$361.70
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.11

Table G-85 Wilmer - Cost of Overdrafting with Existing Wells until 2010

Owner:	Wilmer			
Amount:	319	Acre-Feet pe	r Year	
Water Depth	900	ft		
Well Depth	3,500	ft		
Well Yield	400	gpm		
Well Size	10	in		
Yield per well	644	Acre-Feet per	r Year (peak)	
Yield per well	322	Acre-Feet per	r Year (average)	
Wells Needed	1			
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
ANNUAL COSTS				
Chlorination	103,946	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$26,000
Pumping Costs	418,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$37,620
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$63,620
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$199.44
Per 1000 Gallons				\$0.61
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$199.44
Per 1000 Gallons				\$0.61

Table G-86 Wilmer Update Supplemental Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Wilmer	
Amount:	644	Acre-Feet per Year
Well Depth	3,661	ft
Well Yield	400	gpm
Well Size	12	in
Yield per well	644	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	322	Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	2	

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	7,322	LF	\$470	\$3,441,000
Connection to distribution	2	LS	\$150,000	\$300,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$1,122,000
Subtotal Wells				\$4,863,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$45,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$4,908,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$106,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$5,014,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$364,300
Operation and Maintenance Costs	No additiona	I Operation a	nd Maintenan	\$0
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$364,300
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$565.68
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.74
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-87 Wilmer Connection to DWU

Owner: Amount: Wilmer 1,095 Acre-Feet per Year

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
14" Water Line				
Pipe	31,700	FT	\$ 70	\$2,219,000
ROW	15		\$ 25,000	
Engineering and Contingencies	30%		· · ·	\$666,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$3,249,000
Pump Station(s) - No pump station required				
Station 1				
Pump, building, & appurtances		hp		\$0
Storage Tank		MG		\$0
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$0
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$0
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$27,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$3,276,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$202,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$3,478,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$253,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1%			\$27,000
Pump Station	2.50%			\$0
Estimated Annual Power Cost	0	kW-H	\$ 0.09	
Treated Water Cost	356,807	1000 gal	\$ 7.00	\$2,498,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$2,778,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$2,537
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$7.79
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$2,306
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$7.08

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Table G-88 Wilmer Connection to DWU through Hutchins

Owner: Amount: Wilmer 1,095 Acre-Feet per Year

Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
12" Water Line				
Pipe	18,000		\$ 48	\$864,000
ROW	8	AC	\$ 10,000	\$83,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$259,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$1,206,000
Pump Station(s)				
Station 1				
Pump, building, & appurtances	45	hp		\$600,000
Storage Tank	0.2	MG		\$230,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$291,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$1,121,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$20,000
	170			ψ20,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$2,347,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$145,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$2,492,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$181,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs				\$101,000
Pipeline	1%			\$10,000
Pump Station	2.50%			\$25,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	142,633		\$ 0.09	\$13,000
Treated Water Cost	356,807		\$ 7.00	\$2,498,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS			*	\$2,727,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$2,490
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$7.64
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) Per Acre-Foot				¢0.005
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$2,325 \$7.14
				\$7.14

Table G-89 Ellis County-Other - New Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Ellis County Other				
Amount:	201	Acre-Feet per Year			
Water Depth	839	ft			
Well Depth	2,579	ft			
Well Yield	100	gpm			
Well Size	8	in			
Yield per well	161	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)			
Yield per well	81	Acre-Feet per Year (average)			
Wells Needed	3				

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	7,737	LF	\$280	\$2,166,000
Connection to distribution	3		\$150,000	\$450,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$785,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$3,401,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$31,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$3,432,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$74,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$3,506,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$254,700
Operation and Maintenance				
Transmission	1.0%			\$5,400
Well(s)	2.5%			\$65,000
Chlorination	65,496	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$16,400
Pumping Costs	248,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$22,300
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$363,800
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,809.95
Per 1000 Gallons				\$5.55
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$542.79
Per 1000 Gallons				\$1.67

Table G-90 Ellis County-Other - New Wells Woodbine Aquifer

Owner:	Ellis County Other				
Amount:	919	Acre-Feet per Year			
Water Depth	481	ft			
Well Depth	1,484				
Well Yield	100	gpm			
Well Size	8	in			
Yield per well	161	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)			
Yield per well	81	Acre-Feet per Year (average)			
Wells Needed	12				

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	17,808	LF	\$280	\$4,986,000
Connection to distribution	12		\$150,000	\$1,800,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$2,036,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$8,822,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$81,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$8,903,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$193,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$9,096,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$660,800
Operation and Maintenance				
Transmission	1.0%			\$21,600
Well(s)	2.5%			\$149,600
Chlorination	299,457	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$74,900
Pumping Costs	679,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$61,100
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$968,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,053.32
Per 1000 Gallons				\$3.23
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$334.28
Per 1000 Gallons				\$1.03

Table G-91 Ellis County-Other - Supplemental Wells Trinity Aquifer

Owner:	Ellis County	Other
Amount:	644	Acre-Feet per Year
Water Depth Well Depth Well Yield Well Size Yield per well Yield per well Wells Needed	8 161	

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	67,540	LF	\$560	\$37,822,000
Connection to distribution	8	LS	\$150,000	\$1,200,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$11,707,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$50,729,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$468,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$51,197,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$1,109,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$52,306,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$3,800,000
Operation and Maintenance	No additiona	I Operation a	and Maintenance	
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$3,800,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$5,900.62
Per 1000 Gallons				\$18.11
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$0.00
Per 1000 Gallons				\$0.00

Table G-92 Ellis County-Other - Supplemental Wells Woodbine Aquifer

Owner: Amount:	Ellis County 322	Other Acre-Feet per Year
Water Depth	481	ft
Well Depth	1,484	ft
Well Yield	100	gpm
Well Size	8	in
Yield per well	161	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)
Yield per well	81	Acre-Feet per Year (average)
Wells Needed	4	

ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	38,721	LF	\$210	\$8,131,000
Connection to distribution	4	LS	\$150,000	\$600,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$2,619,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$11,350,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$105,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$11,455,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$248,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$11,703,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$850,200
Operation and Maintenance	No additiona	al Operation a	and Maintenance	
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$850,200
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$2,640.37
Per 1000 Gallons				\$8.10
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per acre-foot				\$0.00
Per 1000 gallons				\$0.00

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Table G-93

Trinity River Authority Reuse for Dallas and Ellis County Irrigation from 10-Mile Creek Project (2010)

Owner: Amount:	Trinity River 250	Authority Ac-Ft/Yr		
Item	Quantity	Units	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipeline(s)				
8" Water Line				
Pipe	3,000	IF	\$48	\$144,000
Right of Way Easements (Urban)	,	AC	\$60,000	\$60,000
Engineering & Contingenices (30%)			400,000	\$43,000
Subtotal of Pipeline				\$247,000
•				. ,
Pump Station(s)				
Station 1				
Pump Station	9			\$500,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$175,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$675,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$8,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$930,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$20,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$950,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$69,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1%			\$1,700
Pump Station	2.50%			\$15,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	38,152	kW-H	\$ 0.09	\$3,400
Purchase of Reuse Water	250	AF/Y	\$ 81.46	\$20,400
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$109,500
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$438
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.34
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years) Per Acre-Foot				\$162
Per Acte-Foot Per 1,000 Gallons				
Fer 1,000 Gallons				\$0.50

Table G-94 Ellis Irrigation - New Wells Woodbine Aquifer (2010)

Owner:	Ellis Irrigation			
Amount:	563	Acre-Feet per Year		
	10.1			
Water Depth	481	ft		
Well Depth	1,484	ft		
Well Yield	100	gpm		
Well Size	8	in		
Yield per well	161	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)		
Yield per well	81	Acre-Feet per Year (average)		
Wells Needed	7			

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	10,388	LF	\$168	\$1,745,000
Connection to distribution	7	LS	\$150,000	\$1,050,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$839,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$3,634,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$34,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$3,668,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$79,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$3,747,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$272,200
Operation and Maintenance				
Transmission	1.0%			\$12,600
Well(s)	2.5%			\$52,400
Chlorination	183,454	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$45,900
Pumping Costs	418,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$37,600
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$420,700
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$747.25
Per 1000 Gallons				\$2.29
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$263.77
Per 1000 Gallons				\$0.81

April 2009

Table G-95 Ellis Manufacturing Additional Water from Waxahachie

Owner: Amount:	Manufacturin 685	g Acre-Feet p	er Year	
ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$0
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$0
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.0%			\$0
Pump Station	2.5%			\$0
Estimated Annual Power Cost				\$0
Treated Water Cost	223,325	1000 gal	\$4.45	\$993,800
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$993,800
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,450.04
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$4.45
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,450.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$4.45

April 2009

Table G-96 Ellis Manufacturing Additional Water from Midlothian

Owner: Amount:	Manufacturing 1,940 Acre-Feet per Year			
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$0
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$0
Operation and Maintenance Costs				· · · ·
Pipeline	1.0%			\$0
Pump Station	2.5%			\$0
Estimated Annual Power Cost				\$0
Treated Water Cost	632,151	1000 gal	\$3.89	\$2,459,100
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$2,459,100
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,267.58
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.89
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,268.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.89

Table G-97 Ellis Manufacturing Additional Water from Ennis

Owner: Amount:	Manufacturing 274 Acre-Feet per Year			
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$0
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$0
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.00%			\$0
Pump Station	2.50%			\$0
Estimated Annual Power Cost				\$0
Treated Water Cost	89,283	1000 gal	\$3.41	\$304,500
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$304,500
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,111.31
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.41
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,111.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$3.41

Owner:	Ellis Manufacturing			
Amount:	101	Acre-Feet per Year		
		_		
Water Depth	481	ft		
Well Depth	1,484	ft		
Well Yield	100	gpm		
Well Size	8	in		
Yield per well	161	Acre-Feet per Year (peak)		
Yield per well	81	Acre-Feet per Year (average)		
Wells Needed	2			

Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
WELLS				
Groundwater wells	2,968	LF	\$280	\$831,000
Connection to distribution	2	LS	\$150,000	\$300,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$339,000
Subtotal of Well(s)				\$1,470,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$14,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$1,484,000
Interest During Construction		(6 months)		\$32,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$1,516,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$110,100
Operation and Maintenance				
Transmission	1.0%			\$3,600
Well(s)	2.5%			\$24,900
Chlorination	32,911	1000 gal	\$0.25	\$8,200
Pumping Costs	78,000	kW-h	\$0.09	\$7,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$153,800
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,522.77
Per 1000 Gallons				\$4.67
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$432.67
Per 1000 Gallons				\$1.33

Table G-99 Ellis Steam Electric Power Additional Water from Midlothian (2010)

Owner: Amount:	Ellis County-Steam Electric Power 160 Acre-Feet per Year			
	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$0
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service				\$0
Operation and Maintenance Costs				
Pipeline	1.0%			\$0
Pump Station	2.5%			\$0
Estimated Annual Power Cost				\$0
Treated Water Cost	52,259	1000 gal	\$5.77	\$301,500
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$301,500
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,879.95
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$5.76
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,880.00
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$5.76

Table G-100

Trinity River Authority Ellis County Reuse for Steam Electric Power (2010)

Trinity River Authority

40,000 ac-ft/yr

Assume four 10,000 acre-feet per year projects, each with 20 miles of pipeline (5 miles urban, 15 rural)

ltem	Quantity	Units	U	nit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST - PHASE 1					
CONSTRUCTION COSTS - PHASE 1					
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES					
Pipeline(s)					
36" Rural Water Line					
Pipe	79,200	LF	\$	171	\$13,543,000
ROW	36.4	Ac	\$	10,000	\$364,000
36" Urban Water Line	00.1	7.0	Ψ	10,000	φ00+,000
Pipe	26,400	LF	\$	257	\$6,785,000
ROW	12.1	Ac	\$	60,000	\$726,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%	7.0	Ψ	00,000	\$6,098,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)					\$27,516,000
Dump Station(a)					
Pump Station(s) Station 1					
Pump, building, & appurtances	600	hn			\$2,000,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%	hp			\$700,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)	5576				\$700,000 \$2,700,000
Subtotal of Fullip Station(S)					φ2,700,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%				\$268,000
	170				φ200,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$30,484,000
					<i>\$66,161,666</i>
Interest During Construction		(12 months)			\$1,270,000
					¢24 754 000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST - PHASE 1					\$31,754,000
ANNUAL COSTS - PHASE 1					• • • • • • • • •
Debt Service					\$2,306,900
Operation and Maintenance Costs					
Pipeline	1%				\$243,900
Pump Station	2.50%				\$60,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	2,082,276		\$	0.09	\$187,400
Purchase of Reuse Water	10,000	AF/Y	\$	81.50	\$815,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS - PHASE 1					\$3,613,200
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$361
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$1.11
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$131
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$0.40

Table G-100, Continued

CAPITAL COST - PHASE 2					
CONSTRUCTION COSTS - PHASE 2					
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES					
Pipeline(s)					
36" Rural Water Line					
Pipe	79,200	LF	\$	171	\$13,543,000
ROW	36.4	Ac	\$	10,000	\$364,000
36" Urban Water Line	50.4	AU	Ψ	10,000	φ304,000
Pipe	26,400	LF	\$	257	\$6,785,000
ROW	12.1	Ac	\$	60,000	\$726,000
	30%	AU	φ	00,000	\$6,098,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%				
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)					\$27,516,000
Dumm Ctation(a)					
Pump Station(s)					
Station 1	000	L.a.			\$0,000,000
Pump, building, & appurtances	600	hp			\$2,000,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%				\$700,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$2,700,000
Permitting and Mitigation	10/				¢000 000
Permitting and mitigation	1%				\$268,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$30,484,000
Interest During Construction	((12 months	S)		\$1,270,000
					* 04 75 4 000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST - PHASE 2					\$31,754,000
ANNUAL COSTS - PHASE 2					
Debt Service					\$2,306,900
Operation and Maintenance Costs					
Pipeline	1%				\$243,900
Pump Station	2.50%				\$60,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	2,082,276	kW-H	\$	0.09	\$187,400
Purchase of Reuse Water	10,000	AF/Y	\$	81.50	\$815,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS - PHASE 2					\$3,613,200
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$361
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$1.11
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)			-		
Per Acre-Foot			-		\$131
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$0.40

Table G-100, Continued

CAPITAL COST - PHASE 3					
CONSTRUCTION COSTS - PHASE 3					
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES					
Pipeline(s)					
36" Rural Water Line					
Pipe	79,200	LF	\$	171	\$13,543,000
ROW	36.4	Ac	\$	10,000	\$364,000
36" Urban Water Line	00.1	7.0	Ý	10,000	<i>\\</i>
Pipe	26,400	LF	\$	257	\$6,785,000
ROW	12.1	Ac	\$	60,000	\$726,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%	7.0	Ψ	00,000	\$6,098,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)	0070				\$27,516,000
					φ27,010,000
Pump Station(s)					
Station 1					
Pump, building, & appurtances	600	hp			\$2,000,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%				\$700,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)	0070				\$2,700,000
					<i> </i>
Permitting and Mitigation	1%				\$268,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$30,484,000
Interest During Construction		(12 months	5)		\$1,270,000
		,			. , ,
TOTAL CAPITAL COST - PHASE 3					\$31,754,000
ANNUAL COSTS - PHASE 3					
Debt Service					\$2,306,900
Operation and Maintenance Costs					
Pipeline	1%				\$243,900
Pump Station	2.50%				\$60,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	2,082,276	kW-H	\$	0.09	\$187,400
Purchase of Reuse Water	10,000	AF/Y	\$	81.50	\$815,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS - PHASE 3					\$3,613,200
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$361
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$1.11
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$131
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$0.40

Table G-100, Continued

CAPITAL COST - PHASE 4					
CONSTRUCTION COSTS - PHASE 4					
CONSTRUCTION COSTS - PHASE 4					
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES					
Pipeline(s)					
36" Rural Water Line					
Pipe	79,200	LF	\$	171	\$13,543,000
ROW	36.4	Ac	\$	10,000	\$364,000
36" Urban Water Line	50.4		Ψ	10,000	ψ304,000
Pipe	26,400	LF	\$	257	\$6,785,000
ROW	12.1	Ac	\$	60,000	\$726,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%	AU	φ	00,000	\$6,098,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)	30%				\$0,098,000 \$27,516,000
					\$27,510,000
Pump Station(s)					
Station 1					
Pump, building, & appurtances	600	hp			\$2,000,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%	пр			\$700,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)	5578				\$2,700,000
Subtotal of Fullip Station(s)					φ2,700,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%				\$268,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$30,484,000
Interest During Construction		(12 months	5)		\$1,270,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST - PHASE 4					\$31,754,000
ANNUAL COSTS - PHASE 4					
Debt Service					\$2,306,900
Operation and Maintenance Costs					
Pipeline	1%				\$243,900
Pump Station	2.50%				\$60,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	2,082,276	kW-H	\$	0.09	\$187,400
Purchase of Reuse Water	10,000	AF/Y	\$	81.50	\$815,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS - PHASE 4					\$3,613,200
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$361
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$1.11
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot			_		\$131
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$0.40

Owner:

Table G-101 Ellis County SEP Connection to Waxahachie (2010)

Owner.	,									
Amount	4,484 Acre-Feet per Year									
ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost						
CAPITAL COST	4	•								
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES										
Pipeline										
24" Pipe	26,400	FT	\$108	\$2,851,000						
ROW	12	AC	\$10,000	\$121,000						
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$855,000						
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)				\$3,827,000						
Pump Station(s)										
Pump, building, & appurtances	70	hp		\$636,000						
Engineering and Contingencies	35%			\$223,000						
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)				\$859,000						
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$42,000						
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$4,728,000						
Interest During Construction		(12 months)		\$197,000						
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$4,925,000						
ANNUAL COSTS										
Debt Service				\$357,800						
Operation and Maintenance Costs										
Pipeline	1.0%			\$34,200						
Pump Station	2.5%			\$19,100						
Annual Power Cost	167,638	kW-hr	\$0.09	\$15,000						
Raw Water		1000 gal	\$1.50	\$2,190,000						
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS (First 30 Years	5			\$2,616,100						
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)										
Per Acre-Foot				\$583.43						
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.79						
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)										
Per Acre-Foot				\$503.64						
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$1.55						

Ellis County Steam Electric Power 4,484 Acre-Feet per Year

ltem	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost
CAPITAL COST				
CONSTRUCTION COSTS				
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES				
Pipelines				
Pipeline 18 in.	105,600	LF	\$72	\$7,603,000
ROW Easements	48	Acres	\$10,000	\$480,000
Engineering and Contingencies (30%)	30.0%			\$2,425,000
Subtotal of Pipelines				\$10,508,000
Pumping Facilities				
40 HP Pump Station	1	LS	\$580,000	\$580,000
0.15 MG Elevated Storage Tank	1	LS	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35%)	35.0%			\$623,000
Subtotal of Pump Stations				\$2,403,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$113,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$13,024,000
Interest During Construction		(18 months)		\$803,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$13,827,000
ANNUAL COSTS				
Debt Service - Total Capital				\$1,005,000
Operation and Maintenance				
Purchase of water	757,929	1000 gal	\$4.29	\$3,252,000
Transmission	1.0%			\$91,000
Storage tanks and Pumps	2.5%			\$53,000
Pumping Costs	98,233	kW-h	\$0.09	\$9,000
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$4,410,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,895.96
Per 1000 Gallons				\$5.82
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$1,463.89
Per 1000 Gallons				\$4.49

Owner: Amount: Johnson County-Other 2,326 Acre-Feet per Year Owner:

Table G-103 Trinity River Authority Dallas and Johnson Counties Reuse for Steam Electric Power

Trinity River Authority

Owner.		,				
Dallas County			et per Year			
Johnson County			et per Year			
Total Amount:	23,000	Acre-Fee	et per Year			
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Mtn Crk (13%)	Joe Pool (87%
CAPITAL COSTS						
42" Pipeline	60,200	LF	\$300	\$18,060,000		\$17,097,400
Right of Way Easements (ROW)	41	Acre	\$60,000	\$2,488,000	\$132,600	\$2,355,400
Engineering & Contingencies (30%)	30%			\$5,418,000	\$289,000	\$5,129,000
Total Pipeline Cost				\$25,966,000	\$1,384,200	\$24,581,800
Cost of Pump Station - 1300 HP	1	LS	\$3,036,000	\$3,036,000	\$396,000	\$2,640,000
Engineering & Contingencies	35%		+ - , ,	\$1,063,000	\$139,000	\$924,000
Total Pump Station Cost				\$4,099,000	\$535,000	\$3,564,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$30,065,000	\$1,919,200	\$28,145,800
				ψ30,003,000	φ1,010,200	φ <u>2</u> 0,1-10,000
Permitting and Mitigation	1%			\$253,000	\$16,000	\$237,000
Interest during Construction (12 months	5)			\$1,253,000	\$80,000	\$1,173,000
j				+ -,,		+ , _,
Total Raw Water Delivery Capital Cost				\$31,571,000	\$2,015,200	\$29,555,800
ANNUAL COSTS						
Debt Service (6% for 30 years)				\$2,294,000	\$146,400	\$2,147,600
Power Cost	6,487,043	kW-h	\$0.1	\$584,000	\$76,200	\$507,800
Operation & Maintenance				\$308,000	\$23,400	\$284,600
Purchase of Reuse Water	23,000	Ac-Ft	\$81.5	\$1,874,000	\$244,400	\$1,629,600
TOTAL ANNUAL COSTS				\$5,060,000	\$490,400	\$4,569,600
UNIT COSTS (Mountain Creek) (During A	Amortization)				
Per Acre-Foot				\$163.47		
Per 1,000 gallons				\$0.50		
UNIT COSTS (Mountain Creek) (After Ar	nortization)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$115.00		
Per 1,000 gallons				\$0.35		
UNIT COSTS (Joe Pool) (During Amortiz	ation)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$228.48		
Per 1,000 gallons				\$0.70		
UNIT COSTS (Joe Pool) (After Amortizat	tion)					
Per Acre-Foot				\$121.00		
Per 1,000 gallons				\$0.37		

Note: Cost to purchase reuse water is assumed to be \$81.46 per acre-foot.

APPENDIX H

DETAILED COST ESTIMATES FOR ALTERNATIVE WATER MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

Appendix H

Detailed Cost Estimates for Alternative Water Management Strategies

This appendix includes specific cost estimates for recommended water management strategies. The memorandum summarizing the cost estimating assumptions is included at the beginning of Appendix G.

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Table H-1	Description Dallas Supply to Ellis County Customers - Rockett SUD, Red Oak, and Waxahachie
H-2	Johnson County SUD Purchase Water from Dallas
H-3	Mountain Peak WSC Purchase Additional Water from Midlothian
H-4	Mountain Peak WSC Purchase Water from Rockett SUD

Table H-1 Dallas Supply to Ellis County Customers - Rockett SUD, Red Oak, and Waxahachie

					,		,				
Owners:	Rockett SUD, Red Oal	k, Wa	xahachie	:		Cos	t Distribution (%)			
Total Amount:	19,186 Ac-Ft/Yr						61.6%	·	19.6%		18.8%
						Pro	jected Supply Dis	trib	oution (Ac-Ft/Yr)		
							11,301		1,159		6,726
CONSTRUCTION COSTS											
CONSTRUCTION COSTS											
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES	Qty. Units		Q 2007 nit Cost	2Q 2	2007 Total Cost	Ro	ckett SUD Total Cost		Red Oak Total Cost	Wa	xahachie Total Cost
System Pipeline											
60" Water Line											
Pipe	35,000 FT	\$	460	\$	16,100,000						
ROW	16 AC	\$	60,000	\$	964,000						
54" Water Line											
Pipe	8,200 FT	\$	295	\$	2,419,000						
ROW	4 AC	\$	10,000	\$	38,000						
48" Water Line	22 5 00 5 75	<i>•</i>		<u>_</u>	0.455.000						
Pipe	32,700 FT	\$	250	\$	8,175,000						
ROW	15 AC	\$	10,000	\$	150,000	<i>•</i>	4	<i>•</i>	4 554 000	<i>•</i>	4 505 000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%			\$	8,008,000			\$	1,571,000	\$	1,505,000
Subtotal of System Pipeline				\$	35,854,000	\$	22,082,000	\$	7,035,000	\$	6,737,000
Waxahachie Pipeline											
36" Water Line											
Pipe	26,200 FT	\$	171	\$	4,480,000						
ROW	12 AC		10,000	\$	120.000						
Engineering and Contingencies	30%	Ψ	10,000	\$	1,344,000					\$	1,344,000
Subtotal of Waxahachie Pipeline	2070			\$	5,944,000					\$	5,944,000
				Ŧ	_, ,					Ŧ	-,,
PERMITTING AND MITIGATION											
System Pipeline	1%			\$	320,000	\$	197,000	\$	63,000	\$	60,000
Waxahachie Pipeline	1%			\$	54,000					\$	54,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL				\$	42,172,000	\$	22,279,000	\$	7,098,000	\$	12,795,000
Interest During Construction	(18 month	ıs)		\$	2,601,000	\$	1,374,000	\$	438,000	\$	789,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST				\$	44,773,000	\$	23,653,000	\$	7,536,000	\$	13,584,000
ANNUAL COSTS											
Debt Service				\$	3,253,000	\$	1,718,000	\$	547,000	\$	987,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs				Ψ	3,233,000	Ψ	1,710,000	Ψ	547,000	Ψ	907,000
System Pipeline	1%			\$	320,000	\$	197.000	\$	63,000	\$	60,000
Waxahachie Pipeline	1%			\$	54,000	Ψ	197,000	Ψ	05,000	\$	54,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	\$0.09/kWh			\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Treated Water Demand Charge*	26 MGD	\$ 1	123,190	\$	3,203,000	\$	1,973,000	\$	628,000	\$	602,000
Treated Water Volume Charge	6,251,796 1000 gal		0.65	\$	4,064,000		2,503,000		797,000	\$	764,000
Total Annual Costs	., . ,			\$	10,894,000		6,391,000		2,035,000		2,467,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)				<u>_</u>		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>		<i>•</i>	
Per Acre-Foot				\$	568		541		541		684
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$	1.74	\$	1.66	\$	1.66	\$	2.10
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)											
Per Acre-Foot				\$	398	¢	395	\$	395	\$	411
Per 1,000 Gallons				\$ \$	1.22		1.21		1.21		1.26
,000 Guilons				Ψ	1.22	Ψ	1.21	Ψ	1.21	Ψ	1.20

Note: * The Treated Water Demand Charge is the same as what was used in the 2006 Region C Water Plan . It was not adjusted in this updated cost estimate.

Table H-2 Johnson County SUD Purchase Water from Dallas

Owner:	Johnson County SUD
Amount:	106 Ac-Ft/Yr

CONSTRUCTION COSTS

TRANSMISSION FACILITIES					
Pipeline(s)	Qty.	Units	τ	Jnit Cost	Total Cost
12" Water Line					
Pipe	164,000	FT	\$	48	\$ 7,872,000
ROW	75	AC	\$	10,000	\$ 753,000
Engineering and Contingencies	30%				\$ 2,362,000
Subtotal of Pipeline(s)					\$ 10,987,000
Pump Station(s)					
Station 1					
Pump, building, & appurtances	5	hp			\$ 480,000
Storage Tank	20,000	gal			\$ 80,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%				\$ 196,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$ 756,000
PERMITTING AND MITIGATION	1%				\$ 101,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$ 11,844,000
Interest During Construction		(24 mont		\$ 967,299	
TOTAL CAPITAL COST					\$ 12,811,299
ANNUAL COSTS					
Debt Service					\$ 931,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs					
Pipeline	1%				\$ 94,000
Pump Station	2.50%				\$ 17,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	\$0.09/kWh				\$ 2,000
Treated Water Cost	34,540	1000 gal	\$	3.29	\$ 114,000
Total Annual Costs					\$ 1,158,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$ 10,925
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$ 33.53
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)					
Per Acre-Foot					\$ 2,142
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$ 6.57

Table H-3 Mountain Peak WSC Purchase Additional Water from Midlothian

Owner: Amount:	Mountain Peak WSC 401 Ac-Ft/Yr		
Item No. & Description	Qty. Units	Unit Cost	Total Cost
TOTAL CAPITAL COST			\$ -
ANNUAL COSTS			
Debt Service			\$ -
Operation and Maintenance Costs			
Pipeline	1%		\$ -
Pump Station	2.50%		\$ -
Estimated Annual Power Cost	\$0.09/kWh		\$ -
Treated Water Cost	130,647 1000 gal	\$ 4.20	\$ 549,000
Total Annual Costs			\$ 549,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)			
Per Acre-Foot			\$ 1,369
Per 1,000 Gallons			\$ 4.20
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)			
Per Acre-Foot			\$ 1,369
Per 1,000 Gallons			\$ 4.20

Table H-4 Mountain Peak WSC Purchase Water from Rockett SUD

Owner: Amount:	Mountain Peak WSC 2,041 Ac-Ft/Yr					
CONSTRUCTION COSTS						
TRANSMISSION FACILITIES						
Pipeline(s)	Qty.	Units	U	nit Cost		Total Cost
18" Water Line	100.000	. ET	\$	72	¢	7 200 000
Pipe ROW	100,000	6 AC	ծ Տ	·	\$ \$	7,200,000
	40 30%		Э	10,000	ծ \$	459,000
Engineering and Contingencies Subtotal of Pipeline(s)	30%	1			э \$	2,160,000 9,819,000
Pump Station(s)						
Station 1						
Pump, building, & appurtances	286	i hp			\$	1,340,000
Storage Tank	610,000) gal			\$	450,000
Engineering and Contingencies	35%				\$	627,000
Subtotal of Pump Station(s)					\$	2,417,000
PERMITTING AND MITIGATION	1%	,			\$	115,000
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL					\$	12,351,000
Interest During Construction		(18 month	ns)		\$	762,000
TOTAL CAPITAL COST					\$	13,113,000
ANNUAL COSTS						
Debt Service					\$	953,000
Operation and Maintenance Costs						
Pipeline	1%	•			\$	86,000
Pump Station	2.50%				\$	54,000
Estimated Annual Power Cost	\$0.09/kWh	I			\$	84,000
Treated Water Cost	665,062	2 1000 gal	\$	2.08	\$	1,383,000
Total Annual Costs					\$	2,560,000
UNIT COSTS (First 30 Years)						
Per Acre-Foot					\$	1,254
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$	3.85
UNIT COSTS (After 30 Years)						
Per Acre-Foot					\$	787
Per 1,000 Gallons					\$	2.42

APPENDIX I

MEETINGS WITH LARGE REGIONAL PROVIDERS AND MEETING WITH STUDY AREA PARTICIPANTS

Appendix I

Meetings with Large Regional Providers and Meeting with Study Area Participants

As discussed in Section 3 of this report, the consultants held two meetings with the large regional water providers and one group meeting with the study area participants. This appendix includes meeting notes from each of these three meetings:

- Meeting with Large Suppliers on December 19, 2007
- Meeting with Large Suppliers on October 20, 2008
- Meeting with Study Area Participants on November 25, 2008



MEMORANDUM

TO: File

FROM: Stephanie Griffin

SUBJECT: Notes from the Meeting of the Large Suppliers Involved in the Region C/Brazos G Four County Study Held on December 19, 2007 at 10 AM at Freese and Nichols, Inc. (FNI) Fort Worth Office

DATE: January 6, 2008

I. Introductions

Stephanie Griffin opened the meeting and welcomed everyone. Everyone introduced himself/herself to the group. The following people attended the meeting:

Brad Brunett and Mike McClendon, Brazos River Authority (BRA) Wayne Owen and Laura Blaylock, Tarrant Regional Water District (TRWD) Danny Vance, Alison Mackey, and Glenn Clingenpeel, Trinity River Authority (TRA) Jody Puckett, Dallas Frank Crumb, Fort Worth Stephanie Griffin and Tom Gooch, FNI Alan Plummer and Brian McDonald, Alan Plummer Associates, Inc. (APAI) Ed Motley and Rick Shaffer, Chiang, Patel and Yerby, Inc. (CPYI) David Dunn, HDR Inc.

II. Study Background

Stephanie provided background information as to how this study came to be. She also reviewed the scope of work to be completed in this study. Wayne Owen added comments regarding the importance of this study to TRWD and their goals for the study.

- III. Project Update and Discussion
 - A. Overview of WUG/WWP Meetings

Stephanie updated the group on the meetings held with nineteen water user groups and wholesale water providers in the fall. In addition to these meetings, the consultants sent surveys to the remaining entities within the study area. The consultants have prepared draft population and demand projections for this study with the input gathered from the entities.

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Notes from the Meeting of the Large Suppliers Involved in the Region C/Brazos G Four County Study Held on December 19, 2007 at 10 AM at Freese and Nichols, Inc. (FNI) Fort Worth Office January 6, 2008

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The consultants have developed a draft summary of "current" water supplies based on the 2006 regional water plans plus existing contracts. An initial comparison of projected demand to "current" supplies has been developed.

B. Draft Population and Demand Projections

Stephanie reviewed the population projections for Ellis and Johnson Counties, as well as the demand projections for these counties. Then, she presented graphs of the proposed population and demand projections for the entities within the study area whose projections are significantly different from the 2006 regional water plans.

Jody requested that the per capita water use be sent to the suppliers to review. Stephanie told her that we have that data and will send it to the suppliers. Jody also requested that the proposed demands be presented as new demands versus shifting demands. A graph showing how the demands will develop over time would be helpful.

Overall, most entities are seeing an increase in growth. The overall proposed population projections for this study are higher than the 2006 regional water plans but lower that the NCTCOG projections.

C. Current Supply vs. Projected Demand

Stephanie and Tom discussed new information that was gathered at the meetings with the various suppliers, including:

- Grand Prairie and Johnson County SUD plans to sell water to each other.
- The Rockett SUD-Waxahachie-Red Oak project to purchase water from Dallas is no longer being pursued.
- Rockett SUD and Waxahachie are developing a shared water treatment plant.
- Johnson County SUD would like additional TRWD water.

We discussed the draft comparison of the proposed demands to the current supplies for a number of entities. A few questions were raised about the current supplies for a handful of entities. Stephanie said she would look into these and get back with everyone.

Jody pointed out that Dallas has contracts with Rockett SUD and Ellis County WCID. The other contracts noted in the graphs as being Dallas contracts are really through one of these intermediary suppliers. Stephanie agreed to correct the wording on the graphs.

IV. Initial Thoughts on Changed Conditions

A. Brazos River Authority Comments

BRA commented that they would like to participate in providing additional water to the study area in the future. However, their current policy prohibits them from signing additional contracts until additional supplies have been made available. BRA has a waiting list of entities requesting water from the SWATS plant. The BRA is pursuing a system operations permit to provide for that additional supply.

Notes from the Meeting of the Large Suppliers Involved in the Region C/Brazos G Four County Study Held on December 19, 2007 at 10 AM at Freese and Nichols, Inc. (FNI) Fort Worth Office January 6, 2008

Page 3 of 3

BRA is allowing current contracting parties to return up to 20 percent of their raw water contracts per year. This water is then made available to entities on the waiting list.

B. Tarrant Regional Water District, Trinity River Authority, and Fort Worth Comments

TRWD is interested in what its primary contracting parties think.

TRA commented that they will rely on the preference of the other primary contracting parties. Tarrant County customers have priority. TRA manages the contracts in Ellis County for the TRWD supplies.

Fort Worth commented that TRWD should not take on additional customers in Ellis or Johnson Counties. Wayne, Danny and Frank discussed some of the contracting procedures of the four primary contracting parties. Frank suggested that the current procedure may need to be revisited. The current procedure allows the four contracting parties to add new customers without TRWD approval.

C. Dallas Comments

Dallas would like to see the per capita water use projections and the truly new demands versus shifting demands from one provider to another. Jody plans to contact Waxahachie and Rockett SUD following the holidays to ask about the plans for the existing contracts with Dallas.

D. Other Comments

Tom commented that this study has two parts to it – Ellis County and Johnson County. In Ellis County, TRWD has no formal commitment to supply additional water, but the implication is there because the transmission lines run through Ellis County. The same is not true in Johnson County. If the TRWD third pipeline does go through Johnson County, then an informal commitment would be implied.

The idea of marginal pricing for new customers can be explored.

V. Next Steps

Stephanie reviewed the next major steps in the study.

Stephanie will send the meeting notes and per capita water use figures to the meeting attendees.

Stephanie will provide a service area map for the next meeting. FNI will develop a comparison of truly new demands versus shifting demands. The group will meet again the last week of February or the first week of March.

VI. Adjournment



MEMORANDUM

то:	File
FROM:	Stephanie Griffin
SUBJECT:	Notes from the Meeting of the Large Suppliers Involved in the Region C/Brazos G Four County Study Held on October 20, 2008 at 2 PM at Freese and Nichols, Inc. (FNI) Fort Worth Office
DATE:	October 28, 2008

I. Welcome

Stephanie Griffin opened the meeting and welcomed everyone. The following people attended the meeting:

Brad Brunett and Mike McClendon, Brazos River Authority (BRA) Wayne Owen, Tina Ptak and Laura Blaylock, Tarrant Regional Water District (TRWD) Bill Smith, Alison Mackey, and Glenn Clingenpeel, Trinity River Authority (TRA) Jody Puckett and Denis Qualls, Dallas Stephanie Griffin, Tom Gooch and Rusty Gibson, FNI John Minahan, Alan Plummer Associates, Inc. (APAI) Rick Shaffer, Chiang, Patel and Yerby, Inc. (CPYI) Kristi Shaw, HDR Inc.

II. Background on the Study

Stephanie reviewed the scope of work for the study and the current status of the project.

- III. Project Update and Discussion
 - A. Final Population and Demand Projections

Stephanie reviewed the updated population and demand projections recommended in this study. In general, the projections for this study are higher than the 2006 regional water plans but lower that the NCTCOG projections. The population and demand memo is included as Appendix C to the main report. We also discussed the changes in demand on the regional water providers in the study area in terms of what customers had increasing or decreasing water demands.

B. Recommended Supply vs. Projected Demand Analysis

Stephanie reviewed the demand versus supply comparison for the entities with significant changed conditions. We discussed the proposed strategies for these entities. A few tables

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Notes from the Meeting of the Large Suppliers Involved in the Region C/Brazos G Four County Study Held on October 20, 2008 at 2 PM at Freese and Nichols, Inc. (FNI) Fort Worth Office October 28, 2008 Page 2 of 2

Page 2 of 2

and figures were questioned during the discussion. Stephanie will review those and make any necessary adjustments.

The group discussed how the Dallas contracts with Ellis County entities should be shown. The agreement reached was to show the contracted supplies with Dallas, even if the entity has indicated that they plan to obtain water elsewhere. Denis will get back with Stephanie as to what amount to assume for Rockett SUD.

C. Cost Estimates

Stephanie reviewed the basic assumptions behind the cost estimates. She reviewed the summary of project costs by project type by county.

D. Discussion on New Demand

Tom presented information on the new demands being recommended in this study. This information was of interest to Jody at the December meeting. Tom explained what increases in water demands were due to growth and what increases were due to entities changing suppliers.

E. TRWD Policies

Tom reviewed the policy recommendations with regards to future TRWD contracts in Ellis and Johnson Counties. Tom agreed to review the policy discussion to ensure that those entities seeking contracts with TRWD get their contracts with DWU straightened out. Jody and Wayne agreed that the entities need to clarify their water management strategies.

IV. Schedule

Tom reviewed the next major steps in the study.

Oct 27 – Comments from Regional Providers and Consultants Nov 10 – Draft Report to WUGs, WWPs, RWPGs, and Region C Web Site Week of Nov 17 – Meeting with WUGs and WWPs Dec 8 – Present Draft Report to RCWPG Dec 18 – Submit Draft Report to TWDB

V. Adjourn



MEMORANDUM TO FILE

FROM: Stephanie W. Griffin, P.E.

SUBJECT: Summary of Meeting to Discuss Four County Study Draft Report Held November 25, 2008 in Midlothian (Ellis, Johnson, Southern Dallas and Southern Tarrant Counties)

DATE: December 1, 2008

Overview

The consultant team for the Region C Water Planning Group hosted a meeting to discuss the proposed recommendations in the Four County Study draft report. The meeting was held on Tuesday, November 25, 2008 at 10:00 AM in the Midlothian Community Center located at 1 Community Dr, Midlothian, TX 76082. On November 10, the consultants sent a letter to the water user groups and wholesale water providers in the study area inviting them to participate in this meeting. A copy of the letter is included in Attachment A.

Meeting Attendees

Approximately 30 people attended the meeting. The sign-in sheets are included in Appendix B.

Presentation and Meeting Discussion

Stephanie Griffin presented the summary of the Four County Study draft report. The presentation is included in Attachment C.

Stephanie elaborated on the reasons for the study. The population projections for the 2006 Region C Water Plan and the 2006 Brazos G Water Plan were prepared in 2002. About six months later, the North Central Texas Council of Governments (NCTCOG) then updated their population projections, which were higher in Ellis and Johnson Counties than the region planning projections. The Regional Water Planning Groups wanted to compare what actually took place in terms of growth to what was previously projected to happen. Overall, the growth has been more than what the planning groups projected but les than what the NCTCOG projected.

Stephanie reviewed the current and recommended water supplies for each water user group in the study area. She also reviewed the list of current and potential customers of wholesale water providers. Stephanie discussed water conservation, supplemental wells, and temporary overdrafting of the Trinity aquifer. The contracting and operational issues for the Tarrant Regional Water District (TRWD) related to the study area were also presented.

Stephanie asked attendees to stop her during the presentation if the information on the particular

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MEMORANDUM TO FILE Summary of Meeting to Discuss Four County Study Draft Report Held November 25, 2008 in Midlothian (Ellis, Johnson, Southern Dallas and Southern Tarrant Counties) December 1, 2008 Page 2 of 3

entity's water supply situation was not correct. The following comments/corrections were provided:

- Terry Kelly (Johnson County SUD) asked if Grandview could use a Trinity Basin source instead of the BRA SWATS strategy. Grandview is located in the Trinity Basin portion of Johnson County. Stephanie aid she would have to look into this and get back with Terry.
- Ron McCuller (Grand Prairie) updated us on Grand Prairie's negotiations with Mansfield. The contract being negotiated will use treated water from Mansfield. The Grand Prairie groundwater cannot be sent through the same line as the treated water from Mansfield. Thus, the strategy for JCSUD to purchase water (6 MGD peak) from Grand Prairie should refer to treated water from Mansfield instead of groundwater.
- Terry Kelly (JCSUD) noted that the water levels in the Trinity aquifer are down. JCSUD has experienced declines in well production, including a well that used to produce 150 gpm that now produces 30 gpm.
- Should a water treatment plant expansion be included for Mansfield?
- The connection between Midlothian and Sardis-Lone Elm WSC is an emergency connection only. The connection is designed to be beneficial to both parties. Ron McCuller (Grand Prairie) added that Midlothian can use some of Grand Prairie's Joe Pool Lake raw water.
- The TRA contract for TRWD supplies for Nash Forreston WSC is through Waxahachie, not Rockett SUD.
- Grand Prairie and Cedar Hill are talking about Cedar Hill sending Dallas water to Grand Prairie through Cedar Hill's transmission lines. Cedar Hill would transport the water, but it would not be a true wholesale sale. Grand Prairie would be purchasing the water directly from Dallas.

Ron McCuller (Grand Prairie) requested that some discussion be added to the report that addressed the Joe Pool supply and the lack of a regional plan for this supply.

Ron McCuller commented on water conservation. His distribution system, like most, is designed for fire flows and peak day demands. The decreased water usage resulting from water conservation impacts the water quality in the distribution system. Thus, cities must flush their pipelines while trying to tell customers to use water efficiently. How much conservation can we do without impacting water quality?

Wayne Owen provided some additional comments on the TRWD operational and policy topics. Wayne explained the reason behind the year 2030 being the year for maximum contractual demands. This is the year in which the projected demands of the primary wholesale customers meet the current supply. The primary wholesale customers have an unconditional obligation to pay for system operations. TRWD will consider demands beyond 2030 as new supplies are brought online.

Wayne told the group that TRWD and Dallas are studying the possibility of developing the third pipeline from the Richland-Chambers and Cedar Creek supplies jointly with the Lake Palestine water for Dallas.

MEMORANDUM TO FILE Summary of Meeting to Discuss Four County Study Draft Report Held November 25, 2008 in Midlothian (Ellis, Johnson, Southern Dallas and Southern Tarrant Counties) December 1, 2008 Page 3 of 3

Wayne also noted that TRWD is including language to allow for a 60 day shutdown of the Ellis County pipelines in its new Ellis and Johnson County contracts. In exchange for the 60 day shutdown requirement, TRWD is willing to remove the "take or pay" provision that is typically included in its water supply contracts. It is possible that both lines could be taken down at one time. The suppliers in Ellis County need to have adequate backup supplies.

ATTACHMENT A SAMPLE LETTER INVITING WATER USER GROUPS AND WHOLESALE WATER PROVIDERS TO COUTY-WIDE MEETING

REGION C WATER PLANNING GROUP

Senate Bill One Third Round of Regional Water Planning - Texas Water Development Board

Board Members

James M. Parks, Chair Jody Puckett, Vice-Chair Russell Laughlin, Secretary Steve Berry Jerry W. Chapman Frank Crumb Jerry Johnson Bill Lewis G. K. Maenius Howard Martin Jim McCarter Dr. Paul Phillips Irvin M. Rice Robert O. Scott Connie Standridge Jack Stevens Danny Vance Mary E. Vogelson Tom Woodward

November 10, 2008

<Title><First Name><Last Name> <Job Title> <Address 1> <Address 2> <City><State><Zip>

Dear <First Name> <Last Name>:

The Region C Water Planning Group has completed its draft report summarizing the Four County Study, covering Ellis, Johnson, southern Tarrant and southern Dallas counties. The draft report can be accessed on the Region C web site at <u>www.regioncwater.org</u> in the "Documents and Graphics" document category "Draft Documents".

The consultant team for the Region C Water Planning Group is hosting a meeting to discuss the proposed recommendations in the draft report. This meeting is scheduled for Tuesday, November 25, 2008 at 10:00 AM at the Midlothian Conference Center located at 1 Community Drive, Midlothian, Texas 76065.

The Region C Water Planning Group appreciates your participation in this meeting. We invite you (or a representative from your staff) to participate in this meeting. The information you provide at this meeting will help the Planning Group finalize this report.

If you have any questions about this meeting or the Region C Water Planning effort, please contact Stephanie Griffin of Freese and Nichols, Inc. at (817)735-7353 or by email at <u>swg@freese.com</u>. If you cannot attend the meeting but would like to provide input, please contact Stephanie before November 25, 2008. The Region C Water Planning Group appreciates your participation in the planning effort.

Sincerely,

Jamos M Park

James (Jim) M. Parks Chair, Region C Water Planning Group

Cc: Russell Laughlin, Secretary Angela Masloff, Texas Water Development Board

c/o NTMWD 505 E. Brown Street P. O. Box 2408 Wylie, Texas 75098-2408 972/442-5405 972/442-5405/Fax jparks@ntmwd.com www.regioncwater.org Mr. Wayne Owen Tarrant Regional Water District P.O. Box 4508 Fort Worth TX 76164

Ms. Jody Puckett Dallas Water Utilities 1500 Marilla Street Room 4A North Dallas TX 75201

Mr. John Daniel Bethany WSC 133 S. County Road 810 Alvarado TX 76009-8409

Mr. Steve Stroube Community Water Company P.O. Box 730 Corsicana TX 75151

Mr. Larry Pennington City of Glenn Heights 1938 South Hampton Road Glenn Heights TX 75154

Mr. Bruce Kuykendall City of Italy P.O. Box 840 Italy TX 76651

Mayor Medford Marion City of Maypearl P.O. Box 400 Maypearl TX 76064

Mr. Tony Bumpus City of Ovilla 105 S. Cockrell Hill Rd. #2 Ovilla TX 75154

Mayor Richard Blake City of Pecan Hill 1094 S. Lowrance Rd. Pecan Hill TX 75154

Mr. Earl (Roy E) Kendrick City of Wilmer 128 North Dallas Ave. Wilmer TX 75172 Mr. Bill Smith Trinity River Authority P.O. Box 240 Arlington TX 76004

Mr. Frank Crumb City of Fort Worth 1000 Throckmorton Street Fort Worth TX 76102

Mrs. Mary Cox Brandon-Irene WSC P.O. Box 87 Brandon TX 76628-0087

Mr. Charlie James City of Ferris 100 Town Plaza Ferris TX 75125

Ms. Stephanie Hodges City of Godley P.O. Box 27 Godley TX 76044

Ms. Paulette Hartman City of Joshua 101 S. Main St. Joshua TX 76058

Mr. Larry Bumpus City of Milford P. O. Box 538 Milford TX 76670-0538

Mr. Stephen Sparks City of Palmer P.O. Box 489 Palmer TX 75152

Mr. James Fortson Rice WSC 1612 Elmwood Ave Corsicana TX 75110

Mr. Kent Smith Avalon Water and Sewer Service Corporation c/o Hillco H2O Operator P.O. Box 127 Itasca TX 76055 Mr. Brad Brunett Brazos River Authority P.O. Box 7555 Waco TX 76714-7555

Mr. Wade Rhodes City of Bardwell P. O. Box 271 Bardwell TX 76101

Mr. Chester Nolen City of Cleburne P.O. Box 677 Cleburne TX 76033

Mr. Kent Smith Files Valley WSC P.O. Box 127 Itasca TX 76055

Mr. David Bowman City of Grandview 304 East Criner P.O. Box 425 Grandview TX 76050

Mr. Mike Baze City of Keene 100 N. Mockingbird Keene TX 76059

Mayor Paul Klooster City of Oak Leaf 301 Locust Dr. Oak Leaf TX 75154

Mr. Marty Smith Parker WSC 7001 County Road 1200 Cleburne TX 76031

Mr. James Lyles City of Rio Vista P.O. Box 129 Rio Vista TX 76093

Mr. Paul Stevens Ellis County WCID #1 P.O. Box 757 Waxahachie TX 75165 Mr. Leland Calvert Nash-Forreston Water Supply 947 Forreston Road Waxahachie TX 75165

Mr. Harry Shaffer Johnson County FWSD #1 P.O. Box 39 Joshua TX 76058-0039

Mr. Joe Buchanan Buena-Vista Bethel SUD 312 S. Oak Branch Rd. Waxahachie TX 75167-7832

Mr. Steve Howerton City of Ennis P.O. Box 220 Ennis TX 75120-0220

Mr. Larry Ledbetter City of Kennedale 405 Municipal Drive Kennedal TX 76060

Mr. Randel Krik Mountain Peak SUD 5671 Waterworks Rd Midlothian TX 76065-5851

Mr. Paul Tischler Sardis-Lone Elm WSC 6681 West Highland Rd. Midlothian TX 76065 Mr. Steve Sievers Bethesda WSC P O Box 130 Burleson TX 76097-0130

Mr. Bud Moore City of Alavardo 104 W College Alvarado TX 76009

Ms. Ruth Antebi-Guten City of Cedar Hill P.O. Box 96 Cedar Hill TX 75106

Mr. Ron McCuller City of Grand Prairie P.O. Box 534045 Grand Prairie TX 75053

Mr. Bud Ervin City of Mansfield 1200 E. Broad Street Mansfield TX 76063-1896

Mr Charles Brewer Red Oak P.O. Box 393 Red Oak TX 75154 Mr. Dave Stringer City of Burleson 141 W. Renfro Burleson TX 76028

Ms. Julie Hunt City of Arlington MS 01-0200 P.O. Box 90231 Arlington TX 76004-3231

Mr. Joel Daugherty City of Duncanville P.O. Box 380280 Duncanville TX 75138-0280

Mr. Terry Kelley Johnson County SUD P.O. Box 509 Cleburne TX 76033

Mr. Mike Adams City of Midlothian 104 W. Avenue E Midlothian TX 76065

Ms. Kay Phillips Rockett SUD P.O. Box 40 Red Oak TX 75145

ATTACHMENT B SIGN IN SHEETS



NAME	ADDRESS	PHONE	AFFILIATION	WKILIEN COMMENIS PROVIDED VESINO
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NAME	ADDRESS	PHONE	AFFILIATION	WRITTEN COMMENTS PROVIDED YES/NO
DENIS Quarca	1500 MARILLA ON. DALLAS TX 75201	214 670-3843	City of DALLAS	
Tavio Baila	401 5 Kegens 52 973 1916-72 73/65 938-3191		City of waxahachir	
BART MARIZON	124 Acton ADAMS DRIVE	(672) 617-3524	Rucert SUD	
Krist' Shaw	HOIWESTERTE Suit 100 AVSTIN TX 78722	512 5118	HDR ENVIRANT	24
RICK SHAFFER	1820 REEAL ROW, STE COU DALLAS TX 75235	B17 392 6821	CPLY	
Witney Scott	4015 Policity X 75768	972-935- 7283	Lity of Vylaxaladina	
Billy limy	104 W. AVE E M. Mathem , M. Noves	9127751053 City DF Midlofman	city of Midlothan	



NAME	ADDRESS	PHONE	AFFILIATION	WRITTEN COMMENTS PROVIDED YES/NO
DON IVES	104 w. collogo 57. Acvanno, 72 2604	158E 036-113	Le 17 or	
Ronda Quintana	301 Locust Prive Dak Leaf, Th 75154	972 - 617 - 2660	972. 617-2060 City of Cak Leaf	4
Terry Kelley	2849 S. Huy 171 Cleburne	817 760 5220	Johnson County SUD.	
Dick Dickers	11	811-790-7777	12	
WAYNE Pratt	1)Axelachic, TX 76467	6161.123 Erp	Buena Visina Berky SUD	
Joe Buchgnon	11 11	1. I. I.	1111	
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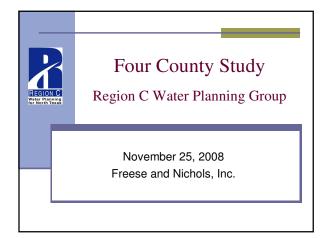
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Kon McCuller	CP TX 75053-404537 8066	52378066	6-7	No
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Ellis, Johnson, Southern Dallas, and Southern Tarrant Counties November 25, 2008 Four County Study Meeting

WRITTEN COMMENTS PROVIDED YES/NO					
AFFILIATION	JX wp				
PHONE	817-335-2491				
ADDRESS	FOU & NUTURI JON	City of Kennedale	-		
NAME	Alan Thomas	Mary Joza			

ATTACHMENT C MEETING PRESENTATION



Agenda

- Background Information
- Population and Demand Projections
- Summary by Water User Group
- Summary by Wholesale Water Provider

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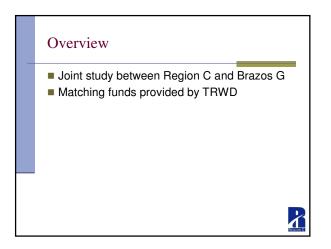
- Input from Water Providers
- Public Comments

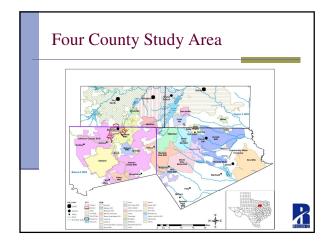
Overview

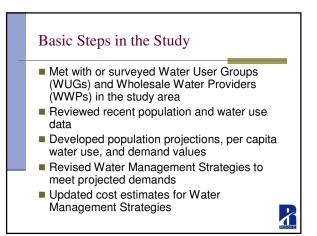
- Study Period 2010 to 2030
- Study Area Ellis and Johnson Counties, southern Dallas and Tarrant Counties
- Reasons for the Study
 - NCTCOG population projections for the study area are much higher than projections in the 2006 regional water plans

Z

 Changes in preferred water management strategies









- Meeting with study area WUGs/WWPs in group setting (Today)
- Present draft report to RWPGs (December 8)
- Submit draft to TWDB (by December 31)

Water User Groups with Increased Population Projections in 2030



- Burleson
- Cedar Hill
- Cleburne
- Ennis

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- Ferris
- Files Valley WSC
- Grand Prairie

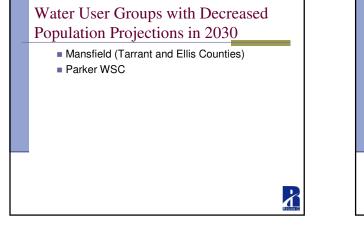
Kennedale

- Mansfield (Johnson) County)
- Midlothian
- Mountain Peak SUD
- Red Oak
 - Rockett SUD
 - Sardis-Lone Elm
- Grandview
- Johnson County SUD

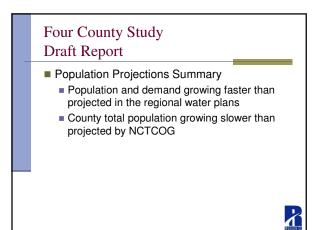
WSC Venus

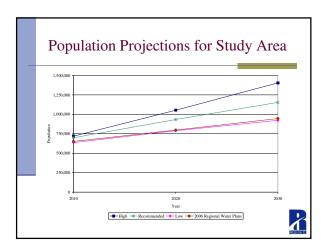
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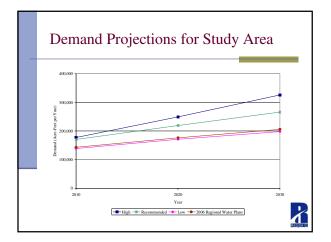
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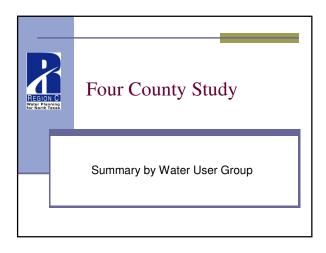






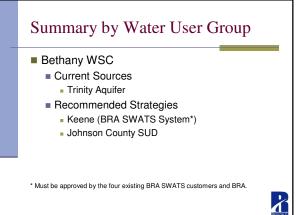


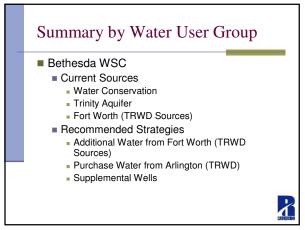


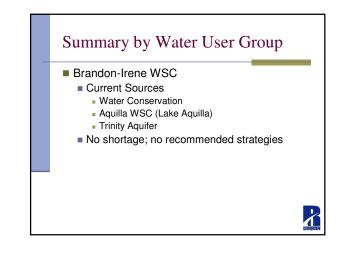


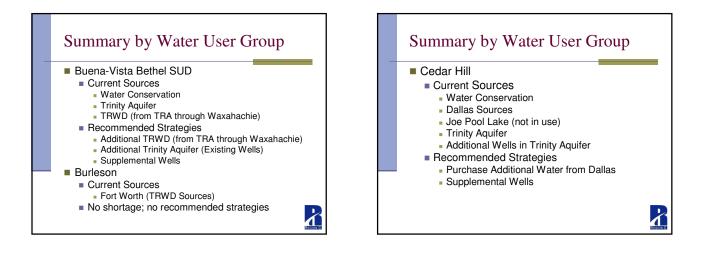


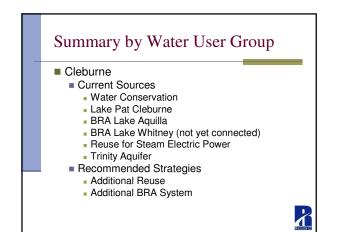


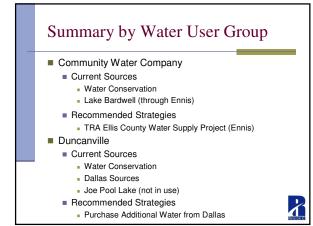


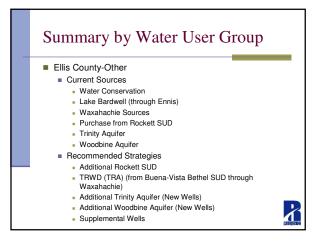


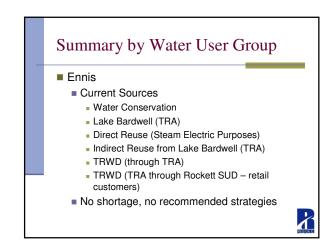




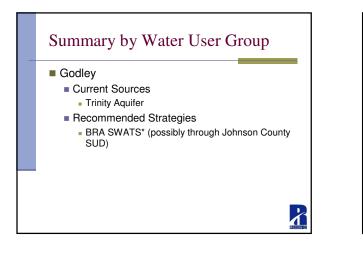






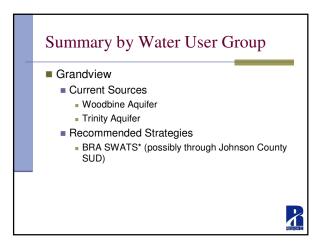




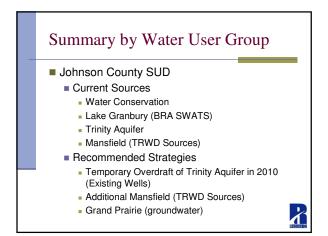


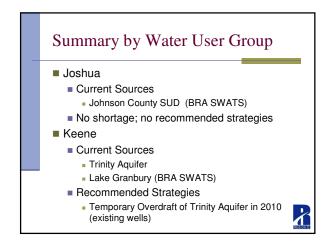


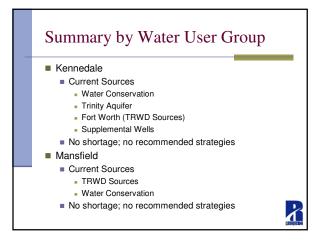






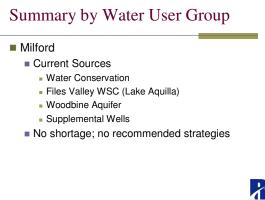


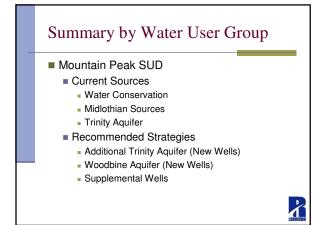




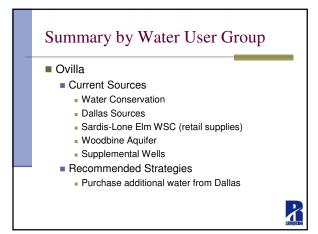


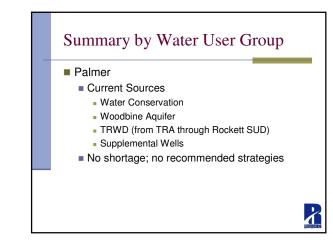


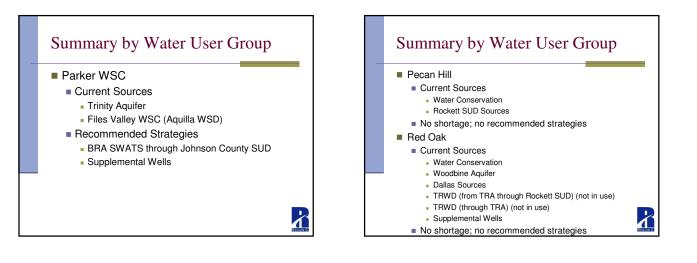


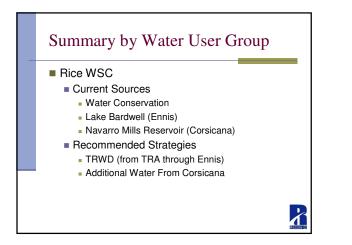


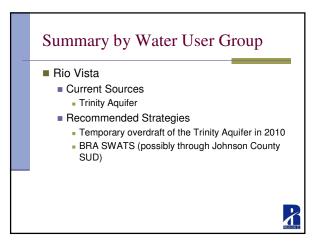


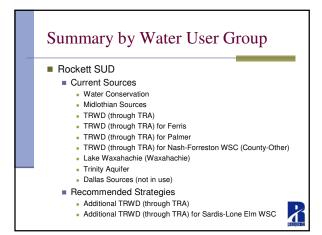


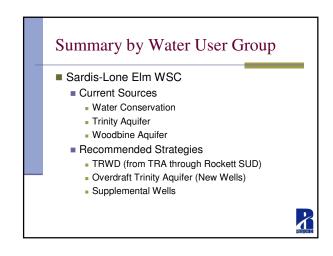




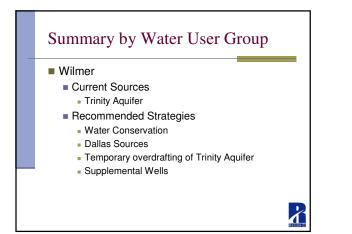


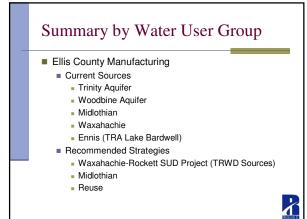


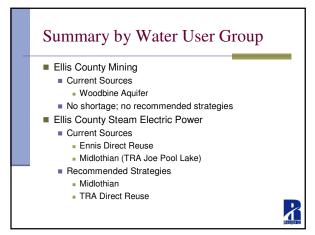


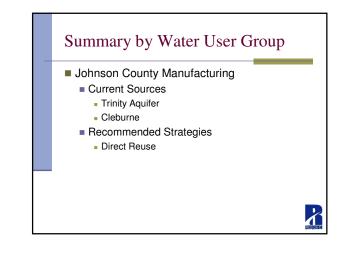




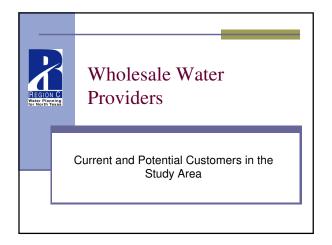




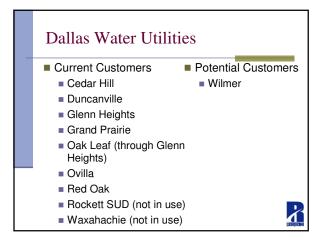








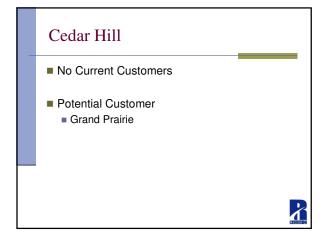


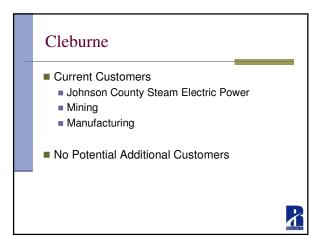


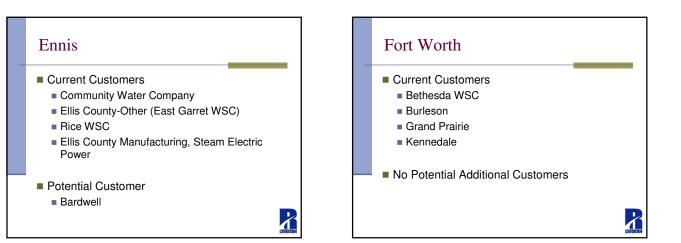
	ugeu ej i	ged by TRA in Study A		
Entity	Current Average Day Contract Amount (MGD)	Recommended Increase (MGD)	Recommended Contract Amount (MGD)	
Alvarado (through Midlothian)	0.000	1.000	1.000	
Avalon WSC (Ellis Co. Other)	0.600	0.000	0.600	
Buena Vista-Bethel SUD	0.850	0.700	1.550	
Ennis	3.560	0.000	3.560	
Ferris	0.720	0.000	0.720	
Grand Prairie (through Midlothian)	2.000	4.500	6.500	
Italy	0.500	0.000	0.500	
Maypearl	0.370	0.000	0.370	
Midlothian	6.330	3.500	9.830	
Nash-Forreston WSC	0.250	0.000	0.250	
Palmer	0.271	0.000	0.271	
Red Oak	1.800	0.000	1.800	
Rockett SUD	6.050	0.200	6.250	
Sardis-Lone Elm WSC	0.000	5.800	5.800	
Venus (through Midlothian)	1.000	0.000	1.000	
Waxahachie	4.650	4.000	8.650	
Total	28.951	19.700	48.651	

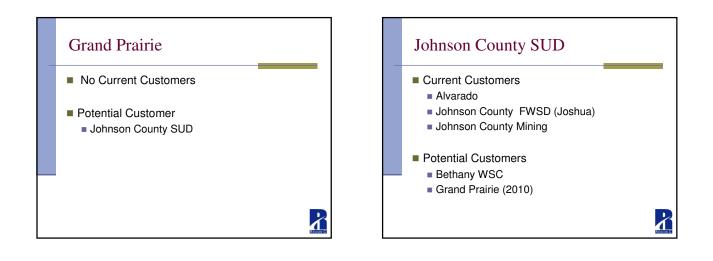


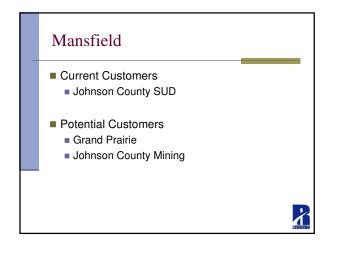


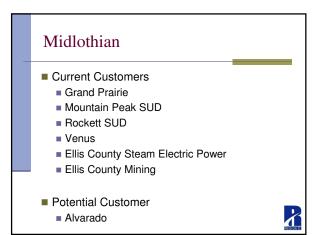




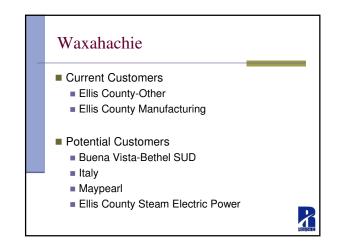






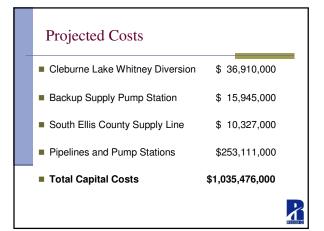


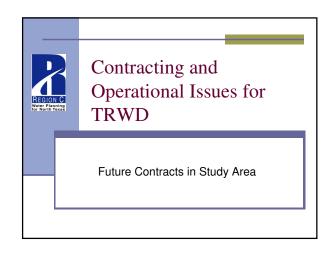






Projected Costs	
New Wells	\$ 35,951,000
Supplemental Wells	\$105,836,000
New Water Treatment Plants	\$ 49,006,000
Reuse Projects	\$223,927,000
Water Treatment Plant Exp	\$304,463,000





Background

- TRA manages contracts for TRWD in Ellis County and Johnson County
- TRWD contracts with its four primary customers prohibits contracts to supply demands beyond the currently available supply, 2030
- TRWD will contract to meet up to 2030 demands in excess of local supplies
- TRWD will consider contracts beyond 2030 after new supplies are brought online

Background

- TRWD is willing to provide water to Trinity Basin portion of Johnson County
- BRA is agreeable to jointly supplying Johnson County
- TRWD requires new and expanded contracts to pay a "buy-in" based on amount of contract, except for the four contracting parties

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60 Day Shut Down Clause

- Required in all new TRWD contracts in Ellis and Johnson Counties
- Allows TRWD to perform maintenance
- Assures that customers can operate during transmission interruption
- May be reduced to 30 days after 3rd pipeline is completed



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Existing Contracts with Dallas

- A few entities requesting TRWD supplies have contracts for Dallas water that are not being used
- TRWD's policy is not to contract beyond an entity's projected 2030 need
- TRWD may consider the Dallas contracts when determining an entity's 2030 need

A Regional Approach

- Recommend interconnection to local sources to provide adequate backup
- Coordinate system operation with TRWD
- Prioritize local supplies before calling on TRWD supplies

Additional Assumptions
Industrial demands will be considered based on existing contracts
Conservation practices must be consistent with TRWD's primary wholesale customers

Four County Study

- Discussion
 - Are the current supplies correct?
 - Do you agree with the proposed Water Management Strategies?

Public Comments

Please complete a speaker card before speaking.

REGION C

Time allowed is 3 minutes per person.

Four County Study

- Closing Thoughts
 - Please provide comments by noon Monday, December 8th.

Contact Information:

Stephanie Griffin, P.E. (817) 735-7353 swg@freese.com



HEGION C

APPENDIX J

REGION C WATER PLANNING GROUP RESPONSES TO TWDB COMMENTS ON DRAFT REPORT

Appendix J Region C Water Planning Group Responses to TWDB Comments on Draft Report

The Region C Water Planning Group received comments from the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) on the December 2008 Draft Water Supply Study for Ellis County, Johnson County, Southern Dallas County, and Southern Tarrant County. This appendix shows the TWDB comment in italicized text followed by the Region C response.

TWDB Comments and Region C Responses

a. Please note that TWDB's acceptance of a final report for this study does not constitute approval of any revised population or water demand projections contained therein. The formal procedure for requesting revised projections is stated in TAC 357.5 (d) (2): "Before requesting a revision to the population and water demand projections, the regional water planning group shall discuss the issue at a public meeting for which notice has been posted pursuant to the Open Meetings Act in addition to being published on the internet and mailed at least 14 days before the meeting to every person or entity that has requested notice of regional water planning group activities. The public will be able to submit oral or written comment at the meeting and written comments for 14 days following the meeting. The regional water planning group will summarize the public comments received in its request for projection revisions. Within 45 days of receipt of a request from a regional water planning group for revision of population or water demand projections, the executive administrator shall consult with the requesting regional water planning group and respond to their request."

Noted. The Region C Planning Group will follow the formal procedure for requesting revised population and demand projections where it is determined that changes are needed.

b. In addition to submitting an electronic copy of the final report, please submit electronic copies of all appendices as well as all figures in the report, as required by the contract between TWDB and Region C.

Noted. Electronic copies of all appendices and figures in the report will be submitted with the electronic copy of the final report.

c. Please include a list of the names of the utilities and cities and personnel that attended each of the meetings in the appendix of the report or as an alternative, if there was a meeting memo report written for each meeting, please include that in the appendix.

Table 3.2 "Meetings with WUGs and WWPs" was added to the report. This table includes meeting dates, entities represented, and personnel that attended. Appendix I "Meetings with Large Regional Providers and Meeting with Study Area Participants" was also added to the report.

d. Scope of Work, Item C states that this study will include the review of specific publications. The draft report does not indicate that this review has taken place. Please

summarize the findings of these publications in the final report. Also, please list these publications in Appendix A (References).

Several reports were provided by water user groups during this study. Those reports have been summarized and added as a new section, Section 2.3. The references for these reports have also been added to Appendix A. In some cases, such as that of the Arlington study regarding potential wholesale sales, the entity simply provided us an overview of the report findings and not an actual copy of the report.

e. Scope of Work, Item H states that the study will "Analyze alternative approaches to provide water to eastern and central Ellis County and develop a recommended system, including phasing and specific implementation plans". Scope of Work Item I states the study will "Develop a specific implementation plan for strategies" for eastern and central Ellis County. Although strategies were updated in the study including estimates of capital and operating costs and alternatives are listed for the Sokoll Water Treatment Plant, the report does not include evaluations of alternatives for any other entities in this part of the study area nor does it include the phasing and specific implementation plans as required by the scope of work. Please include the analysis of the alternative approaches as well as the phasing and implementation plans for the recommended approach in the final report.

The timing associated with the recommended strategies is discussed in the draft report. We have added an implementation chapter, Chapter 6, which includes a more specific implementation plan and a table with recommended strategies and their approximate inservice dates.

Most entities provided us with their preferred water management strategies, which are the strategies included in the draft report. Alternative strategies have been added as a new chapter, Chapter 7. Cost estimates for these alternative strategies are included in a new appendix, Appendix H.

f. Scope of Work Item K states that up to six conceptual alternatives to supply water to Johnson County will be developed by this study. The draft report does not include this information. Please include this information in the final report or justify its omission.

While the scope of work indicated that up to six conceptual alternatives for water supply in Johnson County would be studied, the entities with whom we met provided us with their preferred water management strategies. In many cases, these entities had prepared their own studies of various alternatives and provided us with the recommended strategies resulting from these studies. Therefore, we focused on the analysis of these preferred strategies. No changes were made to the report based on this comment.

g. Scope of Work Item M states that the study will "Develop a recommended system, including phasing and specific implementation plans" for Johnson County. Although strategies were updated in the study including estimates of capital and operating cost, the report does not include phasing and specific implementation plans. Please include phasing and implementation plans in the final report or justify their omission.

The timing associated with the recommended strategies is discussed in the draft report. We have added an implementation chapter, Chapter 6, which includes a more specific implementation plan and a table with recommended strategies and their approximate inservice dates.

h. For Figure ES.1 on Page ES-2 (this figure is also in Section 1 as Figure 1.2), please consider adding the county and planning group names to the map.

Figures ES.1 and 1.2 were labeled with the regional water planning group names in the draft report. These labels have been enlarged for clarity. The county names have been added to these two figures.

i. Figure 1.2 on Page 1-2 should be a map of Region C as indicated in the text on page 1-1.

Figure 1.2 was accidentally inserted where Figure 1.1 should have been placed in the draft report. Figures 1.1 and 1.2 have been inserted in the correct places in the final report.

j. Chapter 4 gives a good summary of information for Ellis and Johnson counties but does not include as much summary information for the other portions of the study area --Southwest Dallas and Southeast Tarrant Counties. Please summarize information and provide graphs and summary tables for all study areas in the final report.

Information regarding Southwest Dallas County and Southeast Tarrant County has been summarized and included in Chapter 4. Four figures have been added similar to Figures 4.1 through 4.4 in the draft report. These figures represent the population and demand projections for the portions of Dallas and Tarrant Counties included in the study area. Tables ES.1 and 4.1 have also been updated to include Southern Dallas and Southern Tarrant County information. Because only a portion of Dallas County and Tarrant County are included in this study, we are unable to develop meaningful figures showing average day water demand projections by category for these two areas within the study area, such as Figures 5.6 and 4.6 in the draft report.

k. In Chapter 4, please include a more detailed explanation of the methodology used to determine the increases in population and demand that are recommended in the report. Also, please define the "low" and "high" projections and explain how they were selected.

Appendix C contains a memo that explains the methodology used in developing the low, high, and recommended projections. Some of this text has been added to Section 4.1 and Section 4.2. Definitions of low and high projections have been added, along with the selection criteria for each.

1. Although Chapter 4 discusses the different sources for population projections data including the US Census, North Central Texas Council of Government (NCTCOG), and the Texas State Data Center, none of these sources provide projections for non-city utilities. In the final report, please explain that for utilities, unlike cities, only limited projections data is available to develop updates. Please note this distinction in the memorandum in Appendix C as well.

A note has been added to Chapter 4 and Appendix C explaining that the Census, NCTCOG, and the Texas State Data Center do not provide projections for non-city utilities.

m. In Chapter 5, please include a county-level summary comparison of projected demand, current supply, and water management strategy volumes.

This report was developed to show each water user group as a complete entity, not as an entity broken down by county and/or basin. While the population and demand projections are broken down by county and basin, the current water supplies and recommended water management strategies were not broken down by county and basin. The water supply analysis for each water user group within the study area considered the entity as a complete unit without regards for divisions across county and/or river basin lines. A meaningful county-level summary cannot be established. However, a summary table (Table 5.21) for the study area has been added to the end of Chapter 5. The summary table includes the projected water demands, current water supplies based on existing contracts, and water management strategies.

n. In the Appendix C memo it states "...the recommended projection is typically based on information provided by the entities, which is usually more than the regional water plan projections and less than the NCTCOG projection." However, the recommended values for the individual entities in Table 1 show that in the vast majority of cases, the recommended value is equal to both the "high" and "low" value or the recommended value is the "high" projection. Only the county level sums for the Ellis, Johnson, and Southern Tarrant counties are between the low and high values. Please clarify this statement and provide more quantitative narration for the recommended projections as compared to the 2006 Region C Water Plan.

In Table 1 of Appendix C, 16 of the 44 water user groups in the study area have the same projections listed in the "low", "high", and "recommended" columns. Nine of these 16 water user groups did not respond to the survey. Therefore, we assumed that these entities were in agreement with the projections as recommended in the 2006 regional water plans and were not studied any further. One of these sixteen entities, Bethesda WSC, met with the consultants in person and indicated that the 2006 regional water plan projections are appropriate for their utility and did not see the need to adjust the projections approved in the 2006 regional water plan. The recommended projections for the remaining 28 water user groups are the result of information provided by the entities or their wholesale (or potential wholesale) water provider. Text explaining this has been added to Appendix C.

o. In Appendix C Table 1, please annotate the table with the source of the recommended projections (NCTCOG, 2006 Region C Water Plan, Revised Projections from Survey, Freese & Nichols's Study, etc.). Although the figures in Appendix D present the source of the recommended projections for some water user groups, Appendix D does not include all entities that were a part of this study.

Annotations have been added to Tables 1 and 5 of Appendix C indicating the source of the recommended projection.

p. In Appendix D, please include summary graphs for all entities that were a part of this study.

Population projection graphs for Bardwell, Brandon-Irene WSC, Community Water Company, Glenn Heights, Italy, Keene, Maypearl, Milford, Oak Leaf, Ovilla, Palmer, Pecan Hill, Rice WSC, Acton MUD, Godley, Rio Vista, and Wilmer were not included in Appendix D because their low projection, high projection, and recommended projection did not change. These entities did not provide alternative projections for consideration in this study. Thus, Region C did not adjust the population projection from the 2006 Region C Water Plan. Introductory text has been added to Appendices D and E to better explain why the figures have been included in each appendix.

The year 2030 high population and demand projections for Italy and Keene should have been the same as their low and recommended projections. This correction has been made to all related tables and figures in Appendix C and the main report.

The graph for Bethesda WSC has been removed from Appendix D because they did not provide input on a range of projections. Similarly, Bethesda WSC was also removed from Appendix E.

q. In Appendix D, please consistently note the source of the recommended value. Some of the graphs list the source and some just show "recommended projection."

The source of recommended projection has been added to all figures in Appendix D.

r. In Appendix D, please show the NCTCOG's projection on all graphs.

The NCTCOG population projections are available for cities within the study area. NCTCOG does not develop population projections for non-city utilities. The NCTCOG population projections have been added to Appendix D, if available.

s. Please consider adding a brief text introduction to Appendix F that describes what the tables and figures represent.

Introductory text has been added to Appendix F explaining the information being presented in the tables and figures within this appendix.

Other Revisions

Although no other comments were received, the following adjustments have been made to the final report:

to the final report.

- Figures added to Chapter 4 were also included in Appendix C.
- Appendix J was added to reflect the TWDB comments on the draft report and the Region C responses to those comments.
- "Chiang, Patel and Yerby, Inc." was changed to "CP&Y, Inc." to reflect the change in the company's name.
- Due to the insertion of additional references, the references were renumbered to reflect the order in which they appear in the report.
- Introductory text was added to Appendices D, E, and G.